Technical Approach: Medical Appointment Scheduling Agent

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Architecture Overview

- Workflow: [Start] \rightarrow Greeting \rightarrow Lookup \rightarrow Scheduler \rightarrow Insurance \rightarrow Confirmation \rightarrow Forms \rightarrow Reminders \rightarrow [End].
- **Agents**: Greeting, Lookup, Scheduler, Insurance, Confirmation, Forms, Reminder (specialized for each booking stage).
- UI: Streamlit chatbot interface for interactive, natural conversation.
- State: Shared typed state across agents for demographics, patient type, doctor/location, duration, insurance, and confirmations.
- IO: Pandas for CSV data; OpenPyXL for Excel exports and admin review logs.

Framework Choice & Justification

- Orchestration: LangGraph multi-agent workflow with deterministic stage transitions.
- **Agent Framework**: LangChain tools/integrations for file ops and HTTP APIs.
- LLM: Google Gemini for natural, reliable conversations
- Rationale: Modular agents, predictable control flow, and integration-friendly patterns for CSV/Excel and APIs

Integration Strategy

- Patient Data: Synthetic records in data/patients.csv with name, DOB, contact, preferred doctor/location, and last_visit_date; used for new vs. returning detection and prefill.
- Doctor Schedules: data/doctor_schedule.csv as reference for doctor/location options; Calendly handles booking.
- Calendar: Duration-aware Calendly links (30/60 minutes) shared by the Scheduler; post-"booked" details retrieved when available.
- Insurance: Structured capture (carrier, member ID, group number) with format validation.
- Exports: Appointment confirmations appended to data/appointment_confirmations.xlsx for admin review.
- Communications: Simulated SendGrid email and Twilio SMS with logs for confirmations and reminders.

• Forms: New Patient Intake Form (PDF) emailed to new patients after confirmation; status tracked.

Key Challenges & Solutions

- Patient Type Detection: Name + DOB lookup in CSV to classify new or returning and prefill returning details.
- Scheduling Logic: Automatic 60-minute slots for new and 30-minute for returning patients.
- Calendar Flow: Provide Calendly link, then capture booking confirmation; attempt details retrieval from Calendly after user confirms.
- Data Handling: Consistent CSV/Excel reads/writes; resilient logging for email/SMS and forms in local files.

MVP Feature Implementation

- Patient Greeting: Collect full name, DOB, contact, preferred doctor, and location with validation.
- Patient Lookup: Search data/patients.csv to detect new vs. returning; prefill known data for returning.
- Smart Scheduling: Assign 60-min (new) or 30-min (returning) and provide a unique Calendly link.
- Insurance Collection: Capture carrier, member ID, and group number with structured checks.
- Appointment Confirmation: Generate summary, export to Excel, and simulate email/SMS confirmations.
- Form Distribution: Email New Patient Intake Form (PDF) only after confirmation for new patients.
- Reminder System: Three reminders (T-3d, T-1d with form/visit actions, T-0) with confirmation and cancellation tracking.

Deployment & Security

- Deployment: Streamlit Community Cloud with secrets stored via .streamlit/secrets.toml or cloud settings.
- **Privacy**: Synthetic patient data; simulated communications; local processing with no external data sharing beyond APIs.
- Scalability: Clear path to DB-backed EMR, calendar webhooks, and production-grade email/SMS providers.
- Live Demo: https://medical-appointment-scheduling-age streamlit.app/