# micro:bit radio workshop

Girls Do Tech, October 2018

http://bit.ly/gdtech-radio-workshop



# What? Why?

Send signals *easily* from one microbit to others.

- Remote control
- Make your creation can appear to work "by magic"!
- Control a microbit that's hard to get to (e.g. hidden away)
- Make something social different creations can interact!

## **Getting Started**

Go to "makecode" to program the micro:bit:

https://makecode.microbit.org/

WIFI:

Network: ?

Password: ?

## Online links to examples

If you're reading these slides online, here are clickable examples:

- Send words on radio
- Send numbers on radio

#### Guess what this does

```
on start
 ∴ radio set group ( 31
 show icon
on button A v pressed
                                  on button B v pressed
 " radio send string ( "hi »
                                  ___ radio send string ( 66 bye )
 on radio received receivedString
```

## Another one to guess

```
on start

...| radio set group (41)

...| show icon

on button A pressed

...| radio send number ( pick random 0 to 9
```

```
on radio received receivedNumber

show number receivedNumber
```

## Challenges

- Send any message to your coding partner. Test the range.
- Send words to group 11 Neill's microbit
- Send words to group 12 Nishka's microbit
- Send random numbers (0-255) to group 13 the servo
- Send a number (0-255) to group **14** the **giant barchart**
- Send musical note names like "c", "d", "e", etc, to group 15 musicbox
- Send a number from 1-9 to group 16 the zip halo
- Advanced: repeatedly send the light level (0-255) to...
  - to group 14 the giant barchart
  - o to group 13 the servo

## Troubleshooting

- The radio group must match, on the sender and receiver. Set this on start.
- Are they in range?
- What have you told the receiver to do? Anything?
- Don't send messages faster than the receiving microbit can deal with them.
- Don't mix sending strings (text) and numbers. Use either OnRadioReceivedString or OnRadioReceivedNumber, depending.
- Are they on? Low Batteries?

### some micro:bit inputs

- buttons (A, B, A+B)
- light level
- rotation
- gestures (shake, etc)
- compass heading
- temperature
- "resistive touch" (pins 0, 1, 2)
- analog pins 0, 1, 2 (e.g. external microphone, sliders, dials)
- radio messages
- bluetooth messages
- serial and i2c (e.g. external colour sensors)
- timings, durations, rhythms, combinations, etc, of the above