CSI_4_FSD

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT COURSEWORK

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SUBMITTED TO: BRAHIM EL BOUDANI

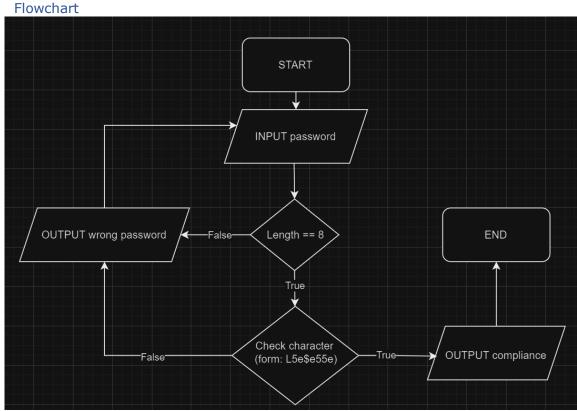
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Problem 1: Password Compliance

Pseudocode

- 1. Start
- 2. Input password
- 3. Check password length
 - a. If length of password is not equal to 8
 - b. Output "Invalid format"
 - c. End
- 4. Check each character in password
 - a. For each character at position I in the password
 - i. If i is in [1, 5, 6] and not alphanumeric Output "Invalid format" End
 - ii. If i is [0] and not a capital letter Output "Invalid format" End
 - iii. If i is [3] and not `\$' Output "Invalid format" End
 - iv. If i is [2, 4, 7] and not lowercase letter Output "Invalid format" End
- 5. Output "Password is compliant"
- 6. End



```
PasswordCompliance.c
 1
    #include <stdio.h>
 2
     #include <string.h>
 3
     #include <stdbool.h>
 4
 5
     //function to check if the password complies with the format
   pbool checkPasswordCompliance(char password[]) {
 7
         int length = strlen(password);
 8
         //check the length of password
 9
         if (length != 8)
                              {return false;}
10
         //check each character
11
         //check for uppercase letter in the first element of password
         if (!(password[0] >= 'A' && password[0] <= 'Z'))</pre>
12
                                                               {return false;}
13
         //check for number in the second element of password
         if (!(password[1] >= '0' && password[1] <= '9')) {return false;}</pre>
14
         //check for the lower case letter in the third element of password
15
         if (!(password[2] >= 'a' && password[2] <= 'z')) {return false;}</pre>
16
17
         //check dollar sign in the fourth element of password
                                      {return false;}
18
         if (password[3] != '$')
         //check for lower case letter in the fifth element of password
19
20
         if (!(password[4] >= 'a' && password[4] <= 'z'))</pre>
                                                                {return false;}
21
         //check for number in the sixth element of password
22
         if (!(password[5] >= '0' && password[5] <= '9'))</pre>
                                                               {return false;}
23
         //check for number in the seventh element of password
         if (!(password[6] >= '0' && password[6] <= '9'))</pre>
24
                                                               {return false;}
25
         //check for lower case letter in the last element of the password
26
         if (!(password[7] >= 'a' && password[7] <= 'z')) {return false;}</pre>
27
         //return true if non of the code above run
28
         return true;
29
30
31 ⊨int main() {
32
        //generate string
33
        char password[20];
34
35
        //print the format
36
        printf("Password format: 'L5e$e55e'\n");
37
38
        //enter the password
        printf("Enter the password: ");
39
40
        scanf("%s", password);
41
42
        //check the password and give output
43
        if(checkPasswordCompliance(password)) {
            //if the password is correct, print confirmation
44
            printf("The password complies with the specified rules.\n");
45
46
47
        else{
48
            //if the password is incorrect, print the line
            printf("The password does not comply with the specified rules.\n");
49
50
51
        return 0;
52
53
```

Output

Password format: 'L5e\$e55e'
Enter the password: A1b\$a28c
The password complies with the specified rules.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 17.095 s
Press any key to continue.

Password format: 'L5e\$e55e'
Enter the password: aB6\$jsi9
The password does not comply with the specified rules.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 13.901 s
Press any key to continue.

Problem 2: Word length and vowels counter

Pseudocode

- 1. Start
- 2. Input name of 10 sports
 For i from 1 to 10: Input sports name
- 3. Function to count vowel
- 4. Count length of the sport name

For i from 1 to 10:

Count vowels in sport name

If length of sport name > length of longest word

Longest word = sport name

Longest vowel = count of vowels

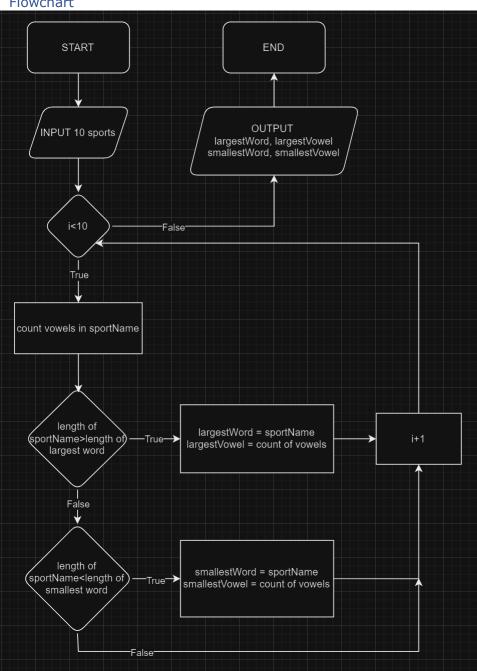
If length of sport name < length of smallest word

Smallest word = sport name

Smallest vowel = count of vowels

- 5. Output longest word, smallest word, longest vowel, smallest vowel
- 6. End

Flowchart



Word length and vowels counter.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
1
2
       #include <string.h>
 3
       #include <ctype.h>
 4
       // function count number of the sports
5
     int countVowels(char str[]) {
 6
          // assign count = 0
8
           int count=0;
           //generate a for loop from i = 0 to last character in string str
9
10
           for (int i=0; str[i]!='\0'; i++) {
              //assign ch = function tolower of string str
// tolower is a function to make the uppercase letter become lowercase letter
11
12
13
               char ch=tolower(str[i]);
14
               //if ch is vowel letter, count + 1
15
               if (ch=='a' || ch=='e' || ch=='i' || ch=='o' || ch=='u') {
16
                   count++;
17
18
19
           return count;
20
21
```

```
22 // main function
23
    int main() {
24
           // initialize variables
25
           char sports[10][50];
26
           char smallest[50], longest[50];
27
          int smallestVowels, longestVowels;
28
           int i;
29
30
           // get 10 sports name from user
           printf("Enter 10 sport names:\n");
31
32
           //generate for loop from i = 0 to 9
33
           for (i=0;i<10;i++) {
34
               // ask user to enter the sport name
35
               printf("Sport %d: ", i + 1);
36
               fgets(sports[i], sizeof(sports[i]), stdin);
37
               sports[i][strcspn(sports[i], "\n")] = '\0';
38
39
40
           // copy first name in sport string to smallest/longest string
           strcpy(smallest, sports[0]);
41
42
           strcpy(longest, sports[0]);
43
44
           // assign number of vowel to variable
45
           smallestVowels = countVowels(smallest);
46
           longestVowels = countVowels(longest);
47
48
           // for loop to find the smallest/longest sport name and the vowel
49
           for (i=0; i<10; i++) {
50
               // generate variable to count vowel
51
               int currentVowels = countVowels(sports[i]);
52
                // compare the length of the sport i with the smallest
53
                if (strlen(sports[i]) < strlen(smallest)) {</pre>
54
                    // copy the sport i to smallest
                    strcpy(smallest, sports[i]);
55
                    // count and assign number of vowel in sport \frac{1}{20} to variable smallestVowels
56
57
                    smallestVowels = currentVowels;
58
59
                // compare the length of the sport i with the longest
60
                if (strlen(sports[i])>strlen(longest)){
61
                    // copy the sport i to longest
62
                    strcpy(longest, sports[i]);
63
                    // count and assign number of vowel in sport i to variable longestVowels
64
                    longestVowels = currentVowels;
65
66
           }
67
```

```
68
          // print the output
          printf("\nThe smallest word is: %s (Vowels: %d)\n", smallest, smallestVowels );
70
           printf("The largest word is: %s (Vowels: %d)\n", longest, longestVowels);
71
72
           // print the tie word if there are two sports with the same number of letter
          printf("\nTied words:\n");
73
74
           // for loop from 0 to 9
          for(i=0;i<10;++i){
75
76
              // if length of sport i equal to length of smallest and different to smallest
77
               if(strlen(sports[i]) == strlen(smallest) && strcmp(sports[i], smallest)!=0){
78
                   // count and assign number of vowel in sport i to variable smallestVowels
                   smallestVowels = countVowels(sports[i]);
79
80
                   // print output
81
                   printf("Smallest: %s(Vowels: %d)\n", sports[i], smallestVowels);
82
83
               // if length of sport \frac{1}{4} equal to length of longest and different to longest
84
              if(strlen(sports[i]) == strlen(longest) && strcmp(sports[i],longest)!=0){
85
                  // count and assign number of vowel in sport i to variable longestVowels
                   longestVowels = countVowels(sports[i]);
86
87
                   // print output
88
                   printf("Longest: %s(Vowels: %d)\n", sports[i], longestVowels);
89
90
          return 0;
92
93
```

Output

```
Enter 10 sport names:
Sport 1: football
Sport 2: golf
Sport 3: basketball
Sport 4: hockey
Sport 5: ice skating
Sport 6: baseball
Sport 7: volleyball
Sport 8: beach volleyball
Sport 9: tennis
Sport 10: judo
The smallest word is: golf (Vowels: 1)
The largest word is: beach volleyball (Vowels: 5)
Tied words:
Smallest: judo(Vowels: 2)
                           execution time: 78.383 s
Process returned 0 (0x0)
Press any key to continue.
```

Problem 3: Statistic Library

Pseudocode

- I. StatisticLibrary.c
 - 1. Start
 - 2. Generate variable
 - 3. Use the function in stats.h
 - 4. Print output
 - 5. End
- II. Stats.h

- 1. Start
- 2. Generate variable for function
- 3. Function to calculate mean
- 4. Function to calculate median
- 5. Function to calculate standard deviation

Use function to find mean value

Create for loop from 0 to size of the string

 $Sum = sum + (arr[i] - meanValue)^2$ (Calculate the sum of square the difference between each number i of arr and the mean value)

Print out square root of sum / size of arr

6. Function to calculate kurtosis

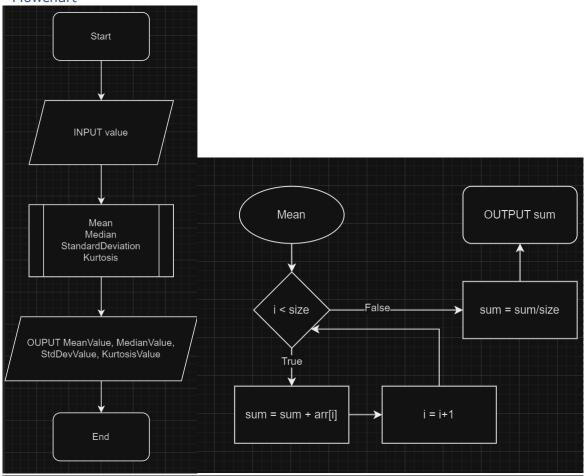
Use function to find mean value and standard deviation

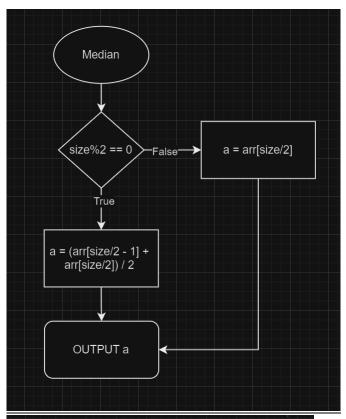
Create for loop from 0 to size of the string

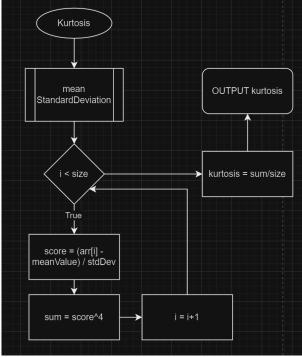
Sum = sum + $((arr[i] - meanValue) / standard deviation value)^4 (Calculate the sum of the difference between each number i of arr and the mean value divided by standard deviation value and power 4)$

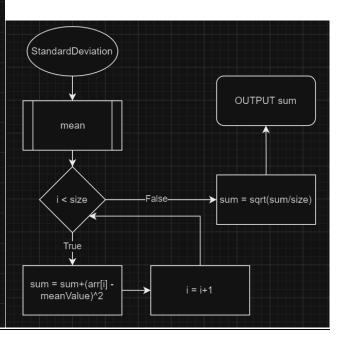
Print out square root of sum / size of arr

Flowchart









```
StatisticLibrary.c
```

18

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <math.h>
    #include "stats.h"
 6
    // Main function to test the statistics library
 7 pint main() {
        double britishCoins[] = {1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50};
8
        int size = sizeof(britishCoins) / sizeof(britishCoins[0]);
9
10
        // Use function to calculate
11
12
        double meanValue = mean(britishCoins, size);
13
        double medianValue = median(britishCoins, size);
        double kurtosisValue = kurtosis(britishCoins, size);
14
15
        double stdDevValue = standardDeviation(britishCoins, size);
16
17
        // Print value after calculate
        printf("Mean: %.2f\n", meanValue);
18
        printf("Median: %.2f\n", medianValue);
19
20
        printf("Kurtosis: %.2f\n", kurtosisValue);
21
        printf("Standard Deviation: %.2f\n", stdDevValue);
22
23
        return 0;
24
Stats.h
       #define STATS H
 2
 3
       //initialize function
 4
       double mean(const double arr[], int size);
 5
       double median(double arr[], int size);
       double kurtosis(const double arr[], int size);
 7
       double standardDeviation(const double arr[], int size);
 8
9
      // comparison function for geort
     int compareDoubles(const void *a, const void *b) {
11
12
           // compare value of a and b
13
           // if values are equal, return 0
14
           // if values a is greater, return 1
           // if values b is greater, return -1
15
           return (*(double *)a > *(double *)b) - (*(double *)a < *(double *)b);
16
17
```

```
19 // implementations of functions in stats.h
20
     double mean(const double arr[], int size) {
21
22
           //initialize sum
23
           double sum = 0;
24
           // for loop to calculate the sum
25
26
           for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
27
                sum += arr[i];
28
29
30
           //return mean
31
           return sum / size;
      L,
32
33
34
     double median(double arr[], int size) {
35
36
           // sort arr string
37
           qsort(arr, size, sizeof(double), compareDoubles);
38
39
          // if size is even, find the average of two middle values
          if (size % 2 == 0) {
40
41
              //return median
42
               return (arr[size / 2 - 1] + arr[size / 2]) / 2.0;
43
           } else {
              // if size is odd
44
45
              //return meadian
46
              return arr[size / 2];
47
           }
      L }
48
49
     double standardDeviation(const double arr[], int size) {
50
51
          // calculate meanValue
52
          double meanValue = mean(arr, size);
53
54
          // initialize sum
          double sum = 0;
55
56
57
          // for loop to find difference from mean in arr size
           for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
58
59
              sum += pow(arr[i] - meanValue, 2);
60
61
          // return standard deviation
62
63
           return sqrt(sum / size);
64
65
```

```
66 double kurtosis(const double arr[], int size) {
67
68
          // calculate mean and standard deviation
69
          double meanValue = mean(arr, size);
          double stdDevValue = standardDeviation(arr, size);
70
71
72
          // initialize variables
73
          double sum = 0;
74
75
         // calculate the score for each element based on mean and standard deviation
76
          // raise score to the fourth power, adds it to sum
77
         for (int i = 0; i < size; ++i) {
78
              double score = (arr[i] - meanValue) / stdDevValue;
79
              sum += pow(score, 4);
80
         }
          // return kurtosis
81
82
          return sum/size;
    L,
83
84
```

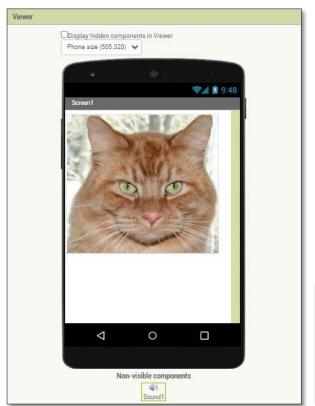
Output

```
Median: 7.50
Kurtosis: 3.23
Standard Deviation: 17.03

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 1.009 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Mixed Leaarning Week 1 Project Meow

Designer Page





	BackgroundColor (?) Default
	FontBold ®
	FontItalic ®
	FontSize ®
	14.0
	2
	FontTypeface (7)
	default
	Height ®
	Automatic
	Width ®
	Automatic
	Image ®
Properties	kitty.png
	Shape ^(?)
Sound1 (Sound)	default •
oddia'i (oddia)	ShowFeedback ®
▼ Behavior	☑
	Text ®
MinimumInterval (?)	
500	TextAlignment ®
300	center:1 +
2	TextColor ®
Source ®	Default
meow.mp3	Visible ^⑦

Properties Button1 (Button)

Blocks Page

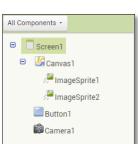
```
when Button1 . Click
do call Sound1 .Play
```

₩

Project Moustache Man

Designer Page













Blocks Page

```
when Button1 Click
do call Camera1 AfterPicture

when Camera1 AfterPicture

image

do set imageSprite1 Picture to get image set imageSprite1 Description

set imageSprite1 Canvas1 Height to Canvas1 Width

when imageSprite2 Dragged

startX startY prevX prevY currentX currentY

do call imageSprite2 MoveTo

x get currentX get currentY get currentY get currentY y
```

Project drawing dots

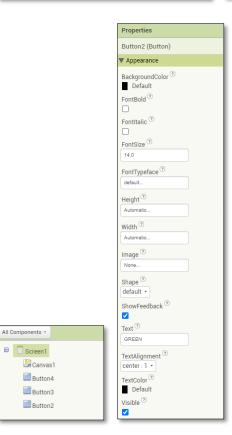
Designer Page







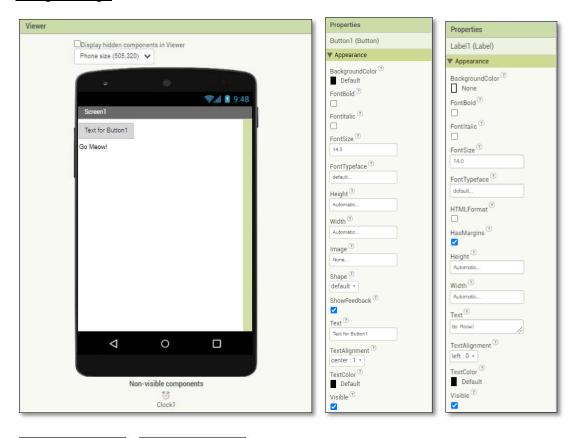




Blocks Page

Project counting up

Designer Page





Blocks Page

```
when Button1 · Click
do set Clock1 · TimerEnabled · to true ·

initialize global mycounter to 
when Clock1 · Timer
do set Label1 · Text · to get global mycounter ·
set global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 
get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

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get global mycounter · to get global mycounter · 

get global myc
```

Mixed Learning Week 2

```
In [1]: myname = "Khanh"
 In [2]: year = 2023
 In [3]: pi = 3.14
In [5]: bool_ = True
In [6]: x = 2; y = 3; z = 5
In [8]: print (x-y)
print (x+y)
print (x*2)
print (z/x)
print (z/x)
print (z%x)
           -1
5
10
2.5
2
In [9]: earth_radius_km = 6371
km_to_miles = 0.621371
In [10]: earth_radius_miles = earth_radius_km * km_to_miles
           altitude_meters = altitude_feet * feet_to_meters
In [11]: print (earth_radius_miles)
print (altitude_meters)
In [12]: earth_radius_miles = km_to_miles * earth_radius_km
In [13]: print (earth_radius_miles)
           3958.754641
In [14]: k = 3
In [15]: k = True
In [16]: print (k)
           True
```

```
In [17]: print (myname, k, year)
                 Khanh True 2023
  In [18]: glass = 0.5
pull = 0.4
glass += pull
print (glass)
print (pull)
                 0.9
0.4
  In [19]: glass *= pull
print (glass)
  In [20]: x //= y print (x)
                 0
  In [21]: x = 5
x %= y
print (x)
  In [24]: x = 5
  In [25]: if (x%2==0):
    print ("You got an even number")
else:
    print ("You got an odd number")
                 You got an odd number
  In [39]: year = 2020
  In [40]: if (year%400==0) or (year%4==0 and year%100!=0):
    print ("This year is a leap year")
else:
    print ("This year is not a leap year")
                 This year is a leap year
Mixed Learning Week 3
         In [1]: for i in range (11): print (i)
```

```
10
In [2]: for i in range (11):
    if(i%2==0):
        print (i)
                    10
In [3]: start = int(input("Enter start number: "))
end = int(input("Enter end number: "))
for i in range (start, end+1):
    print (i)
                   Enter start number: 0
Enter end number: 10
```

```
In [4]:
s1 = int(input("Enter start number: "))
e1 = int(input("Enter end number: "))
step = int(input("Enter number for step: "))
for i in range (s1,e1+1,step):
    print (i)
                         Enter start number: 0
Enter end number: 20
Enter number for step: 2
                         0
2
4
6
8
10
12
14
16
18
20
In [5]: a = 0
while (a<=17):
print (a)
a = a+1
                         2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
In [6]:
    x = 0
while (x<=28):
    if (x%2!=0):
        print (x)
    x = x+1</pre>
                         1
3
5
7
9
11
13
15
17
19
21
23
                          25
27
In [7]: k = int(input("Enter a number: "))
    count = 0
    while (count<=k):
        if (count%10==0):
            print (count)
        count = count+1</pre>
                         Enter a number: 35
0
10
20
30
In [8]: for i in range(0,15):
    print (i)
    if (i==10):
        break
                           0
                           8
                           10
In [9]: for i in range (0,18):
    if (1%2!=0):
        print (1)
    if (i==12):
        break
                           9
11
```

```
In [13]: h = int(input("Enter a number: "))
c = 0
while (c<=h):
    print (c)
    if (c==h//2):
        break
    c = c+1</pre>
                     Enter a number: 24
                    4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
  In [1]: b = 0
while (b<=9):
    if(b%2!=0):
    b = b+1
    continue
print (b)
b = b+1</pre>
                     6
8
 In [3]: 

n = 0

while (n<-16):

if (n%2!-0):

n = n+1

continue

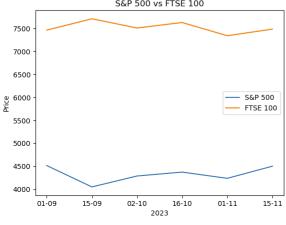
print (n)

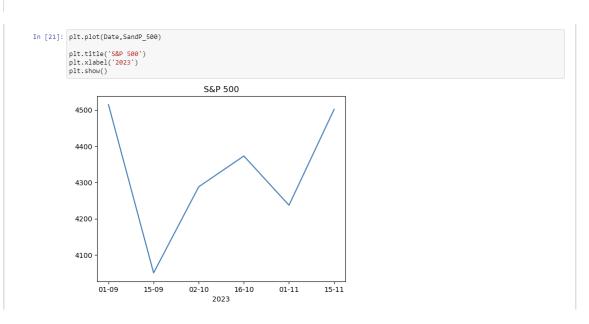
n = n+1
                   0
2
4
6
8
10
                    12
14
   In [5]: ave3(1,2,3)
   In [6]: def sum5(a,b,c,d,e):
    s = a+b+c+d+e
    print (s)
   In [8]: sum5(1,2,3,4,5)
   In [9]: import cmath
In [10]:

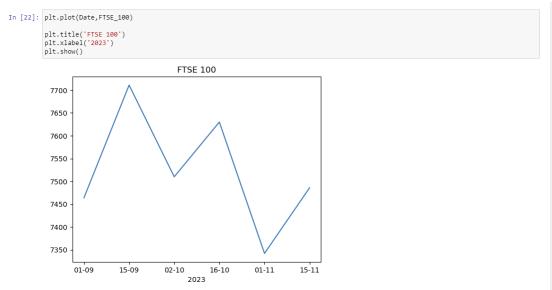
def math(a,b,c):
    print(f"{a}x^2 + {b}x + {c} = 0")
    x = cmath.sqrt(b*b - 4*a*c)
    delta = b*b - 4*a*c
    if (delta*0):
        root1 = (-b + x)/(2*a)
        roturn root2
    if (delta*0):
        print ("no solution")
In [11]: math(2,3,6)
                   2x^2 + 3x + 6 = 0
no solution
 In [12]: math(1,2,1)
                  1x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0
Out[12]: (-1+0j)
```

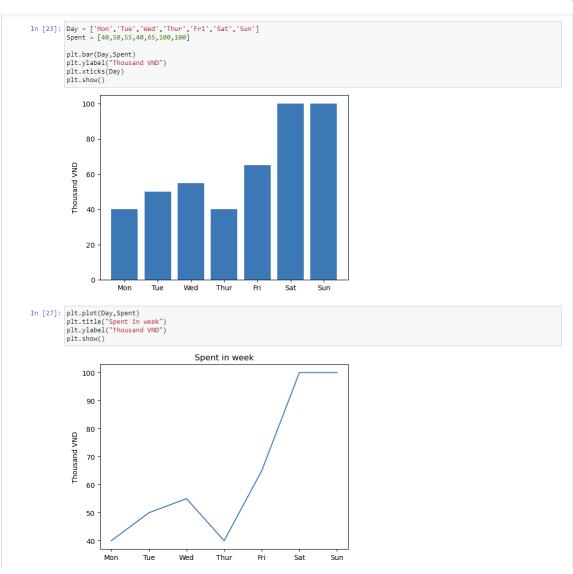
```
In [14]: name = str(input("Enter your name: "))
In [15]: DoB = int(input("Enter your year of birth: "))
            Enter your year of birth: 2005
In [16]: age = 2023 - DoB
print(name, age)
              Khanh 18
In [17]: def area_triangle():
    height = int(input("Enter triangle height: "))
    width = int(input("Enter triangle width: "))
    area = (height*width)/2
                   return area
In [18]: area_triangle()
             Enter triangle height: 6
Enter triangle width: 5
Out[18]: 15.0
In [19]:
    def area_circle():
        radius = int(input("Enter radius:"))
        area = radius*radius*3.14159
        return area
In [20]: area_circle()
             Enter radius:4
Out[20]: 50.26544
In [22]: def volume_cylinder():
    r = int(input("Enter radius: "))
    h = int(input("Enter height: "))
    v = 3.14159*r*r*h
    return v
In [23]: volume_cylinder()
             Enter radius: 5
Enter height: 4
Out[23]: 314.159
In [25]: circumference_earth()
Out[25]: 40030.13978
 In [ ]:
```

Mixed Learning Week 4







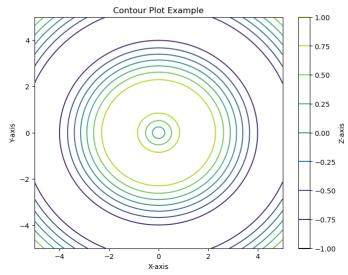


```
In [28]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
y = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)
Z = np.sin(np.sqrt(X**2 + Y**2))

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
contour_plot = plt.contour(X, Y, Z, cmap='viridis')

plt.title('Contour Plot Example')
plt.xlabel('X-axis')
plt.ylabel('Y-axis')
plt.colrobar(contour_plot, label='Z-axis')
plt.show()
```

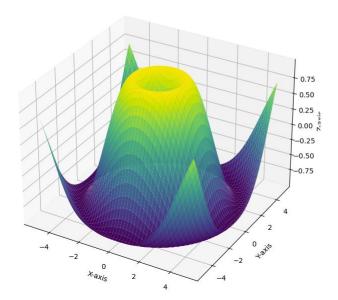


```
In [7]: x = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
y = np.linspace(-5, 5, 100)
X, Y = np.meshgrid(x, y)
Z = np.sin(np.sqrt(X**2 + Y**2))

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
ax.plot_surface(X, Y, Z, cmap='viridis')

ax.set_title('3D Plot Example')
ax.set_xlabel('X-axis')
ax.set_ylabel('Y-axis')
ax.set_zlabel('Y-axis')
plt.show()
```

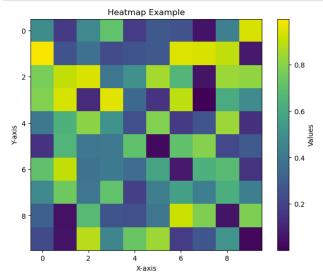
3D Plot Example



```
In [5]: data = np.random.rand(10, 10)
    plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
    heatmap = plt.imshow(data, cmap='viridis', interpolation='nearest')

plt.title('Heatmap Example')
    plt.xlabel('Y-axis')
    plt.ylabel('Y-axis')
    plt.colorbar(heatmap, label='Values')

plt.show()
```



```
In [9]: age_gender = pd.read_csv("age_gender.csv",delimiter=',')
```

In [10]: age_gender[["ethnicity","img_name"]]

Out[10]:

	ethnicity	img_name
0	2	20161219203650636.jpg.chip.jpg
1	2	20161219222752047.jpg.chip.jpg
2	2	20161219222832191.jpg.chip.jpg
3	2	20161220144911423.jpg.chip.jpg
4	2	20161220144914327.jpg.chip.jpg
23700	0	20170120221920654.jpg.chip.jpg
23701	1	20170120134639935.jpg.chip.jpg
23702	2	20170110182418864.jpg.chip.jpg
23703	2	20170117195405372.jpg.chip.jpg
23704	0	20170110182052119.jpg.chip.jpg

23705 rows × 2 columns



Mixed Learning Week 5

Flask

App.py

App print out 'Hello World'

```
from flask import Flask

app = Flask(__name__)

app.route('/')
def index():
    return 'Hello world'

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
```

App2.py

Application to print 'Hello my name is Khanh', 'my student ID is 4238064' and 'I am studying Computer Science' in three separate lines using
 to down the line

```
from flask import Flask
1
 2
 3
   app = Flask(__name__)
4
5
   @app.route('/')
6
   def index():
       response = 'Hello my name is Khanhkbr>'
8
       response += 'my student ID is 4238064<br>'
9
       response += 'I am studying Computer Science'
10
       return response
11
   if name == ' main ':
12
       app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
13
```

App3.py

Line 1, 2: Import Flask, render_template and random

Line 4: Create application

Line 7-11: Function to generate year from 0 to 2021

- If year divisible for 4 and not divisible for 100, or divisible for 400 à return True
- Else return False

Line 13-21: Index function

- · Generate random year
- Use leap_year function
- If year is True à assign x = "is"
- Else assign x = "is not"
- Return

Line 23, 24: Run application

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
 2 import random
4 app = Flask(__name__)
 6 #function to check the Leap year
 7 def leap_year(year):
     if (year%4==0 and year%100!=0) or (year%400==0):
8
9
           return True
10
      else:
          return False
11
12
13 @app.route('/')
14 def index():
      random_year = random.randint(0,2021)
15
16
       year = leap_year(random_year)
17
       if year:
          x = "is"
18
20
           x = "is not"
       return f"Rendom year {random_year} is generated, which {x} a leap year"
21
22
23 if __name__ == '__main__':
       app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
```

App4.py

Line 1, 2: Import Flask and turtle

Line 4: Create application

Line 7, 8: Function to draw a circle

Line 11-31: Index function

- 13: Set turtle speed 1
- 14: Draw a circle with radius 100
- 15: Seet turtle canvas as an image
- 16: Clean up turtle
- 17-30: Generate HTML response
- Return

Line 33, 34: Run application

```
1 from flask import Flask
 2 import turtle
 4 app = Flask(__name__)
 6 # Function to draw a circle
 7 def draw_circle(radius):
       turtle.circle(radius)
9
10 # Flask route to display the circle
11 @app.route('/')
12 def index():
     turtle.speed(1)
13
14
      draw_circle(100)
      turtle.getcanvas().postscript(file="static/circle.eps")
15
      turtle.done()
17
      html_response =
      <!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
18
19
20
      <head>
21
           <meta charset="UTF-8">
           <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
22
          <title>Circle Drawing</title>
23
      </head>
24
25
      <body>
       <h1>Circle Drawing</h1>
26
           <img src="static/circle.eps" alt="Circle">
27
      </body>
28
      </html>
29
30
       return html_response
32
33 if __name__ == '__main__':
       app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
34
```

App5.py

Line 1: Import Flask and request module

Line 2: Create a Flask application

Line 5-17:

- Define the index route
- Display html form with input for 'name' and 'age'
- Submitted the form to the '/greet'

Line 19-24:

- Define the '/greet' route that only accepts POST requests
- Ask for 'name' and 'age' from user using request.form
- Constructs a greeting string and returns

Line 26, 27: Run the application

```
1 from flask import Flask, request
 3 app = Flask(__name__)
 5 @app.route('/')
 6 def index():
7
     return (
           '<form action="/greet" method="post">'
           '<label for="name">Name:</label>'
9
           '<input type="text" id="name" name="name" required>'
10
           'kbr>'
11
           '<label for="age">Age:</label>'
12
          '<input type="text" id="age" name="age" required>'
13
          'kbr>'
14
          '<input type="submit" value="Submit">'
15
          '</form>'
16
       )
17
18
19 @app.route('/greet', methods=['POST'])
20 def greet():
      name = request.form['name']
21
      age = request.form['age']
22
23
      greeting = f"Hello, {name}! You are {age} years old."
24
       return greeting
25
26 if __name__ == '__main__':
       app.run(debug=True,host='0.0.0.0')
27
28
```

New Page

App.py

Create a page and route call cakes

```
1 from flask import Flask
3 app = Flask(__name__)
4
5 @app.route('/')
6 def index():
      return 'Hello world'
7
8
9 @app.route('/cakes')
10 def cakes():
    return 'Yummy cakes!'
11
12
13 if __name__ == '__main__':
      app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
14
```

App2.py

Add 2 pages 'myproflie' and 'my_print_credit'

```
1 from flask import Flask
3 app = Flask(__name__)
4
5 @app.route('/')
6 def index():
      response = 'Hello my name is Khanhkbr>'
8
       response += 'my student ID is 4238064<br>'
      response += 'I am studying Computer Science'
9
10
      return response
11
12 @app.route('/myprofile')
13 def profile():
       response = 'My full name is Nguyen Doan Gia Khanh<br>
14
       response += 'I am a first year at LSBUkbr>'
15
       response += 'My favourite sport is football'
16
      return response
17
18
19 @app.route('/my_print_credit')
20 def credit():
      return f"My credit number: 500£"
21
22
23 if __name__ == '__main__':
       app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
```

App3.py

Add 2 pages 'abc' and 'xyz'

```
1 | from flask import Flask, render_template
 2 import random
 4 app = Flask(__name__)
 6 #function to check the Leap year
 7 def leap_year(year):
8 if (year%4==0 and year%100!=0) or (year%400==0):
            return True
10
        else:
            return False
11
12
13 @app.route('/')
14 def index():
       random_year = random.randint(0,2021)
16
        year = leap_year(random_year)
17
       if year:
            x = "is"
18
19
       else:
21
       return f"Rendom year {random_year} is generated, which {x} a leap year"
22
23
   @app.route('/abc')
24 def abc():
       return f"Happy New Year"
25
26
   @app.route('/xyz')
28 def xyz():
29
       return f"Happy Lunar New Year"
30
31 if __name__ == '__main__':
32 app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
```

HTML webpage

App.py

```
1 from flask import Flask, render_template
  2
  3 app = Flask(__name__)
  4
  5 @app.route('/')
  6 def index():
  7
        return render_template('index.html')
  8
 9 @app.route('/cakes')
 10 def cakes():
        return render_template('cakes.html')
 11
 12
 13 if __name__ == '__main__':
        app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
cakes.html
 <html>
 <body>
<hl>Yummy cake!!!</hl>
</body>
</html>
App2.py
 1 from flask import Flask, render_template
    app = Flask(__name__)
 5 @app.route('/')
   def index():
       response = 'Hello my name is Khanhkbr>'
       response += 'my student ID is 4238064<br>
 8
       response += 'I am studying Computer Science'
 9
 10
       return response
 11
 12 @app.route('/profile')
 13 def profile():
        return render_template('my_profile.html')
 14
 15
 16 @app.route('/credit')
 17 def credit():
       return render_template('my_print_credit.html')
 18
 19
 20 if __name__ == '__main__':
        app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
my_profile.html
<html>
<body>
<hl>My profile</hl>
My full name is Nguyen Doan Gia Khanh<br>
I am a first year at LSBU<br>
My favourite sport is football
</body>
</html>
my_print_credit.html
```

```
<html>
<body>
<hl>My credit</hl>
My credit: 500£
</body>
</html>
App3.py
 1 from flask import Flask, render_template
 2 import random
 4 app = Flask(__name__)
 6 #function to check the Leap year
 7 def leap_year(year):
     if (year%4==0 and year%100!=0) or (year%400==0):
 9
         return True
10
     else:
         return False
11
12
13 @app.route('/')
14 def index():
15
     random_year = random.randint(0,2021)
      year = leap_year(random_year)
16
17
      if year:
         X = "is"
18
19
      else:
         x = "is not"
20
      return f"Rendom year {random_year} is generated, which {x} a leap year"
21
22
23 @app.route('/abc')
24 def abc():
25
     return render_template('zero.html')
26
27 @app.route('/xyz')
28 | def xyz():
     return render_template('one.html')
29
30
31 if __name__ == '__main__':
      app.run(debug = True, host = '0.0.0.0')
zero.html
                                              one.html
                                              <html>
<html>
                                              <body>
                                              <hl>My profile</hl>
<body>
                                              <u1>
<hl>Page zero</hl>
                                                    happy
                                                    new
Happy new year
                                                    year
</body>
                                              </body>
</html>
                                              </html>
```

Reflection

The lesson in week 1 helps you understand more about basic button arrangement and how it works. From there, my thinking becomes clearer about how the program works. In the following weeks, I will learn more about the python programming language. This programming language is very easy for beginners to learn and is very different from the C programming language. In addition to not having to declare variable names, programming on jupyter notebook is also convenient for seeing results immediately after coding. Last week Flask was introduced as a tool to learn more about how to run programmed applications on the web. Although it is more difficult than python because it

will require more code to apply to the website, in the end, it also expands knowledge about how the application works on the website.

Conclusion

I found the lessons very helpful in learning more about the programming language, especially the mixed learning. Because I had previously learned about the C programming language, so the related exercises did not cause any major obstacles. Eventhough this is the first time code python but I met no struggling in it. In the other hand, the Flask code are harder because I rarely found the document related it and easy to understand them. Finally, the problem in courework are include all the work in the lectures and also have a lot of extra information which are not too hard to find on the internet.

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