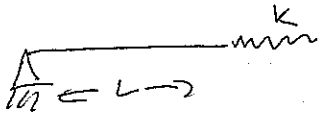


BC EXAMPLE (2.5)

~~POWER LINE (2.2)~~



$$I[u(x)] = \underbrace{\int_0^L \frac{1}{2} EA (\dot{u})^2 dx}_{\text{STRAIN ENERGY OF BAR}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} k [u(L)]^2}_{\text{STRAIN ENERGY OF SPRING}} - \underbrace{\int_0^L P(x) u(x) dx}_{\text{WORK DONE}}$$

$$0 = \delta I = \int_0^L EA \dot{u} \delta \dot{u} dx + k u(L) \delta u(L) - \int_0^L P(x) \delta u(x) dx$$

$$u = EA \dot{u} \quad v = \delta u$$

$$du = (EA \dot{u})' \quad dv = \delta \dot{u} dx$$

$$EA \dot{u} \delta u \Big|_0^L + k u(L) \delta u(L)$$

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

$$EA \dot{u} + k u = 0 \text{ @ } x = L$$

$$- \int_0^L (EA \dot{u})' \delta u dx - \int_0^L P \delta u dx$$

GOVERNING DIFF. EQ'S

$$-(P + (EA \dot{u})') = 0$$

POWER LINE (2.12)

$$I[y] = P \int_{x_0}^{x_1} y \sqrt{1+y^2} dx$$

POTENTIAL ENERGY

SUBJECT TO

$$y(x_0) = y_0$$

$$y(x_1) = y_1$$

$$J = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \sqrt{1+y^2} dx - C = 0$$

LENGTH OF POWER LINE IS CONSTANT

~~BY THE WAY~~

$$I^* = I + \lambda J = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \left[P y \sqrt{1+y^2} + \lambda \left(\sqrt{1+y^2} - \frac{C}{x_1 - x_0} \right) \right] dx$$

THIS MOVES C INSIDE INTEGRAL

$$F - y \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} = C \quad \leftarrow \text{USE THIS EULER-LAGRANGE FORMULA}$$

$$\frac{(\lambda + P y) \sqrt{1+y^2}}{R} - y (\lambda + P y) \frac{2y (\frac{1}{2})}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} = C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(\lambda + P y) (1+y^2)}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} = \frac{y^2 (\lambda + P y)}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} \Rightarrow \frac{\lambda + P y}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} = C_1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\lambda + P y}{C_1} = \sqrt{1+y^2} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\lambda + P y}{C_1} \right)^2 = 1+y^2 \Rightarrow y = \frac{dy}{dx} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\lambda + P y}{C_1} \right)^2 - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{WAS SOLUTION } \frac{P x}{C_1} + C_2 = \cosh^{-1} \left(\frac{P y + \lambda}{C_1} \right)$$

C_1, C_2, λ CAN BE FOUND FROM $J = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} \sqrt{1+y^2} dx = C$
AND $y(x_0) = y_0$ $y(x_1) = y_1$

BEAM (3.6) $U = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{M^2}{EI} = \frac{1}{2} \int EI \ddot{y}^2$ (STRAIN ENERGY OF BEAM)

$$I[y] = \int_0^L \left[\underbrace{\frac{1}{2} EI (\ddot{y})^2}_{\text{STRAIN ENERGY}} - \underbrace{f(x)y}_{\text{WORK DONE}} \right] dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} \delta I &= \int_0^L EI \ddot{y} \delta \ddot{y} dx - \int_0^L f \delta y dx \\ &= EI \ddot{y} \delta \ddot{y} \Big|_0^L - \int_0^L \frac{d}{dx} (EI \ddot{y}) \delta \ddot{y} dx - \int_0^L f \delta y dx \\ &= \underbrace{EI \ddot{y} \delta \ddot{y} \Big|_0^L - \frac{d}{dx} (EI \ddot{y}) \delta \ddot{y} \Big|_0^L}_{\text{BOUNDARY CONDITIONS}} + \underbrace{\int_0^L \frac{d^2}{dx^2} (EI \ddot{y} - f) \delta y dx}_{\text{EULER-LAGRANGE}} \end{aligned}$$

MINIMIZE FUNCTIONAL (3.7)

$$I^* = \int_{x_0}^{x_1} [y^2 - z^2 + \lambda(x)(\ddot{y} - y + z)] dx$$

EULER-LAGRANGE \Rightarrow

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial y} - \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial \dot{y}} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial z} - \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial \dot{z}} \right) = 0$$

$$2y - \lambda + \dot{\lambda} = 0$$

$$-2z + \lambda = 0$$

$$\text{AND } \ddot{y} - y + z = 0$$

$$z = \lambda/2$$

$$\ddot{y} - y = 0 \quad (\text{HOMOGENEOUS})$$

$$y_h = C_1 e^x$$

$$y_p = z = \lambda/2$$

CAN BE SOLVED FOR BOUNDARY CONDITIONS AS PROVIDED

$$\Rightarrow 2(C_1 e^x + \lambda/2)$$