

#### **GOAL AND IMPORTANCE**



# USE GEOCOMPUTATIONAL TOOLS AND METHODS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SPATIALLY ORIENTED DATA

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SA

SH

#### **GOAL AND IMPORTANCE**



USE GEOCOMPUTATIONAL TOOLS AND METHODS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SPATIALLY ORIENTED DATA

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Spatial data are special



Field of Geography has developed the methods to analyse them.

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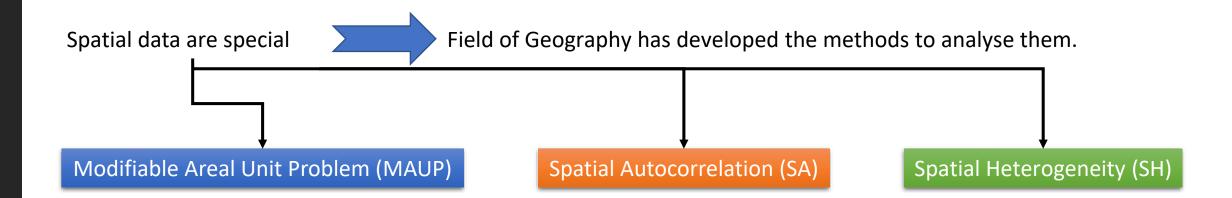


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# USE GEOCOMPUTATIONAL TOOLS AND METHODS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SPATIALLY ORIENTED DATA



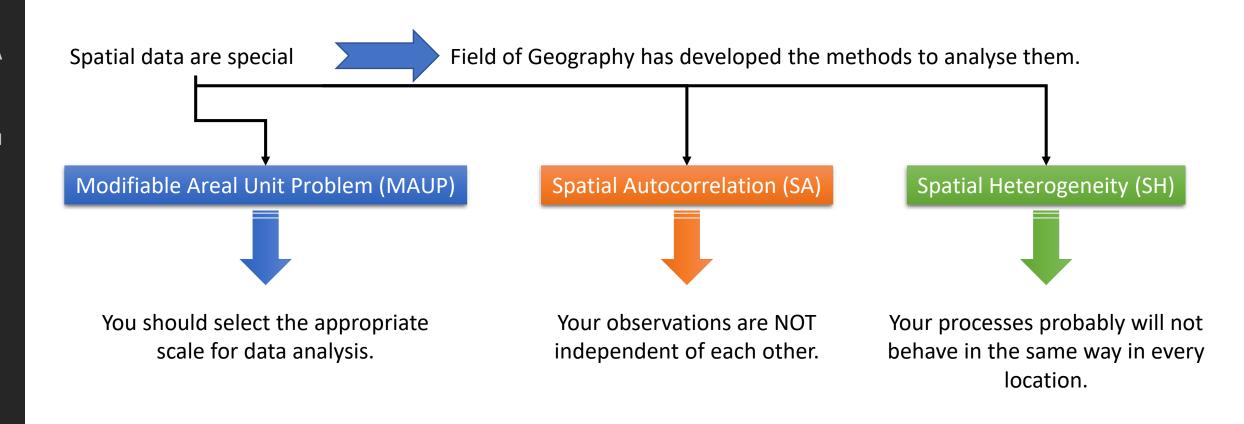


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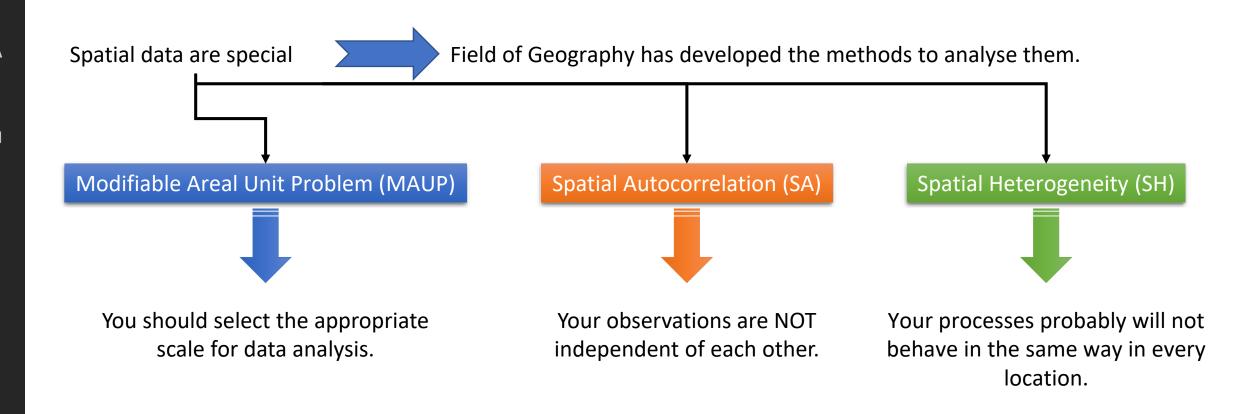


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## USE GEOCOMPUTATIONAL TOOLS AND METHODS FOR THE ANALYSIS OF SPATIALLY ORIENTED DATA



Model system: Spatial Transcriptomics (STx), 10x Visium



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Modifiable Areal
Unit Problem
(MAUP)



You should select the appropriate scale for data analysis.

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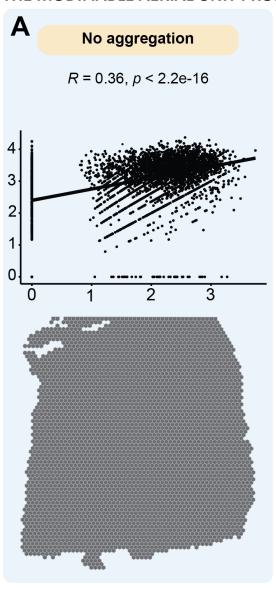
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You should select the appropriate scale for data analysis.





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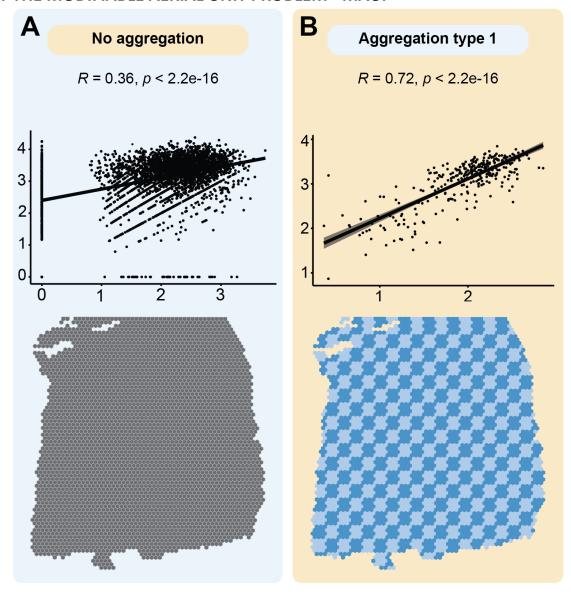
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You should select the appropriate scale for data analysis.





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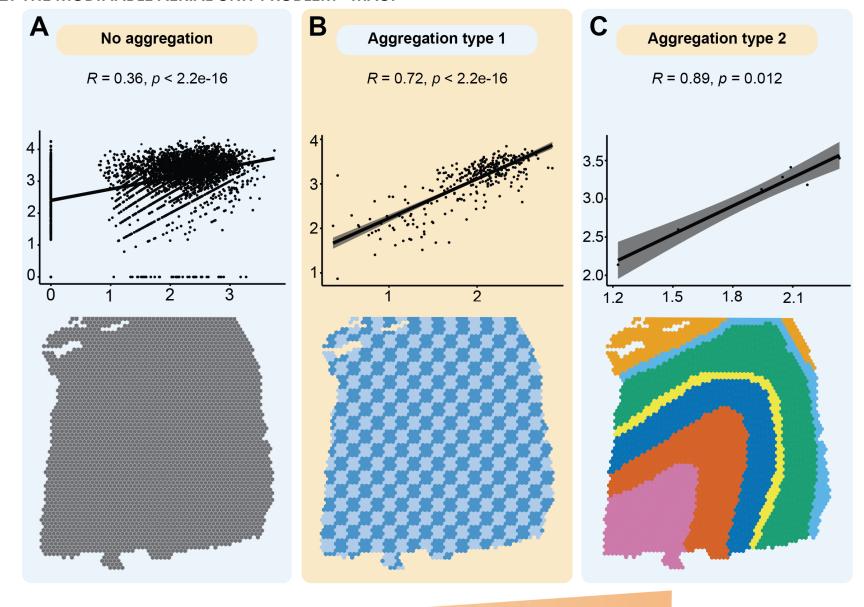
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Modifiable Areal
Unit Problem
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You should select the appropriate scale for data analysis.



#### **Aggregation scale**



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Your observations are **NOT** independent of each other.



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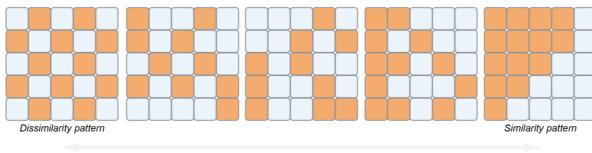
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Spatial Autocorrelation (SA)



Your observations are **NOT** independent of each other.



Moran's I:

Negative SA (I = -I)Random (I = 0)Positive SA (I = +I)



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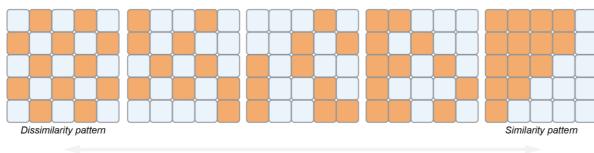
SA

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Spatial Autocorrelation (SA)



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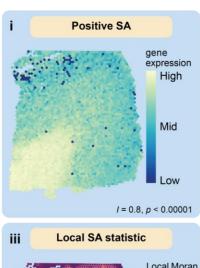


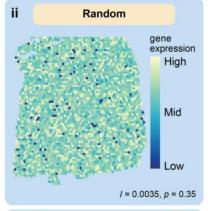
Moran's I:

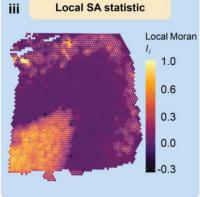
Negative SA (I = -1)

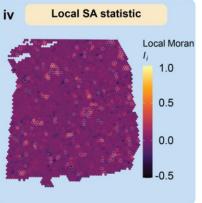
Random (I = 0)

Positive SA (I = +1)











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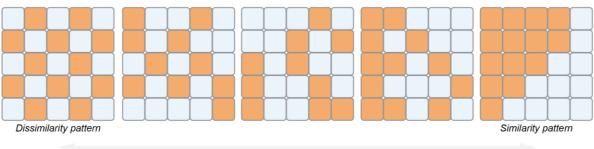
SA

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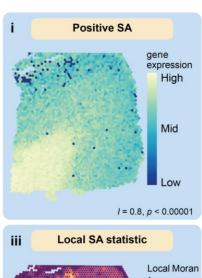


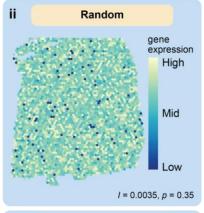
Moran's I:

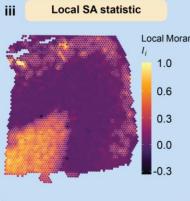
Negative SA (I = -1)

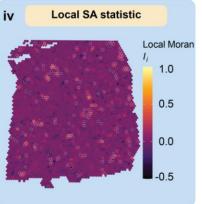
Random (I = 0)

Positive SA (I = +1)











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Spatial Heterogeneity (SH)

Your processes probably will not behave in the same way in every location.

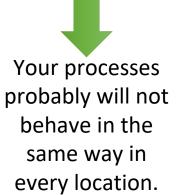


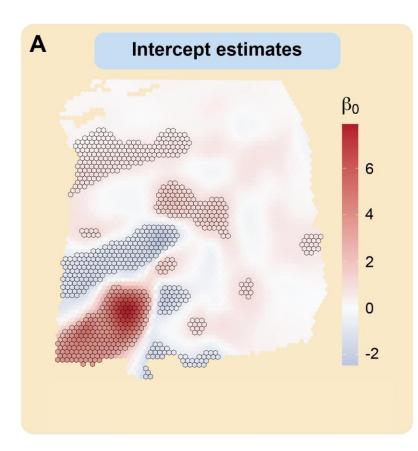
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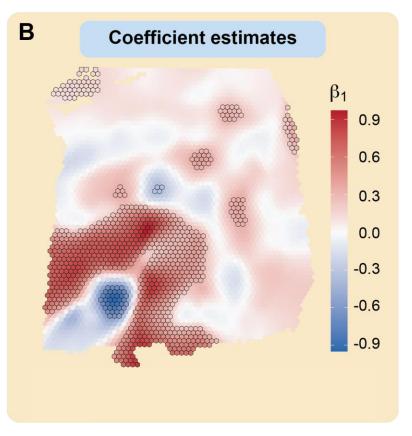
SA

SH

Spatial Heterogeneity (SH)







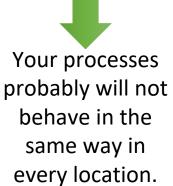


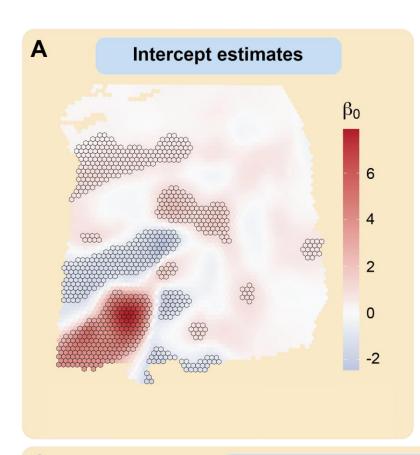
MAUP

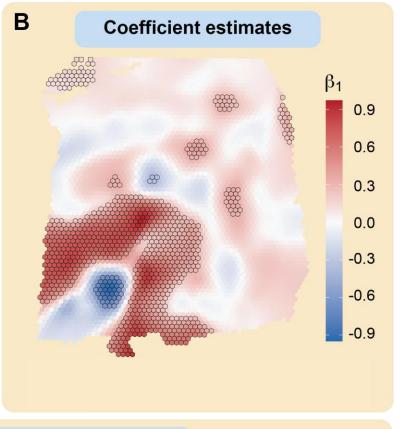
SA

SH

Spatial Heterogeneity (SH)







C Summary of GWR coefficient estimates

Min. 1st Qu. Median 3rd Qu. Max.
β0 -2.45 0.02 0.256 0.617 7.88
β1 -0.947 0.013 0.106 0.26 0.97



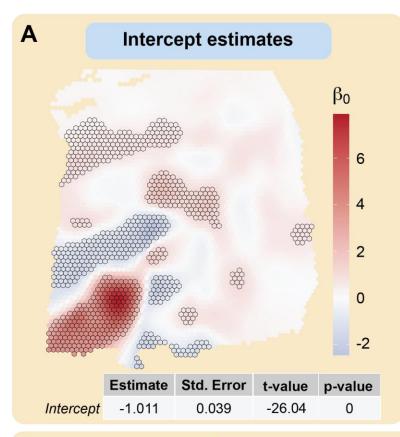
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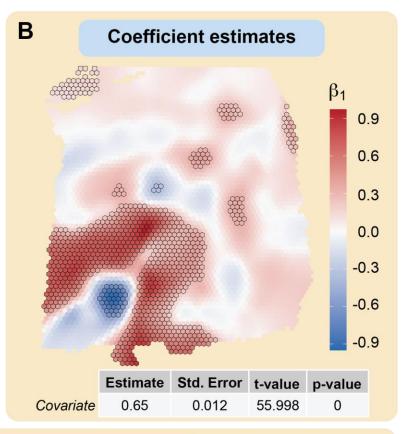
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SH

Spatial Heterogeneity (SH)

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C **Summary of GWR coefficient estimates** Median Min. 1st Qu. 3rd Qu. Max. -2.45 0.02 0.256 0.617 7.88 βο -0.947 0.106 0.97 0.013 0.26

#### **SUMMARY**



Modifiable Areal
Unit Problem
(MAUP)

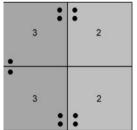
**MAUP** 

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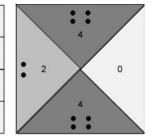
SH

Spatial Autocorrelation (SA)

Spatial Heterogeneity (SH)



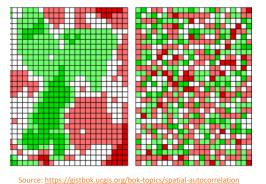
0	2 •	• 2	0
. 1	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
0	2 •	• 2	0



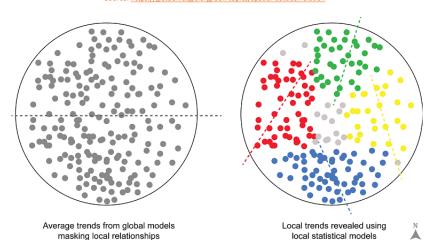
Source: https://gistbok.ucgis.org/bok-topics/problems-scale-and-zoning

set of points to an original partitioning scheme (left panel) due to differences in scale (middle panel) and zoning (right panel). explanation.

The impact on aggregating data for a



Everything is related to everything else, but nearby things are more related than distant things.



Local trends are revealed using local statistical models (right) which are otherwise masked by 'averaged' global trends (left).

Source: https://gistbok.ucgis.org/bok-topics/geographically-weighted-regression-framework

**Eleftherios Zormpas** 





**Dr Simon J Cockell** 



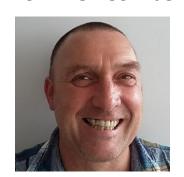


**Dr Rachel Queen** 





**Prof. Alex Comber** 





iSMB feedback form:









