

Gravel Count Program Manual

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1 Installation

1.1 Dependency

1.1.1 Matlab Runtime

1.1.1.1 Download Matlab Runtime Installer from the link below

Matlab Runtime Installer : https://drive.google.com/file/d/1AM-gQMwe66CIW6BzuNx_CHVNxmli1Gte/view?usp=sharing

1.1.1.2 Unzip MatlabRuntime.zip, and start the installer

in ./MatlabRuntime/for_redistribution/MyAppInstaller_web.exe

1.1.1.3 Follow the step from the installer and accept the terms of agreement.

1.1.2 R

1.1.2.1 Download R 3.6.3 installer from the link below

R 3.6.3 installer: <https://cran.r-project.org/bin/windows/base/old/3.6.3/R-3.6.3-win.exe>

Different version of R may not have the require library.

Only R 3.6.1 and R 3.6.3 has been tested

1.1.2.2 Follow the step from the installer to install R

1.1.2.3 Add C:\Program Files\R\R-3.6.6\bin to PATH system enviroment

1.1.2.4 Open a terminal and run R Console by typing R and press enter.

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.18362.959]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. 著作權所有，並保留一切權利。

C:\Users\hongp>R

R version 3.6.1 (2019-07-05) -- "Action of the Toes"
Copyright (C) 2019 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
Platform: x86_64-w64-mingw32/x64 (64-bit)

R OKOnAOC
bYUziHNC
'license()' 'licence()' oC

R OX@pA\hHXP^mC
'contributors()' pB
'citation()' lIDzpbX~Ta R R MC

'demo()' @d{A 'help()' uWUA
'help.start()' zL HTML sUC
'q()' } RC
```

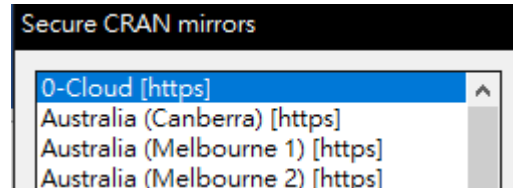
1.1.2.5 Install gstat and sp packages by running the following command in R console.

```
install.packages("gstat")
```

```
install.packages("sp")
```

1.1.2.6 Type in yes if personal library is required

1.1.2.7 Select the mirror server for where to download the packages. The Default server to use is 0-Cloud.



1.1.2.8 Check the library is correctly install by running the following command in R console:

```
library("gstat")
```

```
library("sp")
```

If no error is shown means the library has successfully install.

1.1.2.9 If the library did not correctly install, try to run it by using a Windows PowerShell or run the terminal using administrator. And retry step 1.1.2.4 to 1.1.2.8.

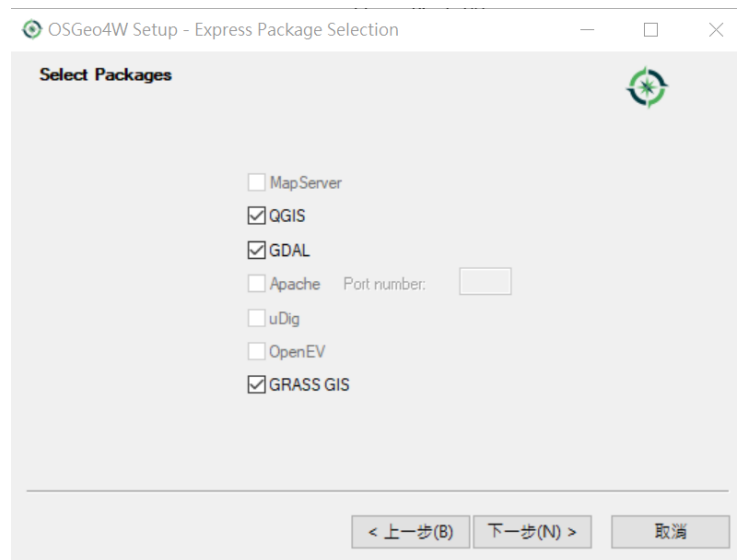
1.1.3 GDAL

1.1.3.1 Download OSGeo4W from the link below

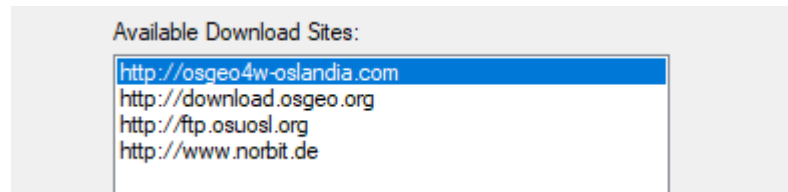
OSGeo4W: http://download.osgeo.org/osgeo4w/osgeo4w-setup-x86_64.exe

1.1.3.2 Choose Express Desktop Install and press Next

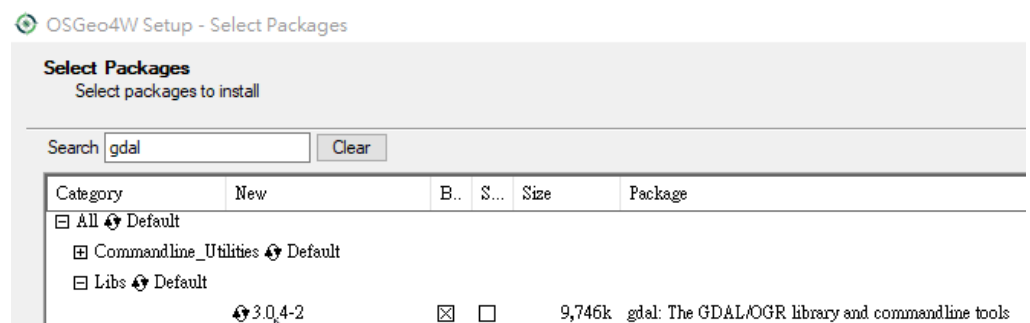
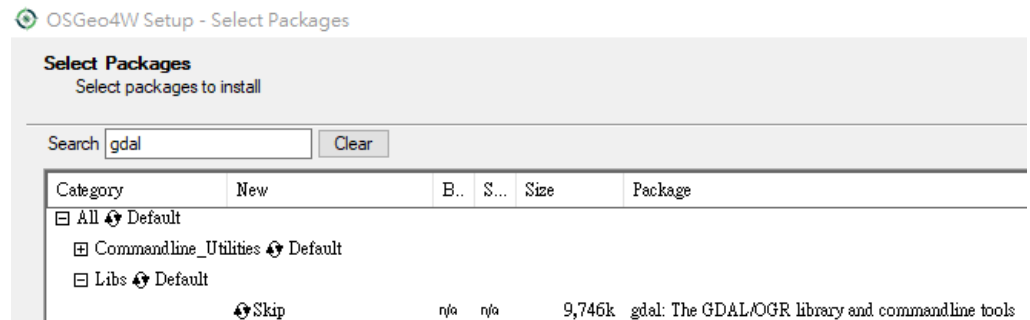
1.1.3.3 Make Sure GDAL is selected when prompt what to install.



1.1.3.4 Choose a Download Sites, and press Next. The default site is <http://osgeo4w-oslandia.com>



1.1.3.5 Search for “gdal: The GDAL/ORG library and command line tools” and Click on “Skip” if it is not selected to install gdal.



1.1.3.6 Press Next and agree to all license term to start the install process.

1.1.3.7 Add <Install path>/bin to PATH system environment.

1.2 Main Program

1.2.1 Download the program from the link below:

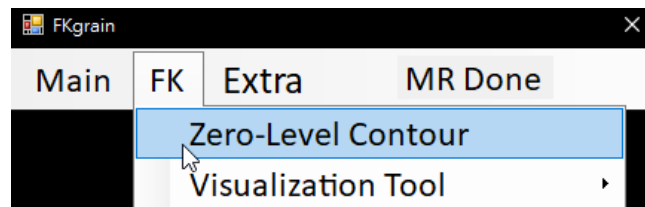
<https://github.com/hongping1224/Dummy-Project/releases/download/v2.0-alpha/Release.zip>

1.2.2 Unzip the downloaded package.

1.2.3 Run the program by launching StoneCount.exe

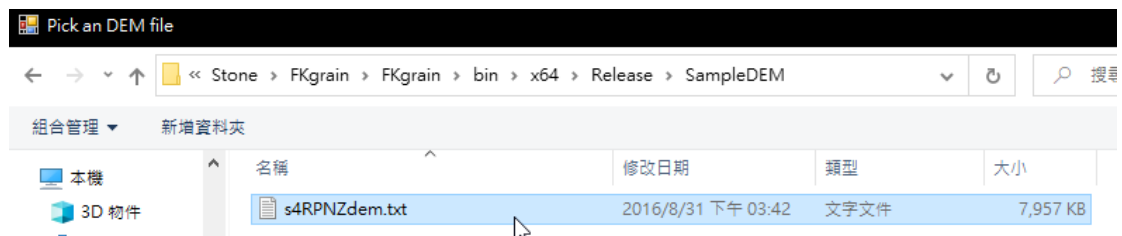
2 Generate zero contour Images from DSM

2.1 Generate zero contour Image by go to FK -> Zero-Level-Contour

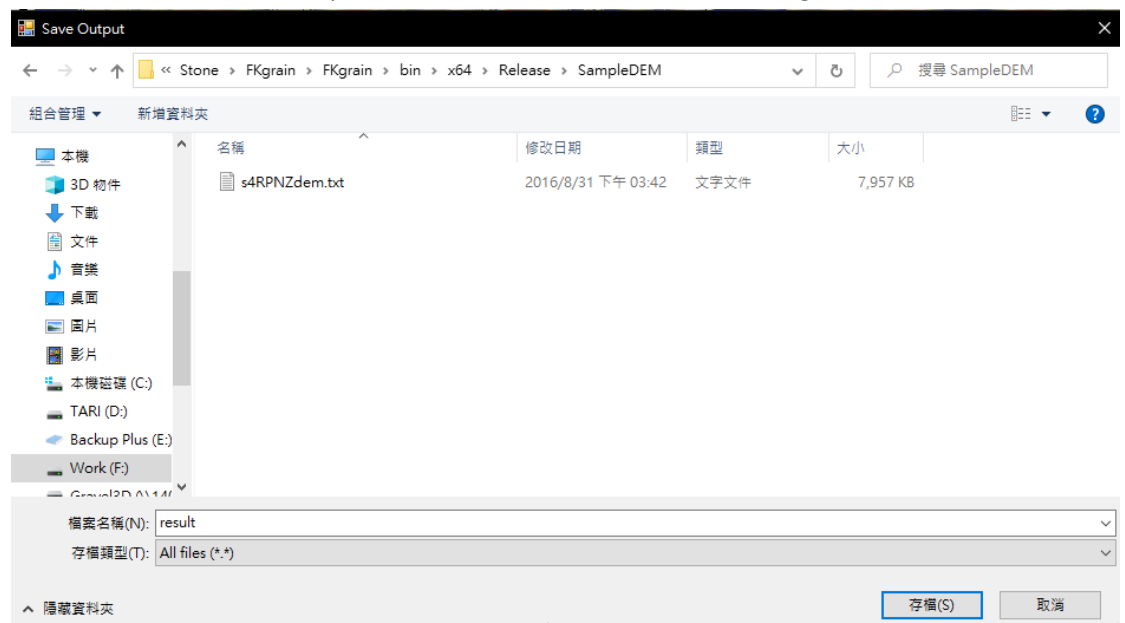


2.2 Select a DEM File

****Beware: space within the full path will result in error**

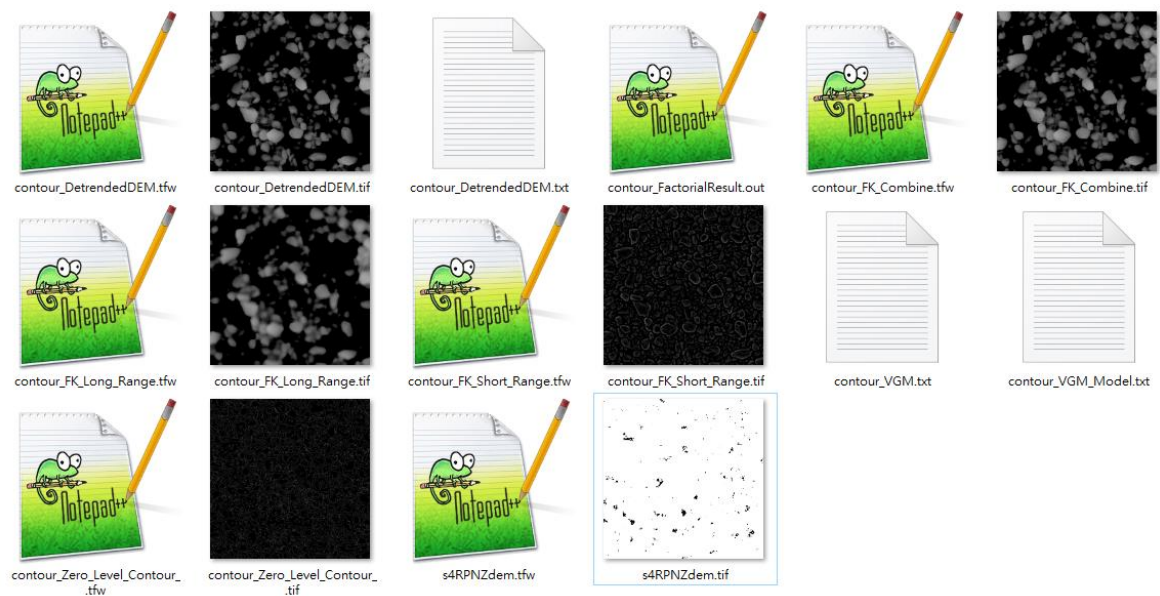
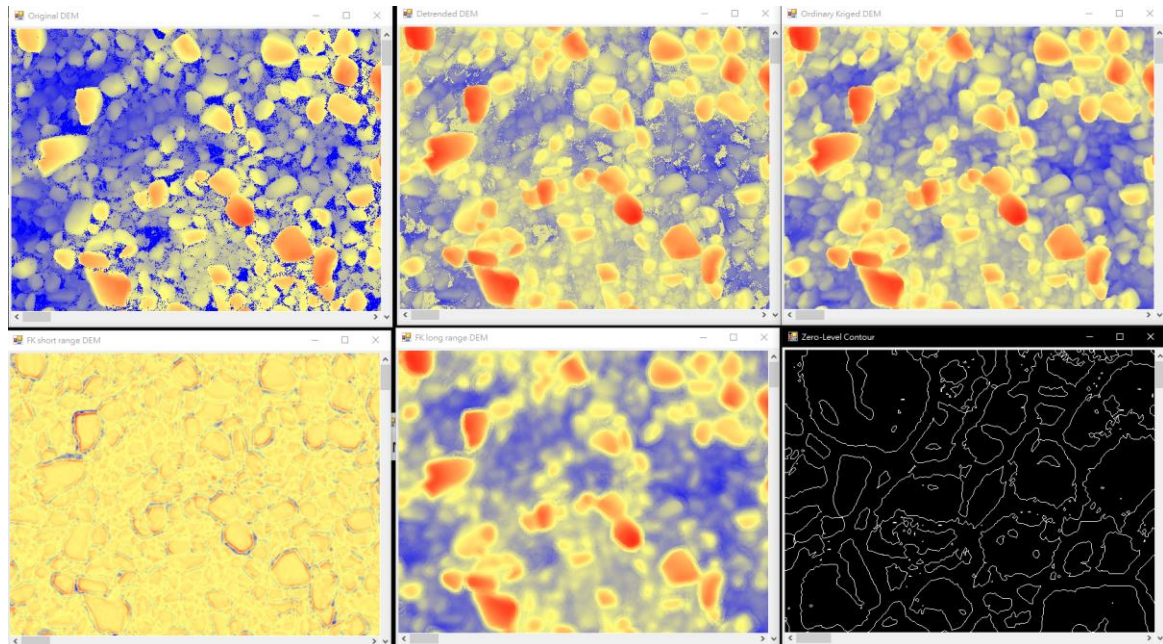
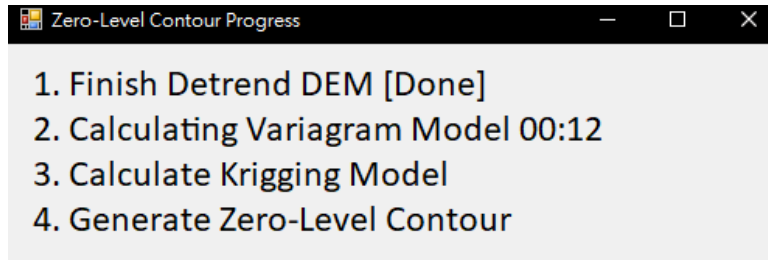


2.3 Select a location and input a filename to save result's images.



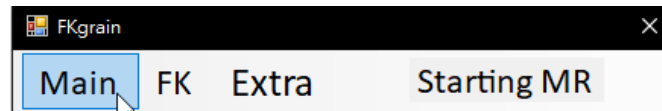
2.4 Wait until all process finished and showed the , the whole process can takes up to 35minutes. When Detrend DEM is done, a original DEM and a Detrended DEM image window will appear, and when Krigging Model is finish calculate, the ordinary kriged DEM, FK short range DEM, and FK long range DEM image window will appear. When all process is done, a

zero contour image will appear.



3 Process the Gravel

3.1 Click Main to open the Main Menu.

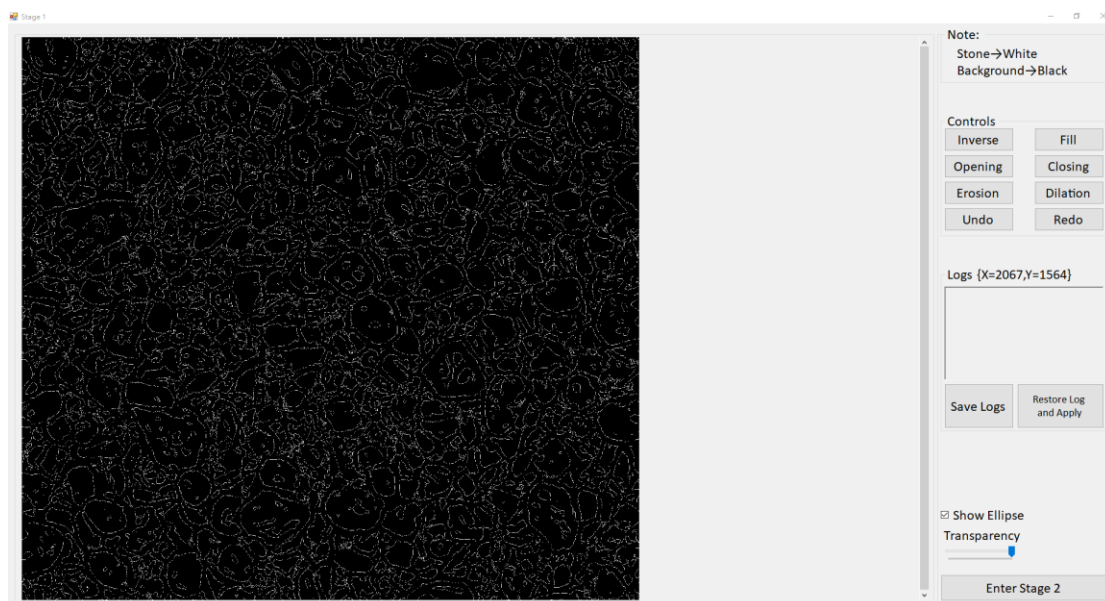
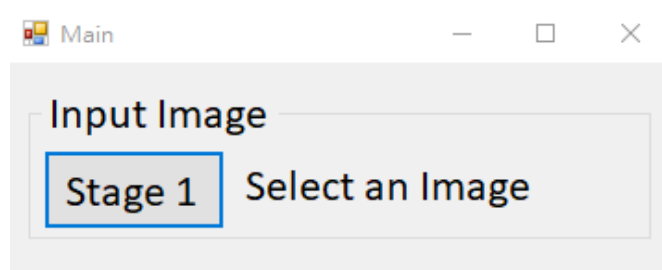


3.2 Stage1 - Preprocessing

Click Stage1 and Select a zero contour image. The Stage1 Window is shown below. The Controls include Inverse, Fill, Opening, Closing, Erosion and Dilation. All controls are working with a binary image. Where white is to 1 and black is zero.

Each step will be show in the Logs panel. The logs can be save as a log file and can later be reapply to the images.

For comparison purpose, left clicking on the image will show the original image. Or by setting the Transparency of the result image is useful.



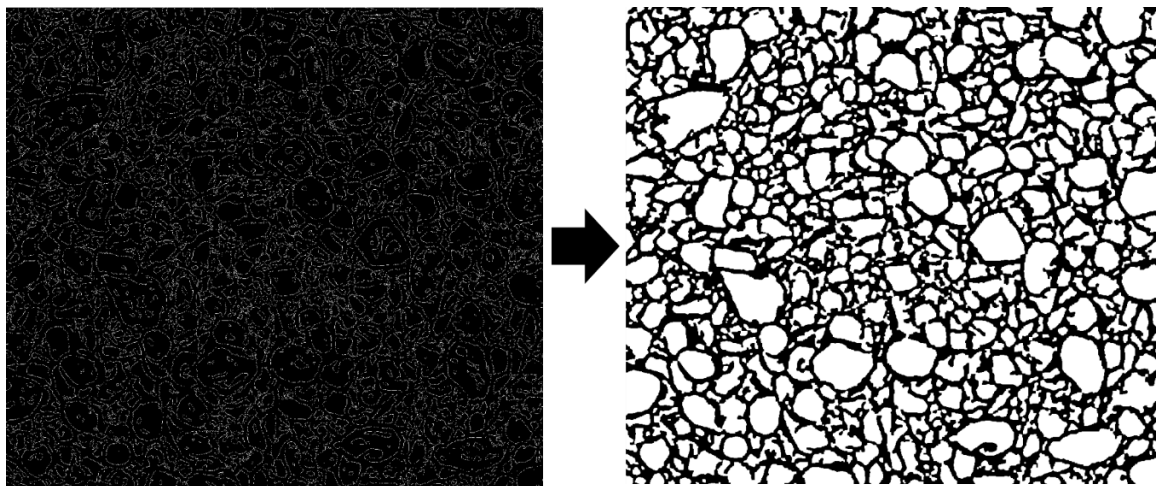
3.3 Preprocess the zero contour image.

This step is used to first fill in the gravel to get a solid gravel from its contour. Then the end result of preprocessing background should be black and the gravel contour should be white. Press done after getting a satisfied result.

The example below shows the original contour image and the result of preprocessing by going through these 5 steps.

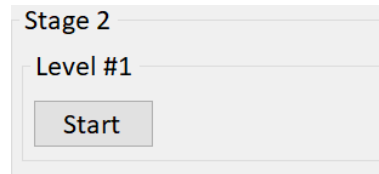
1. Fill → Fill Coordinate at $x=1, y=1$
 - (x, y) should indicate a location of background.
2. Inverse
3. Fill → Fill Holes
 - After executing Step 2, some contour lines may exist inside larger contour lines, which should be treated as noise. Step 3 eliminates this kind of noise.
4. Closing with a square filter with filter size equal to 7
5. Opening with a square filter with filter size equal to 7

Note that Step 4 and Step 5 are used to remove other kinds of noise and the parameters are only suitable in our example. When using other image, users should design their own morphological operations to eliminate the noise. The morphological operations implemented in StoneCount are based on Matlab. Reference of these morphological operations can be found in [Matlab's document](#).

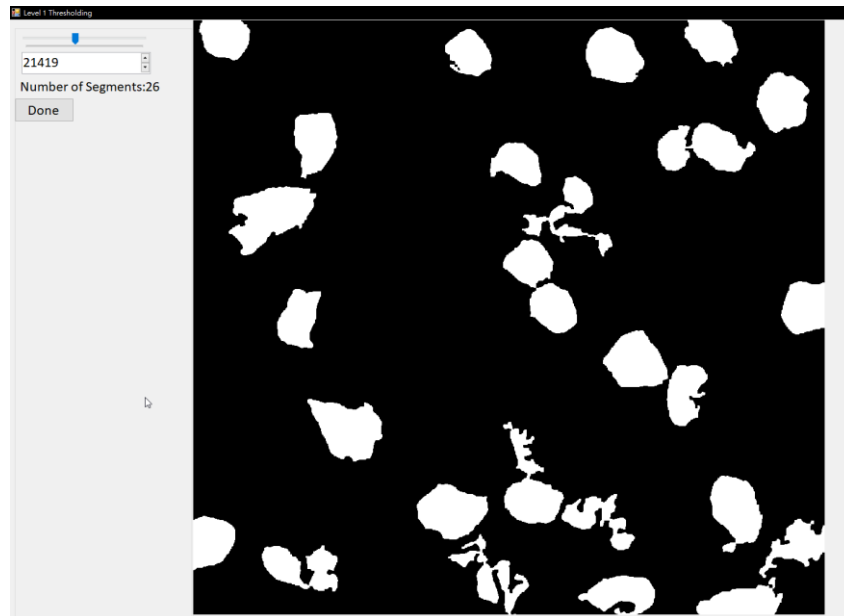


3.4 Stage2 – Gravel Processing

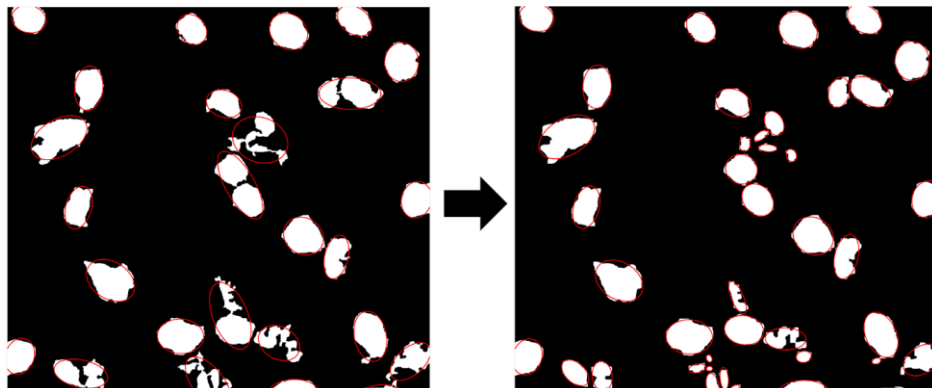
The level 1 of gravel processing will be available after the preprocessing process.



Each level is divided in 2 steps. The first step is to separate out the gravel size larger than the threshold. The threshold can be change by adjusting the scroll bar or by typing in to the input box and press enter. Only the gravel of size larger than the threshold will remain. Press done to go to the next step when getting a satisfied result.

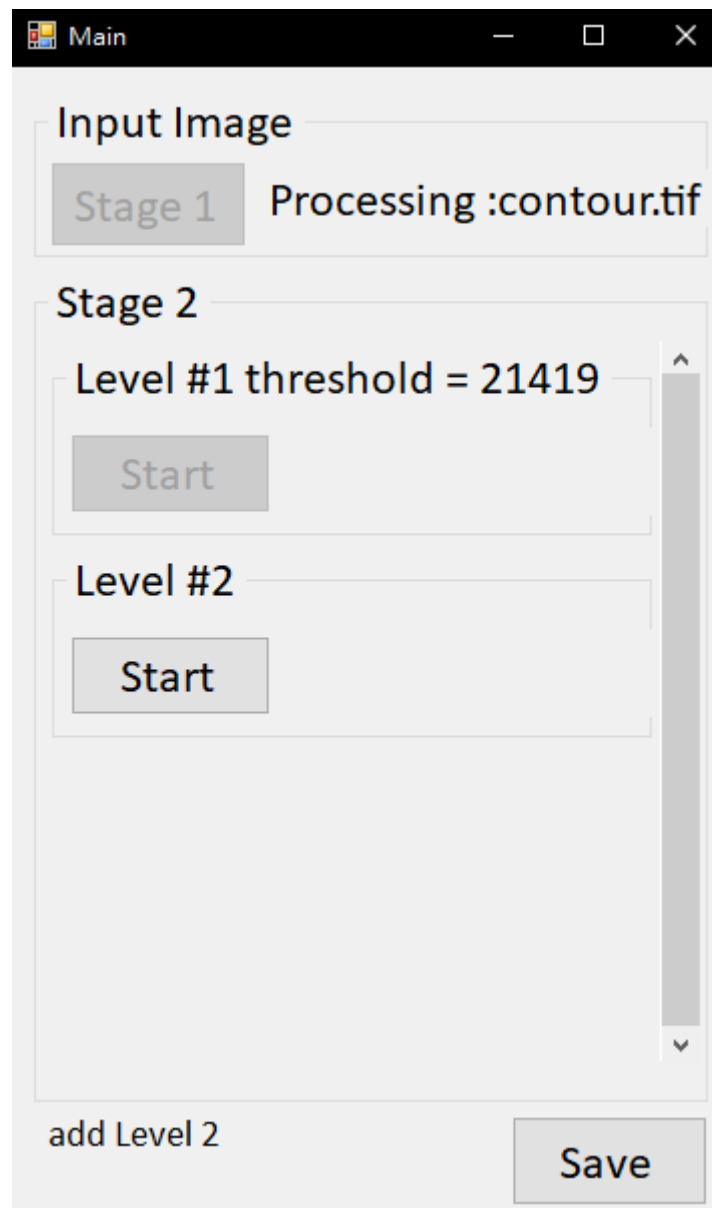


The second step is to process the remain gravel. The purpose of this step is to separate gravel which are merged together. The example below is done by an Opening operation. After getting a satisfied result, press done to finish this level.







3.5 Rinse and Repeat

After a level of gravel processing is done, The Next level will be available.
Repeat step 3.4 until reaching a satisfied result.



Press Save to save the result. The result will include 2 shp file, result.shp is the boundary of each gravel and result_ellipse.shp is the fit ellipse of each gravel. In the table of both shp file are the x y coordinate of the ellipse center, the semi-major, semi-minor axis of the ellipse and the tilt of the ellipse.

名稱	修改日期	類型	大小
 result.dbf	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	DBF 檔案	3 KB
 result.shp	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	SHP 檔案	170 KB
 result.shx	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	SHX 檔案	1 KB
 result_ellipse.dbf	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	DBF 檔案	3 KB
 result_ellipse.shp	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	SHP 檔案	97 KB
 result_ellipse.shx	2020/9/3 下午 02:11	SHX 檔案	1 KB

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	ID	x	y	a	b	tilt
2	1	0.7300	4.1524	0.4275	0.2575	-30.0135
3	2	0.8500	0.8225	0.2275	0.1375	43.1024
4	3	1.2300	0.7775	0.1400	0.2100	-7.1975
5	4	1.4700	2.1224	0.3600	0.2600	31.9382
6	5	2.4599	1.3300	0.3275	0.2425	3.1502
7	6	3.1949	3.6949	0.2250	0.2075	16.0230
8	7	3.2324	1.4250	0.2775	0.2050	9.1528
9	8	3.1399	1.8825	0.0850	0.2475	-22.9263
10	9	3.4249	3.2624	0.1975	0.2500	-42.2486
11	10	3.9949	5.6599	0.2850	0.2425	38.4809
12	11	4.2074	2.7549	0.2975	0.2550	34.4629
13	12	4.5699	4.7799	0.1450	0.2175	13.3277
14	13	5.0124	4.7874	0.3125	0.1850	26.7617
15	14	5.2099	0.4225	0.3925	0.1850	-7.4368
16	15	5.1649	1.3600	0.2150	0.3375	-24.4538
17	16	5.0999	0.9900	0.0625	0.0400	-15.5111
18	17	5.6024	5.2249	0.2400	0.2750	-0.7669