Name:		

College Algebra: Quiz #17 (Solutions)

1. Construct a polynomial of degree 3 which has roots at -2, 2, and -1.

Solution: Remember that c is a root of p(x) precisely when x-c is a factor of p(x). (This is called the Factor Theorem.) That means that we can force a polynomial to have a given root, say 1, by making x-1 a factor.

In this case, a polynomial will have these roots if it has the factors x + 2, x - 2, and x + 1. For example,

$$(x+2)(x-2)(x+1)$$

works.