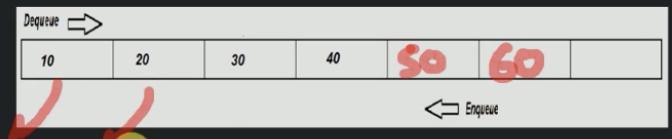


What is a Queue:



Observations from above Picture:

- ✓ New addition of members happens at end of the queue.
- ✓ First person in the queue is the first to get out from queue.
- ✓ follows FIFO (First in First Out) method

Property of Queue:

- ✓ follows FIFO (First in First Out) method

Why should we learn queue ?

- ✓ When we need to create an application which utilizes 'first incoming data first'.
✓ Example: implementation of 'billing counter'.

↗ FIFO



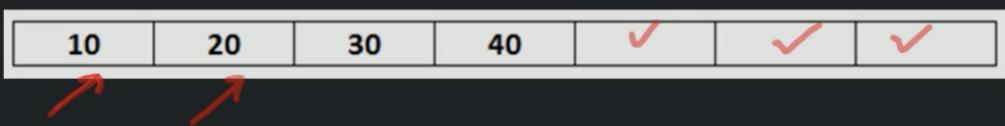
Common operations in Queue:

- ✓ `createQueue()`
- ✓ `enQueue()`
- ✓ `deQueue()`
- ✓ `peekInQueue()`
- ✓ `isEmpty()`
- ✓ `isFull()`
- ✓ `deleteQueue()`

Implementation Options of Queue:

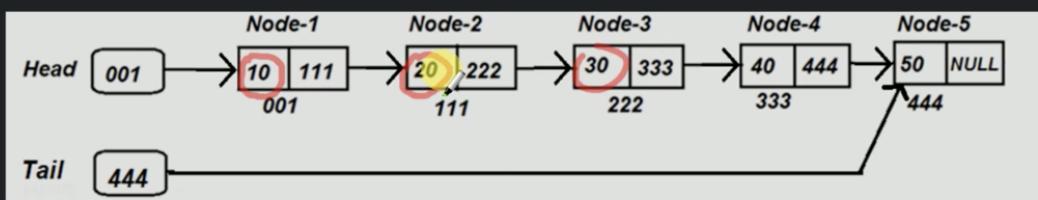
✓ Array:

- ✓ Linear Queue
- ✓ Circular Queue

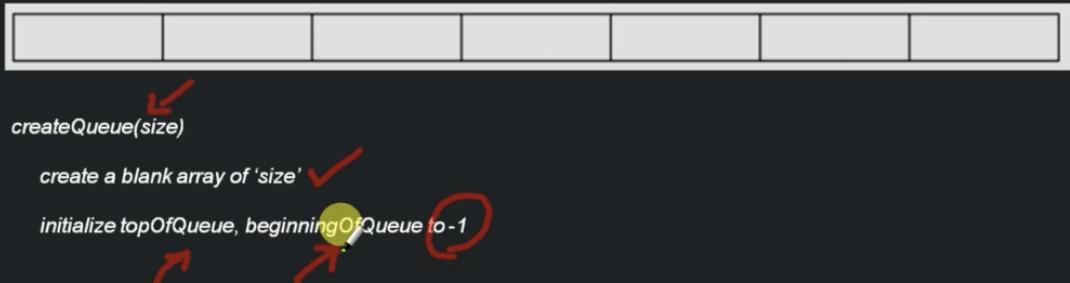


✓ Linked List

- ✓ Linear Queue
- ✓ Circular Queue



Creation of Linear Queue (Array Implementation):



Time Complexity - Creation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

`createQueue(size)`

`create a blank array of 'size'` ----- $O(1)$

`initialize topOfQueue, beginningOfQueue` ----- $O(1)$

Time Complexity – $O(1)$

Space Complexity – $O(n)$

Enqueue operation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):



```
enQueue(Value):  
    if Queue is full  
        return error message ✓  
    else  
        arr [topOfQueue + 1] = Value  
        topOfQueue ++
```

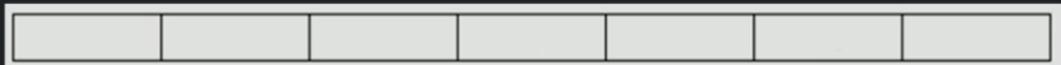
60
↑
FIFO

Time Complexity - Enqueue operation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

```
enQueue(Value):  
    if Queue is full ----- O(1)  
        return error message ----- O(1)  
    else ----- O(1)  
        arr [topOfQueue + 1] = Value ----- O(1)  
        topOfQueue ++ ----- O(1)
```

Time Complexity – O(1) ✓
Space Complexity – O(1) ✓

Dequeue operation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):



```
deQueue():  
    if queue is empty  
        return error message ✓  
    else ✓  
        print arr [beginningOfQueue]  
        beginningOfQueue ++  
    if (beginningOfQueue > endOfQueue) //If last element in the Queue is Dequeued  
        beginningOfQueue = topOfQueue = -1
```

FIFO

Time Complexity - Dequeue operation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

`deQueue():`

```
if queue is empty ----- O(1) ✓  
return error message ----- O(1) ✓  
else ----- O(1) ✓  
print first value from queue ----- O(1) ✓  
beginningOfQueue ++ ----- O(1) ✓  
if (beginningOfQueue > endOfQueue) ----- O(1) ✓  
beginningOfQueue = -1 ----- O(1) .
```

 Time Complexity – $O(1)$ ✓

Space Complexity – $O(1)$

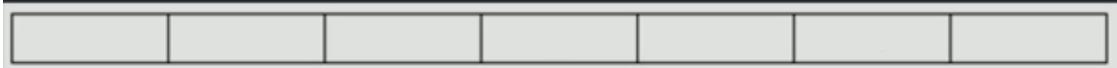
Peek operation of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

| | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|--|--|--|--|
| 10 | 20 | 30 | | | | |
|----|----|----|--|--|--|--|

peek()
↓ 10

```
if queue is empty
    return error message
else
    print arr [beginningOfQueue]
```

Deleting a Linear Queue(Array Implementation):



```
deleteQueue():
```

```
array = null
```



Time Complexity - Deleting a Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

```
deleteQueue():  
    array = null ----- O(1)
```


Time Complexity – O(1) 
Space Complexity – O(1) 

Time & Space Complexity of Linear Queue(Array Implementation):

| Particulars | Time Complexity | Space Complexity |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| CreateQueue() | O(1) | O(n) |
| Enqueue() | O(1) | O(1) |
| Dequeue() | O(1) | O(1) |
| Peek() | O(1) | O(1) |
| isEmpty() | O(1) | O(1) |
| isFull() | O(1) | O(1) |
| DeleteQueue() | O(1) | O(1) |

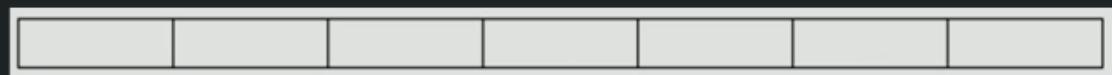
CreateQueue space complexity is O(n) when we need define size of array to initialize but swift allow us to define array without size so space complexity will O(1)

Why learn Circular Queue ?

✓ deQueue operation causes blank cells Linear Queue(Array Implementation). We need to improve that.



Creation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):



createQueue(size)

create a blank array of 'size'

initialize top, start = -1



Time Complexity - Creation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):

`createQueue(size)`

create a blank array of 'size' ----- $O(1)$

initialize top, start = -1 ----- $O(1)$



Time Complexity – $O(1)$ ✓

Space Complexity – $O(n)$

Enqueue operation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):



```
enQueue(Value):  
    if (isQueueFull()) Print "Queue overflow error!" ✓  
    else  
        if (topOfQueue+1 == size) { //if top is already at last cell of array, then reset it to first cell  
            topOfQueue=0;  
        }  
        else  
            topOfQueue++;  
        arr[topOfQueue] = value;
```

Time Complexity - Enqueue operation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):

```
enQueue(Value):  
    if (isQueueFull()) Print "Queue overflow error!" ----- O(1)  
    else ----- O(1)  
        if (topOfQueue+1 == size) ----- O(1)  
            topOfQueue=0; ----- O(1)  
        else ----- O(1)  
            topOfQueue++; ----- O(1)  
        arr[topOfQueue] = value; ----- O(1)
```

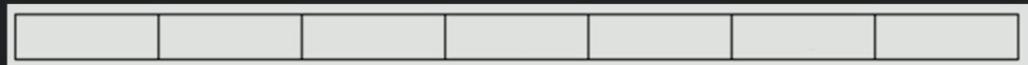


Progress

Time Complexity – O(1)

Space Complexity – O(1)

Dequeue operation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):



```
Dequeue()
if (isQueueEmpty()) Print (Queue underflow error)
else
    Print (arr[start]);
    if (start == topOfQueue) { //if there is only 1 element in Queue
        start = topOfQueue = -1;
    } else if (start+1 == size) { //if start has reached end of array, then start again from 0
        start=0;
    } else
        start++;
```

Time Complexity - Dequeue operation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):

Dequeue()

```
if (isQueueEmpty()) Print (Queue underflow error) ----- O(1)
else ----- O(1)
Print (arr[start]); ----- O(1)
if (start == topOfQueue) ----- O(1)
    start = topOfQueue = -1; ----- O(1)
else if (start+1 == size) ----- O(1)
    start=0; ----- O(1)
else ----- O(1)
    start++; ----- O(1)
```



Time Complexity – O(1) ✓

Space Complexity – O(1) ✓

Peek operation of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):

| | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | | | |
|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|

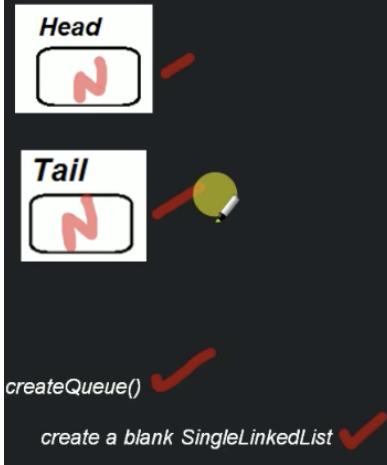
peek()

```
if (!isEmpty())
    print(arr[start])
else
    print ("The queue is empty!!")
```

Time & Space Complexity of Circular Queue(Array Implementation):

| Particulars | Time Complexity | Space Complexity |
|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| <code>CreateQueue()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(n)$ |
| <code>Enqueue()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |
| <code>Dequeue()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |
| <code>Peek()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |
| <code>isEmpty()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |
| <code>isFull()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |
| <code>DeleteQueue()</code> | $O(1)$ | $O(1)$ |

Creation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):



Time Complexity - Creation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):

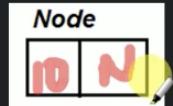
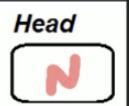
`createQueue():`

`create a blank SingleLinkedList` ----- $O(1)$

Time Complexity – $O(1)$

Space Complexity – $O(1)$

Enqueue operation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):



FIFO



```
enqueue(nodeValue):  
    create a node  
    node.value = nodeValue  
    node.next = null  
1.     if tail equals null // if queue is empty  
        tail = node  
2.     else //if queue is not empty  
        tail.next = node  
        tail = node
```

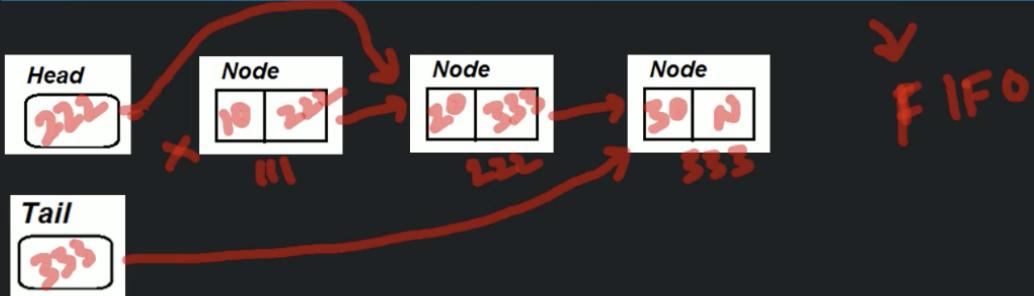
Time Complexity - Enqueue operation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):

```
enQueue(nodeValue):
    create a node ----- O(1)
    node.value = nodeValue ----- O(1)
    node.next = null ----- O(1)
    if tail equals null ----- O(1)
        tail = node ----- O(1)
    else
        tail.next = node ----- O(1)
        tail = node ----- O(1)
```

Time Complexity – $O(1)$

Space Complexity – $O(1)$

Dequeue operation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):



```
deQueue():  
1. if header equals null  
    return error message  
2. tmpNode = header  
    header = header.next  
    return tmpNode.value
```

Time Complexity - Dequeue operation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):

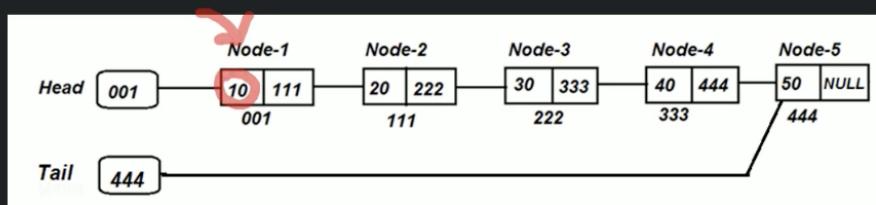
```
deQueue():
    if header equals null ----- O(1)
        return error message ----- O(1)
    tmpNode = header ----- O(1)
    header = header.next ----- O(1)
    return tmpNode.value ----- O(1)
```



Time Complexity – O(1) 

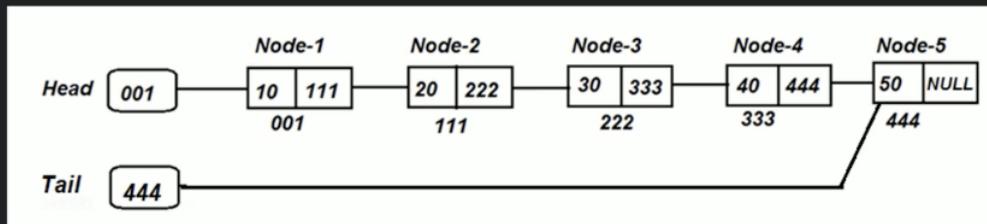
Space Complexity – O(1)

Peek operation of Queue(Linked List Implementation):



```
peek():  
    if header equals null  
        return error  
    else  
        return header.value
```

Deleting a Queue(Linked List Implementation):



`deleteQueue():`

`head = tail = null`

Time Complexity - Deleting a Queue(Linked List Implementation):

```
deleteQueue():  
    head = tail = null ----- O(1)
```

Time Complexity – O(1)

Space Complexity – O(1)



Time & Space Complexity of Queue(Linked List Implementation):

| Operations | Time Complexity | Space Complexity |
|---------------|-----------------|------------------|
| CreateQueue() | O(1) | O(1) |
| Enqueue() | O(1) | O(1) |
| Dequeue() | O(1) | O(1) |
| Peek() | O(1) | O(1) |
| isEmpty() | O(1) | O(1) |
| isFull() | O(1) | O(1) |
| DeleteQueue() | O(1) | O(1) |

When to Use/Avoid Queue:

✓ When to Use:

- ✓ Helps manage the data in particular way (FIFO).
- ✓ Not easily corrupted (No one can easily insert data in middle)

✓ When to Avoid:

- ✓ Random access not possible – if we have done some mistake, its costly to rectify.

