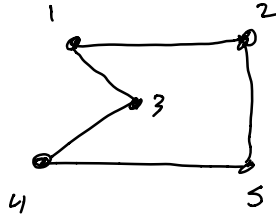


CAV operations  $\rightarrow$  transformations of  
2D & 3D points



$\leftarrow (x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2) \dots (x_s, y_s)$

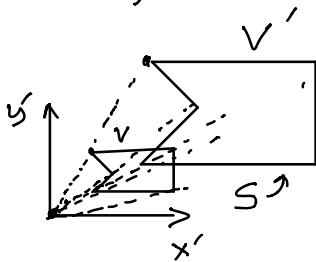
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dots \begin{bmatrix} x_s \\ y_s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & \dots & x_s \\ y_1 & y_2 & \dots & y_s \end{bmatrix}$$

a. Scaling



$$S = \begin{bmatrix} s_x & 0 \\ 0 & s_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V' = S V$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} s_x \cdot x_1 & s_x x_s \\ s_y \cdot y_1 & s_y y_s \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{s_x} & 0 \\ 0 & \underline{s_y} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \underline{x_1} & x_2 & \dots & x_s \\ y_1 & y_2 & \dots & \underline{y_s} \end{bmatrix}$$

b. Translation

$$x'_i = x_i + t_x$$

$$\hat{t} = \begin{bmatrix} t_x \\ t_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y'_i = y_i + t_y$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} x_1+t_x & \dots & x_s+t_x \\ y_1+t_y & \dots & y_s+t_y \end{bmatrix}}_{V'} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & \dots & x_s \\ y_1 & \dots & y_s \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{points}} + \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} t_x & \dots & t_x \\ t_y & \dots & t_y \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{translation}}$$

$$V' = S_1 V$$

$$V'' = V' + \underline{t_1}$$

$$V''' = S_2 V''$$

$$V'''' = V''' + \underline{t_2}$$

$$V'' = S_1 V + t_1$$

$$V''' = S_2 \cdot (S_1 V + t_1)$$

$$V'''' = S_2 \cdot (S_1 V + t_1) + t_2$$

$$= \underbrace{S_2 \cdot S_1 V}_{\text{points}} + \underbrace{S_2 \cdot t_1}_{\text{translation}} + \underline{t_2}$$

Tedious, ungraceful

Better way

## Homogeneous coordinates

Define points  $N$ -dimensions using  $N+1$  dimensional representation

$$\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 2D \\ \uparrow \\ \text{added row} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} 3D \\ \rightarrow \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & \dots & x_s \\ y_1 & \dots & y_s \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{dummy row}$$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & 1 & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V' = T \cdot V$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 + t_x & \dots & x_s + t_x \\ y_1 + t_y & \dots & y_s + t_y \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & 1 & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & \dots & x_s \\ y_1 & \dots & y_s \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

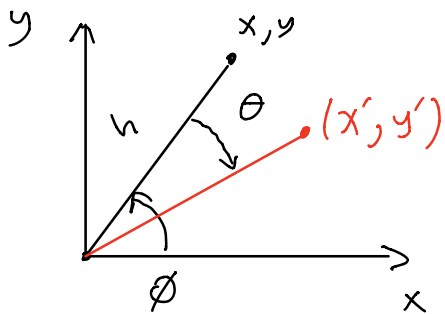
$$V' = T \cdot V$$

$$\underline{\underline{V''''}} = T_2 S_2 T_1 S_1 V$$

$$S_1 = \begin{bmatrix} s_x & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s_y & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & 1 & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

a. Rotations



$$x = h \cos \phi$$

$$y = h \sin \phi$$

$$x' = h \cos(\phi - \theta)$$

$$y' = h \sin(\phi - \theta)$$

$$\cos(u - v) = \cos(u) \cos(v) + \sin(u) \sin(v)$$

$$\sin(u - v) = \sin(u) \cos(v) - \cos(u) \sin(v)$$

$$x' = h \left[ \underbrace{\cos(\phi)}_x \cos(\theta) + \underbrace{\sin(\phi)}_y \sin(\theta) \right]$$

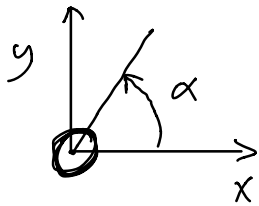
$$y' = h \left[ \underbrace{\sin(\phi)}_y \cos(\theta) - \underbrace{\cos(\phi)}_x \sin(\theta) \right]$$

$$x' = x \cos(\theta) + y \sin(\theta)$$

$$y' = y \cos(\theta) - x \sin(\theta)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & \sin(\theta) \\ -\sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Clockwise  $\theta$



Counter-clockwise

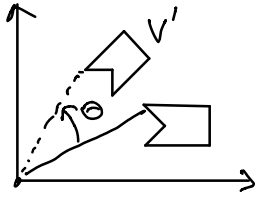
$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos(\alpha) & -\sin(\alpha) \\ \sin(\alpha) & \cos(\alpha) \end{bmatrix}$$

CCW

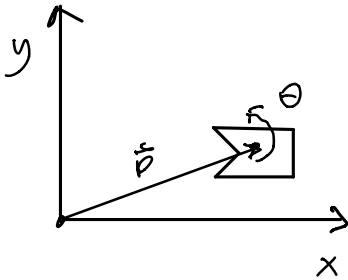
$$R = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\theta = 0 \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

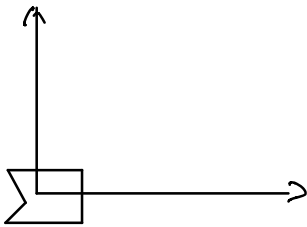
Rotations about an arbitrary point?



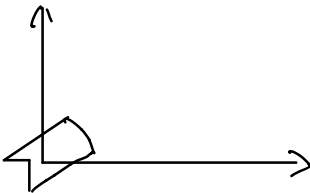
$$V' = \underline{\underline{R(\theta)}} V \quad R(\theta) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta) & -\sin(\theta) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta) & \cos(\theta) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



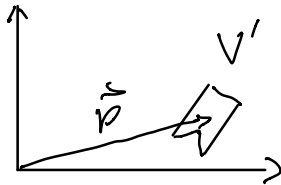
Rotate about  $\vec{p}$  by  $\theta$  CCW



$T(-p_x, -p_y)$  brings  $\vec{p}$  to the origin

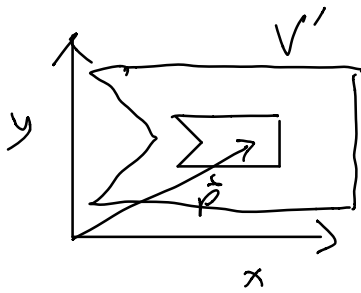


$R(\theta)$



$T(p_x, p_y)$

$$V' = \underline{\underline{T(p_x, p_y)}} \underline{\underline{R(\theta)}} \underline{\underline{T(-p_x, -p_y)}} V$$



$$V' = \underbrace{T(p_x, p_y)}_{3 \times 3} \underbrace{S(s_x, s_y)}_{3 \times 3} \underbrace{T(-p_x, -p_y)}_{3 \times 3} V$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & t_x \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Rigid} \\ \text{body} \\ \text{transformation} \end{array}$$

Combined rotation and translation

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} s_x & 0 & t_x \\ 0 & s_y & t_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$