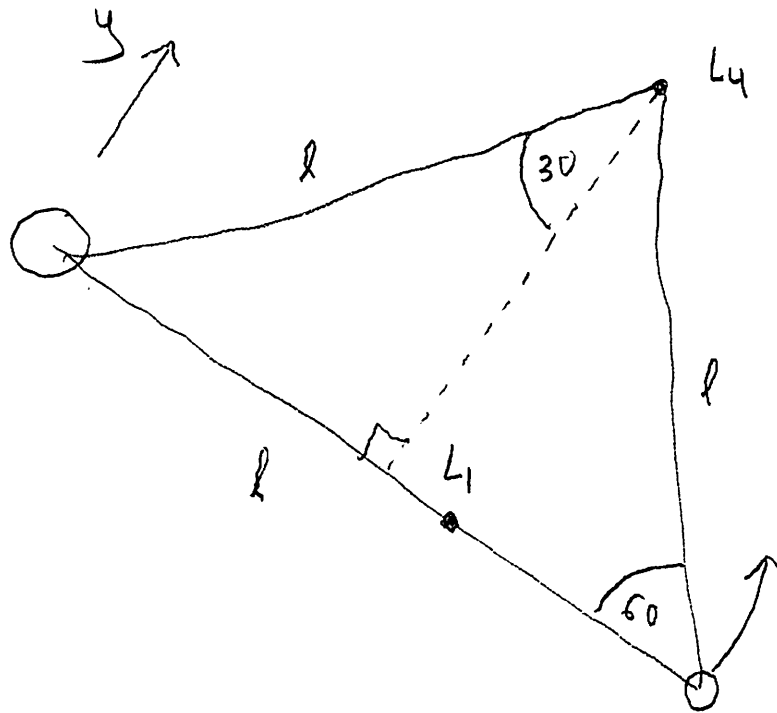


Lagrange Points

Eqn Soln Diff EOMs CR3BP

L_3



L_5

L_2

x

$$\sin 30 = \frac{x}{l} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = l/2$$

$$\cos 30 = \frac{y}{l} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

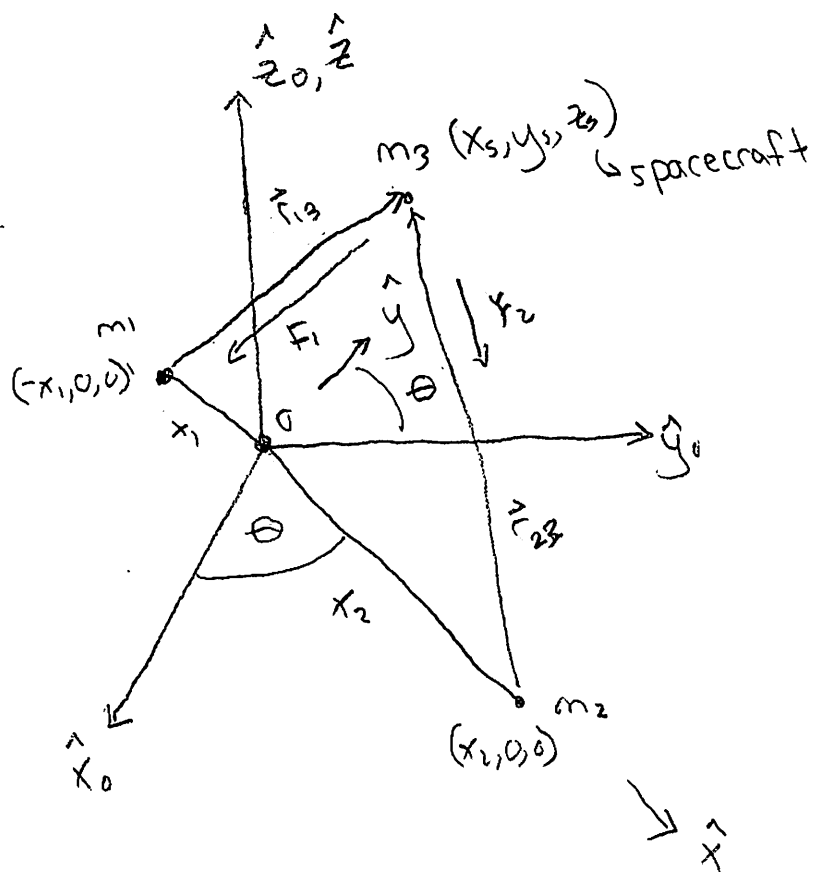
$$y = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} l$$

$$l = 384400 \text{ km}$$

$$L_1 = 325370 \text{ km}$$

$$L_2 = 448900 \text{ km}$$

$$L_3 = -381580 \text{ km}$$



$$\frac{\sum m_i \cdot \vec{r}_i}{\sum m_i}$$

$$-m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 = 0$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = l$$

$$m_1 x_1 = m_2 x_2$$

$$x_1 = l - x_2$$

$$m_1 (l - x_2) = m_2 x_2$$

$$m_1 l - m_1 x_2 = m_2 x_2$$

$$m_1 l = m_2 x_2 + m_1 x_2 = (m_1 + m_2) x_2$$

$$x_2 = \frac{m_1 l}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{m_2 l}{m_1 + m_2}$$

$$\hat{x} = \cos \theta \hat{x}_0 + \sin \theta \hat{y}_0$$

$$\hat{y} = -\sin \theta \hat{x}_0 + \cos \theta \hat{y}_0$$

$$\hat{z} = \hat{z}_0$$

$$\dot{\hat{x}} = -\sin \theta \dot{\theta} \hat{x}_0 + \cos \theta \dot{\theta} \hat{y}_0 = \dot{\theta} (-\sin \theta \hat{x}_0 + \cos \theta \hat{y}_0) = \dot{\theta} \hat{y}$$

$$\dot{\hat{y}} = -\cos \theta \dot{\theta} \hat{x}_0 - \sin \theta \dot{\theta} \hat{y}_0 = -\dot{\theta} (\cos \theta \hat{x}_0 + \sin \theta \hat{y}_0) = -\dot{\theta} \hat{x}$$

$$\dot{\hat{z}} = 0$$

$$\ddot{\hat{x}} = -\ddot{\theta} \hat{y} + \dot{\theta} \dot{\hat{y}} = \ddot{\theta} \hat{y} - \dot{\theta}^2 \hat{x}$$

$$\ddot{\hat{y}} = -\ddot{\theta} \hat{x} - \dot{\theta} \dot{\hat{x}} = -\ddot{\theta} \hat{x} - \dot{\theta}^2 \hat{y}$$

Assumptions

- Bodies in an elliptical orbit
- $m_3 \ll m_2, m_2 < m_1$

$$\vec{F} = \cancel{m \vec{a}}$$

Basic kinematic Equation

Transport theorem

Time derivatives in a rotating frame

$$\vec{r} = x_s \hat{x} + y_s \hat{y} + z_s \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{v} = \dot{\vec{r}} = \dot{x}_s \hat{x} + x_s \dot{\hat{x}} + \dot{y}_s \hat{y} + y_s \dot{\hat{y}} + \dot{z}_s \hat{z} + z_s \dot{\hat{z}}$$

$$\vec{a} = \dot{\vec{v}} = \ddot{x}_s \hat{x} + \dot{x}_s \dot{\hat{x}} + \dot{x}_s \dot{\hat{x}} + x_s \ddot{\hat{x}} + \ddot{y}_s \hat{y} + 2\dot{y}_s \dot{\hat{y}} + y_s \ddot{\hat{y}} + \ddot{z}_s \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{a} = \ddot{x}_s \hat{x} + 2\dot{x}_s \dot{\hat{x}} + x_s (\ddot{\hat{x}} - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 \hat{x}) + \ddot{y}_s \hat{y} + 2\dot{y}_s (-\dot{\hat{x}} \hat{y}) + y_s (-\ddot{\hat{x}} \hat{x} - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 \hat{y}) + \ddot{z}_s \hat{z}$$

$$\vec{a} = (\ddot{x}_s - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 x_s - 2\dot{y}_s \dot{\hat{x}} - y_s \ddot{\hat{x}}) \hat{x} + (\ddot{y}_s - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 y_s + 2\dot{x}_s \dot{\hat{y}} + x_s \ddot{\hat{y}}) \hat{y} + \ddot{z}_s \hat{z}$$

$$F_1 = -\frac{Gm_1 m_3}{|r_{13}|^2} \cdot \hat{r}_{13}$$

$$r_{13} = \frac{\vec{r}_{13}}{|r_{13}|}$$

$$F_1 = -\frac{Gm_1 m_3}{|r_{13}|^3} \vec{r}_{13}$$

$$\vec{r}_{13} = (x_s, y_s, z_s) - (-x_1, 0, 0) = (x_s + x_1, y_s, z_s) = (x_s + x_1) \hat{x} + y_s \hat{y} + z_s \hat{z}$$

$$F_2 = -\frac{Gm_2 m_3}{|r_{23}|^2} \cdot \hat{r}_{23} = -\frac{Gm_2 m_3}{|r_{23}|^3} \vec{r}_{23} \quad |r_{13}| = \sqrt{(x_s + x_1)^2 + y_s^2 + z_s^2}$$

$$|r_{23}| = \sqrt{(x_s - x_2)^2 + y_s^2 + z_s^2}$$

$$\vec{r}_{23} = (x_s, y_s, z_s) - (x_2, 0, 0) = (x_s - x_2, y_s, z_s) = (x_s - x_2) \hat{x} + y_s \hat{y} + z_s \hat{z}$$

$$\sum \vec{F} = F_1 + F_2 = -\frac{Gm_1 m_3}{|r_{13}|^3} \vec{r}_{13} - \frac{Gm_2 m_3}{|r_{23}|^3} \vec{r}_{23} = m_3 \left(-\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} \vec{r}_{13} - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} \vec{r}_{23} \right)$$

$$-\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} \vec{r}_{13} - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} \vec{r}_{23} = (\ddot{x}_s - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 x_s - 2\dot{y}_s \dot{\hat{x}} - y_s \ddot{\hat{x}}) \hat{x} + (\ddot{y}_s - \dot{\hat{x}}^2 y_s + 2\dot{x}_s \dot{\hat{y}} + x_s \ddot{\hat{y}}) \hat{y} + \ddot{z}_s \hat{z}$$

$$-\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} ((x_5+x_1)\hat{x} + y_5\hat{y} + z_5\hat{z}) - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} ((x_5-x_2)\hat{x} + y_5\hat{y} + z_5\hat{z}) =$$

$$(\ddot{x}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 x_5 - 2\dot{y}_5 \dot{\theta} - y_5 \ddot{\theta})\hat{x} + (\ddot{y}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 y_5 + 2\dot{x}_5 \dot{\theta} + x_5 \ddot{\theta})\hat{y} + \ddot{z}_5\hat{z}$$

$$\left(\frac{-Gm_1(x_5+x_1)}{|r_{13}|^3} - \frac{Gm_2(x_5-x_2)}{|r_{23}|^3} \right) \hat{x} + \left(\frac{-Gm_1 y_5}{|r_{13}|^3} - \frac{Gm_2 y_5}{|r_{23}|^3} \right) \hat{y} + \left(\frac{-Gm_1 z_5}{|r_{13}|^3} - \frac{Gm_2 z_5}{|r_{23}|^3} \right) \hat{z}$$

$$\hat{x}: \ddot{x}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 x_5 - 2\dot{y}_5 \dot{\theta} - y_5 \ddot{\theta} = \frac{-Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} (x_5+x_1) - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} (x_5-x_2)$$

$$\hat{y}: \ddot{y}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 y_5 + 2\dot{x}_5 \dot{\theta} + x_5 \ddot{\theta} = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} y_5 - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} y_5$$

$$\hat{z}: \ddot{z}_5 = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} z_5 - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} z_5$$

- Assume circular ($\ddot{\theta} = 0$)

$$\hat{x}: \ddot{x}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 x_5 - 2\dot{y}_5 \dot{\theta} = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} (x_5+x_1) - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} (x_5-x_2)$$

$$\hat{y}: \ddot{y}_5 - \dot{\theta}^2 y_5 + 2\dot{x}_5 \dot{\theta} = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} y_5 - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} y_5$$

$$\hat{z}: \ddot{z}_5 = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} z_5 - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} z_5$$

Equilibrium points (x_s, y_s, z_s are constant, $\dot{x}_s = \dot{y}_s = \dot{z}_s = \ddot{x}_s = \ddot{y}_s = \ddot{z}_s = 0$)

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$$-\dot{\Theta}^2 x_s = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} (x_s + x_1) - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} (x_s - x_2)$$

$$-\dot{\Theta}^2 y_s = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} y_s - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} y_s$$

$$0 = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} z_s - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} z_s$$

z-equation

$$0 = -G \left(\frac{m_1}{|r_{13}|^3} + \frac{m_2}{|r_{23}|^3} \right) z_s$$

$$z_s = 0$$

$z_s \neq 0$ impossible

y-equation

$$0 = \left(-\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} + \dot{\Theta}^2 \right) y_s$$

$$y_s = 0$$

$y_s \neq 0$?

Case $y_s \neq 0$

$$-\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} + \dot{\Theta}^2 = 0$$

$$\dot{\Theta}^2 = \frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} + \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} = G \left(\frac{m_1}{|r_{13}|^3} + \frac{m_2}{|r_{23}|^3} \right)$$

$$\frac{\dot{\Theta}^2}{G} = \frac{m_1}{|r_{13}|^3} + \frac{m_2}{|r_{23}|^3}$$

$$-\left(\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} + \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3}\right) x_3 = -\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} (x_3 + x_1) - \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} (x_3 - x_2)$$

$$-\cancel{\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} x_3} - \cancel{\frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} x_3} = -\cancel{\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} x_3} - \frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} x_1 - \cancel{\frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} x_3} + \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} x_2$$

$$\frac{Gm_1}{|r_{13}|^3} x_1 = \frac{Gm_2}{|r_{23}|^3} x_2$$

$$\frac{\cancel{m_1}}{|r_{13}|^3} \cdot \frac{\cancel{m_2} l}{\cancel{m_1+m_2}} = \frac{\cancel{m_2}}{|r_{23}|^3} \cdot \frac{\cancel{m_1} l}{\cancel{m_1+m_2}} \quad \frac{1}{|r_{13}|^3} = \frac{1}{|r_{23}|^3}$$

$$|r_{13}|^3 = |r_{23}|^3 \quad |r_{13}| = |r_{23}|$$

$$\sqrt{(x_3+x_1)^2 + y_3^2 + z_3^2} = \sqrt{(x_3-x_2)^2 + y_3^2 + z_3^2}$$

$$(x_3+x_1)^2 + \cancel{y_3^2} + \cancel{z_3^2} = (x_3-x_2)^2 + \cancel{y_3^2} + \cancel{z_3^2}$$

$$|x_3+x_1| = |x_3-x_2|$$

$$\text{Cases} \quad (x_3-x_2) < 0 \quad (x_3-x_2) > 0$$

$$(x_3+x_1) < 0 \quad \text{I} \quad \text{II}$$

$$(x_3+x_1) > 0 \quad \text{III} \quad \text{IV}$$

Case I

$$-(x_3+x_1) = -(x_3-x_2)$$

$$\cancel{x_3} + x_1 = \cancel{x_3} - x_2$$

$$x_1 = -x_2 \quad ??$$

Case II

DNE

Case III

$$x_3 + x_1 = -(x_3 - x_2)$$

$$x_3 + x_1 = -x_3 + x_2$$

$$2x_3 = x_2 - x_1$$

$$x_3 = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2}$$

$$+x_1$$

$$x_3 + x_1 = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} + x_1 = x_3 + x_1 = \frac{x_2 + x_1}{2} = \frac{l}{2}$$

Case IV

$$(x_3+x_1) = (x_3-x_2)$$

$$x_1 = -x_2 \quad \times$$

(Case $y_5 \neq 0$, found that $x_5 = \frac{x_2 - x_1}{2}$)

$$\frac{\dot{\Theta}^2}{G} = \frac{m_1}{|r_{31}|^3} + \frac{m_2}{|r_{23}|^3} \quad \text{know that } z_5 = 0$$

$$\frac{\dot{\Theta}^2}{G} = \frac{m_1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} + x_1\right)^2 + y_5^2}^3} + \frac{m_2}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{x_2 - x_1}{2} - x_2\right)^2 + y_5^2}^3}$$

$$\frac{\dot{\Theta}^2}{G} = \frac{m_1}{\sqrt{\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2}^3} + \frac{m_2}{\sqrt{\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2}^3} = \frac{m_1 + m_2}{\sqrt{\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2}^3}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2}^3 = \frac{(m_1 + m_2) G}{\dot{\Theta}^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{(m_1 + m_2) G}{\dot{\Theta}^2}}$$

$$\frac{\ell^2}{4} + y_5^2 = \left(\frac{(m_1 + m_2) G}{\dot{\Theta}^2} \right)^{2/3}$$

$$y_5^2 = \left(\frac{(m_1 + m_2) G}{\dot{\Theta}^2} \right)^{2/3} - \frac{\ell^2}{4} \quad y_5 = \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{(m_1 + m_2) G}{\dot{\Theta}^2} \right)^{2/3} - \frac{\ell^2}{4}}$$

$$\dot{\Theta} = \frac{2\pi}{T} \quad T = \frac{2\pi\ell}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{\ell}}} = \frac{2\pi\ell}{\sqrt{\frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell}}}$$

$$\dot{\Theta} = \frac{2\pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell}}}{2\pi\ell} = \sqrt{\frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell}} \cdot \frac{1}{\ell} = \sqrt{\frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell^3}}$$

$$\dot{\Theta}^2 = \frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell^3}$$

$$y_5 = \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{G(m_1 + m_2)}{\ell^3} \cdot \frac{\ell^3}{G(m_1 + m_2)} \right)^{2/3} - \frac{\ell^2}{4}} = \pm \sqrt{\ell^2 - \frac{\ell^2}{4}} = \pm \ell \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Case $y_5=0$ (and $z_5=0$)

$$|r_{13}| = \sqrt{(x_5+x_1)^2 + \cancel{y_5^2} + \cancel{z_5^2}} = |x_5+x_1|$$

$$|r_{23}| = |x_5-x_2|$$

$$-\ddot{\theta}^2 x_5 = -\frac{Gm_1}{|x_5+x_1|^3} (x_5+x_1) - \frac{Gm_2}{|x_5-x_2|^3} (x_5-x_2)$$

$$|x|^3 = x^2 |x|$$

$$0 = -\frac{Gm_1}{(x_5+x_1)^2 |x_5+x_1|} \cancel{(x_5+x_1)} - \frac{Gm_2}{(x_5-x_2)^2 |x_5-x_2|} \cancel{(x_5-x_2)} + \ddot{\theta}^2 x_5$$

$$0 = -\frac{Gm_1}{(x_5+x_1)|x_5+x_1|} - \frac{Gm_2}{(x_5-x_2)|x_5-x_2|} + \ddot{\theta}^2 x_5$$