**Lab Guide**

Exploring the RPA API

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Hands-on Lab

Version 1.0 for General Availability



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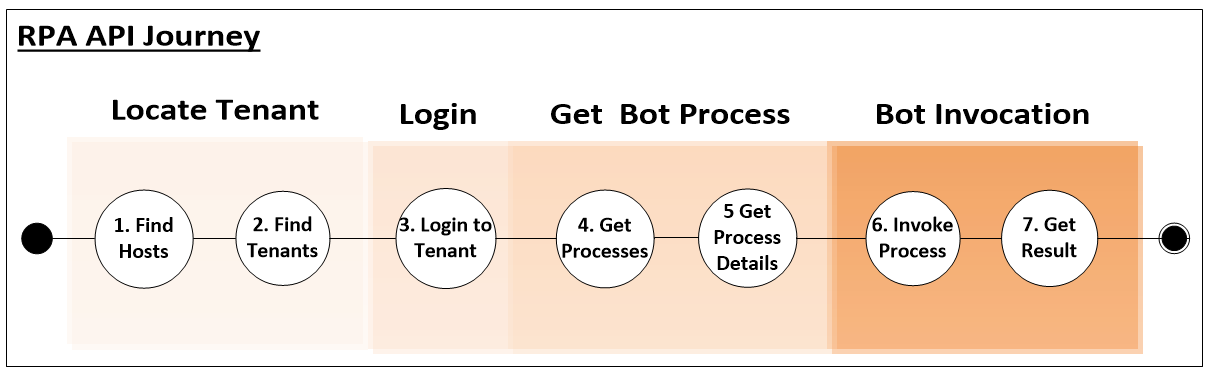
# Introduction

In this lab you will Explore the RPA API. The lab is based on the IBM RPA API documentation:

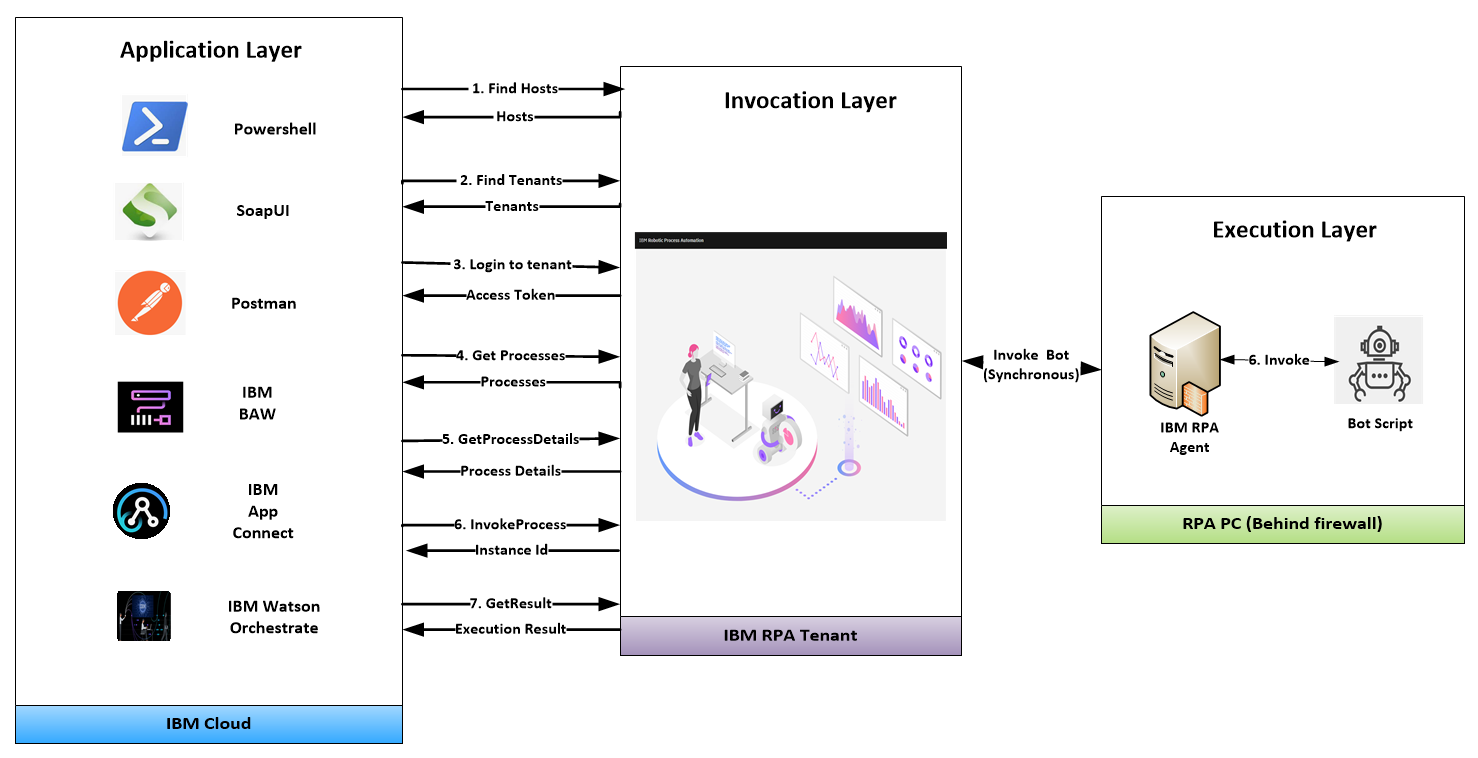
[**https://ww****w.ibm.com/docs/en/rpa/21.0?topic=automation-rpa-api-reference**](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/rpa/21.0?topic=automation-rpa-api-reference)

# RPA API Overview

To run a bot using the RPA API, you follow a journey. The journey starts with finding a host and ends with bot execution. The following flow diagram describes each step:



The API is invoked against the RPA tenant. The tenant authenticates the caller, locates the process in which the bot resides and then permits invocation of the bot. It is at this point that the RPA tenant finds the designated computer and invokes the internal synchronous API to run the bot. Once the bot is run, the result is retrieved asynchronously by invoking *GetResult*. This interaction is depicted below:



This lab will now examine this API flow in detail.

## Prerequisites

### Complete RPA toolkit Lab

Complete steps 2.1 to 2.4 in the lab:

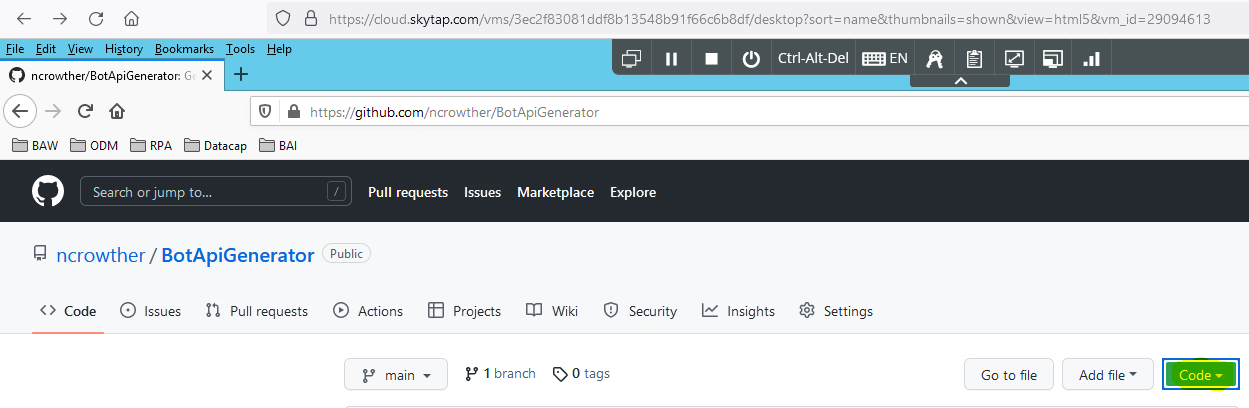
<https://github.com/juseljuk/IBM-RPA-Toolkit-for-BAW/blob/master/downloads/Using%20IBM%20RPA%20with%20IBM%20BAW%201_1.pdf>

### Download Lab Zip

The prerequisite material for this lab is stored in **Github**. Using a browser, navigate to the folder:

<https://github.com/ncrowther/BotApiGenerator>

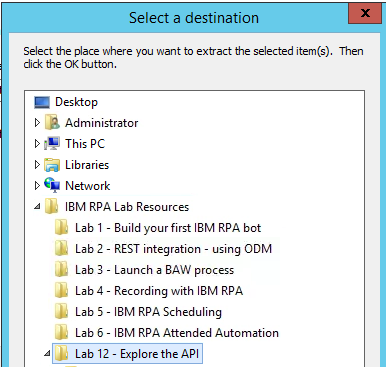
You should see the following:



Click on the  button, and then select *Download Zip*. Once downloaded, extract the zip to a new folder. If using the Skytap image, we recommend:

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\IBM RPA Lab Resources\Lab 12 – Explore the API

See below:



### Download SoapUI

This step is not required if you are using the Skytap image - SoapUI is already installed.

You can download an open source version of SoapUI from the following location:

<https://www.soapui.org/downloads/soapui/>

Click on *Download SoapUI Open Source*.

Save the zip, extract and install the software using the default settings.

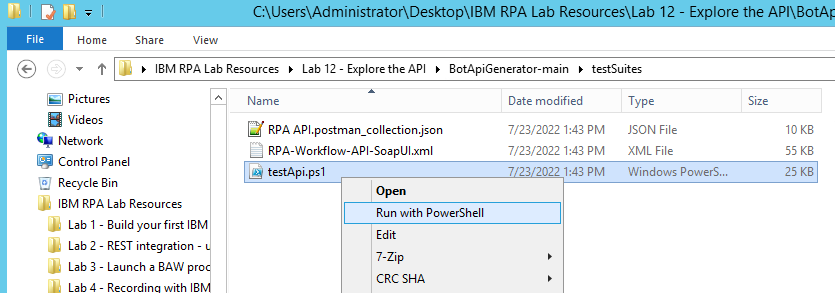
Once done, let’s get started with exploring the APIs in this lab!

# Exploring the RPA API

## Test the RPA API from PowerShell

Navigate to the Folder in which you unzipped the contents in the previous step:

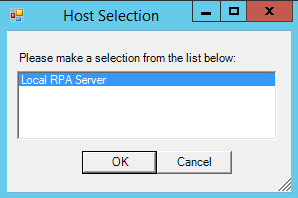
Right-click *testApi.ps1* and select *Run with PowerShell*:



A series of dialog boxes should appear. Let’s follow the steps.

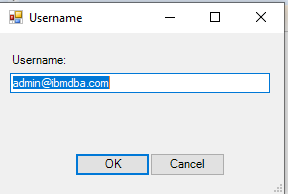
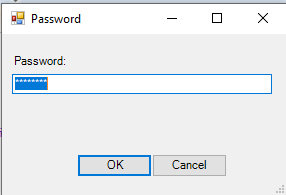
### Step 1 – Host Selection

If you are running within the Skytap image you will only be able to see the local host. Ignore the error message. Select *Local RPA Server*



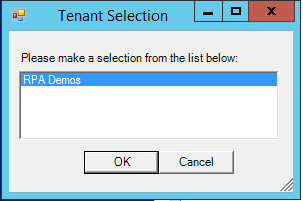
### Step 2 – Enter your tenant credentials

The username is [admin@ibmdba.com](mailto:admin@ibmdba.com), the password is *passw0rd.* These should already be the default values:

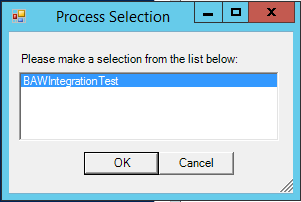
### Step 3 – Select the tenant

Select tenant. If you are running within the Skytap image you only have one option. Select *RPA Demos:*



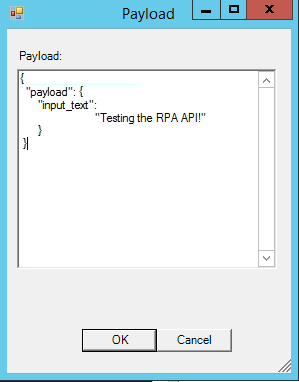
### Step 4 – Select the process

Select the process you defined in the earlier step:



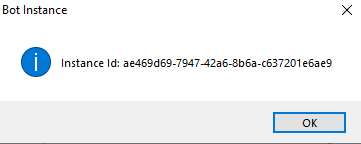
### Step 5 – Edit the payload

The payload will be generated from the bot input parameters. You can modify the input value if you wish:



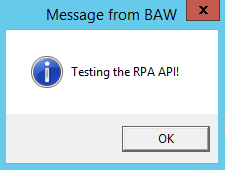
### Step 6 - Run the bot

The bot runs and a dialog box appears showing the instance id of the running process

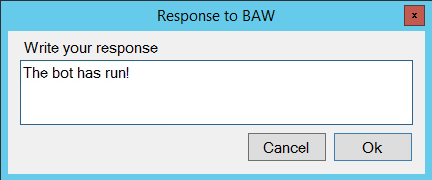


### Step 7 – View the Result

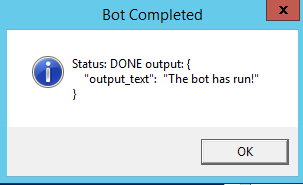
After a second, the bot runs, and you will see the following message:



Click OK and type your response:



The bot may take several seconds to run, in which case it will either be in *new* or *processing* state. When completed, the state will have a status of *done* and you will see the following dialog:



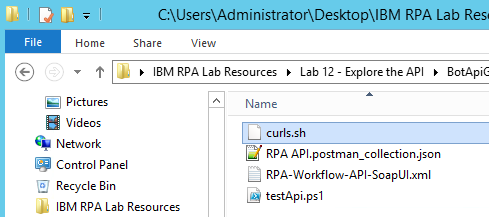
Press OK to finish.

Congratulations, you have run your first bot using PowerShell to drive the asynchronous API!

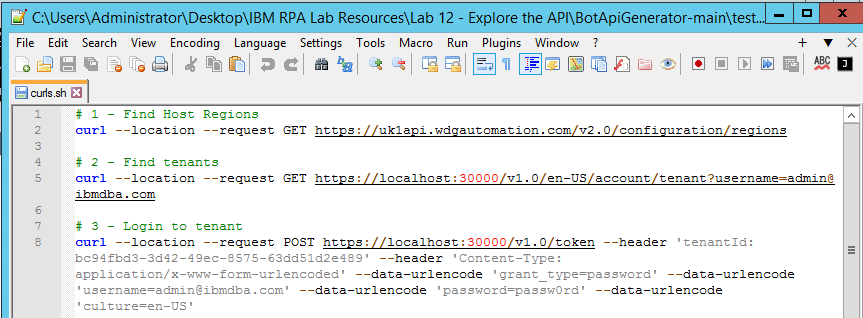
Now we will view the actual RPA API commands executed.

### View the executed RPA API commands

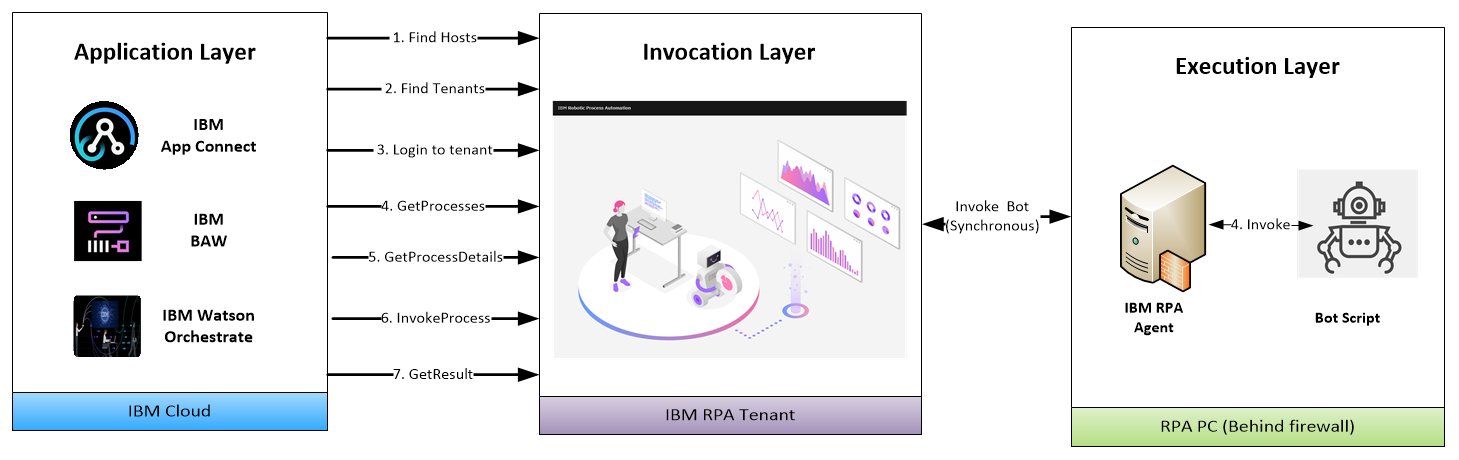
Navigate to the directory in which you ran the PowerShell script. Right click *curls.sh* and edit using *Notepad++.*



You will see the curl commands executed in the previous step. Curl is the de facto command line tool to test APIs.



Correlate these curl commands to the API flow:



And the documentation here:

[**https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/rpa/21.0?topic=automation-rpa-api-reference**](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/rpa/21.0?topic=automation-rpa-api-reference)

### Optional - run curl against your SaaS tenant

The Skytap image has no facility to run curl. However, if you have curl and an RPA SaaS tenant, you can run the PowerShell script using your RPA tenant credentials and then run the curl commands.

## Testing the API from SoapUI

### Open SoapUI

Open SoapUI by double-clicking:

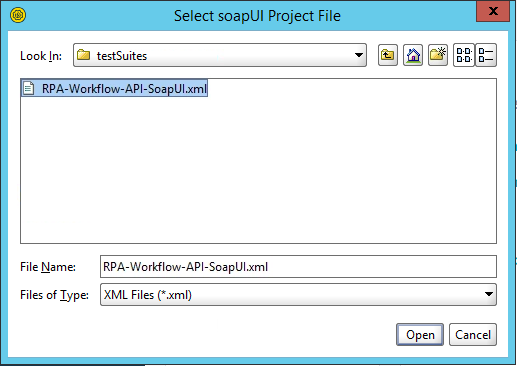
SoapUI

Once open, click the Import button. Navigate to the the following folder:

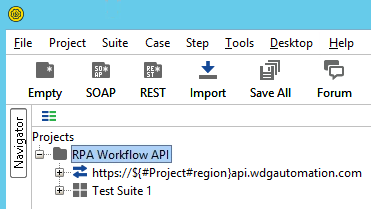
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\IBM RPA Lab Resources\Lab 12 - API\BotApiGenerator-main\testSuites

**Note**: This location may vary depending on where you downloaded your lab in step 2.1.2

Select *RPA-Workflow-API-SoapUI.xml* and press *Open*:



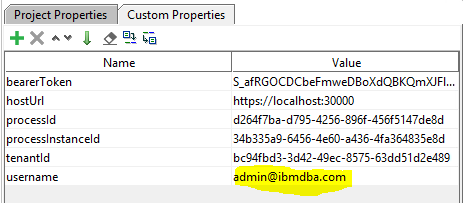
Ignore the version warning. Verify the file is import:



### Setting Project Variables

**Note:** If you are using the Skytap image you can skip this step as the variables have been pre-configured.

The test suite retrieves information from project variables. Click on the project *RPA Workflow API* and select *custom properties* tab.



You can edit these variables to your own tenant and processes. The two key variables are *username* and *hostURL*. The default for *username* is

[admin@ibmdba.com](mailto:admin@ibmdba.com).

If you are not using the Skytap image, you need to set this to your RPA user.

The default for *hostURL* is

<https://ibmbaw:30000>

If you are not using the Skytap image, you will need to set this to your RPA server. If you are using SaaS, you can use the tenant below:

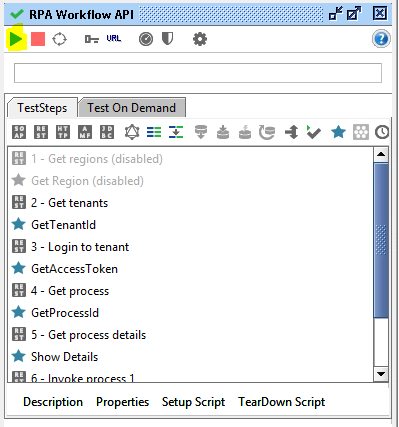
<https://us1api.wdgautomation.com>

### Run the test suite

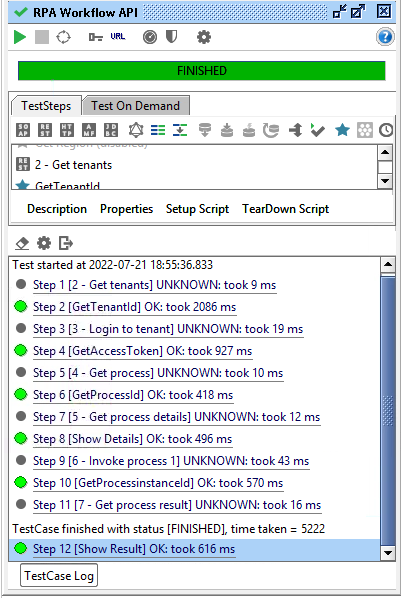
In the Projects tree, navigate to *Test Steps*. See below:



Double-click *Test steps* to open the *RPA Workflow API* test runner. Click *Run* to invoke the RPA API test suite. See below:

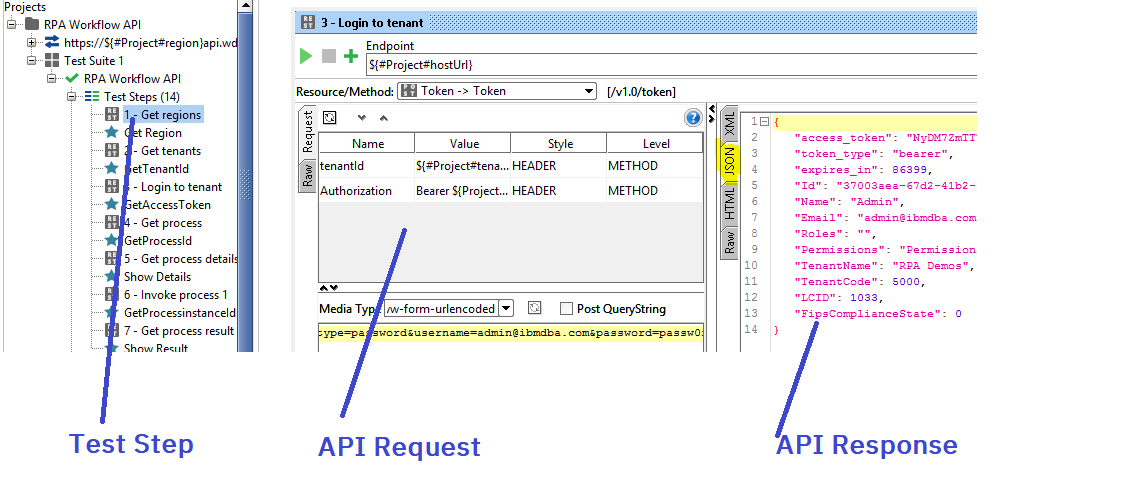


When running, you will be prompted for a series of dialog boxes showing you the API journey. When complete, you should see the following:



### Examine the test suite flow.

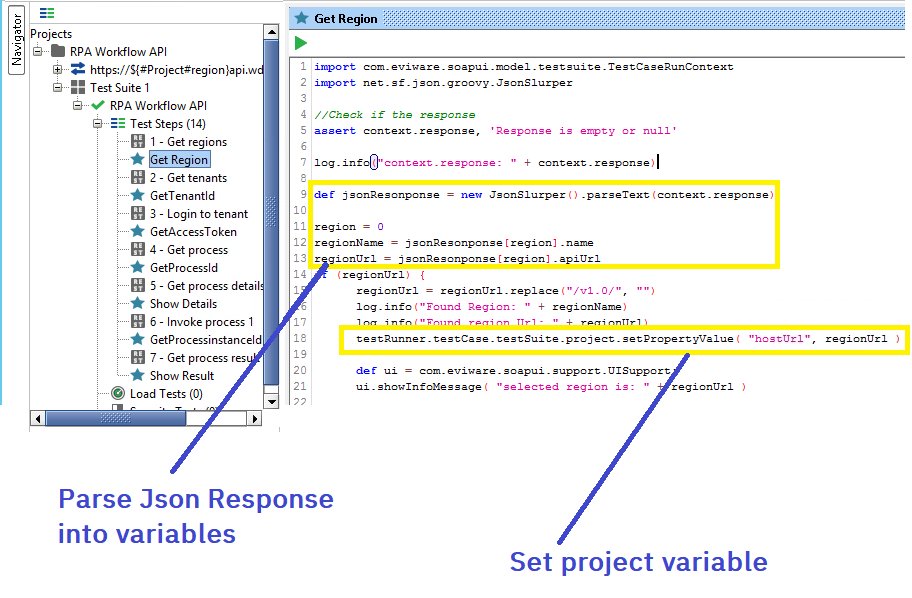
The SoapUI test suite orchestrates the flow of execution by setting variables in one step and reading them in the next. You can verify this by going to **step 1 – Get Regions:**



You can see the invocation request in the center panel and the invocation result on the left most panel.

**Note:** The result is JSON, so you need to select the JSON tab.

Now select \* **Get Region**. This step is written in *Groovy Script*. It parses the response from previous step and sets a project variable to be used in the next step. See below:



Now follow the remainder of the test suite to understand the flow of execution.

## Generating an Open API Specification

Up until now we have been using the raw REST RPA API calls. Modern applications usually provide a way of interacting with REST APIs through an *OpenAPI* specification. This specification defines a definition file which the application uses to generate the underlying REST calls.

Let’s generate an OpenAPI spec now.

## Calling the Open API from App Connect

Nicely done! This concludes the lab.