

Use SQLFluff in VS Code

SQLFluff is a SQL Linter



The screenshot shows the SQLFluff website homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Home, Source, Docs, and Blog. The main heading is 'SQLFluff' with a logo featuring a brush. Below it, the tagline 'The SQL Linter for humans.' is displayed. A row of statistics shows 987k/month downloads, pypi v2.1.2, MIT license, and 6.3k stars. A paragraph describes SQLFluff as a dialect-flexible and configurable SQL linter designed for ELT applications, mentioning its compatibility with Jinja templating and dbt, and its auto-fix capabilities. Two code blocks are shown: the first contains a SQL query with linting errors, and the second shows the command-line output of the linter, which reports failures for unqualified and qualified references.

SQLFluff

[Home](#) [Source](#) [Docs](#) [Blog](#)

SQLFluff

The SQL Linter for humans.

downloads 987k/month pypi v2.1.2 license MIT stars 6.3k

SQLFluff is a dialect-flexible and configurable SQL linter. Designed with ELT applications in mind, SQLFluff also works with Jinja templating and dbt. SQLFluff will auto-fix most linting errors, allowing you to focus your time on what matters.

```
1 SELECT
2     this_column,
3     my_table.THAT_COLUMN AS this_name,
4     some_number *10 AS a_bigger_number
5 from my_table
```

```
$ sqlfluff lint test.sql --dialect ansi
== [test.sql] FAIL
L:  2 | P:  5 | RF03 | Unqualified reference 'this_column' found in single
    | table select. [references.consistent]
L:  3 | P:  5 | RF03 | Qualified reference 'my_table.THAT_COLUMN' found in
```

It checks your code for *lint*

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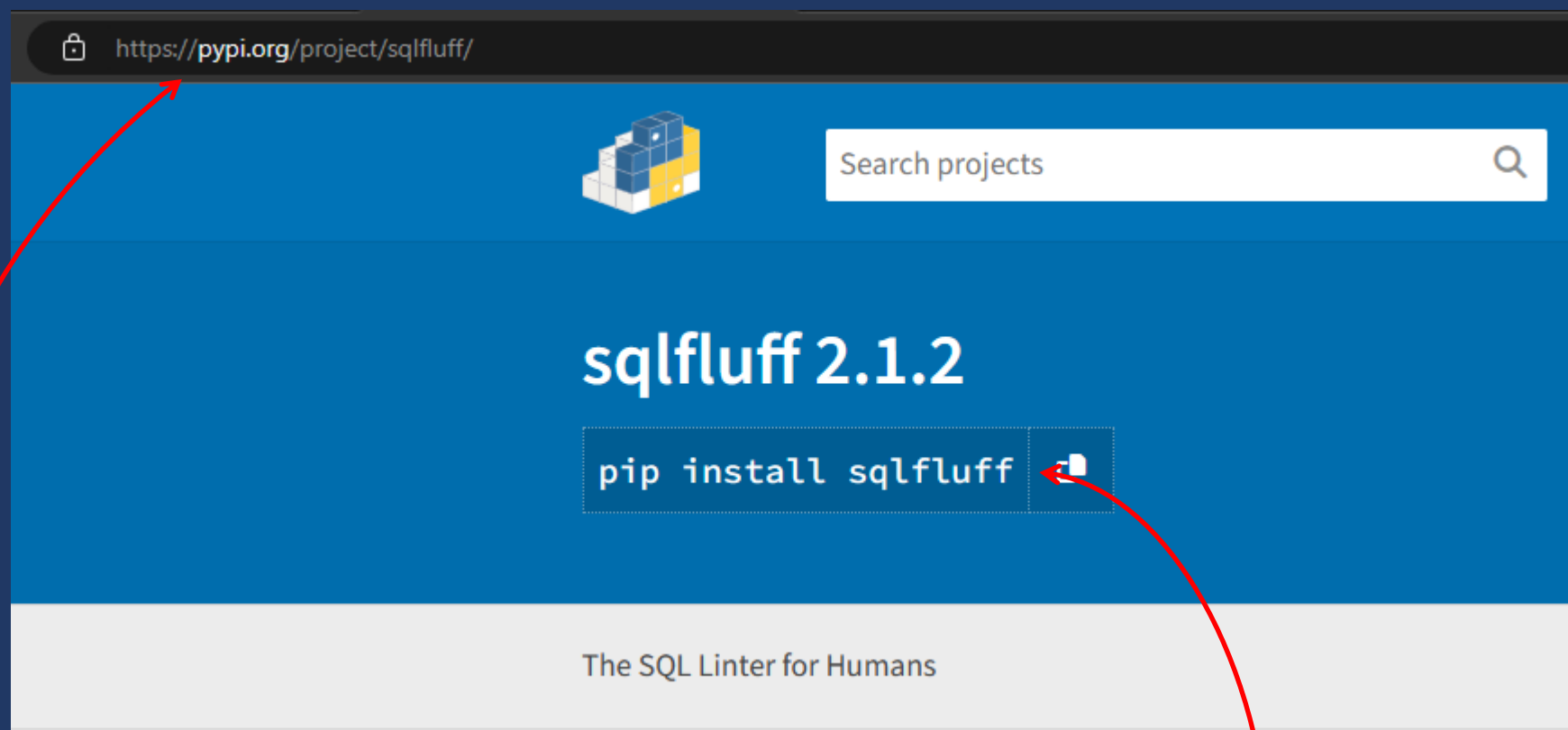
```
$ sqlfluff lint test.sql --dialect ansi
== [test.sql] FAIL
L:   2 | P:   5 | RF03 | Unqualified reference 'this_column' found in single
      |       |       | table select. [references.consistent]
L:   3 | P:   5 | RF03 | Qualified reference 'my_table.THAT_COLUMN' found in
      |       |       | single table select which is inconsistent with previous
      |       |       | references. [references.consistent]
L:   3 | P:  14 | CP02 | Unquoted identifiers must be consistently lower case.
      |       |       | [capitalisation.identifiers]
L:   4 | P:   1 | LT02 | Expected indent of 4 spaces.
      |       |       | [layout.indent]
L:   4 | P:   3 | RF03 | Unqualified reference 'some_number' found in single
      |       |       | table select. [references.consistent]
L:   4 | P:  16 | LT01 | Expected single whitespace between binary operator '*'
      |       |       | and numeric literal. [layout.spacing]
L:   5 | P:   1 | CP01 | Keywords must be consistently upper case.
      |       |       | [capitalisation.keywords]
```

We can use it to check the quality of our SQL

i.e. fluff / unnecessary fabric which can be removed

We can define many rules to enforce and check our SQL automatically against each one

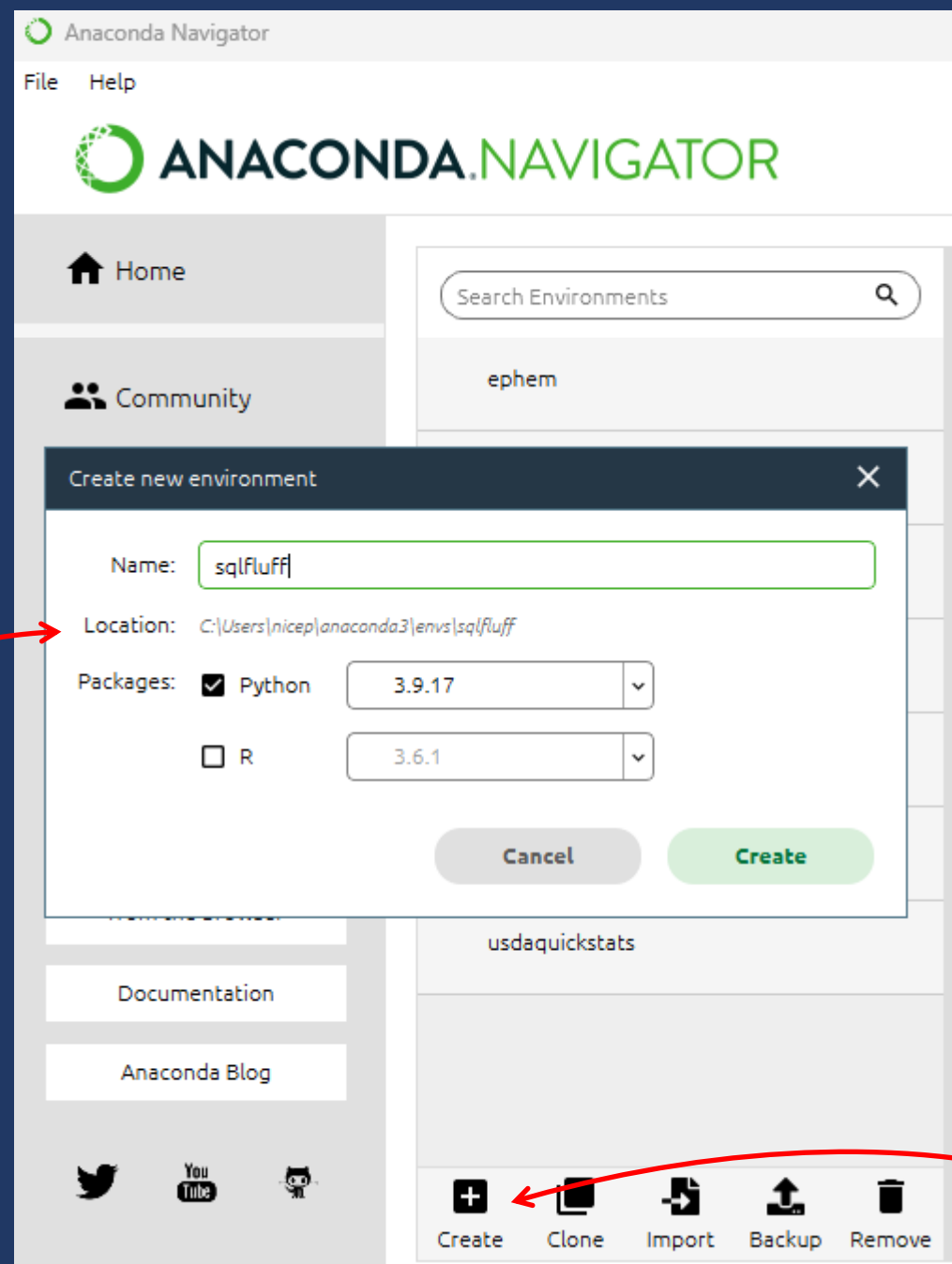
It's a Python package



It's available on PyPI – the official Python Package Index

We can install it into a Python environment using pip

For example, create a new environment in Anaconda



2

Enter a name and select the version of Python to install

i

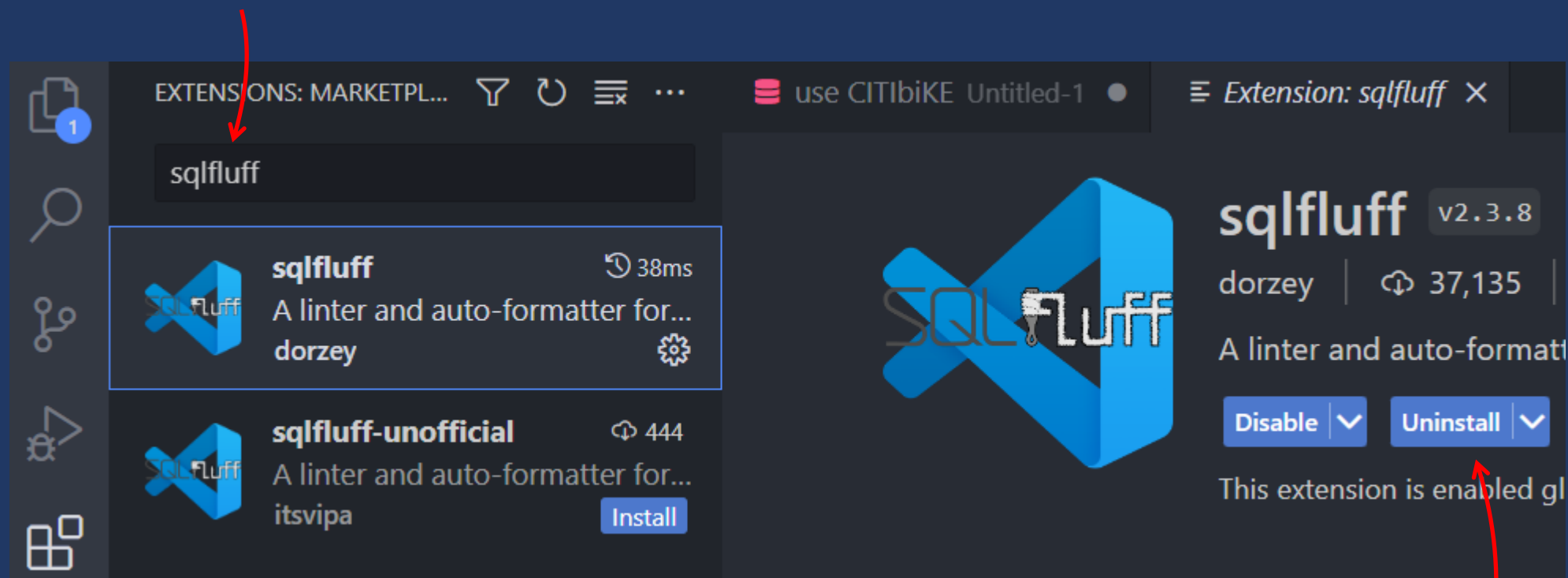
This is just one way of creating an environment. Other ways are available or if you prefer, you can work without an environment (not recommended)

1

From the Environments tab, hit Create

Similarly, install the sqlfluff extension

2 Search for sqlfluff



1 Select the extensions tab


3 Hit this button to install the extension (it will say **Install** when not installed)

Edit *settings.json* in your project folder



Create the file if it doesn't exist

Extension: sqlfluff ✕



sqlfluff v2.3.8
dorzey | 37,135 | ★★★★★ (6)
A linter and auto-formatter for SQLfluff, a popular SQL dialect.

[Disable](#) [Uninstall](#) ⚙️

This extension is enabled globally.

DETAILS | FEATURE CONTRIBUTIONS | CHANGELOG | RUNTIME STATUS

Code command palette and type in `settings.json`. Select **Preferences: Open Settings**. Then, you can add any of the following configuration options to `settings.json`.

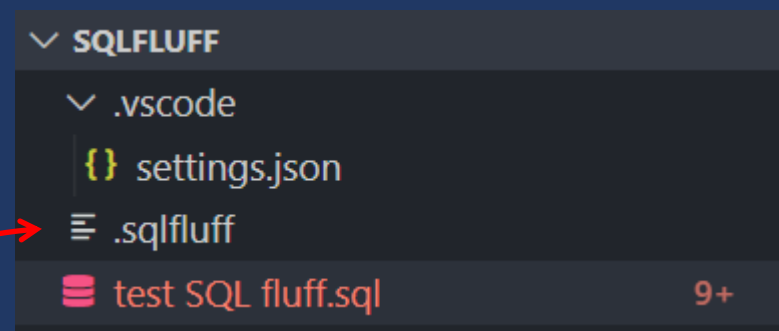
```
"sqlfluff.config": "${workspaceFolder}/.sqlfluff",  
"sqlfluff.dialect": "mysql",  
"sqlfluff.env.environmentVariables": [
```

Scroll down on the extension page, then copy the supplied JSON into your `settings.json` file

```
test SQL fluff.sql 9+ | {} settings.json  
1 {  
2   "sqlfluff.config": "${workspaceFolder}/.sqlfluff",  
3   "sqlfluff.dialect": "tsql",  
4   "sqlfluff.env.environmentVariables": [  
5     {  
6       "key": "example_key",  
7       "value": "example_value"  
8     }  
9   ],  
10  "sqlfluff.env.customDotEnvFiles": [  
11    "${workspaceFolder}/example.env"  
12  ],  
13  "sqlfluff.env.useDotEnvFile": true,  
14  "sqlfluff.excludeRules": [  
15  ],  
16  "sqlfluff.executablePath": "sqlfluff".
```

Create an empty text file called *.sqlfluff* in your project folder

You can leave the file empty for now



Create a new .sql file and type some ugly SQL

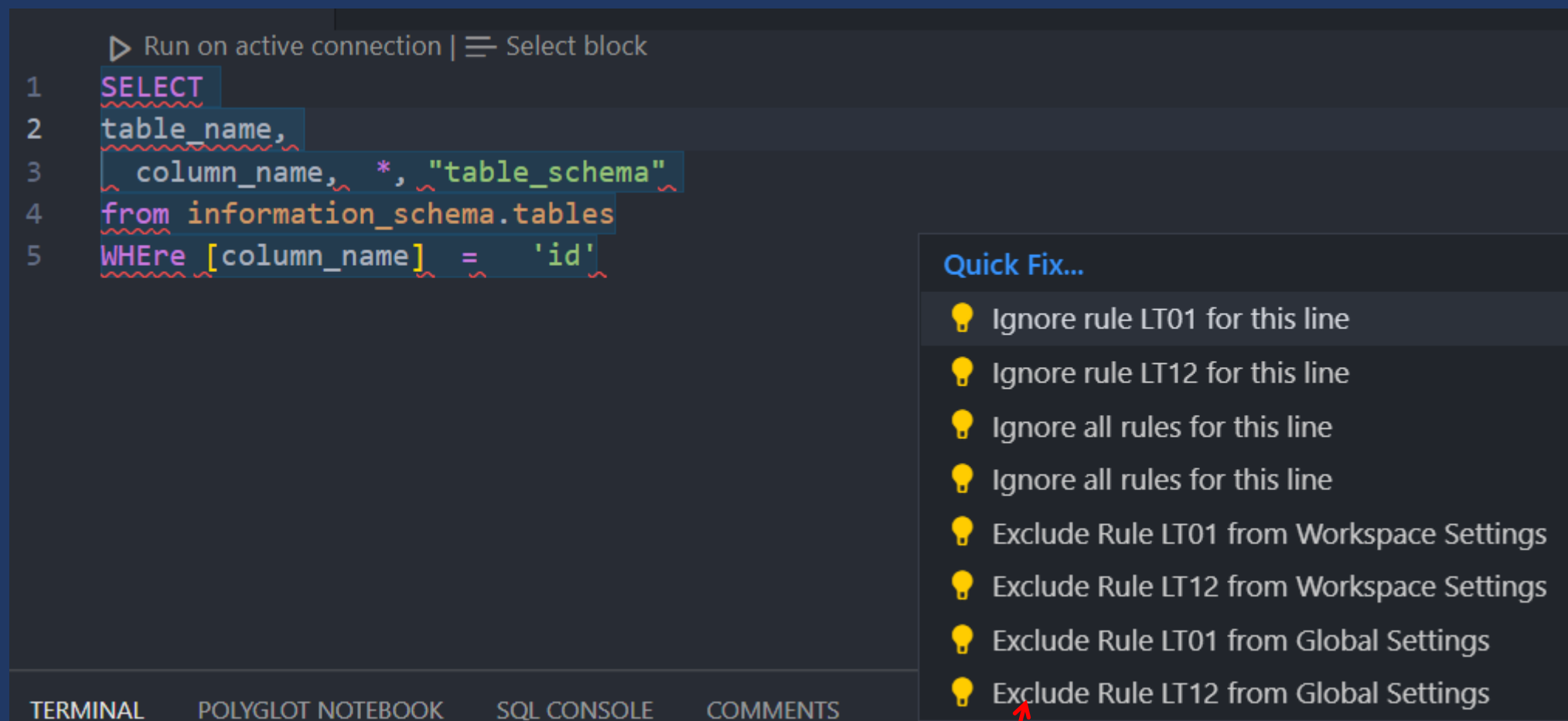
```
test SQL fluff.sql 9+ X
▶ Run on active connection | ≡ Select block
1 SELECT
2 table_name,
3 column_name, *, "table_sc
4 from information_schema.tabl
5 WHEre [column_name] = 'id'
```

Unnecessary trailing whitespace at end of file. sqlfluff(LT01)
Files must end with a single trailing newline. sqlfluff(LT12)
View Problem (Alt+F8) Quick Fix... (Ctrl+.)

SQL which violates the rules will be underlined

Hovering over an underline will show a pop-up describing which rule(s) have been violated

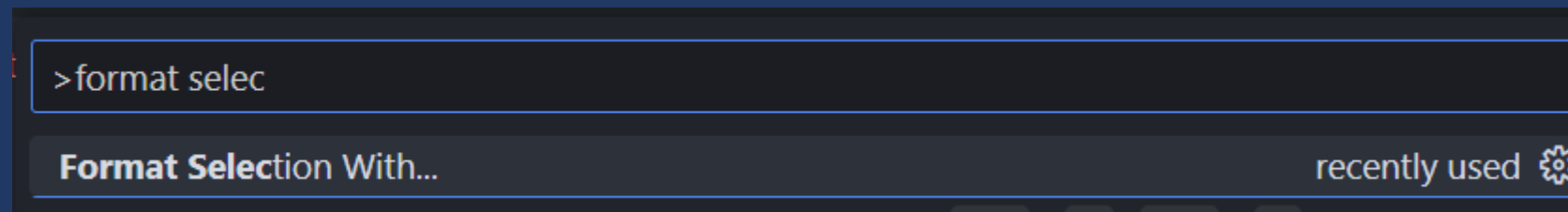
Optionally, hover over a rule and click “Quick Fix”



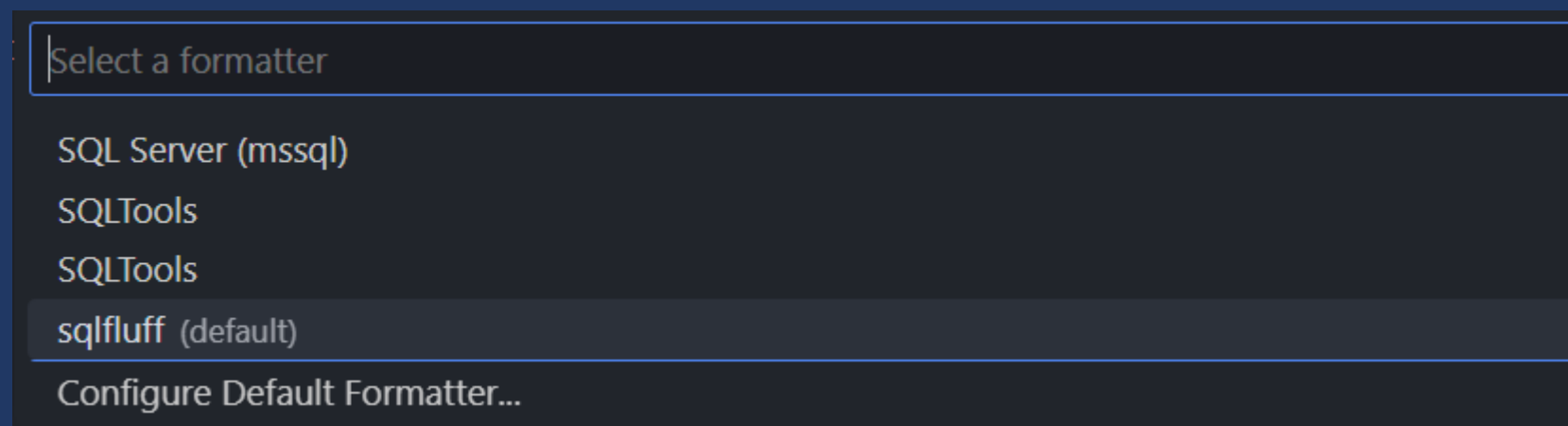
Optionally, select an option to remediate the problem.

Alternatively, we can auto-fix the problems - 1

Ctrl+Shift+P and search for “Format selection with...”

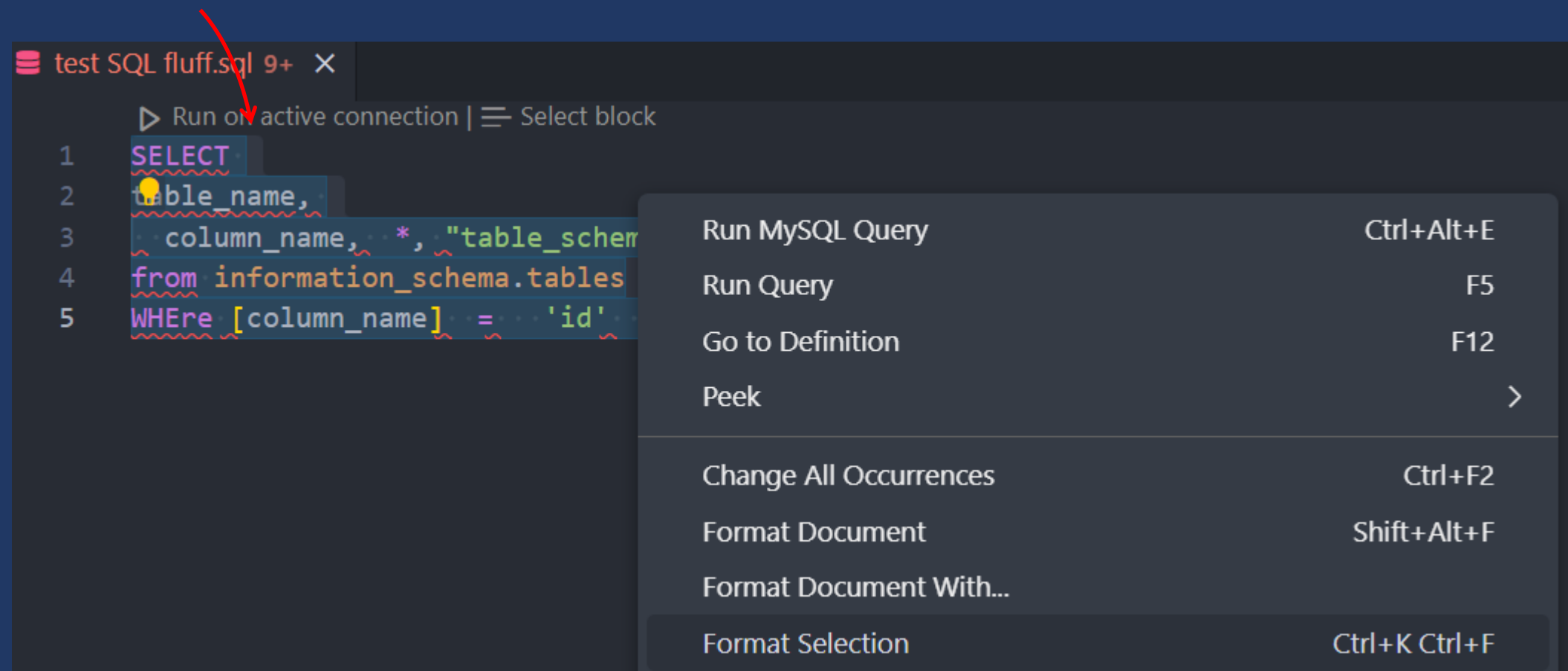


Ensure sqlfluff is configured as the default formatter



Alternatively, we can auto-fix the problems - 2

Select the code you want to fix

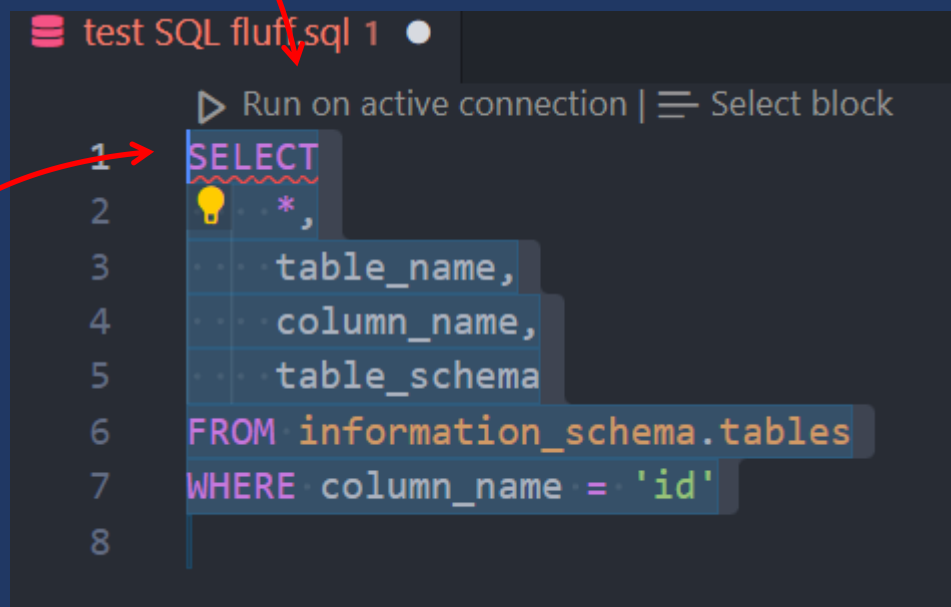


Right-click and use "Format Selection"
(alternatively, Ctrl+K Ctrl+F)

Alternatively, we can auto-fix the problems - 3

After formatting, the code is reformatted and *most* rules are fixed

Some rules such as use of asterisk in SELECT can't be fixed automatically



The screenshot shows a SQL editor window titled 'test SQL fluff.sql 1'. The query text is as follows:

```
1 SELECT
2   *
3   table_name,
4   column_name,
5   table_schema
6 FROM information_schema.tables
7 WHERE column_name = 'id'
```

Line 1 has a red arrow pointing to the word 'SELECT'. Line 2 has a red arrow pointing to the asterisk '*'. A lightbulb icon is visible next to the asterisk, indicating a linting rule violation. The editor interface includes a 'Run on active connection' button and a 'Select block' menu.

You can check your entire project using the terminal

Ensure your env. is activated. If not, use **conda activate envname**

Use the **sqlfluff lint** command to check the project

```
⊗ (sqlfluff) PS C:\Users\ [redacted] \SQL\SQLFluff> sqlfluff lint --dialect tsq
== [C:\Users\ [redacted] \SQL\SQLFluff\test SQL fluff 2.sql] FAIL
L:   1 | P:   1 | AM04 | Query produces an unknown number of result columns.
      | [ambiguous.column_count]
L:   1 | P:   1 | LT09 | Select targets should be on a new line unless there is
      | only one select target.
```

Each file is checked against all rules in turn

```
L:   5 | P:  30 | LT01 | Unnecessary trailing whitespace at end of file.
      | [layout.spacing]
L:   5 | P:  30 | LT12 | Files must end with a single trailing newline.
      | [layout.end_of_file]
== [C:\Users\ [redacted] \SQL\SQLFluff\test SQL fluff.sql] FAIL
L:   1 | P:   1 | AM04 | Query produces an unknown number of result columns.
      | [ambiguous.column_count]
L:   1 | P:   1 | LT09 | Select targets should be on a new line unless there is
```



sqlfluff fix will attempt to fix all problems in the project

Use .sqlfluff to configure the rules for your project

```
test SQL fluff.sql 9+ ● .sqlfluff × test SQL fluff 2.s
1  # Keywords must be upper case
2  [sqlfluff:rules:capitalisation.keywords]
3  capitalisation_policy = upper
4
5  # Functions must be upper case
6  [sqlfluff:rules:capitalisation.functions]
7  extended_capitalisation_policy = upper
8
9  # Tables must be aliased
10 [sqlfluff:rules:aliasing.table]
11 aliasing = explicit
12
13 # Columns must be aliased
14 [sqlfluff:rules:aliasing.column]
15 aliasing = explicit
16
17 # Aliases must be at least 3 characters long
18 [sqlfluff:rules:aliasing.length]
19 min_alias_length = 3
```

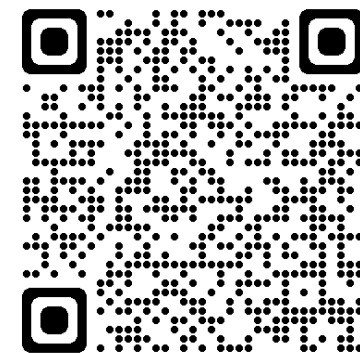
Keywords must be upper case. sqlfluff(CP01)

[View Documentation for Rule CP01.](#)

[View Problem \(Alt+F8\)](#) [Quick Fix... \(Ctrl+.\)](#)

```
from information_schema.tables
WHERE [column_name] = 'id'
```

<https://docs.sqlfluff.com/en/stable/configuration.html>





Takeaways:

1. SQLFluff is used to enforce SQL style and formatting rules
2. We can lint a single query or an entire project (or anywhere between)
3. We can configure which rules are used on a per-project basis



Hi!

I'm Owen and I want to help you flex your data! 🙌

I have 20 years' experience solving tricky data problems.

I have C-suite experience leading global data and programming teams for data products and a host of data-focused technologies in my toolkit (SQL, Python, Advanced Excel, R, Tableau, Power BI, Athena, Glue, Spark, RDS... to name a few).

Let's connect!

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YouTube: [@flexyourdata](https://www.youtube.com/@flexyourdata)

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