

HW6-nc41, cq4

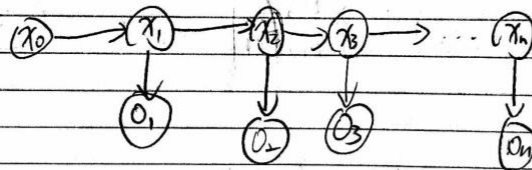
1. Hidden Markov Models

Q1 H Markov Models

$$(1) \pi = [0.5, 0.5]$$

$$A = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} \text{healthy} & \text{unhealthy} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{healthy} \\ \text{unhealthy} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 & 0.2 \\ 0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$b = \begin{matrix} & \begin{matrix} \text{low} & \text{medium} & \text{high} \end{matrix} \\ \begin{matrix} \text{healthy} \\ \text{unhealthy} \end{matrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.2 \\ 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$



$$(2) P(X_2 = \text{healthy} \mid O_1 = \text{low}, O_2 = \text{low})$$

$$= \frac{P(X_2^h, O_1^l, O_2^l)}{P(O_1^l, O_2^l)} \propto P(X_2^h, O_1^l, O_2^l)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_0} P(X_0, X_1, X_2^h, O_1^l, O_2^l)$$

$$= \sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_0} P(X_0) P(X_1 | X_0) P(X_2^h | X_1) P(O_1^l | X_1) P(O_2^l | X_2^h)$$

$$= 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$+ 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$$

$$+ 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.3$$

$$+ 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.3$$

$$= 0.08 + 0.02 + 0.003 + 0.012$$

$$= 0.115$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_0} P(X_2 = \text{unhealthy}, O_1 = l, O_2 = l, x_1, x_0) \\
&= \sum_{x_1} \sum_{x_0} P(x_0) P(x_1 | x_0) P(x_2 | x_1) P(O_1 = l | x_1) P(O_2 = l | x_2 = u) \\
&= 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \\
&\quad + 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.3 \\
&\quad + 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.3 \times 0.3 \\
&\quad + 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.3 \times 0.3 \\
&= 0.012 + 0.003 + 0.009 + 0.0288 \\
&= 0.051
\end{aligned}$$

$$P(X_2 = \text{healthy} | O_1 = l, O_2 = l) = \frac{0.115}{0.115 + 0.051} = \frac{0.115}{0.166} = 0.692771$$

(3) $t=2$ the probability of healthy is $0.692771 > 0.5$

So the state x_2 is healthy

$$t=1 \quad P(x_1 | x_2 = h, O_1 = l, O_2 = l)$$

$$\propto P(x_1, O_1 = l, O_2 = l, x_2 = h)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{x_0} P(x_1 = h, O_1 = l, O_2 = l, x_2 = h, x_0)$$

$$= \sum_{x_0} P(x_0) P(x_1 = h | x_0) P(x_2 = h | x_1 = h) P(O_1 = l | x_1 = h) P(O_2 = l | x_2 = h)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \\
&\quad + 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \\
&= 0.08 + 0.02 = 0.1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum_{x_0} P(x_1 = \text{unhealthy}, o_1 = l, o_2 = l, x_2 = h | x_0) \\
 &= \sum_{x_0} P(x_0) P(x_1 = \text{unhealthy} | x_0) P(x_2 = h | x_1 = u) P(o_1 = l | x_1 = u) P(o_2 = l | x_2 = h) \\
 &= 0.5 \times 0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.3 \times 0.5 \\
 &+ 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 \times 0.3 \times 0.5 \\
 &= 0.003 + 0.012 = 0.015
 \end{aligned}$$

0.1 > 0.015 so $x_1 = \text{healthy}$ *

\therefore the x_1 is healthy given $o_1 = l, o_2 = l, x_2 = \text{healthy}$

$t=0$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & P(x_0 = \text{healthy}, o_1 = l, o_2 = l, x_1 = h, x_2 = h) \\
 &= \sum_{x_2} \sum_{x_1} P(x_0 = \text{healthy}) P(x_2 | x_1) P(x_1 | x_0) P(o_1 | x_1) P(o_2 | x_2) \\
 &= 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.8 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \\
 &= 0.08
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & P(x_0 = \text{unhealthy}) P(x_2 | x_1) P(x_1 | x_0) P(o_1 | x_1) P(o_2 | x_2) \\
 &= 0.5 \times 0.8 \times 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \\
 &= 0.02
 \end{aligned}$$

$$0.08 > 0.02$$

so $x_0 = \text{healthy}$ *

2. EM for mixtures of Bernoullis

Q2
(1)

z_k is missing data (unobserved data)

$$\begin{cases} P(z|\pi) = \prod_{k=1}^K \pi_k^{z_k} & P(x|z, \mu) = \prod_{k=1}^K P(x|\mu_k)^{z_k} \\ P(x|\pi, \mu) = \sum_{k=1}^K \pi_k P(x|\mu_k) \\ P(x|\mu_k) = \prod_{i=1}^D \mu_{ki}^{x_i} (1-\mu_{ki})^{1-x_i} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln p(x, z | \pi, \mu) = \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{k=1}^K z_{nk} \left[\ln \pi_k + \sum_{i=1}^D [x_{ni} \ln \mu_{ki} + (1-x_{ni}) \ln (1-\mu_{ki})] \right]$$

\downarrow b/c $E_z(x) = \mu_k(x) + (1-x_{ni}) \ln(1-\mu_{ki})$

$$E_z[\ln p(x, z | \pi, \mu)] = \sum_{n=1}^N \sum_{k=1}^K V(z_{nk}) \left[\ln \pi_k + \sum_{i=1}^D [x_{ni} \ln \mu_{ki} + (1-x_{ni}) \ln (1-\mu_{ki})] \right]$$

$$V = \frac{\pi_k P(x_n | \mu_k)}{\sum_{j=1}^K \pi_j P(x_n | \mu_j)}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_z[\ln p(x, z | \pi, \mu)]}{\partial \mu_{kj}} = \sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk}) \left[\frac{x_n}{\mu_{kj}} - (1-x_n) \frac{1}{1-\mu_{kj}} \right]$$

$$= 0 \Rightarrow \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk})} = \mu_{kj}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk}) x_n = \mu_{kj} \sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk})$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_{kj} = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk}) x_n}{\sum_{n=1}^N V(z_{nk})}$$

and $V(z_{nk}) = \frac{1}{K}$

~~✗~~

$$(2) \quad p(\mu) = \text{Beta}(\mu | \alpha, \beta) = \frac{1}{B(\alpha, \beta)} \mu^{\alpha-1} (1-\mu)^{\beta-1}$$

$$\text{Bernoulli}(x_i | \mu) = \mu^{x_i} (1-\mu)^{1-x_i} = P(x | \mu)$$

$$\text{MAP} = P(\mu | x) \propto P(x | \mu) P(\mu)$$

$$\Rightarrow \prod_i P(x_i | \mu) \cdot \text{Beta}(\mu | \alpha, \beta)$$

\Rightarrow we need to calculate the argmax_{μ} .

$$B_{\max} = \text{argmax}_{\mu} \ln P(\mu | x) = \text{argmax}_{\mu} \sum_i \ln \text{Bernoulli}(x_i | \mu) + \ln \text{Beta}(\mu | \alpha, \beta)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) \left[\ln \pi_k + \sum_{i=1}^D [x_{ni} \ln \mu_{ki} + (1-x_{ni}) \ln (1-\mu_{ki})] \right] + \ln \text{Beta}$$

$$\frac{\partial B_{\max}}{\partial \mu_{ki}} = \sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) \left(\frac{x_{ni}}{\mu_{ki}} - (1-x_{ni}) \cdot \frac{1}{1-\mu_{ki}} \right) + \frac{\alpha-1}{\mu_{ki}} - \frac{\beta-1}{1-\mu_{ki}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) x_{ni} + \alpha - 1}{\mu_{ki}} - \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) (1-x_{ni}) + \beta - 1}{1-\mu_{ki}} = 0$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) x_{ni} + \alpha - 1 = \mu_{ki} \left(\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) (1-x_{ni}) + \beta - 1 \right)$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) \mu_{ki} - \sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) x_{ni} \cdot \mu_{ki} + \mu_{ki} (\beta - 1)$$

$$\mu_{ki} \left(\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) + \alpha + \beta - 2 \right) = \sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) x_{ni} + \alpha - 1$$

$$\mu_{ki} = \frac{\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) x_{ni} + \alpha - 1}{\sum_{n=1}^N r(z_{nk}) + \alpha + \beta - 2} \quad \text{where } r(z_{nk}) = r_k^{z_{nk}}$$

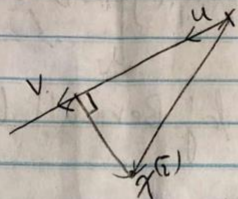
3. Principal Components Analysis

Q3.

$$f_u(x) = \operatorname{argmin}_{v \in V} \|x - v\|^2 = u^T x u$$

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{u: u^T u = 1} \sum_{i=1}^m \|x^{(i)} - f_u(x^{(i)})\|^2$$

$$\boxed{f_u(x) = u^T x u}$$



$u^T x = \text{projected length}$

So if we want to have V vector we need to $u^T x \cdot u = V$

$$\operatorname{argmin}_{u: u^T u = 1} \sum_{i=1}^m \|x^{(i)} - f_u(x^{(i)})\|^2 = \operatorname{argmin}_{u: u^T u = 1} \|x - u^T x u\|^2$$

$$= x^T x - 2 u^T x x^T u + (u^T x u)^T (u^T x u)$$

$$= \text{const} - 2 u^T x x^T u$$

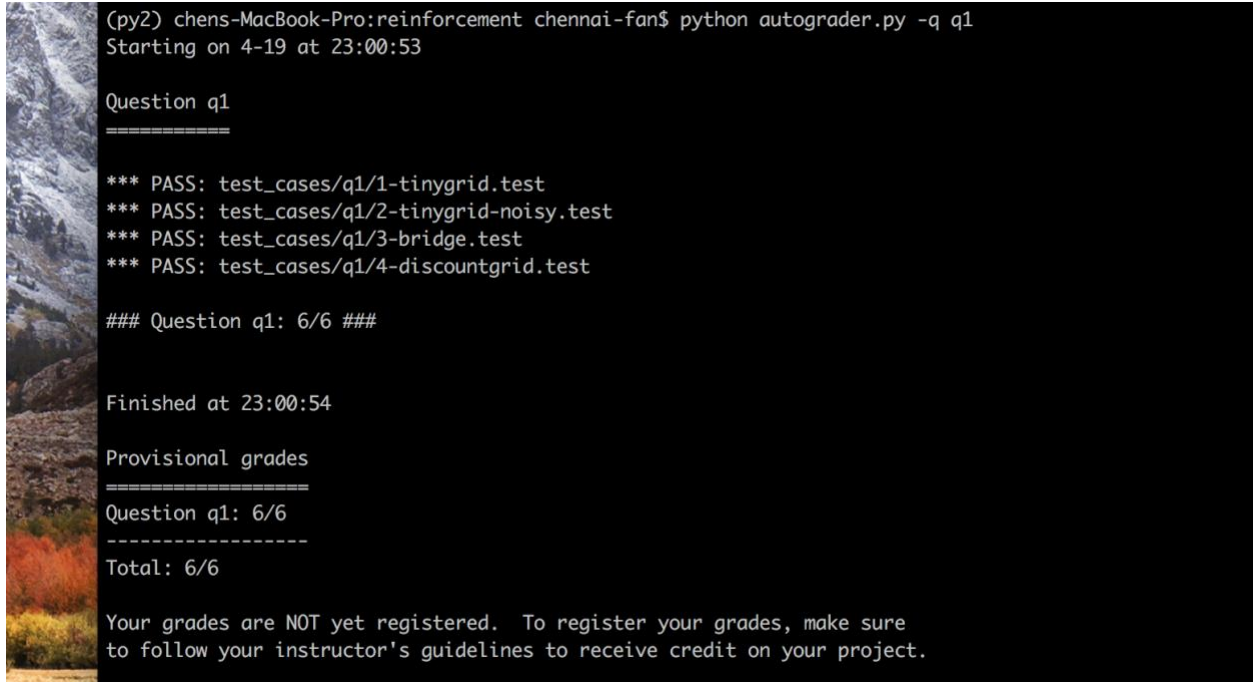
$$= \text{const} - 2 u^T \Sigma u$$

We need to maximize covariance to minimize the distance between $x^{(i)}$ and points which is projected by $x^{(i)}$

We know the PCA need to maximize the variance so we proof the reconstruction error need to be minimize.

Problem 7 Markov Decision Processes and Grid World

Problem 7.1 Value Iteration



```
(py2) chens-MacBook-Pro:reinforcement chennai-fan$ python autograder.py -q q1
Starting on 4-19 at 23:00:53

Question q1
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q1/1-tinygrid.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q1/2-tinygrid-noisy.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q1/3-bridge.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q1/4-discountgrid.test

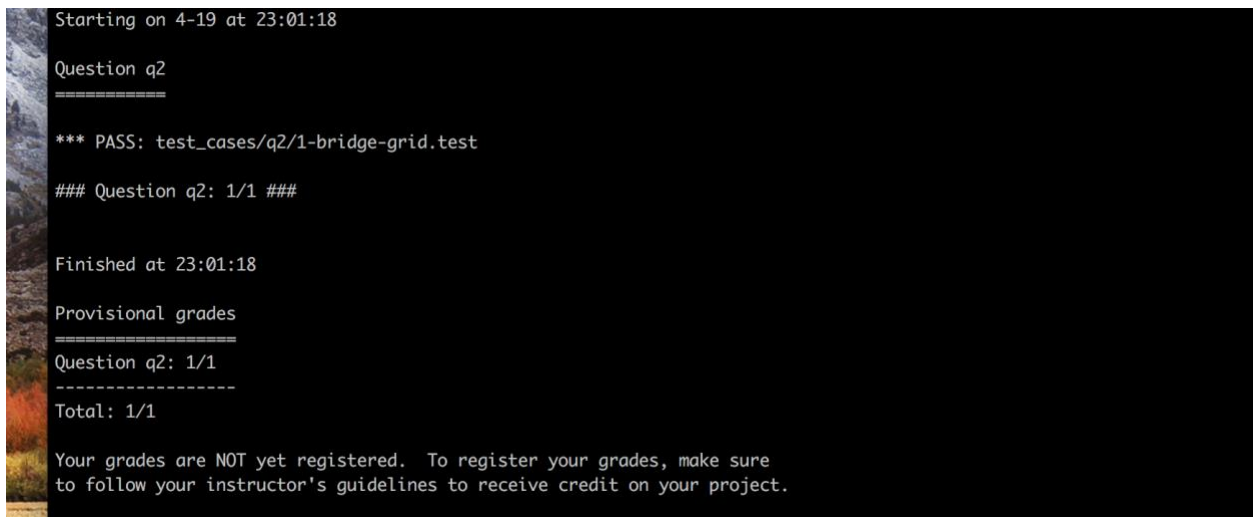
### Question q1: 6/6 ###

Finished at 23:00:54

Provisional grades
=====
Question q1: 6/6
-----
Total: 6/6

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```

Problem 7.2 Bridge Crossing Analysis



```
Starting on 4-19 at 23:01:18

Question q2
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q2/1-bridge-grid.test

### Question q2: 1/1 ###

Finished at 23:01:18

Provisional grades
=====
Question q2: 1/1
-----
Total: 1/1

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```

Problem 7.3 Policies

```
Question q3
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q3/1-question-3.1.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q3/2-question-3.2.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q3/3-question-3.3.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q3/4-question-3.4.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q3/5-question-3.5.test

### Question q3: 5/5 ###

Finished at 23:01:35

Provisional grades
=====
Question q3: 5/5
-----
Total: 5/5

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```

Problem 7.4: Q-learning

```
Question q4
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q4/1-tinygrid.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q4/2-tinygrid-noisy.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q4/3-bridge.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q4/4-discountgrid.test

### Question q4: 5/5 ###

Finished at 23:02:04

Provisional grades
=====
Question q4: 5/5
-----
Total: 5/5

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```


Problem 7.5: Epsilon-greedy policies

```
Starting on 4-19 at 23:02:21

Question q5
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q5/1-tinygrid.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q5/2-tinygrid-noisy.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q5/3-bridge.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q5/4-discountgrid.test

### Question q5: 3/3 ###

Finished at 23:02:23

Provisional grades
=====
Question q5: 3/3
-----
Total: 3/3

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```

Problem 7.6: Bridge Crossing Revisited

```
Question q6
=====

*** PASS: test\_cases/q6/grade-agent.test

### Question q6: 1/1 ###

Finished at 23:02:59

Provisional grades
=====
Question q6: 1/1
-----
Total: 1/1

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```

Problem 7.7: Q-learning and Pacman

[illegible]

Problem 7.8: Approximate Q-learning

```
Starting on 4-19 at 23:05:41

Question q8
=====

*** PASS: test_cases/q8/1-tinygrid.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q8/2-tinygrid-noisy.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q8/3-bridge.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q8/4-discountgrid.test
*** PASS: test_cases/q8/5-coord-extractor.test

### Question q8: 3/3 ###

Finished at 23:05:42

Provisional grades
=====
Question q8: 3/3
-----

Total: 3/3

Your grades are NOT yet registered. To register your grades, make sure
to follow your instructor's guidelines to receive credit on your project.
```