

## Operators in C Lecture 2 Assignments

1. Code the following:
  - a. Prompt the user to enter a two-digit number
  - b. Display the number with the digits reversed

Screenshot of the code:

```
1 //Lecture 2 Assignment
2 //No.1
3 //Reverses a 2-Digit Number
4 #include <stdio.h>
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     int first_digit, second_digit; //declare variables as integers
9
10    //"%ld" corresponds to one digit
11    printf("Please enter a 2-digit number: "); //prompt the user for an input
12    scanf("%ld%ld", &first_digit, &second_digit); //assign each value (digit) to their corresponding variables, respectively
13
14    printf("Reverse: %ld%ld\n", second_digit, first_digit); //reversing the positions of the two digits
15
16    return 0;
17 }
18
```

Example Outputs:

```
Please enter a 2-digit number: 75
Reverse: 57
```

```
Please enter a 2-digit number: 28
Reverse: 82
```

2. Extend the code in item 1, such that it reverses a 3-digit number

Screenshot of the code:

```
1 //Lecture 2 Assignment
2 //No.2
3 //Reverses a 3-digit number
4 #include <stdio.h>
5
6 int main()
7 {
8     int first_digit, second_digit, last_digit; //declare variables as integers
9
10    //"%ld" corresponds to one digit
11    printf("Please enter a 3-digit number: "); //prompt the user for an input
12    scanf("%ld%ld%ld", &first_digit, &second_digit, &last_digit); //assigning each value (digit) to each variable, respectively
13
14    printf("Reverse: %ld%ld%ld\n", last_digit, second_digit, first_digit); //reversing the positions of first and last digits, retaining the second digit
15
16    return 0;
17 }
18
```

Example Outputs:

```
Please enter a 3-digit number: 123
Reverse: 321
```

```
Please enter a 3-digit number: 584
Reverse: 485
```

3. Provide the output of the following codes, given that i, j, and k are integer variables.

- a) `i = 3; j = 4; k = 5;`  
`printf("%d", i < j || ++j < k);`
- b) `i = 7; j = 8; k = 9;`  
`printf("%d", i - 7 && j++ < k);`
- c) `i = 7; j = 8; k = 9;`  
`printf("%d", (i = j) || (j == k));`  
`printf("%d %d %d", i, j, k);`
- d) `i = j = k = 1;`  
`printf("%d", ++i || ++j && ++k);`  
`printf("%d %d %d", i, j, k);`

Screenshot of the code:

Output:

```
1 //Lecture 2 Assignment
2 //No.3
3
4 #include <stdio.h>
5
6 int main(void)
7 {
8
9     int i, j, k; //declaring variables as integers
10
11     printf("3.The outputs for each code:\n");
12     //a
13     i = 3; j = 4; k = 5;
14     printf("\n\t a) %d \n", i < j || ++j < k);
15
16     //b
17     i = 7; j = 8; k = 9;
18     printf("\n\t b) %d \n", i - 7 && j++ < k);
19
20     //c
21     i = 7; j = 8; k = 9;
22     printf("\n\t c) %d \n", (i = j) || (j == k));
23     printf("\n\t    %d %d %d \n", i, j, k);
24
25     //d
26     i = j = k = 1;
27     printf("\n\t d) %d \n", ++i || ++j && ++k);
28     printf("\n\t    %d %d %d \n", i, j, k);
29
30     return 0;
31 }
32
```

3.The outputs for each code:

```
a) 1
b) 0
c) 1
   8 8 9
d) 1
   2 1 1
```