

## Question 1

1.1 Determine the steady rate of heat transfer through this Composite wall:

**Solution:**

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{T_{\infty 1} - T_{\infty 2}}{R_{Total}}$$

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{20 - 10}{6.811} = 1.468 \text{ W}$$

1.2 Solve the same question while the thickness of the brick is increased to 32 cm

**Part 1**

- Plaster Thickness = 0.32 m
- Area of Plaster = 0.015 m
- Area of Brick = 0.22 m
- Thickness of Brick = 0.32 m

**Part 2**

$$R_{pc1} = \frac{L_{pc1}}{K_{pc1} * A_{P1}} = \frac{0.32}{0.22 * 0.015} = 96.97 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

$$R_{Brick} = \frac{L_{Brick}}{K_{Brick} * A_{Brick}} = \frac{0.32}{0.72 * 0.22} = 2.02 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

$$R_{Total} = \frac{1}{R_{Brick}} + 2 \frac{1}{R_{Pl}} = \frac{1}{2.02} + 2 * \frac{1}{96.97} = 0.5156 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

**Part 3**

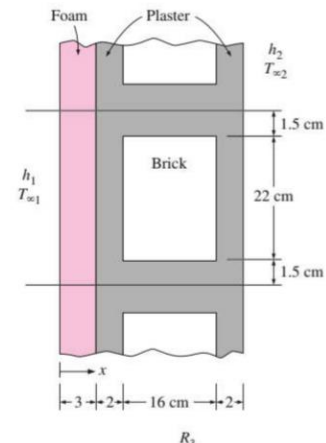
- H1 = 10 W/m<sup>2</sup>
- H2 = 40 W/m<sup>2</sup>
- R<sub>Cov1</sub> = 0.4 °C/W
- R<sub>Cov2</sub> = 0.1 °C/W
- R<sub>Foam</sub> = 4.6154 °C/W
- R<sub>Plaster</sub> = 0.6154 °C/W

$$R_{Total} = 0.4 + 0.1 + 0.6154 + 0.51562 + 4.6154 = 4.24642 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

Note: The R<sub>Total</sub> is less when the brick was increased in thickness, although the only active material is the foam. Foam is as insulating as the whole wall. The decline in the R shows that the Bricks are not resisting the heat transfer process and shows that putting a conductive material in series not parallel resulted in decline of the R<sub>Total</sub>.

1.3 Determine the steady rate of heat transfer through this Composite wall:

$$\dot{Q} = \frac{T_{\infty 1} - T_{\infty 2}}{R_{Total}}$$



$$\dot{Q} = \frac{20 - 10}{4.264642} = 2.355 \text{ W}$$

**Question 2**

Simplified wall calculation Procedure:

Material Layer	Assumption Wood	Assumption Insulation
Wood	0.03	0.03
Plywood	0.11	0.11
Urethane Rigid Foam	-	0.98
Wood Stud	0.63	-
Gypsum	0.79	0.79
Inside Air	0.12	0.12

R unit for Wood = 0.969

R unit for Insulation = 1.319