INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY ROORKEE



Programming with C and C++

CSC-101 (*Lecture 18*)

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Some Problems using Function



- Write a C program that checks whether a given number is prime or not using a function.
- Write a C program to generate and print the Hemachandra series up to a given number using a function.
- Write a C program that checks if a given string or number is a palindrome using a function.



```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include <stdbool.h>
 3
    // Function to check if a number is prime
 5 ▼ bool isPrime(int num) {
         if (num <= 1)
 6
              return false;
 8
         for (int i = 2; i * i <= num; i++) {
 9 +
              if (\text{num } \% \text{ i } == 0)
10
11
                  return false;
12
13
14
         return true;
15
                              https://ideone.com/ojEQiT
16
```



```
17 int main() {
         int number;
18
         printf("Enter a number: ");
19
         scanf("%d", &number);
20
21
         if (isPrime(number))
22
             printf("%d is a prime number.\n", number);
23
         else
24
             printf("%d is not a prime number.\n", number);
25
26
27
         return 0;
                               stdin
28
                               43
29
```

⇔ stdout

Success #stdin #stdout 0s 5352KB

Enter a number: 1729 is not a prime number.

Enter a number: 43 is a prime number.

Arrays and functions



```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
    // Function to perform sequential search in an array
    int sequentialSearch(int arr[], int size, int target) {
 5 =
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
             if (arr[i] == target) {
                 return i; // Return the index where the target is found
        return -1; // Return -1 if the target is not found
10
11
12
13 🔻
    int main() {
        int arr[] = \{10, 23, 45, 6, 17, 38, 52\};
14
15
        int size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
16
        int target;
17
```



```
17
18
         printf("Enter the number to search for: ");
19
         scanf("%d", &target);
20
         int result = sequentialSearch(arr, size, target);
21
22
23 🔻
         if (result != -1) {
24
             printf("The number %d was found at index %d.\n", target, result);
25 🔻
         } else {
             printf("The number %d was not found in the array.\n", target);
26
27
28
29
         return 0;
30
```

Success #stdin #stdout 0.01s 5392KB

Enter the number to search for: The number 17 was found at index 4.

https://ideone.com/Om5Yey

Recursion in C



</>> source code

```
#include<stdio.h>
    long factorial(int n)
      if (n == 0)
        return 1;
      else
        return(n * factorial(n-1));
10
```

https://ideone.com/mwoTF6



```
11
    void main()
12 - {
       int number;
13
14
       long fact;
       printf("Enter a number: ");
15
       scanf("%d", &number);
16
17
18
      fact = factorial(number);
       printf("Factorial of %d is %ld\n", number, fact);
19
20
       return 0;
21
22
```

Success #stdin #stdout 0s 5392KB

Enter a number: Factorial of 7 is 5040



</>> source code

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int fibonacci(int);
   void main ()
         int n,f;
         printf("Enter the value of n?");
 6
         scanf("%d",&n);
        f = fibonacci(n);
         printf("%d",f);
10
```

https://ideone.com/irn1v9



```
stdin
    int fibonacci (int n)
11
12 ₹ {
                                 10
         if (n==0)
13
14 🔻
15
         return 0;
                                 ⇔ stdout
16
         else if (n == 1)
17
                                 Enter the value of n?55
18 🔻
19
             return 1;
20
         else
21
22 🔻
             return fibonacci(n-1)+fibonacci(n-2);
23
24
25
26
```



</> </> source code

```
#include <stdio.h>
    void easy(int n)
                                https://ideone.com/SPmToe
     {if (n<1) return;
       easy(n-2);
 5
       printf("%d",n);
      easy(n-3);
       printf("%d",n);
 8
    int main(void) {
         // your code goes here
10
         easy(5);
11
12
         return 0;
                        Success #stdin #stdout 0s 5520KB
13
                        11335225
14
```



```
#include <stdio.h>
    void easy(int n)
                                   https://ideone.com/ivqimv
      {if (n<1) return;
 4
       printf("%d",n);
 5
       easy(n-2);
                                      ⇔ stdout
       printf("%d",n);
 6
       easy(n-3);
                                      531113352225
       printf("%d",n);
 8
 9
     int main(void) {
10 🔻
         // your code goes here
11
         easy(5);
12
13
         return 0;
14
```



```
#include <stdio.h>
                                        ⇔ stdout
     void findoutput(int num)
                                        10100
         if (num<1)
 4
 5
         return;
 6
         findoutput(num/2);
         printf("%d", num%2);
 8
    int main(void) {
         // your code goes here
10
         findoutput(20);
11
12
         return 0;
13
14
     https://ideone.com/xfXdlE
```

