

# Hacking Adventures

A solid orange vertical bar located in the bottom right corner of the slide.

# Motivation

- Hacking is for everyone!
- “How can I break this?” vs.  
“How do I get this to work?”
- Obviously no bugs vs.  
No obvious bugs
- It takes one to know one



# Preparation

- <https://github.com/neXenio/hacking-adventures>
- Branches:
  - kotlin/challenge-1
  - swift/challenge-1
  - python/challenge-1
  - js/challenge-1
- DM me about pair programming partner and other languages



# Some Myths

- Total security
  - security isn't binary, think instead about decreasing the risk of a breach
- You need to have expert knowledge
  - awareness of social engineering (e.g. phishing) is already great
- It's not your job
  - ... until you need to update your dependencies



# Goal for Today

- Decrypt the following ciphertexts
  - 1b37373331363f78151b7f2b783431333d78397828372d363c78373e783a393b3736
  - ZNKIGKYGXIOVNKXOYGXKGRREURJIOVNKXCNOINOYXKGRRECKGQOSTUZ  
YAXKNUCURJHKIGAYKOSZUURGFEZURUUQGZZNKCOQOVGMKGZZNKSUS  
KTZHAZOLOMAXKOZYMUZZUHKGZRKGYZROQKLOLZEEKGXYURJUXCNGZ  
KBKXBGPJADLIVBAYKZNUYKRGYZZKTINGXGIZKXYGYZNKYURAZOUT
  - EANOEH HNFJLFXDGFANOYDJINTNOEDJXFOSBFESDOLGDWWSNUEDJNQ  
CSJNUFEFFOUIDTTCOSIFESDOLNJKSINLEDNOXSONNJEZNSJMJ DUCI...

# Substitution via Shift

- Decrypt the following ciphertext
  - URYYB JBEYQ UNYYB JRYG
  - HELLO WORLD HALLO WELT
- NOPQRSTUVWXYZABCDEFGHIJKLM
- ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

# Substitution via XOR

- $$\begin{array}{rclcl}
 0 & ^ & 0 & = & 0 \\
 1 & ^ & 0 & = & 1 \\
 0 & ^ & 1 & = & 1 \\
 1 & ^ & 1 & = & 0
 \end{array}$$
- $$\begin{aligned}
 \text{'a'} \wedge \text{'?'} &= 97 \wedge 63 = 0b01100001 \wedge 0b00111111 \\
 &= 0b01011110 \\
 &= 94 \\
 &= \text{'^'}
 \end{aligned}$$
- ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz  
 ~}|{zyxwvutsrqponmlkjihgfe^[ZYXWVUTSRQPONMLKJIHGFE

# Hints

- base64 converter not yet relevant
- Challenge 1A is hex-encoded, plaintext is ASCII-encoded
- Challenge 1B and its plaintext are both ASCII-encoded
- Challenge 1C and its plaintext are both ASCII-encoded
- XOR-helper method expects same length inputs
- Challenge 1C is significantly more challenging and requires a statistical approach for common groups of letters (e.g. "tion") – look up quadgrams