


# SQL: TRY\_CAST and TRY\_PARSE

```
INSERT INTO numbers_stored_as_text (text_number)
VALUES ('1000000.00'),('1.000.000,00'),
       ('1,00,000.00'),('1,000,000.00'),
       ('1,00,00,000'),('No sales');

SELECT text_number,
       COALESCE(
         TRY_PARSE(text_number AS decimal),
         TRY_PARSE(text_number AS decimal USING 'de-DE'),
         0
       ) AS converted_to_decimal
FROM numbers_stored_as_text;
```



	text_number	converted_to_decimal
1	1000000.00	1000000
2	1.000.000,00	1000000
3	1,00,000.00	100000
4	1,000,000.00	1000000
5	1,00,00,000	10000000
6	No sales	0

# Numbers stored as text can be a problem




CAST is the ANSI standard function for converting from one data type to another

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS #testvalues;  
CREATE TABLE #testvalues (test_value nvarchar(12));  
INSERT INTO #testvalues (test_value)  
VALUES
```

```
('1000000.00'),  
( '1.000.000,00'),  
( '1,00,000.00'),  
( '1,000,000.00'),  
( '1,00,00,000'),  
( 'No sales');
```

**CAST** generates an error for these rows  
and will not return the row at all

```
SELECT test_value, CAST(test_value AS decimal) AS decimal_test_value  
FROM #testvalues;
```



	test_value	decimal_test_value
1	1000000.00	1000000

**CAST** fails if a number stored as text contains anything other than a decimal separator for the current region settings

# TRY\_CAST returns NULL if the cast fails



TRY\_CAST is available in Snowflake, SQL Server, Db2 and various Azure Analytics products

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS #testvalues;
CREATE TABLE #testvalues (test_value nvarchar(12));
INSERT INTO #testvalues (test_value)
VALUES
('1000000.00'),
('1.000.000,00'),
('1,00,000.00'),
('1,000,000.00'),
('1,00,00,000'),
('No sales');
```

These values cannot be converted with  
**TRY\_CAST**, so the query returns NULL

```
SELECT test_value, TRY_CAST(test_value AS decimal) AS decimal_test_value
FROM #testvalues;
```

**TRY\_CAST** ensures the row is still  
returned if the cast has failed

	test_value	decimal_test_value
1	1000000.00	1000000
2	1.000.000,00	NULL
3	1,00,000.00	NULL
4	1,000,000.00	NULL
5	1,00,00,000	NULL
6	No sales	NULL

# When TRY\_CAST fails, we can use TRY\_PARSE

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS #testvalues;
CREATE TABLE #testvalues (test_value nvarchar(12));
INSERT INTO #testvalues (test_value)
VALUES
('1000000.00'),
('1.000.000,00'),
('1,00,000.00'),
('1,000,000.00'),
('1,00,00,000'),
('No sales');
```

In the current culture, en-US, comma is the group separator and period is the decimal separator, so some values are correctly parsed.

```
SELECT test_value, TRY_PARSE(test_value AS decimal) AS decimal_test_value
FROM #testvalues;
```

**TRY\_PARSE** uses the current culture to identify group separators and decimal separators.

	test_value	decimal_test_value
1	1000000.00	1000000
2	1.000.000,00	NULL
3	1,00,000.00	100000
4	1,000,000.00	1000000
5	1,00,00,000	10000000
6	No sales	NULL

# We can add a USING modifier to TRY\_PARSE

```
INSERT INTO #testvalues (test_value)
VALUES
('1000000.00'),
('1.000.000,00'),
('1,00,000.00'),
('1,000,000.00'),
('1,00,00,000'),
('No sales');
```

If we don't specify a culture in **TRY\_PARSE**, the current culture is used. The first **TRY\_PARSE** returns null if the current culture cannot parse the text-number

```
SELECT test_value,
       COALESCE(
         TRY_PARSE(test_value AS decimal),
         TRY_PARSE(test_value AS decimal USING 'de-DE'),
         0
       ) AS decimal_test_value
FROM #testvalues;
```

Replace any remaining NULL values with zero

If the current culture can't parse the number, we try parsing the number with another culture, such as **de-DE**, which uses a period as the grouping separator and a comma as the decimal separator

	test_value	decimal_test_value
1	1000000.00	1000000
2	1.000.000,00	1000000
3	1,00,000.00	100000
4	1,000,000.00	1000000
5	1,00,00,000	10000000
6	No sales	0

# Takeaways

1. Using **CAST** to convert numbers stored as text will fail if any non-numeric character other than the current culture's decimal separator is present
2. Using **TRY\_CAST** will return NULL if the number stored as text cannot be cast
3. Using **TRY\_PARSE** will allow for grouping separators and allow us to specify an alternate culture to use in the conversion