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Intro to Machine Learning

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Project 2 Report

Introduction: Project 2 consists of completing various functions. Significant code snippets and outputs can be found below:

costFunction.m:

```
% Instructions: Compute the cost of a particular choice of
theta.
              You should set J to the cost.
              Compute the partial derivatives and set grad to
the partial
              derivatives of the cost w.r.t. each parameter in
theta
% Note: grad should have the same dimensions as theta
z = X * theta;
h = sigmoid(z);
cost sum = 0;
for \bar{i} = 1:m
   a = -y(i) * log(h(i));
   b = (1 - y(i))*log (1 - h(i));
   cost sum = cost sum + (a - b);
end
J = cost sum / m;
for j = 1:size (grad)
   pd sum = 0;
```

```
for i = 1:m
       a = (h(i) - y(i)) * X(i, j);
      pd sum = pd sum + a;
   end
   grad(j) = pd sum / m;
end
costFunctionReg.m:
% Instructions: Compute the cost of a particular choice of
theta.
             You should set J to the cost.
             Compute the partial derivatives and set grad to
the partial
             derivatives of the cost w.r.t. each parameter in
theta
z = X * theta;
h = sigmoid(z);
cost sum = 0;
for i = 1:m
   a = -y(i) * log(h(i));
   b = (1 - y(i)) * log (1 - h(i));
   cost sum = cost sum + (a - b);
end
theta sum = 0;
for j = 1:n
   a = theta (j);
   theta sum = theta sum + a^2;
end
lambda part = theta sum * (lambda / (2 * m));
J = (cost sum / m) + lambda part;
pd sum = 0;
for i = 1:m
   a = (h(i) - y(i)) * X(i, 1);
   pd sum = pd sum + a;
grad(1) = pd sum / m;
```

```
for j = 2:size (grad)
   pd sum = 0;
   for i = 1:m
      a = (h(i) - y(i)) * X(i, j);
      pd sum = pd sum + a;
   end
   grad(j) = (pd sum / m) + (lambda / m) * theta(j);
end
sigmoid.m:
% Instructions: Compute the sigmoid of each value of z (z can be
a matrix,
            vector or scalar).
for i = 1:size (z, 1)
   for j = 1:size (z, 2)
      g(i, j) = 1/(1 + exp(-z(i,j)));
   end
end
plotData.m:
% Instructions: Plot the positive and negative examples on a
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            2D plot, using the option 'k+' for the positive
            examples and 'ko' for the negative examples.
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% Find Indices of Positive and Negative Examples
pos = find(y==1); neg = find(y == 0);
% Plot Examples
plot(X(pos, 1), X(pos, 2), 'k+', 'LineWidth', 2, ...
   'MarkerSize', 7);
plot(X(neg, 1), X(neg, 2), 'ko', 'MarkerFaceColor', 'y', ...
   'MarkerSize', 7);
```

predict.m:

Figure 1 for ex2:

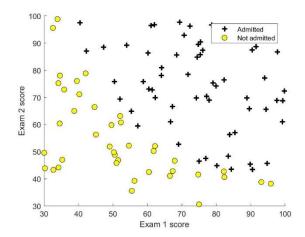
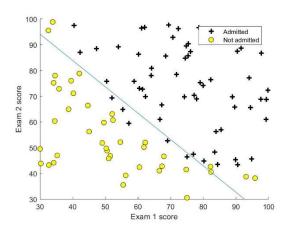


Figure 2 for ex2:



ex2 Output:

```
Command Window
New to MATLAB? See resources for Getting Started.
 Plotting data with + indicating (y = 1) examples and o indicating (y = 0) examples.
 Program paused. Press enter to continue.
 Cost at initial theta (zeros): 0.693147
 Expected cost (approx): 0.693
 Gradient at initial theta (zeros):
  -0.100000
  -12.009217
  -11.262842
 Expected gradients (approx):
  -0.1000
  -12.0092
  -11.2628
 Cost at test theta: 0.218330
 Expected cost (approx): 0.218
 Gradient at test theta:
  0.042903
  2.566234
  2.646797
 Expected gradients (approx):
  0.043
  2.566
  2.647
 Program paused. Press enter to continue.
 Warning: Your current settings will run a different algorithm ('quasi-newton') in a future
 release. Either <u>use optimoptions to set options</u> (recommended), or <u>set option Algorithm to</u>
 'trust-region' using optimset.
 > In <a href="mailto:throwFminuncGradObjandLargeScaleWarning">throwFminuncGradObjandLargeScaleWarning</a> (line 18)
    In fminunc (line 170)
    In ex2 (line 99)
```

```
In <u>ex2</u> (<u>line 99</u>)
Local minimum possible.
fminunc stopped because the final change in function value relative to
its initial value is less than the default value of the function tolerance.
<stopping criteria details>
Cost at theta found by fminunc: 0.203506
Expected cost (approx): 0.203
theta:
 -24.932774
 0.204406
 0.199616
Expected theta (approx):
-25.161
 0.206
 0.201
Program paused. Press enter to continue.
For a student with scores 45 and 85, we predict an admission probability of 0.774321
Expected value: 0.775 +/- 0.002
Train Accuracy: 89.000000
Expected accuracy (approx): 89.0
```

Figure 1 for ex2_reg:

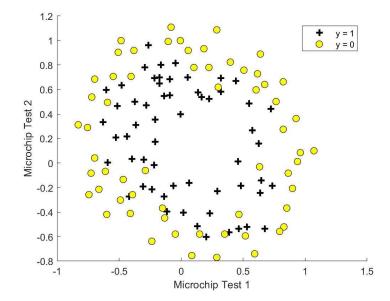
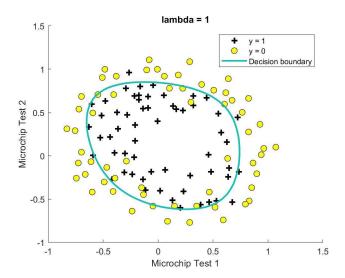


Figure 2 for ex2_reg:



ex2_reg Output:

```
New to MATLAB? See resources for Getting Started.
  Cost at initial theta (zeros): 0.693147
  Expected cost (approx): 0.693
  Gradient at initial theta (zeros) - first five values only:
   0.008475
   0.018788
   0.000078
   0.050345
   0.011501
  Expected gradients (approx) - first five values only:
   0.0085
   0.0188
   0.0001
   0.0503
   0.0115
  Program paused. Press enter to continue.
  Cost at test theta (with lambda = 10): 3.206882
  Expected cost (approx): 3.16
  Gradient at test theta - first five values only:
   0.346045
   0.161352
   0.194796
   0.226863
   0.092186
  Expected gradients (approx) - first five values only:
   0.3460
   0.1614
   0.1948
   0.2269
   0.0922
fx Program paused. Press enter to continue.
```

```
Expected gradients (approx) - first five values only:
 0.3460
 0.1614
 0.1948
 0.2269
0.0922
Program paused. Press enter to continue.
Warning: Your current settings will run a different algorithm ('quasi-newton') in a future
release. Either <u>use optimoptions to set options</u> (recommended), or <u>set option Algorithm to</u>
'trust-region' using optimset.
> In throwFminuncGradObjandLargeScaleWarning (line 18)
  In fminunc (line 170)
  In ex2_reg (line 117)
Local minimum possible.
fminunc stopped because the size of the current step is less than
the default value of the step size tolerance.
<stopping criteria details>
Train Accuracy: 83.050847
Expected accuracy (with lambda = 1): 83.1 (approx)
```