

# Calculus 1

## Test 4

Form A

Spring 2016

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY!

- Circle or underline your final written answer.
- Justify your reasoning and show your work.
- If you run out of space, make a note and continue your work on the back of a page.

1. (10 pts.) Compute the following indefinite integral.

$$\int \frac{3x^2}{x^3 - 1} + e^x \, dx$$

2. (10 pts.) Compute the following indefinite integral.

$$\int 3x^2 \cos(x^3 + 1) \, dx$$

3. (10 pts.) Compute the following indefinite integral.

$$\int \frac{x^5 + 2x^2 - 1}{x^4} \, dx$$

4. (10 pts.) Compute the following indefinite integral.

$$\int \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 9x - 18}{x - 3} dx$$

5. (10 pts.) Compute the following definite integral.

$$\int_{-4}^4 |2x^2 - 8| dx$$

6. (10 pts.) Compute the following definite integral *exactly*.

$$\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} 6x^2 - \sec(x) \tan(x) \, dx$$

7. (10 pts.) Find the value(s) of  $k$  such that

$$\int_0^k 3x^2 - 6x - 4 \, dx = -12.$$