



Certificate of calibration

For:	Dr Joss Kent UK Met Office Jupiter Mezzanine Fitzroy Road Exeter Devon EX1 3PB United Kingdom
Date:	3 rd December 2014
Serial Number of Instrument:	
Results:	UKMO 2B Ozone nmol/mol = 1.038 NCAS Primary Standard nmol/mol – 0.530 nmol/mol
	Uncertainty at amount fractions greater than 100 nmol/mol = ±3% of value. Uncertainty at amount fractions between 0 and 100 nmol/mol = 3nmol/mol.
Carried out by:	Dr Ruth Purvis NCAS Scientist University of York York,UK
Signed:	
Authorised by:	Dr Katie Read NCAS Scientist University of York York, UK



Signed:







Reference to NIST Scale

The NCAS Primary Standard (TE49i) is calibrated annually at the National Physical Laboratory against the NIST Standard Reference Photometer SRP 20, quality assured and controlled by independent audit procedures. The calibration performed relates the output from the NCAS TE49i analyser front panel to the ozone amount fractions determined by the SRP.

The most recent calibration (16th-17th June 2014) of the NCAS Primary Standard reported: -

TE49i nmol/mol =1.005 SRP20 nmol/mol + 0.2 nmol/mol

Measurement procedure

The visiting instrument is calibrated in the same way. The sample line used, had previously been conditioned at an amount fraction of 1000 nmol/mol of ozone for over an hour.

Only one calibration was carried out which increases the error on the resultant data. At least two calibrations are recommended in future.

UKMO 2B Ozone output in nmol/mol = m NCAS Primary Standard nmol/mol + c

where: **m** is the gradient determined as the ratio of the visiting instrument reading for ozone to the TE49i reading for ozone.

c is the zero intercept expressed in nmol/mol.

Results

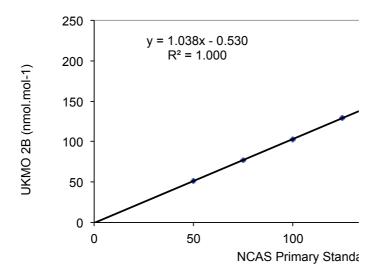
NCAS Primary Standard (nmol/mol)	UKMO 2B (nmol/mol)	Standard deviation (nmol/mol)
0.00	-0.32	0.55
50.01	51.32	0.51
100.00	103.20	0.56
150.01	155.26	0.56
200.03	207.42	0.52
74.97	76.88	0.57
125.00	129.10	0.60
-0.03	-0.36	0.76











UKMO 2B Ozone nmol/mol = 1.038 NCAS PS nmol/mol - 0.530 nmol/mol

The above equation is only valid in the amount fraction range 0-200 nmol/mol.

Uncertainty is generally quoted as ±3% for amount fractions greater than 100 nmol/mol and 3 nmol/mol for amount fractions between 0 and 100 nmol/mol.

These uncertainties contain components arising from the uncertainty in the ozone absorption cross section, the purity of the air supply used in the calibration, any non-linearity in the analytical instrumentation, and bias in the primary standard used (based on the results of international intercomparisons).

Precision of the instrument has been calculated using the zero data and by applying the following formula:-

Precision = $\sqrt{2}$ x standard deviation of 10 x 1 minute data points)

The precision is 1.05 nmol/mol for this instrument.

We recommend that you carry out calibrations at least annually to verify the stability of your analyser.

This work was carried out in the COZI-Lab in the Wolfson Atmospheric Chemistry laboratories (WACL) at the University of York. The COZI-Lab is principally funded through the National Centre for Atmospheric Science (NCAS).



