## Appendix

Figure 1. Accident Data Tables Description

Table	Description
accident person vehicle	"basic accident details, time, severity, location" "person based details, age, sex etc" "vehicle based data, vehicle type, make etc"
accident_event road_surface_cond	"sequence of events e.g. left road, rollover, caught fire" "whether road was wet, dry, icy etc"
atmospheric_cond sub_dca accident_node	"rain, winds etc" detailed codes describing accident master location table - NB subset of accident table
Node	Lat/Long references

Figure 2. Accident Data Tables Description

FIELD NAME TYPE	WIDT	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
ACCIDENT_DATFext	255	Accident Date	dd/mm/yyyy. (e.g.: 10 July 1995 = 10/07/1995)
ACCIDENT_TIMText STAT_DIV_NAMText	255 40	Accident Time STAT_DIV_NAME is a character field indicating the Metro Melbourne or Country region where the crash occurred.	hh.mm.ss "Metro, Country."
ACCIDENT_NO Text	12	"From November 2005 the accident number field was changed to be 12 character field, starting with T (for example, T20060123456) Where characters 2 to 5 are the year in which accident was registered; Where characters 6 to 12 are a numeric sequencing numbers"	"Example: 12001012345, T20060006259"
ACCIDENTDATEDate		Date of accident. Australian format DD/MM/YYYY	(e.g.: $10 \text{ July } 1995 = 10/07/1995$ )
ACCIDENTTIMEText	225	"hh.mm.ss. Original date stored in 24 hour format (ie 1pm = 1300 hours)  Note the common practice used by the Police, when originally coding up the accident details, of 'rounding off the time' to the nearest 5 minutes or even nearest hour. This naturally occurs because in the vast majority of accidents police arrive at the scene well after the accident occurred and so the 'REAL' time of the accident is never precisely known."	Examples of various PC time formats: 24 Hour format 2:35:00 PM = 14:35 or 12 Hour format 2:35:00 PM = 02:35PM 9999 Unknown time midnight = 00:00
ACCIDENT_TYPMenmbe	r	"the type of accident. It is a basic description of what occurred, based on nine categories."	2 Struck pedestrian 3 Struck animal 4 Collision with a fixed object 5 Collision with some other object 6 Vehicle overturned (no collision) 7 Fall from or in moving vehicle 8 No collision and no object struck 9 Other accident
DAY_OF_WEEKNumbe	r	the day of the week upon which the accident occurred	<ul><li>1 Sunday</li><li>2 Monday</li><li>3 Tuesday</li><li>4 Wednesday</li><li>5 Thursday</li></ul>

FIELD NAME	TYPE WID	TH DEFINITION	DOMAIN
DOL COTT	m / °		6 Friday 7 Saturday
DCA_CODE Part 1	Text 3	the Definitions for Classifying Accidents	
LIGHT_CONDI	T <b>NO</b> mber	the light condition or level of brightness at the time of the accident.	1 Day
			<ul> <li>2 Dusk/dawn</li> <li>3 Dark street lights on</li> <li>4 Dark street lights off</li> <li>5 Dark no street lights</li> <li>6 Dark street lights unknown</li> <li>9 Unknown</li> </ul>
NO_PERSONS	Number 4	the number of people involved in the accident	
NO_PERSONS_	_KNLLIDE₽ 4	Number of people with a given injury level	
NO_PERSONS_	_IN <b>J</b> <u>m</u> <b>2</b> er 4	Number of people with a given injury level	
DCA_CODE Part 2	Text 3		
NO_PERSONS_	_IN <b>J</b> <u>m</u> \$er 4	Number of people with a given injury level	
NO_PERSONS_	_NOTEDEN4	the number of people that were not injured in the accident	
NO_OF_VEHIO	CLINGmber 4	"the number of vehicles involved in the accident. Includes bicycles but not objects, property, toys (skate boards), etc."	
POLICE_ATTE	N <b>D</b> umber	Whether or not the police attended the scene of the accident.	1 Yes
			2 No
ROAD_GEOME	ET <b>iRiY</b> mber	The layout of the road where the accident occurred	9 Not known 1 Cross intersection
			<ul> <li>2 'T' Intersection</li> <li>3 'Y' Intersection</li> <li>4 Multiple intersections</li> <li>5 Not at intersection</li> <li>6 Dead end</li> <li>7 Road closure</li> <li>8 Private property</li> <li>9 Unknown</li> </ul>
SEVERITY	Text	VicRoads estimation of the severity or seriousness of the accident	1 Fatal accident
			<ul><li>2 Serious injury accident</li><li>3 Other injury accident</li><li>4 Non injury accident</li></ul>
DIRECTORY	Text	indicates the name of the street directory used to provide a map reference for the accident.	MEL Melway directory
			VCD Vic Roads directory

FIELD NAME	TYPE	WIDTI	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
EDITION	Text	70	the edition or version of the street directory used to provide a map reference for the accident	MEL Melway directory
				VCD Vic Roads directory
PAGE	Text	70	the page number of the street directory used to provide a map reference for the accident	e.g. ED30 MEL Melway directory VCD Vic Roads directory e.g. 91A
GRID_REFERE	N <b>C</b> as <u>t</u> X	70	the grid reference in the x direction of the cell in the street directory used to provide a map reference for the accident.	
GRID_REFERE	N <b>C</b> E <u>t</u> X	70	the grid reference in the y direction of the cell in the street directory used to provide a map reference for the accident.	
SPEED_ZONE	Text	3	the speed zone at the location of the accident. The speed zone is generally assigned to the main vehicle involved.	$040~40~\mathrm{km/hr}$
			assigned to the main venicle involved.	050 50 km/hr 060 60 km/hr 075 75 km/hr 080 80 km/hr 090 90 km/hr 100 100 km/hr 110 110 km/hr 777 Other speed limit "888 Camping grounds, off road" 999 Not known
NODE_ID	Text	70	The node id of the accident. It starts with 1 and incremented by one when a new accident location is indentified.	e.g. 43078
EVENT_SEQ_N	N <b>O</b> Number	r 4	It starts with 1 and incremented for more than one event in the same accident.	
EVENT_TYPE	Text	1	type of incident event	0 Not applicable 1 Rollover on/off carriageway 2 Fell from vehicle 3 Ran off carriageway 4 Mechanical failure 5 Struck by stone/projectile/load 6 Fell in vehicle 8 Other 9 Not known C Collision
VEHICLE_1_ID	) Text	1	first vehicle involved in the event	Complete

FIELD NAME TYPE	WIDTI	HDEFINITION	DOMAIN
VEHICLE_1_COllextPT	` 1	collision point on the vehicle.	0 Towed unit 1 Right front corner 2 Right side (forwards) 3 Right side (rearwards) 4 Right rear corner 5 Left front corner 6 Left side (forwards) 7 Left side (rearwards) 8 Left rear corner 9 Not known or Not Applicable F Front N None R Rear S Sidecar T Top/Roof U Undercarriage
VEHICLE_2_ID Text	1	second vehicle involved in the event.	7,
VEHICLE_2_COllextPT	`1	collision point on the vehicle.	0 Towed unit 1 Right front corner 2 Right side (forwards) 3 Right side (rearwards) 4 Right rear corner 5 Left front corner 6 Left side (forwards) 7 Left side (rearwards) 8 Left rear corner 9 Not known or Not Applicable F Front N None R Rear S Sidecar T Top/Roof U Undercarriage
PERSON_ID Text	2	person involved in the specific accident	
OBJECT_TYPE Text	2	event object involved in the specific accident event	1 Pole (telephone/electricity) 2 Tree (shrub/scrub) 3 Fence/Wall (including gates) 17 Traffic island
COMPLEX_INT_NYMANDE	r 4	"the segment is part of a complex intersection. If accident is located in complex intersection, the field has non zero value."	0 Not part of a complex intersection 1-n Valid complex intersection number
ROAD_ROUTE_Number	r 4	This is the primary road/route number for road_name_1.	Group Classifications are: 2000-2999 Freeways or Highways 3000-3999 Forest Rds 4000-4999 Tourist Rds 5000-5999 Main Rds 7000-7999 Ramps (mainly Freeway ramps) 9999 Unclassified Roads e.g. Council / Local roads
ROAD_NAME Text	45	highest priority road at intersection OR road on which accident took place.	o.g. council / Beech Teads
ROAD_TYPE Text	15	type of Road_Name	
ROAD_NAME_IN ext	45	the primary name of the intersecting road	
ROAD_TYPE_INDext	15	the type or suffix of the intersecting	
DISTANCE_LOC <b>NTHON</b>	r 4	road the distance (in metres) of the accident from the nearest intersecting road (if the crash is a non-intersection or mid-block accident).	Eg: 153

FIELD NAME	TYPE WID	DOMAIN	
DIRECTION_L	OCATION2	the direction of the accident from the nearest intersecting road (if the crash is a non-intersection or mid-block accident)	N North
		,	NE North East
			E East
			SE South East
			S South
			SW South West
			W West
			NW North West UK Not known
NEAREST_KM	MOSTor 1	the distance (in metres) of the accident	OK NOU KHOWH
MEAILEST_IM	INCLUDED 4	to the nearest or closest kilometre post	
NEAREST_KM	<b>NOS</b> 15er 4	the distance (in metres) of the accident	
		to the nearest or closest kilometre post	
OFF_ROAD_L	OCASTION40	the name of the closest landmark or	
		marker to the accident	
ATMOSPH_CO	NDDext 1	atmospheric condition	1 Clear
			2 Raining
			3 Snowing
			4 Fog
			5 Smoke 6 Dust
			7 Strong winds
			9 Not known
ATMOSPH_CONNuiSEQ 4		1 and incremented by 1 if more than	0 1.00 1115 1111
		one atmospheric condition is entered	
		for the same incident	
LONGITUDE	Double 8	Geographical coordinates	
LATITUDE	Double 8	Geographical coordinates	
NODE_TYPE	Number 1	location type identified by the RCIS	I Intersection
		spatial system	N Non-Intersection
			O Off Road
			U Unknown
$AMG_X$	Double 8	"AMG coordinate X value. With the	e.g. 2519154.655
		emergence of digital mapping (mid	
		1980s), the (then) Lands Department	
		of Victoria defined a projection which	
		would allow Victoria to be viewed as a	
		single, continuous map coverage, rather	
		than as multiple zones. This projection, known in VicRoads as Pseudo AMG, is	
		based on AGD 66, but uses a UTM	
		modified to have scale distortion of 1.0	
		at its centre, a centre based on 145	
		degrees longitude (Melbourne) and a	
		single zone covering the whole state."	
		single zone covering the whole state.	

FIELD NAME	TYPE	WIDTI	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
AMG_Y	Double	8	"AMG coordinate Y value. With the emergence of digital mapping (mid 1980s), the (then) Lands Department of Victoria defined a projection which would allow Victoria to be viewed as a single, continuous map coverage, rather than as multiple zones. This projection, known in VicRoads as Pseudo AMG, is based on AGD 66, but uses a UTM modified to have scale distortion of 1.0 at its centre, a centre based on 145 degrees longitude (Melbourne) and a single zone covering the whole state."	e.g. 2390265.155
LGA_NAME	Text	25	the LGA name	e.g. DANDENONG
SEX SEX	Text	1	the sex or gender of the person	M Male F Female U Not known
AGE	Numbe	r 4	how old the person was at the time of the accident. It is calculated by subtracting the person's birth date from the accident date to give the person's age in years	
INJ_LEVEL	Text	1	the level or degree of injury that the person has experienced as a result of the accident. It is calculated field using inj_police_level and taken_hospital	1 Fatality 2 Serious injury
				3 Other injury 4 Not injured
SEATING_POS	IT <b>T</b> ©M	2	where the person was located on the vehicle	CF Centre-front
HELMET_BELT	Γ_ <b>Τ₩</b> ₩ΩR1	N 1	whether or not the person was wearing a helmet or seatbelt at the time of the accident	CR Centre-rear D Driver or rider LF Left-front LR Left-rear NA Not applicable NK Not known OR Other-rear PL Pillion passenger PS Motorcycle sidecar passenger RR Right-rear 1 Seatbelt worn
				2 Seatbelt not worn 3 Child restraint worn 4 Child restraint not worn 5 Seatbelt/restraint not fitted 6 Crash helmet worn 7 Crash helmet not worn 8 Not appropriate 9 Not known

FIELD NAME TYPE	WIDTI	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
ROAD_USER_TYPH	2	the role of the person was at the time of the accident. It is calculated field using person_status and vehicle_type from vehicle table	1 Pedestrian
			2 Driver (of V-type 1-9 17
			60-63 70-71) 3 Passenger (of V-type 1-9 17
			60-63 70-71)
			4 Motorcyclist 5 Pillion Passenger
			6 Bicyclist (incl. passengers) 7 Other driver (V-type 14-16
			99)
			8 Other passenger (V-type 14-16 99)
LICENCE_STATEText	1	the state of issue of the person's driver	9 Not known A Australian Capital Territory
LICENCE_SIMILEX	1	license	A Australian Capital Territory
			B Commonwealth
			D Northern Territory N New South Wales
			O Overseas
			Q Queensland
			S South Australia
			T Tasmania
			V Victoria
			W Western Australia
			Z Not known _ Not available
PEDEST_MOVENIENT	1	"indicates the movement or travel of	(Blank value entered) 0 Not applicable
	1	the person, if classified as a pedestrian"	o ivot applicable
			1 Crossing carriageway
			2 Working/playing/lying or
			standing on carriageway
			3 Walking on carriageway with traffic
			4 Walking on carriageway
			against traffic
			5 Pushing or working on vehicle
			6 Walking to/from or boarding
			tram 7 Walking to/from or boarding
			other vehicle
			8 Not on carriageway
			(e.g. footpath)
DOGEGODE N 1	4		9 Not known
POSTCODE Number	r 4	the postcode where the owner of the vehicle resides	
TAKEN_HOSPIT <b>M</b> ext	1	whether or not the person was taken to hospital	Y Yes
		•	N No

FIELD NAME	TYPE	WIDTHI	DEFINITION	DOMAIN
EJECTED_COD	EText		whether or not the person was ejected or thrown out of the vehicle	_ Not Known 0 Not applicable
SURFACE_CON	DFext	1 r	road surface condition	1 Total ejected 2 Partially ejected 3 Partial ejection involving extraction Not known 1 Dry 2 Wet 3 Muddy 4 Snowy 5 Icy 9 Unknown
SURFACE_CON			starts with 1 and incremented by 1 if more than one road surface condition	o omnown
SUB_DCA_COD	<b>)E</b> ext	3 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	s entered for the same incident. SUB_DCA code of the accident. Link to DCA Chart and Sub DCA Codes attps://vicroads-public.sharepoint. com/InformationAccess/Shared% 20Documents/Road%20Safety/Crash/Accident/DCA_Chart_and_Sub_	
SUB_DCA_COD	<b>)</b> Evumbe:	r 4 s r t t e i i	DCA_Codes.PDF starts with 1 and incremented by 1 if more than one sub_dca is entered for the same incident Link to DCA Chart and Sub DCA Codes https://vicroads-public.sharepoint. com/InformationAccess/Shared% 20Documents/Road%20Safety/Crash/ Accident/DCA_Chart_and_Sub_	
VEHICLE_YEAR	R <u>N</u> ulmfrAbA	dUAF i	DCA_Codes.PDF andicates the year in which the vehicle was built or manufactured. The data is stored in yyyy format.	
VEHICLE_DCA_	_T&⊕DE	1 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 1 N	flinks the vehicle with the movement depicted in the DCA table. For example, if the DCA code for the accident is 111 and the vehicle DCA code is 2, then an inspection of the DCA chart will show that the second vehicle involved in the accident was	1 Vehicle 1
		t	turning right."	2 Vehicle 2 3 Not known which vehicle was number 1 8 Not involved in initial event

FIELD NAME TYPE	WIDT	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
INITIAL_DIREC <b>TEM</b>	2	"the initial or first direction of travel of the vehicle. For a vehicle that is turning, the initial direction will be different to the final direction. For a non-turning vehicle, the initial direction will be the same as the final direction."	E East N North NE North east NW North west S South SE South east SW South west W West NK Not known
ROAD_SURFACE <u>Te</u> STYPE1		Prior to 1990 only one road surface was stored. This value is stored with the first vehicle. Road surface for 1990 is available for each vehicle in the collision.	1 Paved 2 Unpaved
			3 Gravel
			9 Not known
REG_STATE Text	1	the state which is the vehicle is registered in	A Australian Capital Territory
			B Commonwealth
			D Northern Territory
			N New South Wales
			O Overseas
			Q Queensland
			S South Australia
			T Tasmania
			V Victoria
			W Western Australia Z Not known _ (Blank value entered)/Not available
VEHICLE BODYTeXTYI	L <b>16</b>	the body type of the vehicle	
VEHICLE_MAKEText	6	the vehicle make or manufacturer	
VEHICLE_MODEText	6	the model of the vehicle	E.g. FALCON 0 Unknown 66 Sleeper 75 Tow
VEHICLE_POWERumber	c 4	"the power of the vehicle, in CCs or horsepower. For motor cycles, motor scooters and mopeds, the units will be CCs and for all other vehicles the units are rated horsepower."	0 Unknown
		-	1-1000 Horsepower
			1-9999 CCs
VEHICLE_TYPEText VEHICLE_WEIG <b>N</b> tlimber	2 r 4	the type or category of vehicle the weight or mass of the vehicle. The unit of measurement is kilograms.	
CONSTRUCTION <u>T</u> erryPI	E1	the construction or formation of the vehicle	A Articulated
			P Interpretation is not known R Rigid _ (Blank value entered) Unknown
FUEL_TYPE Text	1	the type of fuel used by the vehicle	D Diesel E Electric G Gas M Multi P Petrol

FIELD NAME TYPE WID	TH DEFINITION	DOMAIN
		R Rotary Z Unknown
NO_OF_WHEEL <b>S</b> umber 4	the number of wheels that the vehicle has	
NO_OF_CYLIND\frac{1}{2}ber 4	the number of engine cylinders that the vehicle has	
SEATING_CAPANIMber 4	the number of seats in the vehicle	
TARE_WEIGHT Number 4	the tare or unladen weight of the vehicle. The unit of measurement is kilograms	
TOTAL_NO_OCOUMANTS	indicates the number of occupants or people in the vehicle at the time of the accident	
CARRY_CAPACINVmber 4	the carry or load capacity of the vehicle. The unit of measurement is kilograms	
CUBIC_CAPACITYmber 4	indicates the cubic capacity of the engine of the vehicle. The unit of	
FINAL_DIRECTI <b>ON</b> t 2	measurement is cubic centimetres "the final or last direction of travel of the vehicle. For a vehicle that is turning, the initial direction will be different to the final direction. For a non-turning vehicle, the initial	E East
	direction will be the same as the final direction"	
		N North NE North east NW North west S South SE South east SW South west W West NK Not known
FINAL_DIRECTI <b>O</b> ANT 2	what the driver of the vehicle was attempting to undertake at the time of the accident. This information is meant to obtain via an interview of the vehicle's driver.	
VEHICLE_MOVE <b>N</b> T 2	the actual movement of the vehicle prior to the accident.	
TRAILER_TYPEText 1	"the type of trailer towed by the vehicle involved in the accident, as reported by the police."	
VEHICLE_COLOUR <u>t</u> 1 3	the primary or main colour of the vehicle.	
VEHICLE_COLOTRt 1 3 CAUGHT_FIRE Text 1	the secondary colour of the vehicle whether or not the vehicle caught fire as a result of the accident.	0 Not applicable  1 Yes
		2 No 9 Not known

FIELD NAME	TYPE	WIDTI	H DEFINITION	DOMAIN
INITIAL_IMPACText		1	the position on the vehicle where the initial impact occurred.	
LAMPS	Text	1	whether the lamps or headlights for the vehicle (under the ambient lighting conditions) were alight (on).	0 Not applicable
				1 Yes 2 No 9 Not known
LEVEL_OF_DA	AMAGE	1	the damage level of the vehicle.	<ul> <li>1 Minor</li> <li>2 Moderate (driveable vehicle)</li> <li>3 Moderate (unit towed away)</li> <li>4 Major (unit towed away)</li> <li>5 Extensive (unrepairable)</li> <li>6 Nil damage 9 Not known</li> </ul>
OWNER_POST	C <b>DIDE</b> be	r 4	the postcode where the owner of the vehicle resides.	