Statistics: Review (Test 1)

1. Find the mean of the following list of numbers.

$$6,\,9,\,13,\,14,\,15,\,14,\,12,\,5$$

2. Find the mean of the following list of numbers.

3. Find the mean deviation of the following list of numbers.

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5. Suppose we have collected the following list of numbers.

Compute the z-scores of 1 and 23 with respect to this list.

6. Suppose we have collected the following list of numbers.

Compute the z-scores of 2 and 14 with respect to this list.

	20, 13, 10, 19, 11, 11
8.	Suppose we roll a single 20-sided die, whose faces are numbered from 1 to 20. What is the probability that we roll a number strictly less than 12?
9.	Suppose we draw a single card from a standard 52-card deck. What is the probability that we draw either a heart or a face card?

7. Find the coefficient of variation of the following list of numbers.

10.	Suppose we roll	two 6 -sided	dice, one	pink and	one blue,	whose	faces as	re numb	ered from	1 to 6.	What is the
	probability that	we roll two	numbers	whose sur	n is exact	ly 9?					

- 11. Suppose we roll two 6-sided dice, one pink and one purple, with faces labeled 1 through 6. Compute the probability of the following events.
 - (a) The dice show the same number.
 - (b) The sum of the numbers on the dice is exactly 4.

12. A survey was conducted to determine the study habits and final grades of statistics students. 257 stats students were asked whether or not they passed their stats class and whether they studied alone or with others. The results of the survey are collected in the following table.

	Pass	Fail
Study Alone	65	49
Study with Others	131	12

Use this data to answer the following.

- (a) What is the probability that a randomly selected student passed statistics, given that they studied alone?
- (b) What is the probability that a randomly selected student studied alone, given that they passed statistics?

Random Sampling	A. Divide the population into subpopulations, then choose all individuals from $some$ subpopulations.
Simple Random Sampling	B. Allow individuals to choose whether or not to be in the sample.
Convenience Sampling	C. Each subset of a given size has an equal chance of being selected.
Stratified Sampling	D. Each individual has an equal chance of being selected.
Cluster Sampling	E. Select individuals which are easy to find.
Self-Selected Sampling	F. Divide the population into subpopulations, then choose $some$ individuals from all subpopulations.

13. Match each sampling method to its description.