Introduction to Cryptography The Extended Euclidean Algorithm

- (1) Write a function in Python which
 - (a) accepts as arguments three integers a, b, and n;
 - (b) prints an error message if there is no solution to the Diophantine equation AX + BY = n;
 - (c) returns a list of the form [X, Y, count, time] where the pair (X, Y) is a solution to the equation AX + BY = n, the third element is the number of iterations needed in the Euclidean algorithm, and the fourth element is the time taken to run the iterations.
- (2) Use your function from the previous problem to solve the Diophantine equation aX + bY = n for each set of integers below. Record a solution, computer run time and iteration count for each triple.
 - (a) a = 13259581529781261112802, b = 1894225932825894444686, n = 35
 - (b) a = 354224848179261915075, b = 573147844013817084101, n = 5
 - (c) a = 573147844013817084101, b = 927372692143078999176, n = 21
- (3) Write a function in Python which
 - (a) accepts as arguments two integers A and n;
 - (b) returns the multiplicative inverse of $A \mod n$ if such a number exists, and returns FALSE otherwise.