

Lab Exercise #9

Assignment Overview

This lab exercise provides practice with dictionaries in Python.

A. Modify a program that uses Dictionaries.

Consider the file named “lab09a.py”. That file contains the skeleton of a Python program to do a simple analysis of a text file: it will display the number of unique words which appear in the file, along with the number of times each word appears. Case does not matter: the words “pumpkin”, “Pumpkin” and “PUMPKIN” should be treated as the same word. (The word “map” is used in identifiers because sometimes a dictionary is called a “map.”)

Execute the program (which currently uses “document1.txt” as the data file) and inspect the output.

- a. Replace each of the lines labeled “YOUR COMMENT” with meaningful comments to describe the work being done in the next block of statements. Use more than one comment line, if necessary.
- b. Add doc strings to each function to describe the work being done in the function.
- c. The program currently processes the empty string as a word. Revise the program to exclude empty strings from the collection of words.
- d. The program currently processes words such as “The” and “the” as different words. Revise the program to ignore case when processing words.
- e. The program currently always uses “document1.txt” as the input file. Revise the program to prompt the user for the name of the input file.
- f. Revise the program to display the collection of words sorted by greatest frequency of occurrence to least frequency, and sorted alphabetically for words with the same frequency count. Since the `sorted` function and the `sort` method are stable sorts, you can first sort the words alphabetically, and then sort them by frequency (with `reverse=True`). (You do the two sorts in that order because you do the primary key last, frequency is the primary key in this case.)
- g. Test the revised program. There are two sample documents available: “document1.txt” (The Declaration of Independence) and “document2.txt” (The Gettysburg Address).

★ **Demonstrate your completed program to your TA. On-line students should submit the completed program (named “lab09a.py”) for grading via the CSE handin system.**

B. Write a program using Dictionaries

Given two files named exactly “data1.txt” and “data2.txt” (no error checking needed) of names and scores print out the combined scores in alphabetical order by name. Note that the files will be formatted the same, but some names will be in both files and some names will only be in one file. For names in both files the scores need to be summed. The file format will be one header line followed by lines that have a name (string) and a number (int) separated by some unknown number of spaces.

Requirements:

- (1) You must use a dictionary.
- (2) You must use two functions that have a dictionary as an argument, e.g. read a file, print results.

For example, if data1.txt contains

Name	Score
Joe	20
Mary	70
Rich	50
Jose	90

and data2.txt contains

Name	Score
Sarah	80
Ming	20
Joe	65
Rich	30

the output will be:

Name	Total
Joe	85
Jose	90
Mary	70
Ming	20
Rich	80
Sarah	80

★ **Demonstrate your completed program to your TA. On-line students should submit the completed program (named “lab09b.py”) for grading via the CSE handin system.**