

## STEP 1

Convert vol/ele/azi files to netcdf

- ❖ RUN *convert-raine-x-band-time-series.sh*
  - CALLS *convert-raine-x-band-day.sh* foreach day
    - CALLS *convert-raine-x-band-hour.sh* for 6 hours of data
      - CALLS *get-raine-input-files.sh*

*raine\_defaults.cfg* sets the chunk size which is currently 6 hours.

RadxConvert uses the parameters file:

*/home/users/lbennett/rose/ingest\_params/raine/RadxConvert.raine.uncalib*

Example output:

```
[INFO] Running for: 2019123123
[INFO] Running: sbatch -p short-serial -t 03:00:00 -o
/gws/smf/j04/ncas_radar/lbennett/lotus-output//raine/2020/07/23/2019123118.out -e
/gws/smf/j04/ncas_radar/lbennett/lotus-output//raine/2020/07/23/2019123118.err --wrap="time
/home/users/lbennett/proc_test/convert-rai
ne-x-band-hour-scratch.sh -t vol 2019123118 2019123119 2019123120 2019123121 2019123122
2019123123"
```

INPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_obs/amf/raw\_data/ncas-mobile-x-band-radar-1/data/raine/*

OUTPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/cfradial/uncalib\_v1/*

## STEP 2

Process the uncalibrated cfradials to calculate offsets for ZDR (same methodology as that written up in raine directory, see pdf there)

- ❖ Run *process\_raine\_vert\_scans.sh*
  - CALLS *process\_raine\_vert\_scans.py*

INPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/cfradial/uncalib\_v1/vert/*

OUTPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/calibrations/ZDRcalib/*

- ❖ Run *process\_raine\_hourly\_zdr.sh*
  - CALLS *process\_raine\_hourly\_zdr.py*

INPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/calibrations/ZDRcalib/\*/day\_ml\_zdr.csv*

OUTPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/calibrations/ZDRcalib/\*/hourly\_ml\_zdr.csv*

Use notebook *plot\_raine\_zdr\_full\_series.ipynb* to plot the results and calculate biases

## STEP 3

Process the uncalibrated cfradials to calculate offsets for Z

- ❖ Run *process\_raine\_dbz.sh*
  - CALLS *process\_raine\_dbz.py*
    - CALLS *calibrate\_day\_att* in *calib\_functions.py*

INPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/cfradial/uncalib\_v1/sur/*

## OUTPUT:

```
/gws/nopw/j04/ncas_radar_vol2/data/xband/raine/calibrations/Zcalib/phi_files/010620_att/  
/gws/nopw/j04/ncas_radar_vol2/data/xband/raine/calibrations/Zcalib/phase/
```

Use notebook *plot\_raine\_zcalib.ipynb* to plot whole time series and estimate a bias for the project.  
Use *plot\_initial\_phase.ipynb* to examine changes in initial differential phase

See PDFs for ZDR and Z Calibration methods and results

*raine\_zdr\_calibration\_method.pdf*

*raine\_Z\_calibration\_method.pdf*

## STEP 4

Apply the calibration offsets to the data

- ❖ Run *python calibrate\_raine\_by\_date.py*
  - CALLS *calibrate\_raine.sh*
    - CALLS *calibrate\_raine\_chunk.sh*

Example usage:

```
python calibrate_raine_by_date.py start_time end_time scan_type params_index  
python calibrate_raine_by_date.py 20181025000000 20181113235959 sur 1
```

Where the date strings correspond to the start and end days/times, sur is the scan\_type and the params\_index refers to which parameters file to use:

```
/home/users/lbenett/rose/ingest_params/raine/RadxConvert.raine.calib.0X
```

The python script finds all the data files for the specified time period and then breaks them into equal “chunks”. For example, for vol files which are the largest files (~40-70MB), we split into 6-hourly chunks, which equates to approximately 60 files for each chunk. Each chunk of files is submitted to SLURM for processing.

INPUT: */gws/nopw/j04/ncas\_radar\_vol2/data/xband/raine/cfradial/uncalib\_v1/*

OUTPUT: First written to scratch */work/scratch-nopw/lbenett/raine/calib\_v1/*

and then immediately copied to the GWS

```
/gws/nopw/j04/ncas_radar_vol2/data/xband/raine/cfradial/calib_v1/
```

Log files are written to:

```
/gws/smf/j04/ncas_radar/lbenett/logs/
```

Lotus output files are written to:

```
/gws/smf/j04/ncas_radar/lbenett/lotus-output/
```

