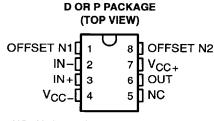
## **OP07C, OP07D, OP07Y** LOW-OFFSET VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

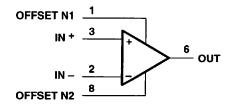
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- **Low Noise**
- No External Components Required
- Replaces Chopper Amplifiers at a Lower Cost
- Single-Chip Monolithic Fabrication
- Wide Input Voltage Range 0 to ±14 V Typ
- **Wide Supply Voltage Range** ±3 V to ±18 V
- Essentially Equivalent to Fairchild µA714 **Operational Amplifiers**
- Direct Replacement for PMI OP07C and
- This is text in a key features bullet. This is text in a key features bullet.



NC-No internal connection

#### symbol



#### description

These devices represent a breakthrough in operational amplifier performance. Low offset and long-term stability are achieved by means of a low-noise, chopperless, bipolar-input-transistor amplifier circuit. For most applications, external components are not required for offset nulling and frequency compensation. The true differential input, with a wide input voltage range and outstanding common-mode rejection, provides maximum flexibility and performance in high-noise environments and in noninverting applications. Low bias currents and extremely high input impedances are maintained over the entire temperature range. The OP07 is unsurpassed for low-noise, high-accuracy amplification of very low-level signals.

These devices are characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

	Vermov	PACKAGED	PACKAGED DEVICES		
TA	V <sub>IO</sub> max AT 25°C	SMALL OUTLINE (D)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	CHIP FORM (Y)	
0°C to 70°C	150 μV	OP07CD OP07DD	OP07CP OP07DP	OP07Y	

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., OP07CDR). The chip form is tested at  $T_A = 25$ °C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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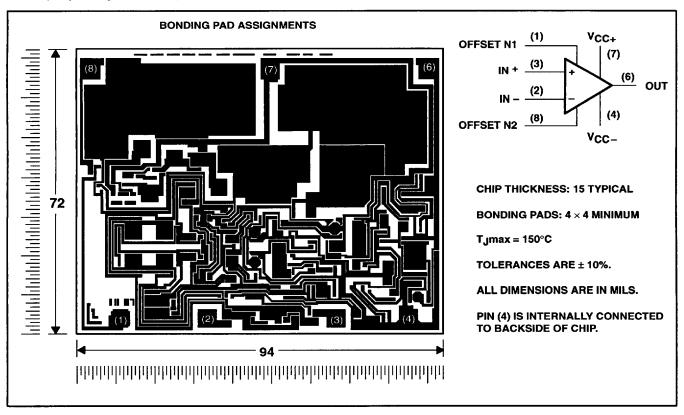


## OP07C, OP07D, OP07Y LOW-OFFSET VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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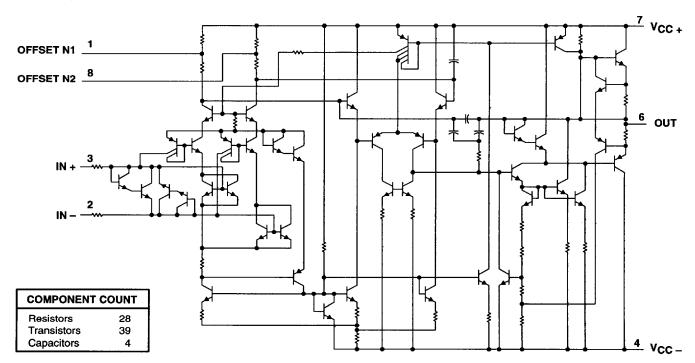
#### **OP07Y** chip information

These chips, properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the OP07. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC+</sub> (see Note 1)	22 V
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	22 V
Differential input voltage (see Note 2)	±30 V
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub> (either input, see Note 3)	±22 V
Duration of output short circuit (see Note 4)	
Continuous total dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 5)	500 mW
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, unless otherwise noted, are with respect to the midpoint between  $V_{CC+}$  and  $V_{CC-}$ .
  - 2. Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.
  - 3. The magnitude of the input voltage must never exceed the magnitude of the supply voltage or 15 V, whichever is less.
  - 4. The output may be shorted to ground or either power supply.
  - 5. For operation above 64°C free-air temperature, derate the D package to 464 mW at 70°C at the rate of 5.8 mW/°C.

#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC±</sub>		±3	±18	٧
Common-mode input voltage, V <sub>IC</sub>	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 V$	-13	13	٧
Operating free-air temperature, TA		0	70	°C



# OP07C, OP97D, OP07Y LOW-OFFSET VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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	PARAMETER	TEST	TECT CONDITIONS	<b>,</b>		OP07C		Ĭ	OP07D		FINE
		1531		٨.	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
<u> </u>	Innit offset voltage	0 - 0/	Bo - 50 O	25°C		9	150		09	150	,
2	input clises voludies	,0 - 0,	NS = 50 %	0°C to 70°C		85	250		85	250	'nγ
αVIO	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	R <sub>S</sub> = 50 Ω	0°C to 70°C		0.5	1.8		0.7	2.5	μV/°C
	Long-term drift of input offset voltage	See Note 6				0.4			0.5		иV/то
	Offset adjustment range	$R_S = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$	See Figure 1	25°C		±4			∓4		m/
<u> </u>	lon it offeat a great			25°C		9.0	9		9.0	9	4
2	ייייים כווייים ביווייים ביווייים ביווייים ביווייים ביוויים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביווים ביוווים ביווים ביו			0°C to 70°C		1.6	8		1.6	æ	<u> </u>
Ollα	Temperature coefficient of input offset current			0°C to 70°C		12	20		12	20	pA/°C
<u>g</u>	Innut bise aureant			25°C		±1.8	<b>4</b>		∓2	±12	4
<u>n</u>				0°C to 70°C		±2.2	6∓		±3	±14	<u>c</u>
αllB	Temperature coefficient of input bias current			0°C to 70°C		18	20		18	20	pA/°C
20,7	Common mode input voltre range			25°C	±13	±14		±13	±14		>
<u> </u>	Commode input votge tange			0°C to 70°C	±13	±13.5		±13	±13.5		>
		$R_{L} \ge 10 \text{ k}\Omega$			±12	±13		±12	±13		
,	Posk output voltage	R <sub>L</sub> ≥2kΩ		25°C	±11.5	±12.8		±11.5	±12.8		>
5	י פמר טבונים ליטונמשם	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 1 kΩ				±12			±12		>
		R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ		0°C to 70°C	±11	±12.6		±11	±12.6		
	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	V <sub>CC±</sub> = ±3 V, R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 500 kΩ	V <sub>O</sub> = ±0.5 V,	25°C	100	400			400		
Q <b>}</b>	Large-signai dirrerential Voltage amplincation	Ve = +10 V	O46 - 9	25°C	120	400		120	400		/m//
		, O - + IO .	ı	0°C to 70°C	100	400		100	400		
B1	Unity-gain bandwidth			25°C	0.4	9.0		0.4	9.0		MHz
ī.	Input resistance			25°C	8	33		7	31		MΩ
CMBB	Common-mode rejection retio	V:0 - +13 V	005-50	25°C	100	120		94	110		ą
		VIC = ± 13 V,	nS = 50 32	0°C to 70°C	97	120		94	106		9
ko, vo	Sundy woltage censitivity (AV.c./AV.c.)	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 3 \text{ V to } \pm 18 \text{ V,}$	o±18V,	25°C		7	32		7	32	70/7
000	(O) and (in the constant of th	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		0°C to 70°C		10	51		10	51	٠ (٩ ٣
		V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load			80	150		80	150	
<u>Q</u>	Power dissipation	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 3 \text{ V},$ No load	V <sub>O</sub> = 0,	25°C		4	œ		4	00	ΜE
† All obsess	delice and injured and a second secon			100000000000000000000000000000000000000			1			1	

† All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise noted.

NOTE 6: Since long-term drift cannot be measured on the individual devices prior to shipment, this specification is not intended to be a warranty. It is an engineering estimate of the averaged trend line of drift versus time over extended periods after the first thirty days of operation.



# OP07C, OP07D, OP07Y LOW-OFFSET VOLTAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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# operating characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = $25^{\circ}C$

	PARAMETER	TEST		OP07C			OP07D		
	FANAMETER	CONDITIONST	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		10.5			10.5		
Vn		f = 100 Hz		10.2			10.3		nV∕√Hz
		f = 1 kHz	9.8		9.8			]	
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		0.38			0.38		μ٧
		f = 10 Hz		0.35			0.35		
l <sub>n</sub>	Equivalent input noise current	f = 100 Hz		0.15			0.15		pA/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		0.13			0.13		
N(PP)	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise current	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		15			15		pА
SR	Slew rate	R <sub>L</sub> ≥ 2 kΩ		0.3			0.3		V/μs

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise noted.

# electrical characteristics, $V_{CC\pm}$ = $\pm 15$ V, $T_A$ = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS†			OP07Y		
	PARAMETER	IESI	CONDITION	SI	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIO	Input offset voltage	$R_S = 50 \Omega$				60	150	μV
	Long-term drift of input offset voltage	See Note 6				0.5		μV/mo
	Offset adjustment range	$R_S = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ , S	See Figure 1			±4		mV
lio	Input offset current					0.8	6	nA
lВ	Input bias current					±2	±12	nA
VICR	Common-mode input voltage range				±13	±14		٧
		R <sub>L</sub> ≤ 10 kΩ			±12	±13		
VOM	Peak output voltage	R <sub>L</sub> ≤ 2 kΩ			±11.5	±12.8		V
		R <sub>L</sub> ≤ 1 kΩ		344		±12		
Λ	Lorgo signal differential valtage and life attach	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}$	$V_0 = \pm 0.5 \text{ V},$	R <sub>L</sub> ≤ 500 kΩ		400		
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 10 \text{ V},  F$	RL = 2 kΩ		120	400		
B <sub>1</sub>	Unity-gain bandwidth				0.4	0.6		MHz
rj	Input resistance				7	31		MΩ
CMRR	Common-mode input resistance	V <sub>IC</sub> = ±13 V, F	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		94	110		dB
ksvs	Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV <sub>CC</sub> /ΔV <sub>IO</sub> )	$V_{CC\pm} = \pm 3 \text{ V to } \pm$	: 18 V,	$R_S = 50 \Omega$		7	32	μV/V
D <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation	$V_O = 0$ , $N$	lo load			80	150	MO
₽D	Power dissipation	$V_{CC\pm}=\pm3 \text{ V}, \text{ V}$	/ <sub>O</sub> = 0,	No load		4	8	МΩ

NOTE 6: Since long-term drift cannot be measured on the individual devices prior to shipment, this specification is not intended to be a warranty. It is an engineering estimate of the averaged trend line of drift versus time over extended periods after the first thirty days of operation.



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# operating characteristics, $V_{CC\pm} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONST	OP07Y			
		TEST CONDITIONS:	MIN	MIN TYP		UNIT
	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz	10.5			
V <sub>n</sub>		f = 1 kHz		10.3		nV/√Hz
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz	9.8			
V <sub>N(PP)</sub>	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		0.38		μV
		f = 10 Hz		0.35		
<sup>l</sup> n	Equivalent input noise current	f = 100 Hz	0.15			pA/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		0.13		
IN(PP)	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise current	f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		15		pА
SR	Slew rate	R <sub>L</sub> = 2 kΩ		0.3		V/μs

<sup>†</sup> All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise noted.

## **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

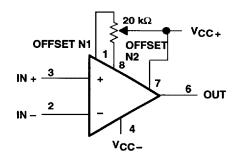


Figure 1. Input Offset Voltage Null Circuit