

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING AIMS 2022-2023

COURSE LOGISTICS

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THE FOCUS OF THIS COURSE

01

Introduction to human language understanding.

02

Why natural language processing is difficult?

03

Understanding of the modern techniques for NLP

04

Learn to build systems for major problems in NLP

PREREQUISITES



Programming language: Python

Recommended: intermediary

Acceptable: Basic



Probability and statistics



Machine learning (deep learning)

LECTURE I: INTRODUCTION TO NLP

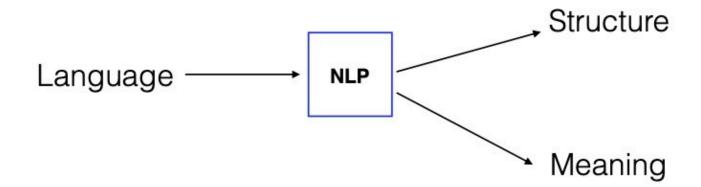


Course Overview

- What is NLP? Why it is important?
- Applications of NLP
- What are the challenges?
- What types of ML methods used in NLP?

WHAT IS NLP?

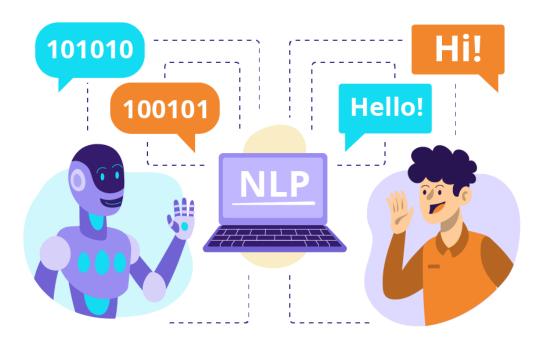
Develop methods for processing, analyzing and understanding the structure and meaning of all natural (human) language.



It concerns with the interaction between natural languages and computing devices.

WHAT IS NLP?

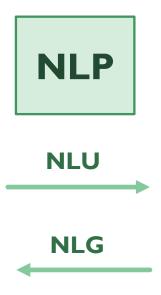
Wiki: Natural language processing (NLP) is a field of computer science, artificial intelligence, and computational linguistics concerned with the interactions between computers and human (natural) languages.



WHAT IS NLP?

- Identify the structure and meaning of words, sentences, text and conversations.
- Deep understanding of broad language
- NLP is all around us

-- Unstructured text -Add eggs and milk to my
shopping list



-- Structured text –

<Shopping list>
<item>Eggs<\item>
<item>milk<\item>

WHY WORK ON NLP?



Build systems that help humans communicate



Help humans interact with each other and/or devices.



Useful systems

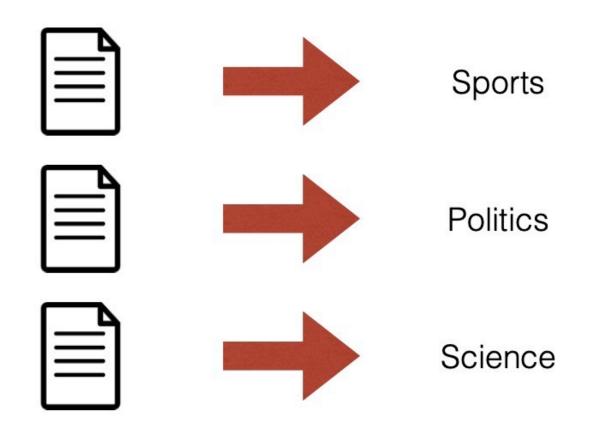
Automatic text summarization

Communicate without language barrier

Model and analyse properties of language

Speech recognition

NLP APPLICATIONS – TEXT OR DOCUMENT CATEGORIZATION



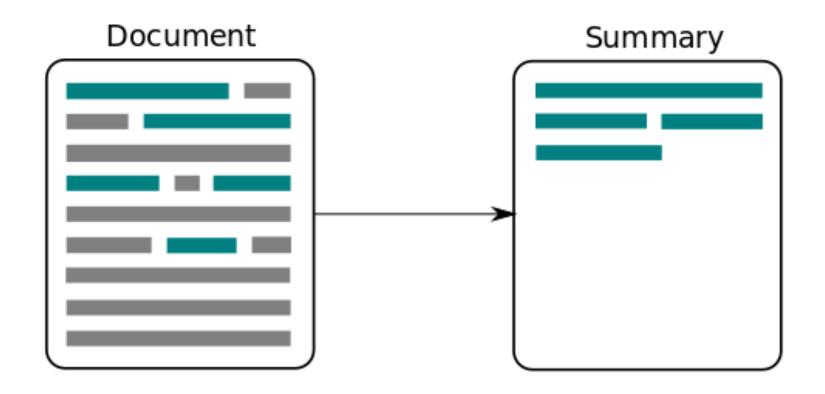
NLP APPLICATIONS – INFORMATION EXTRACTION

The task of **Information Extraction** involves extracting meaningful information from unstructured text

New York Times Co. named Russell T. Lewis, 45, president and general manager of its flagship New York Times newspaper, responsible for all business-side activities. He was executive vice president and deputy general manager. He succeeds Lance R. Primis, who in September was named president and chief operating officer of the parent.

Person	Company	Post	State
Russell T. Lewis	New York Times newspaper	president and general manager	start
Russell T. Lewis	New York Times newspaper	executive vice president	end
Lance R. Primis	New York Times Co.	president and CEO	start

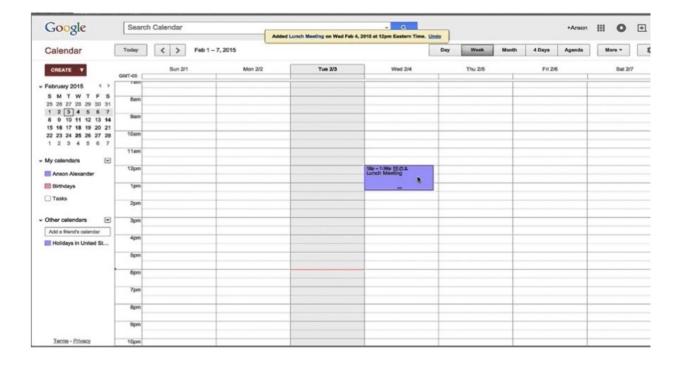
NLP APPLICATIONS – SUMMARIZATION



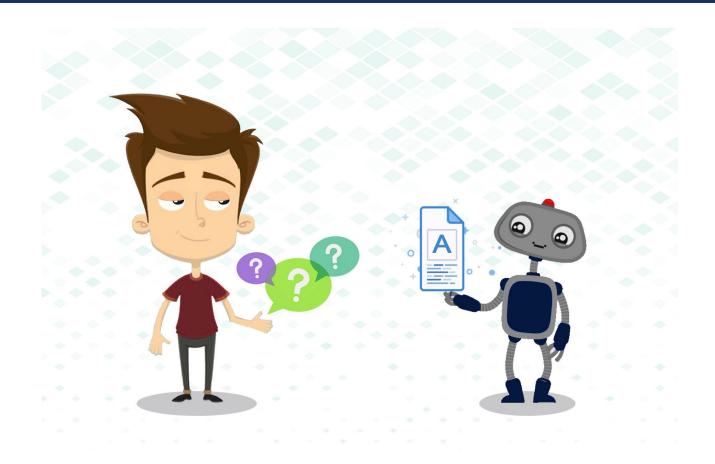
NLP APPLICATIONS – VIRTUAL ASSISTANTS



Move all my Wednesday meetigs in April with John to 5pm



NLP APPLICATIONS – QUESTION ANSWERING



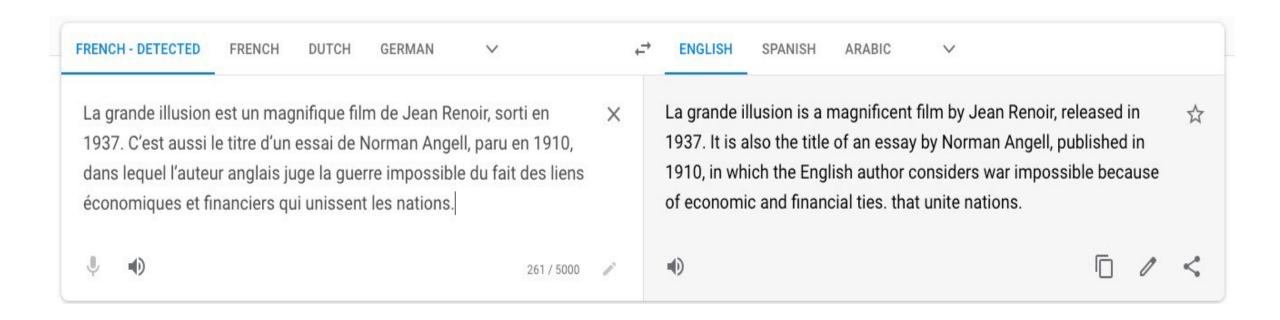
NLP APPLICATIONS – READING COMPREHENSION

More than a decade ago, Carl Lewis stood on the threshold of what was to become the greatest athletics career in history. He had just broken two of the legendary Jesse Owens' college records, but never believed he would become a corporate icon, the focus of hundreds of millions of dollars in advertising. His sport was still nominally amateur.

Eighteen Olympic and World Championship gold medals and 21 world records later, Lewis has become the richest man in the history of track and field – a multi-millionaire.

- Who is Carl Lewis?
- Did Carl Lewis break any world records?
- Is Carl Lewis wealthy? What about Jesse Owens?

NLP APPLICATIONS – MACHINE TRANSLATION



WHAT IS SPECIAL ABOUT NATURAL LANGUAGE?

Lingustic analysis

- Phonology sounds that make up language.
- Morphology study of words and how they are formed.
- Syntax structure of phrases, how words modify one another.
- Semantics meaning of language in the world.
- Discourse: relations between clauses and sentences

WHAT ARE THE CHALLENGES OF NLP?







VARIABILITY - LANGUAGES ARE COMPLEX



UNDERSTANDING REQUIRES VAST KNOWLEDGE AND EXPERIENCE

WHY IS NLP HARD – SYNTACTIC AMBIGUITY

Syntactic ambiguity: two or more possible meanings within a single sentence.

"Finally, a computer that understands you like your mother" (Ad , 1985)

- The computer understands you as well as your mother understands you.
- The computer understands that you like your mother.
- The computer understands you as well as it understands your mother.

WHY IS NLP HARD – SEMANTIC AMBIGUITY

Semantic ambiguity: occurs when a word, phrase or sentence, taken out of context, has more than one interpretation.

"We saw her duck"

The word "her duck" can can refer either to

- the person's bird the noun "duck" modified by the possessive pronoun "her"
- a motion she made the verb "duck", subject of the objective pronoun "her", object of the verb "saw"

WHY IS NLP HARD – LEXICAL AMBIGUITY

Lexical ambiguity: two or more possible meanings within a single word

Finally, a computer that understands your lie cured mother"

- The word *lie* can have multiple meanings in sentence the and will not change the context of the sentence.
- The ambiguity is on what cured mother
 - lie: an intentionally false statement
 - lie: spice or home-made remedy

WHY IS NLP HARD? - VARIABILITY



There are many ways to express the same meaning in language.

PWD ends up with 6 points.

PWD climbs by 6 points in the table.

PWD gains 6 points



Key computational challenge in NLP is to compute similarity of the above phrases.

WHY IS NLP HARD? – LANGUAGE IS NOT STATIC



New words added to dictionary

google, googling laggy greenwash



cyber lingo

#TBT => throwback Thursday

DM => direct message

LOL => laugh out loud

AMA => ask me anything

Troll => online troll

Epic fall => when some one fails

THE NLP PIPELINE

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Tokenizer and segmentation

identify words and sentences boundaries

Text normalization and vocabulary creation



Morphological analyzer

identify the structure of words



Word sense disambiguation

identify the meaning of words



Syntactic/semantic parser

obtain the structure and meaning of sentences



discourse analysis

keep track of the various entities and events mentioned

TEXT BOOKS

- Speech and Language Processing 3rd ed, Jurafsky and Martin. https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/
- 2. Natural Language Processing, Jacob Eisenstein. https://github.com/jacobeisenstein/gt-nlp-class/blob/master/notes/eisenstein-nlp-notes.pdf