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MIL-STD-196G 30 May 2018 SUPERSEDING MIL-STD-196F 11 September 2013

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE STANDARD PRACTICE

JOINT ELECTRONICS TYPE DESIGNATION AUTOMATED SYSTEM



AMSC A9955 AREA SESS

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

FOREWORD

This standard is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

<u>History</u>. During the First World War, the Signal Corps Nomenclature System was devised when it was determined that a standard identification of electronic and associated equipment was needed. Since that time the system has grown and evolved into the current Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System (JETDAS) used throughout the DoD and select NATO allies today.

The Joint Electronics Type Designation System (JETDS), formerly known as the Joint Army-Navy Nomenclature System (AN System) and the Joint Communications-Electronics Nomenclature System, was officially adopted on 16 February 1943 by the Joint Communications Board for Army-Navy use. It was approved for use for all new U.S. Army and U.S. Navy airborne, radio, and radar equipment. The Joint Communications Board then approved the extension of the scope of the system to include equipment designed by the Navy specifically for Marine Corps and amphibious use. In 1946, the Bureau of Ships, Department of the Navy, adopted the system for use on ship, submarine, and ground electronic equipment. Also that year, similar action was taken by the Bureau of Ordnance, Department of the Navy to cover the electronic portions of its fire-control systems. The U.S. Air Force, upon its establishment as a separate Department, continued the use of the system for electronic equipment. In 1950, the U.S. Coast Guard adopted the system to identify electronic equipment under its development. In 1951, the Joint Communications-Electronics Committee of the Joint Chiefs of Staff approved Canadian integration into the nomenclature system. The Office of the Chief of Ordnance, Department of the Army, adopted the system for its use in 1953. In 1957 the Department of Defense approved the original MIL-STD-196 "Joint Electronics Type Designation System." In 1959, the National Security Agency (NSA) adopted the system. In 1974, a Joint Service regulation established and assigned responsibilities to the Services for requesting nomenclature. Chief, Office of International Research Development and Standardization, Department of the Army, directed implementation of MIL-STD-196 for integration of New Zealand, Australia and Great Britain into the system in 1981. In 1998, under direction of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense, (OUSD), JETDS was migrated into a paperless database system, and the Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System (JETDAS) was created.

Nomenclature is a language of its own. It was developed to augment and complement the stock numbering system. It serves as a tool for equipment managers and logistics and maintenance personnel by providing a specific and understandable identification of an item. Nomenclature identifies equipment at the system, subsystem, set, group or unit level. It identifies what kind of equipment it is, where it is used, and what it is used for. It provides an indication of interchangeability and substitutability. Official nomenclature is used on equipment name plates, shipping containers, technical documents, maintenance manuals, and throughout official correspondence and communications. Nomenclature is embedded throughout our DoD weapon systems and equipment.

This standard is in support of the acquisition strategies and systems engineering practices of DoDI 5000.02, "Operation of the Defense Acquisition System", and Army Regulation AR 70-76. It provides DOD policy and procedures for obtaining official DoD Nomenclature.

Comments, suggestions, or questions on this standard should be addressed to CECOM Communications-Electronics Command Life Cycle Management Command (LCMC) Since contact information can change, you may want to verify the currency of this address information using the ASSIST online database at https://assist.dla.mil.

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1. SCOPE

- 1.1 <u>Purpose</u>. The purpose of this standard is to provide the policies, requirements and procedures for the preparation and submission of Requests for Nomenclature (RFN) under the JETDAS.
- 1.2 <u>Scope.</u> This standard establishes uniform procedures for the assignment of type designations for the electronic materiel listed below.
 - a. Radios.
 - b. Radar (including identification and recognition equipment).
 - c. Data processing units.
 - d. Flight control and aids to the navigation of aircraft, guided missiles, ships and space vehicles (including automatic and remote control, automatic pilot and air data computers which may be tied into fire-control, instrument landing, navigation, and data link equipment).
 - e. Weapons control systems (including evaluation and scoring of gun, missile, bomb, and underwater weapons control).
 - f. Electronic countermeasures (including electronic deception and electronic jamming).
 - g. Radiacs (Radioactive detection, indication and computation devices).
 - h. Infrared devices.
 - i. Lasers.
 - j. Meteorological equipment.
 - k. Magnetic amplifier and detection equipment.
 - l. Wire communications systems (including telephone, telegraph, teletype, facsimile, interphone, public address, recorders, and reproducers).
 - m. Televisions.
 - n. Fiber Optics and associated equipment.
 - o. Equipment for the detection of noise and interference in the radio frequency spectrum.

- p. Underwater sound radiating and non-radiating equipment including those for listening, ranging, sounding, communication, and object location.
- q. Training and instruction equipment for any of the above.
- r. Auxiliary and/or accessory equipment to the preceding and succeeding kids of equipment (including power generators)
- s. Satellites and associated equipment.
- t. Robotic equipment.
- u. Maintenance/Support Equipment.

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 <u>General</u>. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3, 4, and 5 of this standard. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this standard or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents in cited sections 3, 4, and 5 of this standard, whether or not they are listed.

2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 Other Government documents, drawings, and publications. The following other Government documents, drawings, and publications form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues are those cited in the solicitation.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MANUALS

DOD 5220.22 National Industrial Security Program Operating Manu	ual
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(Copies of these documents are available online at

www.esd.whs.mil/DD/)

DOD 5200.1 VOL II DOD Information Security Program: Marking of Classified

Information. (Copies of this document are available

online at

http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/corres/pdf/520001 vol2

.pdf)

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INSTRUCTIONS

DoDI 5000.01 DoD Information Security Program and Protection of

Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) (Copies of

this document are available online at

http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/corres/pdf/500002_dodi_20

15.pdf)

AR 70-76/SECNAVIST

2830.1/AFI 60-10 Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System

(JETDAS) (Copies of this document are available online at

http://www.apd.army.mil/pdffiles/r70_76)

DEFENSE LOGISTICS INFORMATION SERVICE RESOURCES

H2 Federal Supply Classification (FSC) (Copies of this

document are available online at

https://public.logisticsinformationservice.dla.mil/H

2/search.aspx

H6 Federal Item Name Directory (Copies of this document are

available online at

https://public.logisticsinformationservice.dla.mil/H6/search.as

px

FEDERAL LOGISTICS INFORMATION SYSTEM RESOURCES

DOD 4100.39-M Federal Logistics Information System (FLIS) Procedures

(Copies of this document are available online at

http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/corres/pdf/410039 dodm

_2017.pdf

DEFENSE STANDARDIZATION MANUALS

DOD 4120.24-M Defense Standardization Program (DSP) Procedures (Copies

of this document are available online at

http://www.dtic.mil/whs/directives/corres/pdf/412024m.pdf

2.3 <u>Non-Government publications</u>. The following documents form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those cited in the solicitation or contract.

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS (ASME)

ASME Y14.100 Engineering Drawing Practices (Copies of this document

are available online at

http://www.dtic.mil/ndia/2008/technical/GastonEngineeringD

rawings100G.pdf)

2.4 Order of precedence. Unless otherwise noted herein or in the contract, in the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein, the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. **DEFINITIONS**

- 3.1 Definitions.
- 3.1.1 <u>Nomenclature.</u> The combination of an approved item name and a type designator. These are defined as follows:
- 3.1.1.1 <u>Item name.</u> An item name published in the H6 Federal Item Name Directory. There are further item name instructions in DOD 4100.39M, (Federal Logistics Information System), Volume 3 Chapter's 2,3. Item names used with type designator assignments will be consistent with the policies of the Federal Cataloging Program. Examples of unacceptable item names include abbreviations, acronyms, description of size, frequencies, and colloquial names.
- 3.1.1.2 <u>Type designation.</u> A Type Designation is a combination of letters and numbers arranged in a specific sequence to provide a short significant method of identification.
- 3.1.2 <u>Electronic materiel.</u> All communications/electronic items necessary to equip, operate, maintain, and support military activities without distinction as to its application for administrative or combat purposes. Excludes real property, installations, and utilities.
- 3.1.3 <u>Grandfathering.</u> Grandfathering is the process of allowing the use of a non-approved item name to be propagated for a specific nomenclature that was nomenclatured during the manual JETDS system.

3.1.4 <u>Item Levels.</u> Item levels are listed below in hierarchical order. The Item Level Name must correspond to the item level of the proposed type designation

Item Level Name	Description	Examples
Unit	An item that may be capable of independent operation but whose functionality is not complete without other items. Installation and Maintenance kits are the only unit level items that may contain complement data.	Radio, computer, digital Power Supply, Antenna or radio receiver.
Group	A collection of units or assemblies that are not capable of performing a complete operational function. A group may be a subdivision of a set or may be designed to be added to or used in conjunction with a set to extend the function or the utility of the set.	Antenna group may be "used with" or "part of" a radio set.
Set	A unit or units and necessary assemblies, subassemblies and parts connected together or used in association to perform an operational function	Radio terminal set or sound measuring set, including parts, assemblies and units such as cables, microphone and measuring instruments.
Subsystem	A combination of sets, groups, etc., which performs an operational function within a system and is a major subdivision of the system.	Intercept-Aerial Guided Missile Subsystem
System	A combination of two or more sets, which may be physically separated when in operation, and such other assemblies, subassemblies and parts necessary to perform an operational function or functions.	Integrated Shipboard Computer System and a Navigational Control System
Center	A collection of units and items in one location, which provides facilities for the administrative control in an area of responsibility which is specifically assigned for development and maintenance of installations, control of personnel, or conduct of tactical operations	an Operations Center
Central	A grouping of sets, units or combinations thereof operated conjunctively in the same location for a common specific function. It may provide facilities for controlling switching, monitoring, etc., electronic and electrical equipment from one central location.	Operations Central, Central, Communications

Table i

- 3.1.5 <u>Definitive item levels.</u> Centrals, Centers, Systems, Sub-Systems, Set, and Groups will have a specific complement/component listing.
- 3.1.5.1 Complement/component listing. Items or groupings of items that are

necessary to the overall function and are considered direct components of the end item. Items may, but are not required to be type designated and/or stock listed. Complement data items will use data specified by stock listing where applicable.

- 3.1.6 <u>Variable item levels.</u> Systems, subsystems, centrals, centers, sets, and groups, are those configurations whose scope or functions may be varied through the addition or deletion of sets, groups, units, or combinations thereof. The complement data for a variable nomenclature must show at least one item of varying quantity or have a variable item therein. Units cannot be variables because they do not have complement data.
- 3.1.7 <u>Modification letters.</u> A modification letter is defined as a letter assigned in alphabetical sequence starting with the letter "A" to show a Modification to a nomenclatured equipment where at least one way interchangeability has been maintained. The modification letter follows the sequentially assigned number. Assigned modification letters to a type designation requires the equipment to be at least one-way interchangeable with all previous models.
- 3.1.8 Interchangeability.
- 3.1.8.1 <u>Electrical interchangeability</u>. The modified item's capability of operation is equal to the basic or previous item without requiring any modifications.
- 3.1.8.2 <u>Functional interchangeability</u>. The modified item is capable of performing, without additional assistance, all the operational capabilities of the basic or previous item.
- 3.1.8.3 <u>Maintenance (repair) parts interchangeability.</u> Maintenance (repair) parts interchangeability involves the installation and operation of a maintenance part in an item in lieu of a like item without the use of additional tools or modifications to the existing item or mounting facilities and with no appreciable effect on performance or ratings, either electrical or mechanical.
- 3.1.8.4 <u>Mechanical interchangeability.</u> The modified item is capable of being physically installed and operated in the position previously occupied by the basic or previous item without requiring any major modifications. Switches, connectors, etc., are in the same location, within allowable tolerances. The center of gravity of the new item is the same as in the old item, within allowable tolerances.
- 3.1.8.5 <u>One-Way Interchangeability</u>. The modified item holds a relationship of interchangeability whereas the item being modified does not (i.e. backward compatibility)
- 3.1.9 "Equipment with which this is a part". An item, required to complete the assigned function of the equipment, is "part of" that equipment. Items that are "part of" a nomenclature equipment are always listed in its complement data and issued automatically with the equipment of which it is a part. This information is to be provided in block 21 of the DD Form 61.

- 3.1.10 <u>Equipment with which this item is used.</u> Block 22 of the DD61 where items of equal or higher item levels but are not issued with are listed. If the subject item of the DD61 is a set level item and it could be used with another set level or higher item, that item could be listed here.
- 3.1.10.1 Extension of functions. An item which extends the use of an equipment beyond its assigned functions and is issued for use with that equipment only under special circumstances is considered as "used with" but not "part of" that equipment.
- 3.1.11 Originator, SRP, DCP and DODCP roles.
- 3.1.11.1 <u>Originator</u>. The Originator is the government representative or the contractor with the most knowledge about the RFN. The specified individual will complete the DD Form 61(s), and then submit the request to the SRP for review.
- 3.1.11.2 <u>Submitter Review Point (SRP)</u>. The SRP needs to be a government civilian and/or military representative for the specified Department, most knowledgeable of the nomenclature submission from the originator.
- 3.1.11.3 <u>Department Control Point (DCP)</u>. The Department Control Point is the official control point within the military department authorized to obtain type designator nomenclature from the Department of Defense Control Point (DoDCP). DCP must be a government civilian.
- 3.1.11.4 <u>Department of Defense Control Point (DoDCP)</u>. The Department of Defense Control Point is the official assigning agency of type designators for the Department of Defense within this system. DODCP must be a government civilian.

4. **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

- 4.1 Participation requirements. The Acquiring Activity may cite Data Item Description (DID) DI-SESS-81254 Request for Nomenclature and SAE documents EIA-649-1 and EIA-649B for defense industry participation. Originator submission of a DD Form 61 shall be to the Project Manager's office Submittal Review Point (SRP), not directly to a Departmental Control Point (DCP).
- 4.1.1 <u>Requests for Nomenclature (RFN).</u> All RFNs for assignment, reinstatement, revision, and cancellation of a military nomenclature shall be on a DD Form 61, submitted through the JETDAS database. A separate DD Form 61 is required for each System, Subsystem, Center, Central, Set, Group or Unit. The DCP will forward the requests to the DODCP.
- 4.2 <u>Assignment/Use.</u> All official nomenclature shall be used strictly as assigned meaning that nomenclature of fielded configurations will remain as approved, and field changes are not recognized by DCP nor DODCP until such time as a revision or new assignment is submitted for and approved. Nomenclature is not official and shall not be used until approved by the DODCP. Nomenclature for electronic materiel will be assigned to development and production of Systems, Subsystems, Centers, Centrals, Sets, Groups and Units. Specific materiel to which nomenclature will be assigned:

- a. The assignment of type designations will:
 - Provide visibility of electronic materiel in the service inventories
 - Be responsive to user requirements
 - Provide singular, common identification
 - Further the standardization of electronic materiel identification
- b. Electronic materiel of military design;
- c. Commercial electronic material that has been modified for military use and requires military identification and design control;
- d. Electronic materiel which is intended for use by other Federal agencies or foreign governments that participate in the nomenclature system.
- e. Non-electronic support equipment for communication/electronic materiel not already type designated by another system. (E.g. Mounts, Carrying Cases, Generators, etc.)
- 4.2.1 <u>Restrictions on assignment.</u> Nomenclature shall not be assigned to the following:
 - a. Materiel below unit item level;
- b. Commercial unmodified electronic materiel for which the manufacturer maintains design control;
- c. Electronic materiel previously assigned nomenclature under another nomenclature system;
- d. Commercial electronic materiel for the convenience of a foreign country which does not participate in the nomenclature system;
 - e. Computer software systems;
 - f. Non-electronic items (e.g. Power Generators).
- g. Equipment without a government contract number, government order number, government drawing or government specification number.
- 4.2.2 <u>Basis for assignment</u>. Each type designator assignment or revision to the type designator previously assigned is made on the basis of technical data which contains sufficient electrical, mechanical, functional, and reference data to distinguish the item described from all other items. The originator of a request for nomenclature shall provide all technical characteristics required for a complete understanding of the operating parameters of the item being submitted for nomenclature. The type designator portion of a nomenclature shall be determined by the technical characteristics of the item.

- a. No end item configuration may contain items of an equal or higher level. "COMPUTER SYSTEM, DIGITAL" is the only anomaly to this rule as it can be listed in the configuration of a system, sub-system, set, or group level item with the provision that "LAPTOP" is listed as its model number.
- 4.2.3 Revision of approved nomenclature. When the technical data for an item previously submitted is no longer correct, the originator should submit a request for a revision, containing the data that accurately reflects the item being procured. In addition, the revised request shall include a statement in Block 24 of the DD Form 61 that no items were produced and delivered to the Government as described under the basic or preceding request. A configuration change warrants a new part number and type designation/Variable Configuration/Modification unless otherwise specified by the DODCP.
- 4.2.4 <u>Modification of Approved Nomenclature</u>. In order for a modification letter to be assigned, the modified item must be at least one way interchangeable, electrically, mechanically, and functionally with the basic type designator item and all previous models. If the modified item is only similar to the basic, a new type designator will be assigned.
- 4.2.5 <u>Modification letter for a variable item level.</u> Modification letters will be assigned to type designators for variable Centers/Centrals, Systems, Subsystems, Sets, and Groups in the same manner for those items that are definitive, except that the modification letter precedes a variable (V) or a plug-in (P), as applicable. An assignment of a modification letter to a specific configuration does not require other definitive configurations within that numeric family to change
- 4.2.5.1 <u>Specific letters not to be assigned</u>. The letters "I", "O", "Q", "S", "T", "X", "Y", and "Z" shall not be assigned as modification letters.
- 4.2.6 <u>Cancellation of nomenclatures.</u> When a DCP requests cancellation of a nomenclature, the appropriate subparagraph will be referenced on the DD Form 61:
 - a. There has been no procurement of the item, and none is anticipated.
 - b. There are presently no experimental models.
 - c. No further use of the type designator is required for developmental purposes.
 - d. The item is no longer in service inventory.
 - e. A change from either "plain to a variable" or "variable to a plain.
- 4.2.6.1 <u>Reinstatement of cancelled nomenclatures</u>. Cancelled nomenclatures will not be reinstated except upon request of, or coordinated approval of, the Department Control Point that requested the nomenclature originally.
- 4.3 <u>Security Classification</u>. All officially assigned JETDAS nomenclatures should be unclassified to provide a ready means of identification in correspondence and other forms of communication.

- 4.3.1 <u>Classified Requests</u>. Requests for nomenclature (DD Form 61) shall include both the security classification of the item described (hardware) and the classification of the information contained thereon (data). All classified requests shall be submitted through the JETDAS database, noted in block 7 (Security Classification of Equipment) as "Classified" with minimal information provide on the DD Form 61.
- 4.3.2 <u>Classified marking.</u> Prior to submission of a classified DD Form 61, the originator will ensure that each data element on the request has with it the appropriate security classification marking in block 7 (Security Classification of Equipment).
- 4.3.3 <u>Classification re-grading.</u> Re-grading of existing classified technical data shall be accomplished in accordance with applicable departmental regulators. Re-grading action may be accomplished by submitting a DD Form 61 with new regarding instructions to the DODCP.
 - 4.4 <u>International interests.</u> International participants shall conform to International Standardization Agreements and this standard.

5. **DETAILED REQUIREMENTS**

- 5.1 <u>Technical Data.</u> The DODCP collects, maintains, and distributes technical data for each assigned type designation.
- a. Downgrading of existing classified technical data is accomplished in accordance with the automatic downgrading directives indicated in 4-216 of DOD 5220.22-M below.
- b. Dissemination of technical data will be limited to those DOD activities which have justified a need and to those specifically designated by the DOD.
- c. Access to classified technical data will be authorized by the DCP which requests the nomenclature.
- 5.2 <u>Requests for Nomenclature.</u> Requests for nomenclature are submitted by the DCP to the DODCP on DD Form 61, Request for Nomenclature, electronically submitted through the automated database (JETDAS), <u>HTTPS://TDAS7.apg.army.mil/JETDAS</u>. An enrollment form must be obtained from the website or the DCP in order to gain access to JETDAS.
 - a. Requests for nomenclature will be completed in accordance with MIL-STD-196.
 - b. Security Classification:
- (1) Requests for nomenclature shall include both the security classification of the item (hardware) described and that of the information (data) provided thereon. Unclassified requests pertaining to classified equipment will be indicated by selecting the

security class of equipment in block 7 of DD Form 61, Request for Nomenclature.

(2) All classified requests for nomenclature will bear the statement in the general comments block as such "data will be provided only on a need to know basis", appropriate marking required by DOD 5200.1 VOL II (DoD Information Security Program: Marking of Classified Information), Army Regulation AR 380-5, OPNAV instruction 5500.40B, or other applicable security directive.

5.3 Policies.

- a. Type Designation. A specific combination of letters and numerals, structured in accordance with MIL-STD-196, which provides a standard means of uniquely identifying electronic material by design configuration.
- b. The assignment of type designations will be consistent with:
 - (1) DOD Instruction 5000.02.
 - (2) This standard
- c. Type designation will be used as assigned. Changes may be requested if they are consistent with established policy.
- d. Application of the JETDAS is amplified as follows:
 - (1) Other departmental designations may be replaced by JETDAS type designations.
 - (2) US Communications Security (COMSEC) materials that are under the National Security Agency (NSA) Telecommunications Security (TSEC) Nomenclature Systems will not be re-designated under JETDAS.
 - (3) Revisions of the JETDAS will not require re-designation action.
- e. Matters of controversy which cannot be resolved by the DODCP and DCPs will be referred to through normal military department administrative channels.
- 5.4 <u>Application</u>. The JETDAS is applicable to exploratory development, advanced development, engineering development, preproduction and production models of electronic materiel.
- 5.5 <u>Nomenclature development.</u> The originator shall recommend nomenclature (both item name and type designator).
- 5.6 <u>Item name</u>. All approved item names used for Nomenclature will be found in the H-6

- and in accordance with DOD 4100.39M Volume 3. Approved item names can be found using the H-6 website https://public.logisticsinformationservice.dla.mil/H6/search.aspx
- 5.6.1 <u>Grandfathering item names</u>. Due to the JETDAS automation, grandfathering non-approved item names will be allowed for previously approved nomenclature.
- 5.7 <u>Type designator</u>. The type designator portion of the assigned nomenclature is definitive in that it will never be duplicated or changed. It will always apply to one specific item. All subsequent models and variables of that item will have the same number, with modification letters added, when interchangeability is maintained. Indicator letters will be selected from tables I, II, or III as applicable.
- 5.8 Type designators for definitive systems, subsystems, centers, centrals and sets. A type designator assignment for a definitive system, subsystem, central, center or set consists of an AN, a slant bar (solidus), a series of three letters, a dash and a number. For example, an appropriate designator would be AN/ARC-73 (see table I).
- 5.9 Type designators for definitive groups. All groups are identified by two indicator letters selected from table II as applicable (e.g., OD, OE, OJ, OR, etc.). The type designator for a group consists of the group indicator, a dash, a number, the slant bar (solidus), and the type designator for the equipment it is "part of" or "used with". When the group is known to be peculiar to a specific equipment, for example, part of the AN/TPN-30, with no known potential for other use, the type designator after the slant should be OK-414/TPN-30. When the group may have multiple applications, the type designator after the solidus should be more general, such as OK- 198/G or OK-181/SL (see table II).
- 5.10 Type designators for definitive units.
- 5.10.1 Type designator for one end item use. The type designator for units having one end item consists of an indicator (table III), a dash, a number, a slant bar (solidus) and the type designator of the equipment it is "part of" or "used with" (i.e., Receiver, Radio R-40/VRC-12).
- 5.10.2 Type designator for multiple usage. The type designator for units having multiple usages is the same as specified in 5.5.1, except following the slant bar only those indicators which are common or appropriate should appear. For example, a Power Supply that is "part of" or "used with" the AN/VRC-12 and AN/VRC-19 is identified as a PP-50/VRC. A Power Supply which is "part of" the AN/VRC-12 and "used with" the AV/VRR-40 is identified as PP-60/VR. Alternately, a power supply which is "part of" or "used with" the AN/GRC-26 and AN/GPS-20 is identified as the PP-70/G.
- 5.10.3 Type designator for dual item name. The indicator for a unit having a dual item name is selected to identify the primary function which is listed first (i.e., Amplifier-Power Supply, AM- 250/U). When an indicator exists for a unit having a dual name, such as "RT" for Receiver- Transmitter and "PU" for Motor-Generator, the indicator appearing in table III is used.
- 5.11 <u>Non listing of complement data.</u> Definitive unit level nomenclature should not list complement data. Complement data is shown for items designated as a kit.

- 5.12 <u>Type designation for variable assignment.</u> Systems, subsystems, centers, centrals, set, or groups with variable component data are assigned type designators in the same manner as for definitive versions, except that the parenthetical V, (V), is added to the type designator. Some examples include an AN/FSG-1(V), and OT-1957(V)/APQ-73V.
- 5.13 Relationship of a variable to a higher level item of which it is a part. A higher level item shall only be a variable (V), if different variables of the lower variable item are included in the higher item's configuration.
- 5.14 <u>Complement data for variable assignments.</u> Variable item level nomenclature requires variability in complement data. This can be expressed as follows:
 - a. The complement data in Block 14.7 of the Request for Nomenclature, DD Form 61, shows at least one item as a variable quantity.
 - b. If any nomenclature complement data has been assigned to a variable (V), and more than one of the configurations can be used in the higher level item, then the higher unit level becomes a variable requiring assignment of a parenthetical (V).
 - c. Complement data will have an accurate quantity provided that does not exceed the quantity given on the Basic Variable Assignment. An item name, cage code, and part number to match the NSN will be provided where applicable. If applicable, said NSN must also be listed
 - d. An item being designated may not contain any complement data item of equal or greater hierarchal order. (e.g. System within a system except for "Computer System, Digital
- 5.15 Specific configurations of variables. Variable systems, subsystems, centers, centrals, sets, or groups are assigned a number following the parenthetical (V) to further identify a specific configuration of a variable system, subsystem, center, central, set or group (i.e., AN/SRC- 75(V)1, AN/ACR-75(V)3, OT-1957(V)1/APQ-73(V), and OT-1957(V)2/APQ-73V. The complement listing for a specific configuration shows the precise quantity of equipment selected from the complement listing of the basic (V). A separate request for nomenclature is required for each specific configuration requested.
- 5.16 <u>Type designator for units designed to accept "Plug -Ins".</u> Units designed to accept "plug- ins" which change the function, frequency, or technical characteristics of the unit are type designated with (P) preceding the slant bar. The "plug-ins" are not considered "part of" the unit. (i.e., Receiver, radio R-00(P)/GRC-19).
- 5.17 <u>Identification for cryptographic/classified items.</u> A (C), will be submitted by the Originator for any items directly containing the embedded cryptographic material. In most cases this will be a unit level item which should have the cryptographic material explicitly called out in block 24 of the DD61. If the item containing the embedded cryptographic

material is a group level or higher item, then the material will be listed in block 14-7 AND block 24 of the DD61. All forms containing the (C) will be submitted for NSA concurrence by the DCP prior to DODCP approval.

- 5.18 <u>Identification of Automated Data Processing Equipment (ADPE)</u>. A digit or digits in parentheses directly following the letters of the type designator may indicate the Type of ADPE included. For example, set designator AN/UYK (1, 4, 5) indicates a (1) Digital Processor, (4) Input/output device, or (5) tape equipment (see table I).
- 5.19 Type designators for equipment designed for training purposes.
- 5.19.1 <u>Specific set training.</u> Equipment designed to provide training in the operation of a specific set is assigned the specific set designator followed by a dash, the letter T, and a number. For example, Radio Training Set AN/ARC-6A-T1 is the first training set for Radio Set AN/ARC-6A (see table I).
- 5.19.2 <u>Systems, subsystems, and sets with same indicator letters.</u> Equipment designed to provide training in the operation of various types of systems, subsystems and sets with the same indicator letters is assigned indicator letters based on the equipment it will be used to train for, followed by a dash, the letter T, and a number. For example, Radio Training Set AN/ARC-T1 would be first training set for general airborne Radio Sets.
- 5.19.3 <u>Systems, subsystems, and sets with different indicator letters.</u> Equipment designed to provide training in the operation of various types of systems, subsystems and sets with the different indicator letters is assigned general indicator letters as appropriate. For example, Radio Training Set AN/URC-T1 could be the first training set for both an airborne Radio Set (AN/ARC-27) and a ground Radio Set (AN/GRC-32).
- 5.19.4 <u>Training designator for a group or unit.</u> The letter "T" denoting training, is added to a group or unit type designator, just preceding the slant bar, only when the group or unit is not "part of" other equipment. If it is "part of" other equipment, the training designator "T" is not used.
- 5.20 <u>Maintenance test equipment produced as separate equipment.</u> Maintenance test equipment requiring AN type designation use "Installation" and "Type of Equipment" indicators followed by the letter "M" as the purpose indicator. As examples, Test Set, Radar AN/MPM-8 may be used for Radar Set AN/MPG-5, AN/MPS-12 and AN/MPN-9; and Test Set Radio AN/URM-20 may be for Radio Set AN/TRC-7 and AN/ARC-2.
- 5.20.1 <u>Maintenance and test units which are an integral part of basic equipment.</u> Maintenance and test units or groups which are an integral part of a basic set or equipment are considered as "part of" such equipment and are assigned a type designator in accordance with procedures established for these item levels.
- 5.21 Equipment installation indicator letters requiring further definition (see table I).
- 5.21.1 Installation indicator letter "A". Installation indicator letter "A" identifies equipment

installed on airborne equipment flow by a piolet.

- 5.21.2 <u>Installation indicator letter "B".</u> Installation indicator letter "B" identifies equipment installed in submarines.
- 5.21.3 <u>Installation indicator letter "C".</u> Installation indicator letter "C" identifies cryptographic equipment. This indicator is to be used by the National Security Agency (NSA) only.
- 5.21.4 <u>Installation indicator letter "D".</u> Installation indicator letter "D" is for equipment installed in pilotless planes, drones, rockets, and guided missiles. Balloon or parachute type of installations are indicated with the installation indicator letter "A".
- 5.21.5 <u>Installation indicator letter "F".</u> Installation indicator letter "F" is used for equipment installed in fixed ground (non-moveable) installations.
- 5.21.6 <u>Installation indicator letter "G"</u>. Installation indicator letter "G" is used for equipment capable of being used in two or more different types of ground installations.
- 5.21.7 <u>Installation indicator letter "K"</u>. Installation indicator letter "K" identifies equipment installed in vehicles capable of operation on land or water.
- 5.21.8 <u>Installation indicator letter "M".</u> Installation indicator letter "M" is used for equipment installed in, and operated from, a vehicle while it is in motion. The vehicle's sole function is to house and transport the equipment. The vehicle must be "part of" the equipment.
- 5.21.9 <u>Installation indicator letter "P".</u> Installation indicator letter "P" is used only when the equipment is specifically designed to operate while being carried by a person.
- 5.21.10 <u>Installation indicator letter "S".</u> Installation indicator letter "S" is used for equipment installed in water surface craft (shipboard) or buoys.
- 5.21.11 <u>Installation indicator letter "T".</u> Installation indicator letter "T" is used for ground equipment that is designed for, and normally moved from place to place, and is not covered by equipment indicators "G" "M", "P", "U", or "V". The equipment is not capable of operation while being transported.
- 5.21.12 <u>Installation indicator letter "U"</u>. Installation indicator letter "U" is used for an equipment capable of being used in a combination of two or more general installation classes. Equipment that can be used in ground, shipboard, or airborne applications are examples of this type of item. It is also used to identify a combination of two or more general installation classes within any one equipment. For example, part of the equipment is airborne and part of it is on the ground.

- 5.21.13 <u>Installation indicator letter "V".</u> Installation indicator letter "V" is used for equipment installed in a vehicle designed for functions other than carrying electronic equipment. For example, equipment installed in tanks, and weapon carriers. The equipment must be capable of operation while the vehicle is in motion.
- 5.21.14 <u>Installation indicator letter "W".</u> Installation indicator letter W is used for equipment installed on vehicles that operate on or below the water's surface.
- 5.21.15 <u>Installation indictor letter "Z"</u>. Installation indicator letter "Z" identifies items installed on airborne equipment that both can be piloted or pilotless.
- 5.22 Equipment type indicator letters requiring further definition (see table II).
- 5.22.1 <u>Type indicator letter "P".</u> Equipment type indicator letter "P" is used for the following types of equipment:
 - a. Radar equipment.
 - b. Beacons which function with radar equipment.
 - c. Electronic recognition and identification systems.
 - d. Pulse-type navigational equipment.
- 5.22.2 <u>Type indicator letter "Z".</u> Equipment type indicator letter "Z" is used for secure communications equipment and is to be used only by the NSA.
- 5.23 <u>Identification of systems, subsystems, centers, centrals, sets, group and units with modified power requirements.</u> A change in the power input voltage, phase, or frequency is identified by the addition of the letters "X", "Y", or "Z" to the basic nomenclature. For example, if Radio Set AN/TRC-100 were modified to permit its operation on 24 volt DC rather than 110 volt AC, it would be identified as Radio Set AN/TRC-100X. (A modification other than to the power input would be identified as AN/TRC-100A). Simultaneous modifications providing improvements as well as a power change could be identified by the modification letter "A", to show product improvements, and modification letter "X", to show power input differences (i.e., AN/TRC- 100AX). The first power input modification would be identified with the letter "X", the second "Y", the third "Z", the fourth "XX", etc.
- 5.24 <u>Application of type designators to developmental/experimental equipment.</u> The Request for Nomenclature will indicate experimental/development type in block 12 of the DD Form 61, and block 13 will show an open bowlegs "()". Example are a Radio Set AN/ARC-(), or a Power Supply PP-()/U. Part numbers are not required on development models, but they do help keep versions separate. When the production model is ready, a new Request for Nomenclature will be submitted for assignment, not a revision, with the correct type designation already filled in block 13, leaving the empty bowlegs "()" off. The original DD Form 61 that was submitted

for the () open bowlegs shall be cancelled from the file using one of the reasons cited in paragraph 4.4.

- 5.25 <u>Unit assignments requiring further definition (see table III).</u>
- 5.25.1 <u>Servo amplifiers</u>. Servo amplifiers of electronic type (non-rotating) are assigned the unit indicator "AM", the rotating type are assigned "PU".
- 5.25.2 <u>Plug-in units.</u> Plug-in units, whose descriptions are based on their functions such as amplifiers, receivers, transmitters, etc., will be assigned unit indicators based on their function, then the generic indicator "PL" will be assigned.
- 5.25.3 Type designators which include the parenthetical (-FT, -IN) with varying lengths. Cable assemblies, waveguides, cords, transducers, sonar projectors and hydrophone type designators which include the parenthetical (-FT, -IN) are not assigned a specific equipment indicator after the slant bar. For example, a GRC-26 would not be assigned a parenthetical type designator, but would be assigned a more general indicator, such as /U, or /GR. In each case the request for type designator must include the phrase "length to be specified." The /U, for example, is "for general utility use," and the /GR, is "for general ground radio use." Parenthetical type designators (-FT,
- -IN) may be applied to cable assemblies, waveguides, cords, transducers, sonar projectors, and hydrophones assigned specific equipment indicators when the end item configuration includes several of any one of these type of items that are identical except for length. The use of (-FT,
- IN) in the instance will be limited to new assignments commensurate with the effective date of this document and will not be retroactive (i.e., CX-13293/VRC (8 FT, 6 IN), CV-13293/VRC (8 FT, 6 IN)).
- 5.26 Batteries.
- 5.26.1 <u>Primary batteries non-rechargeable.</u> Assignment for primary type (non-rechargeable) batteries will be made under the type designator indicator "BA".
- 5.26.2 <u>Secondary type storage batteries rechargeable</u>. Assignment of secondary type (rechargeable) storage batteries will be made under type designator indicator "BB".
- 5.27 <u>Battery questions that need to be answered on the automated DD Form 61 within JETDAS</u>.
 - a. Battery chemistry. Example Li –Ion.
 - b. Cell type within the battery. Cylindrical or Prismatic pouch?
 - c. Rechargeable or non-rechargeable.
 - d. Amp hour of the battery.

- e. Voltage.
- f. Connector type.
- g. Will the battery be replaced by another battery? If so; NSN and/or nomenclature of the battery being replaced.
- h. Block 4-14 data shall be for the battery ONLY and not the system it is going into.
- i. If rechargeable. Charger support information in block 14-7.
- j. Limitations on nomenclature approval. The assignment of electronic nomenclature does not constitute approval of any item of equipment, nor approval for the use of any particular item in specific equipment, and does not waiver any requirement of the contract involved.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature which may be helpful, but is not mandatory.)

6.1 <u>Associated Data Item Descriptions (DIDs).</u> This standard is cited in ASSIST-Online as the source document for the following DIDs. When it is necessary to obtain the data, the applicable DIDs should be listed on the Contract Data Requirements List (DD Form 1423), except where the DoD Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement exempts the requirement for a DD Form 1423.

DID Number DID Title

DI-SESS-81254 Request for Nomenclature (DD Form 61)

The above DIDs were current as of the date of this standard. The current issue of the AMSDL must be researched to ensure that only current and approved DIDs are cited on the DD Form 1423.

- 6.2 <u>Departmental Control Points (DCPs).</u> For information purposes, the Departmental Control Points are as follows:
- 6.2.1 Department of the Army Control Point.
 - a. Commander, U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Command, ATTN:
 AMSEL- LCL-SII, Bldg. 6565 Surveillance Loop, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-1845.

6.2.2 Department of the Navy Control Points.

- a. Commanding Officer, Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division, Systems Standardization Division, Code 4L8000B120-3, Highway 547, Lakehurst, NJ 08733.
- b. Naval Sea Systems Command, ATTN: Code 06L2, 1333 Isaac Hull Avenue SE, Washington Naval Yard, DC 20376-4060.
- c. Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command, 4301 Pacific Highway, San Diego, CA 92110-3127.

6.2.3 Department of the Air Force Control Point.

AFLCMC/EZSC, 2145 Monahan Way, Bldg. 28, Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433-7017

6.2.4 <u>United States Marine Corp Control Point.</u>

Director, Acquisition Logistics and Product Support (ALPS), Marine Corps Systems Command, 2200 Lester St. Quantico, VA 22134.

6.2.5 National Security Agency Control Point.

- a. Director, National Security Agency, Central Security Services, ATTN: L1621, Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755-6000.
- b. Director, National Security Agency, ATTN: Y221, Fort George F. Meade, MD 20755-6000.

6.2.6 Canadian Control Point.

National Defense Headquarters, Director Supply Chain Operations, Mgen Pearkes Building, ATTN: DSCO 5-3, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada, K1A OK2.

6.2.7 Australian Control Point.

a. National Codification Bureau, Defence Asset and Inventory Management Branch Finance Division, Defence Materiel Organization Level 4, 661 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC, 3000, Australia.

6.2.8 Department of Defense Control Point.

- a. Commander, U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Command, ATTN:
 AMSEL- LCL-SII, Bldg. 6006 Combat Drive, Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21005-1845.
- 6.3 <u>Classified nomenclature requests and data elements.</u> Classified nomenclature requests

and their associated data elements should be marked in accordance with the Department of Defense Industrial Security Manual for Safeguarding Classified Information, DOD 5220-22-S (see 4.5.2).

- 6.4 <u>Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System (JETDAS)</u>. The TDAS was implemented during the Fiscal Year (FY) 1998. Figure 8 provides an example of the JETDAS Source Request Number Format as currently proposed.
- 6.5 Subject term (key word) listing.

Center

Complement Listing

Definitive Item Levels

Electronic Materiel

Group

Item Levels

Item Name

JETDAS

Nomenclature

Set

Subsystem

Type Designator

Unit

Variable Item Levels

6.6 <u>Changes from previous issue.</u> Marginal notations are not used in this revision to identify changes with respect to the previous issue due to the extent of the changes.

Table I Table of equipment indicators

		AN/ARC-73	
Installation	Type of Equipment	Purpose	Misc. Identification
(13t Letter)	(2nd Letter)	(3rd Letter)	
A. Piloted Aircraft	A. Invisible Light, Heat Radiation	A. Auxiliary Assembly	Single * are for NSA use only
B. Underwater Mobile, Submarine	B. Comsec*	B. Bombing	X,Y,Z Changes in voltage, Phase, or Frequency
C. Cryptographic*	C. Carrier- Electronic Wave/Signal	C. Communications Receiving/Transmitting)	r. Training
D. Pilotless Carrier	D. Radiac	D. Direction Finder, Reconnaissance and Surveillance	(C) NSA use only
F. Fixed Ground	E. Laser	E. Ejection and/or Release	(P) Units accept plug-ins
G. General Ground Use	F. Fiber Optics	G. Fire Control or Search Light Directing	(V) Variable Items
K. Amphibious	G. Telegraph/Teletype	H. Recording/Reproducing	(-FT,-IN) Identical items with varying lengths
M. Mobile (ground)	I. Interphone and Public Access J. Electromechanical or	K. ComputingM. Maintenance/ Test	() Developmental/Experimental
P. Portable	Inertial Wire Covered	Assemblies	Automatic Data Processing (ADP)
S. Water	K. Telemetering	N. Navigational Aids	1. Digital Equipment Only
T. Transportable (ground)	L. Countermeasures	Q. Special or Combination	2. Analog Equipment Only
U. General Utility (Multiple)	M. Meteorological	R. Receiving/Passive Detecting	3. Hybrid (1&2 Combined)
V. Vehicular (ground)	N. Sound in Air	S. Detecting/Range and bearing, Search	4. Input/output Device
w. Water Surface and	P. Radar	T. Transmitting	5. Magnetic Media
Underwater Combined	Q. Sonar/underwater sound	W. Automatic Flight or Remote Control	6. Others
Z. Piloted-Pilotless Airborne	R. Radio	X. Identification and Recognition	Indicator Letter Previously
Vehicles Combined	S. Special or Combination	Y. Surveillance (search, detect, and	Removed From This Table
	T. Telephone (wire)	multiple target tracking) and control	Installation: C-Air Transportable
	V. Visual/Visible Light W. Armament (peculiar to armament not otherwise covered)	(both fire and air control) Z. Secure*	Type: B-Pigeon, E-Nupac, F-Photographic Purpose: L-Searchlight Control, P- Reproducing
	X. Facsimile to Television	2. Secure	Triotographic : a. pose: 2 sea. sg sona s.,
	Y. Data Processing or Computer		
	Z. Communications*		

Table II. Table of group indicators

	Table 11. Table of group indicators			
		Family name		
	Group example of use indicators	(Not to be construed as limiting the		
		application of the group indicator)		
OA	Miscellaneous groups	Groups not otherwise listed. Do not use if a		
		more specific group indicator applies		
OB	Multiplexer and/or demultiplexer groups	All types		
OD	Indicator groups	All types		
OE	Antenna groups	All Types		
OF	Adapter groups	All types		
OG	1 6 1	All types		
OH	Simulator groups	All types		
OI	Cryptographic groups	All types		
OJ	Consoles and console groups	All types		
OK	Control groups	All types		
OL	Data analysis and data processing groups	All types		
OM	Modulator and/or demodulator groups	All types		
ON	Interconnecting groups	All types		
OP	Power Supply groups	All non-rotating types		
OQ	Test-Set Group	All types		
OR	<u>C 1</u>	All types		
OS	Satellite groups	All types		
OT	Transmitter groups	All types		
OU	Converter groups	All types		
OV	Generator groups	All types including power generating		
		equipment		
OW	Terminal groups	Telegraph, radio, telephone, etc.		
OX	Coder, recoder, interrogator, transponder	All types		
	groups			
OY	Radar Groups	Do not use if more specific indicator applies		
OZ	Radio Groups	Do not use if a more specific indicator (OE,		
		OR, OT) applies		

Table III. Table of unit indicators

		Examples of use
Unit indicators	Family name	(Not to be construed as limiting the application of the unit)
AB	Support for antennas	Antenna mounts, mast bases, mast
		sections, towers, etc.
AM	Amplifiers	Power, audio, interphone, radio
	-	frequency, video, electronic
		control, etc.
AS	Antenna, simple and complex	Arrays, parabolic type, masthead
		whip or telescopic loop, dipole,
		reflector, etc.
BA	Battery, primary type	Batteries, battery packs, etc.
BB	Battery, secondary type	Batteries, battery packs, etc.
BZ	Alarm units	All types
С	Controls	Control box, remote tuning
		control, etc.
CA	Computers auxiliary units	Input/output peripheral, etc.
CC	Cable assemblies, RF	RF cables, waveguides,
		transmission lines, etc., with
		terminals
CD	Controlling Devices	Complex controlling devices
CM	Comparators	Compares two or more input
		signals
CN	Compensators	Electrical and/or mechanical
		compensating, regulating or
		attenuating apparatus
CP	Computers	A mechanical and/or electronic
		mathematical calculating device
CU	Couplers	Impedance coupling devices,
G**		directional couplers, etc.
CV	Converters (electronic)	Electronic apparatus for changing
		the phase frequency, or from "one"
CITY	D 1	medium to "another"
CW	Radomes	Radomes
CX	Cable assemblies, non RF	Non RF cables with terminals, test
		leads, also composite cables or RF
CV	Carra at 1 11 1	and non RF conductors
CY	Cases and cabinets	Rigid and semi-rigid structure
D	Diag	for enclosing or carrying
D	Dispensers	Chaff DE and your DE took looks
DA	Loads, dummy	RF and non RF test loads

Table III. Table of unit indicators. (Continued)

		D 1 C
TT '4' 1' 4	F 1	Examples of use
Unit indicators	Family name	(Not to be construed as limiting the
D.		application of the unit)
DI	Data transmission	Devices for authentication and
		transferring recorded or generated
		data over transmitter/receiver
		links.
DT	Detecting heads	Magnetic, capacitive or optical
		pickup devices, search coil,
		hydrophones, etc.
DU	Display Unit/Monitors	All types that are external devices
		for computers, test sets, etc.
F	Filter units	Electronic types, back-pass, low
		pass, band suppression, noise
		telephone, filter networks;
		excludes non-repairable types
FO	Fiber Optics	Electrical, electronic and
		communication
FR	Frequency measuring device	Frequency meters, tuned cavity
G	Generators, power	Electrical power generators
		without prime movers (see PU)
GO	Goniometers	Instruments for measuring angles
		for determination of energy
		transferred from moving to fixed
		coil (directional) antennas, etc.
Н	Head, hand and chest sets	Includes earphone
HD	Environmental Apparatus	Heating, cooling, dehumidifying,
		pressure, vacuum devices, etc.
ID	Indicator units, non-cathode ray	Calibrated dials and meters,
	tube	indicating lights, etc. (see also IP)
IM	Intensity measuring devices	Includes SWR gear, field intensity
		noise meters, slotted lines, etc.
IP	Indicator units, cathode ray tube	Azimuth, elevation, panoramic,
	,	etc.
J	Interface units	Interconnecting and junction units,
		etc. Do not use if a more specific
		indicator applies.
KG	Key generator	Units generating a pseudorandom
_	3 0	sequence of crypto variables using
		algorithms
KY	Keying devices	Mechanical, electrical and
	7 8 22 12 22	electronic key coders, interrupters,
		etc.
		0.0.

Table III. Table of unit indicators. (Continued)

		D 1 0
TT 1/2 11	Б	Examples of use
Unit indicators	Family name	(Not to be construed as limiting the
T .	-	application of the unit)
LA	Laser	Communication, electrical, etc.
LS	Loudspeakers	Separately housed loudspeakers and
		intercommunication stations
M	Microphones	Radio, telephone, throat, hand, etc.
MD	Modulators, demodulators,	Devices for varying amplitude,
	discriminators	frequency or phase
ME	Meters	Multimeter, vacuum tube voltmeters,
		power meters, volt-ohm-millimeters,
		etc.
MK	Miscellaneous kits	Maintenance, modification, etc.
ML	Meteorological devices	Miscellaneous meteorological
		equipment, etc.
MO	Multipurpose	Units that perform two or more
		functions
MT	Mountings	Mountings, racks, frames, stands, etc.
MU	Memory units	Memory units
MW	Microwave	Communication, etc.
MX	Miscellaneous	Equipment not otherwise classified.
		Do not use if a better indicator is
		available.
0	Oscillators	Master frequency, blocking, multi-
		vibrators, etc. (for test oscillators see
		SG)
OC	Oceanographic devices	Bathythermograph, etc.
OS	Oscilloscope, test	Test oscilloscope for general test
		purposes (see IP)
PL	Plug-in units	Plug-in units not otherwise classified
PP	Power supplies	Non-rotating machine types, such as
		vibrator pack rectifier, thermoelectric,
		etc.
PT	Mapping and plotting units	Electronic types only
PU	Power equipment	Rotating power equipment, motor-
		generators, dynamotors, etc.
R	Receivers	Receivers, all types except telephone
RB	Robotics	Electric-mechanical, etc.
RD	Recorder-reproducers	Sound, graphic, tape, wire, film, disc,
		facsimile, magnetic, mechanical, etc.

Table III. Table of unit indicators. (Continued)

	Tuble III. Tuble of affic maleator	,
TT '. ' 1'	F "	Examples of use
Unit indicators	Family name	(Not to be construed as limiting the
		application of the unit)
RE	Relay assembly units	Electrical, electronic, etc.
RL	Reeling machines	Mechanism for dispensing and
		rewinding antenna or field wire
		cable, etc.
RO	Recorders	Sound, graphic, tape, wire, film
		disc, facsimile, magnetic,
		mechanical, tape, and card punch,
		etc.
RP	Reproducers	Sound, graphic, tape, wire, film,
		disc, facsimile, magnetic,
		mechanical, punched tape and card
		readers, etc.
RR	Reflectors	Target, confusion, etc., except
		antenna reflectors (see AS)
RT	Receiver and transmitter	Radio and radar transceiver,
		composites of transmitter and
		receiver, etc.
S	Shelter	Electrical equipment, etc.
SA	Switching units	Manual, impact, motor driven,
		pressure operated, electronic, etc.
SB	Switchboard	Telephone, fire control, power
		distribution, etc.
SG	Generator, signal	Test oscillators, noise generators,
		etc. (see O)
SM	Simulators	Flight, aircraft, target, signal, etc.
SN	Synchronizers	Equipment to coordinate two or
		more functions
SS	Special purpose	Devices performing unique
		functions
SU	Optical units	Electro-optical units, such as night
	1	vision, scope, sights, auto-
		collimator, viewers, trackers,
		alignment equipment
SY	Speech, secure	Devices that secure voice
	F, 2	transmission/receiving equipment
T	Transmitters	Transmitters, all types except
		telephone
TA	Telephone apparatus	Miscellaneous telephone
	Tereprone apparatus	equipment
		Anthini

Table III. Table of unit indicators. (Continued)

Unit indicators	Family name	Examples of use (Not to be construed as limiting the application of the unit)
TB	Towed body	Hydrodynamic enclosures used to
		house transducers, hydrophones,
		and other electronic equipment
TD	Timing devices	Mechanical and electronic timing
		devices, range devices,
		multiplexers, electronic gates, etc.
TF	Transformers	When used as separate units
TG	Positioning devices	Tilt and/or train assemblies
TH	Telegraph apparatus	Miscellaneous telegraph items
TN	Tuning units	Receiver, transmitter, antenna,
		tuning units, etc.
TR	Transducers	
TS	Test units	Test and measuring equipment not
		otherwise classified. Do not use if
		more specific indicators apply.
TT	Teletypewriter and facsimile	Teletype, tape, facsimile
	apparatus	miscellaneous equipment
TU	Television	Special types
TW	Tape units	Preprogrammed with operational
		test and checkout data
V	Vehicles	Carts, dollies, vans peculiar to
		electronic equipment
ZM	Impedance measuring devices	Used for measuring Q, C, L, R, or
		PF, etc.

Items in these tables are not always listed by an <u>Approved Item Name</u> (AIN), they are descriptions of general items. Refer to the H6 to find the approved names.

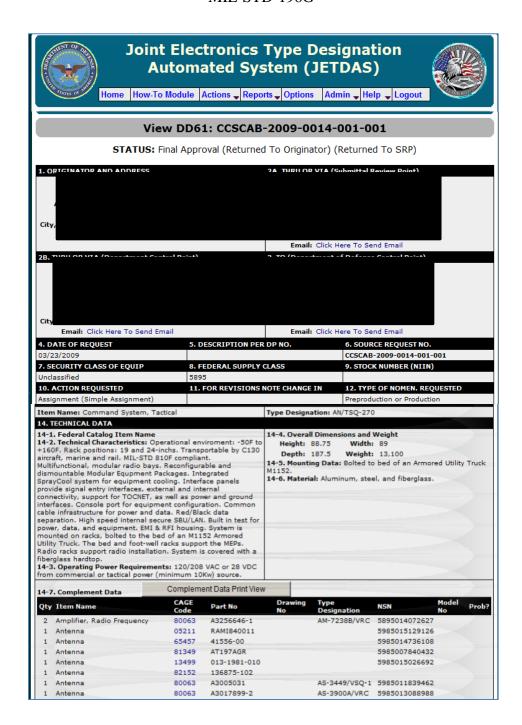


Figure 1. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - simple assignment.

14-8. Special Features:	14-10. Manufacturer's Data
14-9. Design Activity Data	Name: Northrop Grumman, Inc.
Name: Northrop Grumman, Inc.	Address: 1430A Wall Triana Blvd., Madison Al 35756
Address: 1430A Wall Triana Blvd., Madison Al 35756	CAGE Code: 318U8
CAGE Code: 318U8	Part #: ALH-103250-001
Part #: ALH-103250-001	Drawing #: ALH-103250
Drawing #: ALH-103250	14-11. Contractor's Data
	Name: Northrop Grumman, Inc. Address: 1430A Wall Triana Blvd., Madison Al 35756
	CAGE Code: 318U8
	Part #: ALH-103250-001
	Drawing #: ALH-103250
	14-12. Type of Installation:
15. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	14 12. Type of Installation.
and control. The MEPs are easily reconfigurable on the vehi (Stationary Command Post Operations Mode). It provides r armored, and other stationary and moving targets during tl	he M1152 ECV Enhanced HMMWV. The system provides fire direction icle and are able to be dismounted and used in a fixed facility responsive, networked, extended-range target precision attack of he day or night and in all types of weather. It is a self-contained ower system with DTI Inverter and Automatic Transfer Switch located in
16. CONTRACT OR ORDER NO. 17. GOV'T DRAV	WING NO. 18. GOV'T SPECIFICATION NO.
19. DATE ACTION TAKEN TO	20. PROJECT GROUP
Assign - 11/18/2009	Zor Project droot
21. EQUIPMENT OF WHICH THIS IS A PART	
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW.	OR NEW ASSIGNMENT WILL MARK APPROPRIATE BLOCK. COMPLET D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically AN/TSC-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional is application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equ	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uppment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically ANVTSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional in application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equipments of the design change, etc., which would aid in the second	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uppment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically ANVTSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional is application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equipments of the design change, etc., which would aid in the second	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipment of nomenclature to this request.)
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically AN/TSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional in application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equescription of the design change, etc., which would aid in the 15. INITIATED BY	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCENNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Nechanically AM/TSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equidescription of the design change, etc., which would aid in the control of the control of the control of the design change, etc., which would aid in the control of the cont	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE
22. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically AAVTSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional in application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equivalence of the design change, etc., which would aid in the contract of the design change, and the contract of the design change of the desi	D INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT information not covered by the above questions concerning function uipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipmente assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE CETDAS0838
DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Similar to But not Mechanically AN/TSQ-232(V2) & (V4) 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional)	Information not covered by the above questions concerning function uipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipmenter assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE CETDASOB38 Type Designation: AN/TSQ-270

Figure 1. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - simple assignment. (Continued)

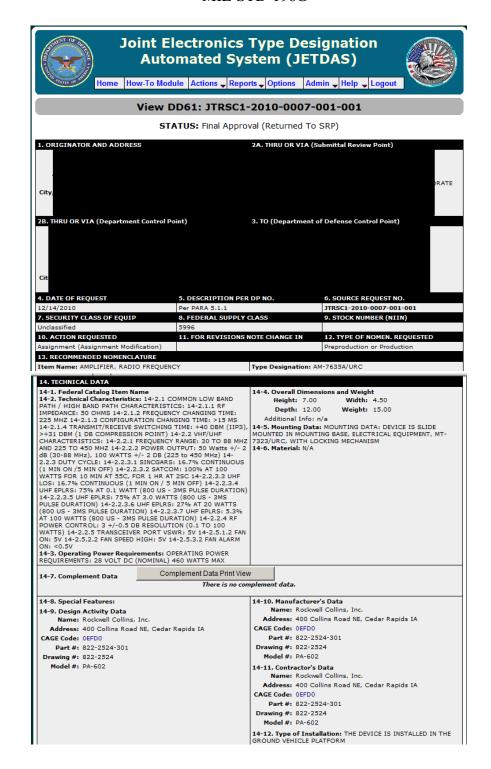


Figure 2. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - assignment modification.

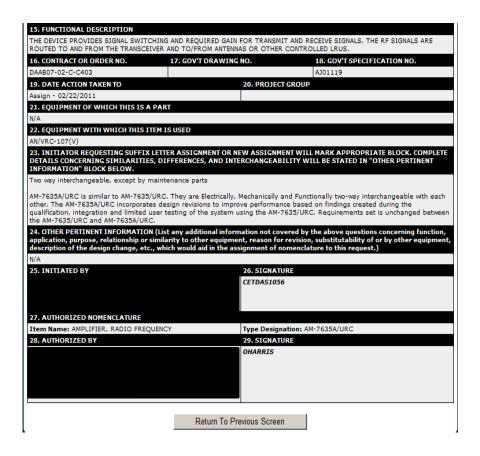


Figure 2. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - assignment modification. (Continued)

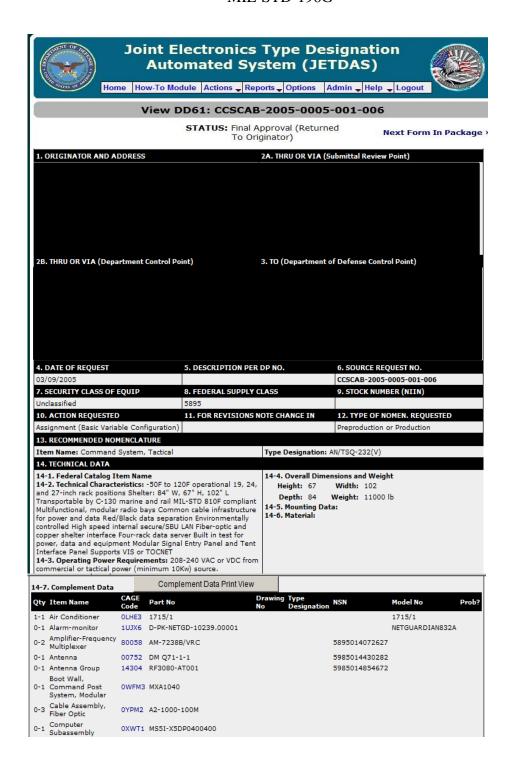


Figure 3. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - basic variable configuration.

14-8. Special Features:	14-10. Manufacturer's Data
14-9. Design Activity Data	Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation
Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation	Address: 1430 B Wall Triana Blvd., Madison, AL 35756
Address: 1430 B Wall Triana Blvd., Madison, AL 35756	CAGE Code: 318U8
CAGE Code: 318U8	14-11. Contractor's Data
	Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation
	Address: 1430 B Wall Triana Blvd., Madison, AL 35756
	CAGE Code: 318U8
	14-12. Type of Installation: Vehicular
15. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	
The Rigid Wall Shelter CPP and associated hardware items consis	ts of shelter-mounted equipment that ground commanders can from battalion to corps. The shelter is mounted on a heavy-variant
HMMWV. The CPP program advances the idea of a flexible, multif	
CPP hosts multiple battle command and support software suites,	communications equipment, and interfaces with numerous other
digitized vehicles to serve as an information aggregation point. A	
multiple CPs or CPPs to form the digital network backbone for a h consists of a computer, a networking system, and a communication	
Communication System (CPCS) or alternative. The C2 Assembly is	
particular CP's mission.	
16. CONTRACT OR ORDER NO. 17. GOV'T DRAWING	NO. 18. GOV'T SPECIFICATION NO.
W31P4Q-04-C-0159	
19. DATE ACTION TAKEN TO	20. PROJECT GROUP
Assign - 08/23/2006	
21. EQUIPMENT OF WHICH THIS IS A PART	
22. EQUIPMENT WITH WHICH THIS ITEM IS USED	
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNMENT OR NE	W ASSIGNMENT WILL MARK APPROPRIATE BLOCK, COMPLETE
DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, AND INTE	
INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW.	
AA CTUED DEDTANGUT ANEODMATAON (1: 1	
24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional inform application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other equipments	
description of the design change, etc., which would aid in the ass	ignment of nomenclature to this request.)
25. INITIATED BY	26. SIGNATURE
	CETDAS0838
27. AUTHORIZED NOMENCLATURE	
Item Name: Command System, Tactical	Type Designation: AN/TSQ-232(V)
28. AUTHORIZED BY	29. SIGNATURE
Name: Orlando Harris	OHARRIS

Figure 3. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - basic variable configuration. (Continued)

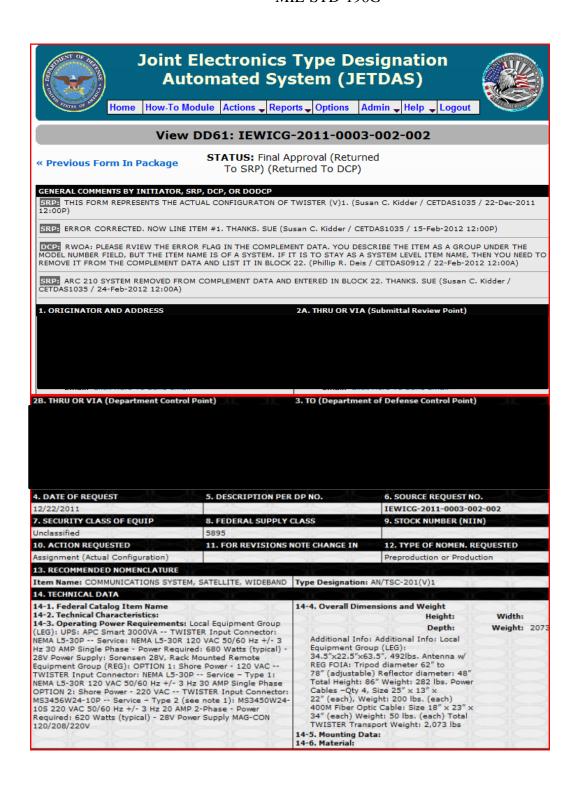


Figure 4. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) – Actual Configuration.

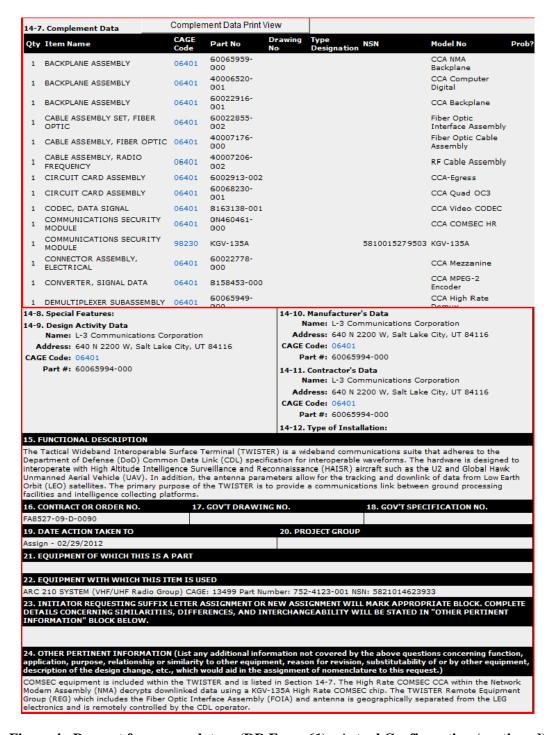


Figure 4. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - Actual Configuration (continued)

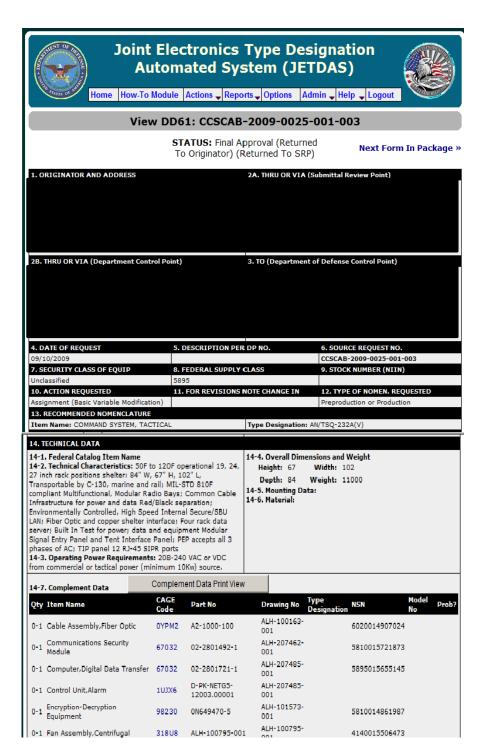


Figure 5. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - basic variable modification.

14-8. Special Features:	14-10. Manufacturer's Data
14-9. Design Activity Data	Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation
Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation	Address: 201 Electronics Blvd
Address: 201 Electronics Blvd	CAGE Code: 318U8
CAGE Code: 318U8	Part #: N/A
Part #: N/A	Drawing #: N/A
Drawing #: N/A	Model #: N/A
Model #: N/A	14-11. Contractor's Data
	Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation
	Address: 201 Electronics Blvd
	CAGE Code: 318U8
	Part #: N/A
	Drawing #: N/A
	Model #: N/A
.s. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	14-12. Type of Installation:
ost multiple battle command communications system: formation systems; interfaces with a variety of digitizes a detached CP or combine with multiple CP's or CPP 6. CONTRACT OR ORDER NO. 17. GOV'T D	t echelons from battalion to corps; mounted on a heavy-variant HMMWV; s; provides control that is mobile, secure and capable of supporting tacticed vehicles to serve as an information aggregation point; CPP may serve is to form the digital network backbone for a higher echelon CP. 18. GOVIT SPECIFICATION NO.
V31P4Q-04-C-0159	
19. DATE ACTION TAKEN TO	20. PROJECT GROUP
ussign - 11/19/2009	
3. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM SETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES,	IENT OR NEW ASSIGNMENT WILL MARK APPROPRIATE BLOCK. COMPLE AND INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT
3. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts LLL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts NALL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts NLL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme I in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.)
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM SETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts and the previous MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any additional application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid a significant and the previous statements.	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme I in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts ALL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid 25. INITIATED BY 27. AUTHORIZED NOMENCLATURE	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme I in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts MALL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid 25. INITIATED BY 27. AUTHORIZED NOMENCLATURE Item Name: COMMAND SYSTEM, TACTICAL	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function r equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipme I in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE CETDAS0956
INFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts ALL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition	26. SIGNATURE CETDAS0956 Type Designation: AN/TSQ-232A(V)
23. INITIATOR REQUESTING SUFFIX LETTER ASSIGNM DETAILS CONCERNING SIMILARITIES, DIFFERENCES, NFORMATION" BLOCK BELOW. Two way interchangeable, including maintenance parts MALL PREVIOUS MODELS. 24. OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION (List any addition application, purpose, relationship or similarity to other description of the design change, etc., which would aid 25. INITIATED BY 27. AUTHORIZED NOMENCLATURE Item Name: COMMAND SYSTEM, TACTICAL	onal information not covered by the above questions concerning function requipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipmed in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.) 26. SIGNATURE CETDAS0956 Type Designation: AN/TSQ-232A(V) 29. SIGNATURE

Figure 5. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - basic variable modification. (continued)

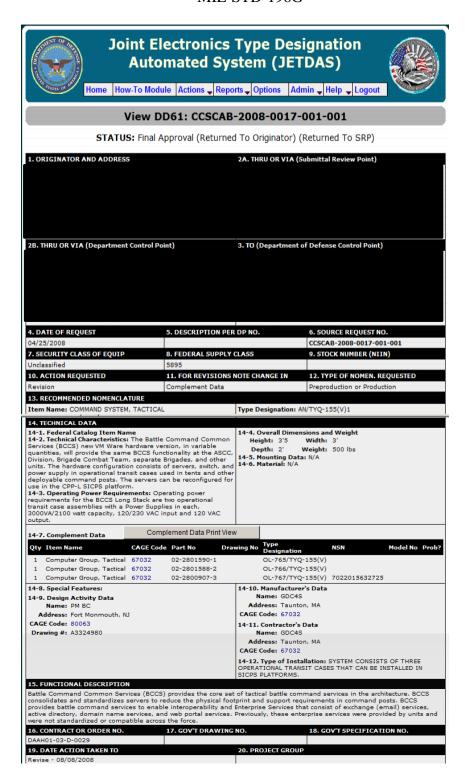


Figure 6. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) - revision.

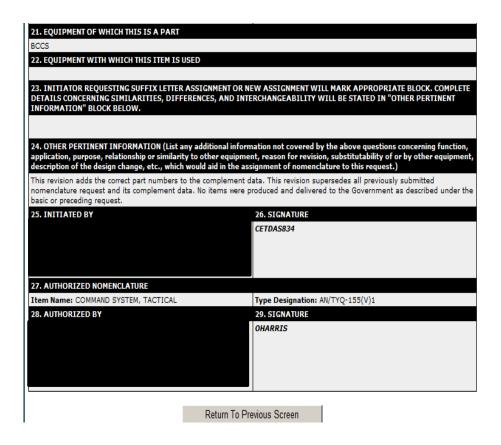
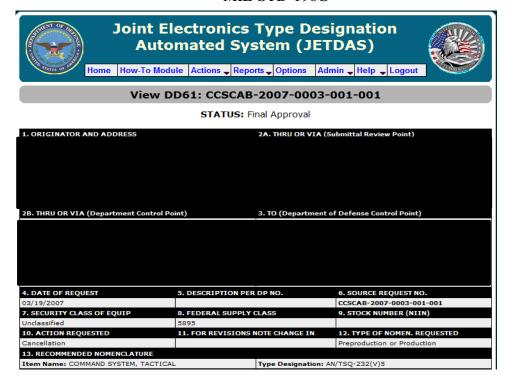


Figure 6. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) – revision (continued)



14. TECHNICAL DATA			
14-1. Federal Catalog Item N. 14-2. Technical Characteristic 24, and 27-inch rack positions Transportable by C-130, marin Compliant Multifunctional, mo infrastructure for power and di Environmentally controlled Fib interface Four rack data serve	s: -50F to 120F operational 19, s Shelter: 84" W, 67" H, 102" L nad rail MIL-STD 810F dular radio bays Common cable ata Red/Black data separation	14-4. Overall Dimensions and Weight Height: 67 Width: 102 Depth: 84 Weight: 11000 14-5. Mounting Data: 14-6. Material:	
	rements: 208-240 VAC or VDC		
14-7. Complement Data	Complement Data Print Viev		
	There is no complement data.		
14-8. Special Features: 14-9. Design Activity Data		14-10. Manufacturer's Data Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation	
Name: Northrop Grumm	an Corporation na Blvd., Madison, AL 35756	Address: 1430A Wall Triana Blvd., Madison, AL 35756 CAGE Code: 318U8	
CAGE Code: 318U8	ia bivai, maassan, ne ssassa	Part #: ALH-101293-001	
Part #: ALH-101293-001	ı	Drawing #: ALH-101293	
Drawing #: ALH-101293		14-11. Contractor's Data Name: Northrop Grumman Corporation Address: 1430A Wall Triana Blvd., Madison, AL 35756 CAGE Code: 318U8 Part #: ALH-101293-001 Drawing #: ALH-101293	
		14-12. Type of Installation: Ground	
15. FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION The CPP AIN/TSQ-232(V)5 Rigid Wall Shelter and associated items of equipment consist of shelter-mounted equipment that supports the Air Defense Artillery Mission (ADAM). The shelter is mounted on a heavy-variant HMMWV. The CPP AN/TSQ-232(V)5 system hosts multiple battle command and support communications equipment and software suites, and interfaces with numerous other digitized vehicles to serve as an information aggregation point.			
16. CONTRACT OR ORDER NO.	. 17. GOV'T DRAWING	NO. 18. GOV'T SPECIFICATION NO.	
W31P4Q-04-C-0159	ALH-101293		
19. DATE ACTION TAKEN TO		20. PROJECT GROUP	
Cancel - 04/05/2007			
21. EQUIPMENT OF WHICH THIS IS A PART			
22. EQUIPMENT WITH WHICH	THIS ITEM IS USED		

Figure 7. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) – cancellation.

	ASSIGNMENT OR NEW ASSIGNMENT WILL MARK APPROPRIATE BLOCK. COMPLETE ERENCES, AND INTERCHANGEABILITY WILL BE STATED IN "OTHER PERTINENT
application, purpose, relationship or similarit	ny additional information not covered by the above questions concerning function, y to other equipment, reason for revision, substitutability of or by other equipmen would aid in the assignment of nomenclature to this request.)
The item is no longer in service inventory.	
25. INITIATED RY	26. SIGNATURE
	CETDAS0838
27. AUTHORIZED NOMENCLATURE	
Item Name: COMMAND SYSTEM, TACTICAL	Type Designation: AN/TSQ-232(V)5
28. AUTHORIZED BY	29. SIGNATURE
Email: Click Here To Send Email	OHARRIS
	Return To Previous Screen

Figure 7. Request for nomenclature (DD Form 61) – cancellation (continued)

JETDAS SOURCE REQUEST NUMBER FORMAT (PROPOSED)

Where:

'AAA' = 2-6 alphanumeric characters (indicates Department/Agency/PM/unit, etc.)

'BBBB' = 4 digit year

'CCCC' = sequential package number for submitter in this year 'DDD' = sequential item number for this item within a package

'EEE' = total number of items in this package

Example #1:

SRN = DND-1997-0129-005-100

DND = Department code (Canadian DoD)

1997 = year

0129 = 129th package submitted by Canada this year

 $005 = 5^{th}$ Form in this package

= total of 100 items in this package

Example #2:

SRN = DND-1997-0141-001-001

DND = Department code (Canadian DoD)

1997 = year

0141 = 14 1st package submitted by Canada this year

 $*001 = 1^{st}$ Form in package

*001 = total of 1 item in this package

*NOTE 1: The last six digits are required even if the package consists of a single

RFN.

NOTE 2: A source request number can only be used once.

An example of a submittal of a package containing 5 items or requests for nomenclature is as follows:

DND-1997-0166-001-005

DND-1997-0166-002-005

DND-1997-0166-003-005

DND-1997-0166-004-005

DND-1997-0166-005-005

Figure 8. Example of a JETDAS source request number format (as proposed).

Block No.	Description of Information Required
1	Originator and address – Database generated.
2A	Thru or Via (Submitter Review Point) – Choose the Government
2B	Representative/Government Agency you are supporting who will review the DD61. Thru or Via (Department Control Point) – choose the appropriate DCP.
3	Department of Defense Control Point – choose one of the CECOM Representatives at
4	Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD Date of Request – Actual date of request for submission. Database generated.
5	Description per Data Product Number – Enter the Data Item Description Number.
6	Source Request Number – Database generated.
7	Security class of equipment – Select the appropriate security class from the drop down
8	menu. Federal Supply Class – Enter the Federal Supply Class (FSC) for the item name listed
	in Block 13.
9	Stock Number – Enter if applicable. Action Requested – Select the appropriate action.
11	For Revision-Note Change – Mandatory only for revisions. Select the
	appropriate option(s). More detailed explanation of the revision in Block 24.
12	Type of Nomenclature Requested – Appropriate block shall be checked.
13	Recommended Nomenclature – The item name and type designation together
	constitute the nomenclature as follows. (a) The recommended Item Name shall be
	selected from the Federal Item Name Directory, Cataloging Handbook, H-6. When
	an appropriate name does not appear in the H-6 Handbook, a new name shall be
	developed in accordance with ASME Y14.100M and the H-6. Note: An Item Name
	shall reflect what an item is, not what it does, nor where and how it is used and is
	driven by Block 15, Functional Description. (b) The recommended type designation
	shall be selected according to what it is and or where it is used, its purpose and type
	of equipment. Select type designations using guidelines found in Tables I/II/III of
	MIL- STD-196.

Figure 9. How to fill out a Request for Nomenclature (DD Form 61).

pertinent to the complete s that describe
current, and 4 VDC, 5
of al Information
mounted, four
ım, plastic, etc.)
osystems, sets, and items
2

Figure 9. How to fill out a Request for Nomenclature (DD Form 61). (Continued)

Block No.	Description of Information Required
14 (con't.)	14-8. Special Features – (List unusual characteristics not normally inherent in the item described and not covered by the preceding requirements and which are essential for identification.)
	14-9. Design Activity Data a. Name of Design Activity. b. Address c. CAGE Code (5 digit or alphanumeric code) d. Part Number e. Drawing Number f. Model Number
	14-10. Manufacturer's Data a. Name of Manufacturer b. Address c. CAGE Code (5 digit or alphanumeric code) d. Part Number e. Drawing Number f. Model Number
	14-11. Contractor's Data a. Name of Contractor b. Address c. CAGE Code (5 digit or alphanumeric code) d. Part Number e. Drawing Number f. Model Number 14-12. Type of Installation – (e.g. Designed for Airborne Installation, Portable Use,
	etc.)

Figure 9. How to fill out a request for nomenclature (DD Form 61). (Continued)

Block	Description of Information Required
No. 15	Functional Description – A brief narrative functional description of the item capabilities for both itself, and, when applicable, related items. The functional description shall support the recommended nomenclature. The Functional Description shall be different than the Technical Characteristics listed in Block 14-2.
16	Contract or Order Number – self-explanatory. Mandatory (one block 16, 17 or 18 must be filled in)
17	Government Drawing Number – self-explanatory. Mandatory (one block 16, 17 or 18 must be filled in)
18	Government Specification Number – self-explanatory. Mandatory (one block 16, 17 or 18 must be filled in)
19	Data Action Taken To – Leave blank. Database generated.
20	Project Group – The appropriate Government Engineering Project Office, System Program Code, Symbol, or number shall be specified.
21	Equipment of which this is a part – The nomenclature (item name and type designation) or recommended nomenclature of which the item described in block 13 is "part of". Include the type designation number.
22	Equipment with which this item is used – The nomenclature (item name and type designation) or recommended nomenclature for the equipment of which the item described in block 13 is "used with". Include the type designation number.
23	Modification/New Assignment information — 1. Modification - If an item is modified, enhanced, or changed in any way that requires a suffix letter to be added to the nomenclature, select one of the three options for interchangeability, and list previous equipment type designation(s) it is interchangeable with. New Assignment - If the item requiring nomenclature is similar to previously approved type designation, check "similar to", select applicable difference(s) (electrically, mechanically and/or functionally), and list the equipment type designation(s) which it is similar to.
24	Other pertinent information – Additional information on the item not previously mentioned on DD Form 61. If submitting a revision or modification, state specific reason(s) why an item is being revised or modified.
25	Initiated by – (reference block 1 – Originator's Information) Database generated.
26	Signature – (reference block 1 – Originator's Information) Database generated.
27	Authorized Nomenclature – To be completed by the DoDCP only.
28	Authorized by – (reference block 3 – Department of Defense Control Point) Database generated.
29	Signature – (reference block 3 – Department of Defense Control Point) Database generated.

Figure 9. How to fill out a Request for Nomenclature (DD Form 61). (Continued)

Note 1 – Requests for revisions need only indicate the specific data being revised, unless it's complement data. If you are revising complement data, then you need to submit a "Revision" for the basic V also, along with all of the updated components. Use block 24 for necessary narrative.

Note 2 - Do not skip any blocks, sub-blocks or areas, use:

N/A – Not Applicable.

N.A. - Not Available.

Figure 9. How to fill out a Request for Nomenclature (DD Form 61). (Figure 9 notes continued)

APPENDIX A

APPENDIX A - FOREIGN GOVERNMENT PARTICIPATION

A.1 SCOPE and APPLICATION

A.1.1. <u>Scope.</u> This appendix establishes policies and mandatory procedure concerning foreign governments' participation in the Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System (JETDAS) for use in the nomenclature of communications and electronics materiel based on international agreements and standards. This appendix is a mandatory part of this standard. The information contained herein is intended for compliance.

A.1.1.1 Participating foreign governments.

- a. Australian Department of Defense, Australia
- b. Canadian Department of National Defense, Canada
- c. United Kingdom, England
- d. New Zealand Department of National Defense, New Zealand

A.1.2 Application.

- A.1.2.1 <u>Type of equipment</u>. Nomenclature in this system shall be applicable to the following types of equipment:
 - a. Radiac (Radioactive detection, indication and computation devices).
 - b. Infrared.
 - c. Laser.
 - d. Meteorological.
 - e. Magnetic amplifier and detection equipment.
 - f. Wire communication (including telephone, telegraph, teletype, facsimile, interphone, public address, recorders, and reproducers).
 - g. Television.
 - h. Fiber optics and associated equipment.

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- i. Equipment for the detection of noise and interference in the radio frequency spectrum.
- j. Underwater sound radiating and non-radiating equipment including those for the listening, ranging, sounding and object location.
- k. Training and instruction equipment for any of the above.
- 1. Equipment auxiliary and accessory to the preceding kinds of equipment.
- A.1.3 <u>Degree of equipment development</u>. Nomenclature in this system is applicable to exploratory development, advance development, engineering development, preproduction and production of electronic materiel as defined in MIL-STD-280.

A.2 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

A.2.1 Canadian documentation.

- a. United States, JCEC Memorandum for Secretary, CAN JCEC (Washington), 20 August 1951, Ref No. (CECOM-729-51), subject: Canadian Integration with United States "AN" Nomenclature Systems.
- b. Canadian JCEC Memorandum for Secretary, U.S. JCEC, 11 October 1951, Ref No. CIT 7-10, subject: Nomenclature Integration with US "AN" Nomenclature Systems.
- c. Canadian Department of National Defense letter 15 October 1951, Ref No. ESSC 16-0, subject: "AN" Nomenclature Systems.
- d. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Information Exchange, CJM3IEM, 2004. www.state.gov/documents/organization/76043.pdf

A.2.2 Australian documentation.

- a. Military Communications Electronics Board Memorandum for Secretary, (AJCESW) Ref No. MCEB-M.30-76 (J-1367ES), 20 January 1976, subject: Joint Electronics Type Designator System (JETDS) proposed Australian introduction.
- b. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Information Exchange, CJM3IEM, 2004. www.state.gov/documents/organization/76043.pdf

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A.2.3 New Zealand documentation.

a. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Information Exchange, CJM3IEM ,2004. www.state.gov/documents/organization/76043.pdf

A.2.4 <u>United Kingdom documentation.</u>

a. Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) Information Exchange, CJM3IEM ,2004. www.state.gov/documents/organization/76043.pdf

A.3 DEFINITIONS (see section 3)

A.4 GENERALREQUIREMENTS

- A.4.1 <u>Nomenclature assignments.</u> Requests for nomenclature are assigned and registered by each respective participating country's Department of Defense in conformance with the Joint Electronics Type Designation Automated System (JETDAS) policy.
- A.4.2 <u>Notification</u>. Participating countries will notify the United States Department of Defense Control Point (DODCP) for confirmation of assignments. Where a JETDAS assignment has previously been made, participating foreign counties will use that JETDAS assignment.
- A.4.3 <u>Distribution.</u> Participating countries shall transmit, to the United States DODCP, copies of the descriptive details for each unclassified nomenclature assignment, revision and cancellation action on their respective request form (equivalent to the DD Form 61).
- A.4.4 <u>Item Identification</u>. The identification of an item, once established by the participating country or by the United States, should be perpetuated in any subsequent procurements of the item by either participating countries or the United States.

A.5 DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

- A.5.1 Modification letter assignments.
- A.5.1.1 <u>Requests by the United States Military and Agencies</u>. Requests for modification letter assignments to participating country equipment will be coordinated through the DODCP to the respective country Departmental Control Point and assigned from their country registers.

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- A.5.1.2 <u>Requests by participating country services</u>. Requests for modification letter assignments to United States equipment will be coordinated by the DODCP with the cognizant services or agencies and assigned from the United States registers.
- A.5.2 <u>Systems, subsystems, centers, centrals, and set numbers.</u> The ranges of numbers indicated below will be used by the participating countries in the assignment of equipment numbers of systems, subsystems, centers, centrals and sets:

a. Canada 500 to 599 inclusive and 2500 to 2599 inclusive

b. Australia 2000 to 2099 inclusive

c. New Zealand 2100 to 2199 inclusive

d. United Kingdom 2200 to 2299 inclusive

A.5.3 <u>Group and unit numbers.</u> The block of numbers indicated below will be used by the participating countries in the assignment of equipment numbers for groups and units.

a. Canada 5,000 to 5,999 inclusive and 25,000 to 25,999 inclusive

b. Australia 20,000 to 20,999 inclusive

c. New Zealand 21,000 to 21,999 inclusive

d. United Kingdom 22,000 to 22,999 inclusive

- A.5.4 <u>Battery assignments</u>. Primary "BA" and secondary "BB" battery assignments will be made from the United States register only.
- A.5.5 <u>Distribution of technical data.</u> The information within the JETDAS database is for JETDAS customers to view. The nomenclature data is not to be distributed to Manufacturing Companies, nor is it to be utilized for countries that are not JETDAS customers.
- A.5.6 <u>Confidential and secret equipment.</u> Nomenclature assignments for classified equipment are made known, but classified descriptive details are provided only upon approval of requests on an individual equipment basis via approved classified process.

CONCLUDING MATERIAL

Custodians:

Army - CR

Navy - EC

Air Force - 11

Preparing activity: Army - CR

Project No. SESS-2017-015

Review activities:

Army - AR, MI Navy - AS, MC, OS Air Force - 10

National Security Agency - NS

International interest:

Air Standardization Coordinating Committees (ASCC)

NOTE: The activities listed above were interested in this document as of the date of this document. Since organizations and responsibilities can change, you should verify the currency of the information above using the ASSIST Online database at https://assist.dla.mil.