

Hvordan har i lært fra hinanden angående at lave designet bedre?



Hvordan har i lært fra hinanden angående at blive bedre designere?



Lektion 2

Øvelse 1

Giv eksempler på iterationer fra tidligere projekter



Hvad kendetegnede dem?



Hvor lange skal iterationer være i den tidlige fase af et designprojekt?



Prototyping tools:





Iterationer

Iterationer kan defineres af gentagelser

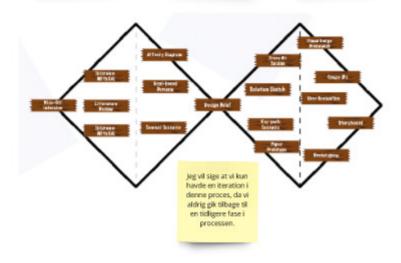
Udforsk bredt(research, lav design forslag), derefter insnævr (udvælger emne/de bedste designs)

En iteration kan variere meget i længde/størrelse









Designe Bedre

Collaborative Sketching: Sammenligning af idéer og diskussion om hvad der virker/ikke virker





Bedre Designer

Forståelse for andres fokuspunkter kontra ens eget

Respekt for andres tilgange Være opmærksom på at man kan mene det samme men sige det på to vidt forskellige måder



Lave designet bedre

Blive bedre designere

Snakket sammen (kommunikasjon er nøkkelen) Utfordret hinanden i å gå ut av komfortsonen

Brainstorm (ingen dårlige ideer)

Moodboard

Holdt en åpen og ærlig dialog gjennom hele prosessen (ærlig Feedback)

Sketching

Mindmaps

Konstruktiv kritikk er gull verdt

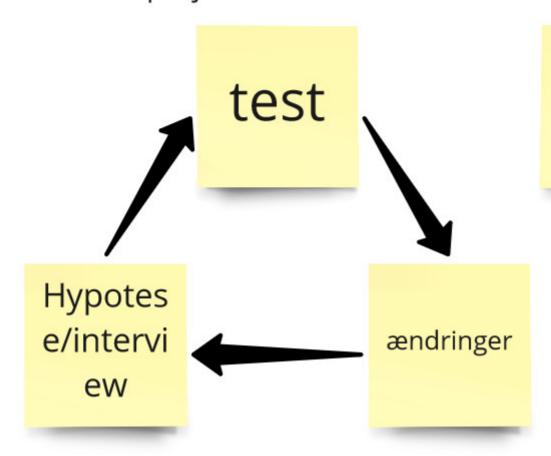
Ideering og konseptuali sering Prototyping and User Testing

Learn from and use each others experience

Bygge på hinandens styrker feedback

kombinere idéer og koncepter Præsentation af arbejde for andre grupper - feedback Casual snak om hvad andre laver - få idéer

Iterative projekter

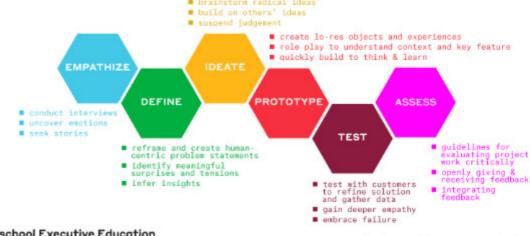


I de tidlige faser bør iterationer være en smule længere, end i de senere faser



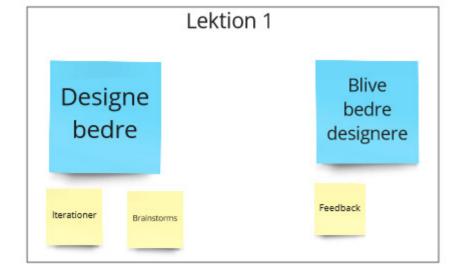
How might we?

Design Thinking Process Diagram*



d.school Executive Education

*not necessarily linear, apply as needed 62019



Lektion 2

Øvelse 1: Giv eksempler på literationer fra tidligere projekter Establishing requirements {Ufecycle} - Brainstorm problemdomene - Kigge på relevant literatur - Observere problemdomænet - repeat x times Problemformuelring Hvor lange skal iterationer være i den tidlige fase af et designprojekt? Koncept udvikling Udvikling af - Brainstorms koncepter - Buxton - Sketching Design valg Valg af Test af - sketches problemområde koncepter og - Affinity - Interviews idéer med low-- Litteratur fi samt high-fi diagram prototyper





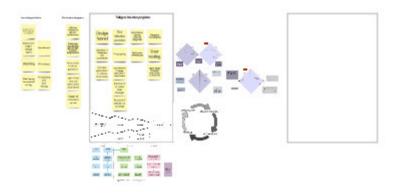


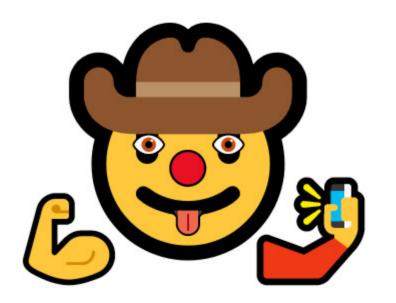


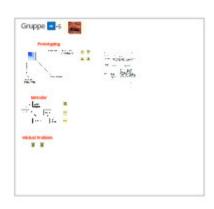


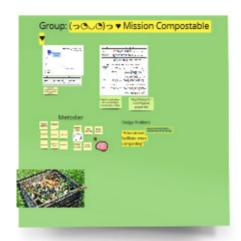


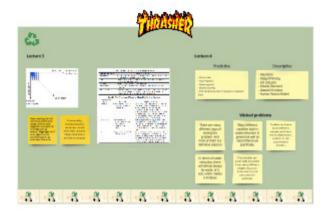


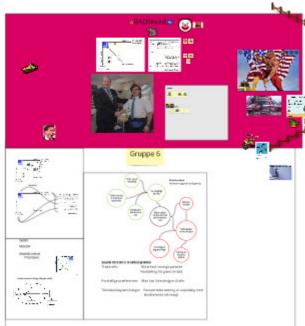


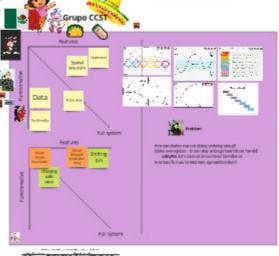


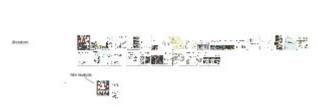










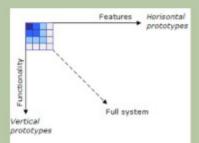


Q Search





Lecture 3



Floyds model og Lim's idé om filtre og manifestioner hænger sammen da de begge deler prototyper op i forskelige typer og aspekter. Begge ligger op til at der ligges fokus på specifikke aspekter, og andre bliver filtreret fra.

Functionality, Interactivity and resolution would often lean towards Floyds idea about vertical prototypes

Filtering Dimen	415	Europie Variables	
Арреатапсе		size; color; shape; margin; form; weight; besture; proportion; hardness; transparency; gradation; haptic; sound	
Data	type; hierarchy; erg	fate size; data type (e.g., number, string, media), data use, privacy type; hierarchy; organization	
Facultivership	system function; users' functionality need		
Interactionly	input behavior, output behavior; feedback behavior; information behavior		
Special structure	Interface or Informs	has or information elements, relationship among ation elements—which can be either two- or intemphic or tangible, or mass!	
Manthetation		iables of Earls Marrifestation Dimension	
Dimension	Definition	Example Variables	
Material	Medium (either visible or invisible) used to form a periodype	Physical arctin, e.g., paper, word, and plantie; tack for nanipalating physical numbers, p. halik, whose, pen, and sandpaper; comparisonal printinguage looks, e.g., Manuscathe Flack and Venul Basic, physical comparing tools, e.g., Phagates and Basic Stamps, consider causing orthodo, e.g., a hosper to devalence at hundraturals.	
Resolution	Level of detail or suplastication of what is manifested (corresponding to fidelity)	Accuracy of performance, e.g., feedback time responding to an input by a user: giving user specifies in a purper prototype is dissert than in a computer-based one); appearance deballs interactivity decade, realistic versus faked data.	
Scope	Range of what is covered to be manifested	Level of contestinalization, e.g., website color scheme busing with only other scheme charle or color schemes placed in a website byont structure, book search ravigation assisting valid only the book search related more flow or the whole particular more flow.	

Lecture 4

Predictive

- Fitts's Law
- Hick-Hyman
- Steering task
- Goal crossing
- The Model Human Processor/ reaction time

Descriptive

- Heuristics
- DesignThinking
- IxD Lifecycle
- Double Diamond
- Gestalt Principles
- Human Factors Model

Wicked problems

There are many different ways of solving the problem, And none of them is a definitive solution

In terms of waste reduction, there will almost always be waste of a sort, which makes it limitless

Many different variables both in waste reduction in general as well as secondhand use specifically.

The problem can potentially be solved from many different angles. Focus on production or the consumer for example.

Problem touches a lot of different people, and there are multiple actors present in the secondhand process.





























