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1. (a) target variable: average shooting score in soccer games

in the last ~~two~~ years that the player took.

Explain: there must be record of the shooting score for ~~some~~ players in soccer games last year for a soccer team.

(b) ~~height weight~~ training hours, shooting scores in the training process.

(c) Yes, a linear model would be reasonable

I assume the slope to be positive.

$$3. (a) N = 10^{Y-2M}$$

$$\log_{10} N = \log_{10} 10^{Y-2M}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \log_{10} N = Y - 2M \\ \text{let } y = \log_{10} N \\ x = M \\ \beta_0 = Y \\ \beta_1 = -2 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$$

(b) To compute the least-squares estimates of $\{\beta_0, \beta_1\}$ we should compute $\{\beta_0, \beta_1\}$ that minimize residual sum of squares (RSS):

$$RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1) \triangleq \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

To minimize $RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1)$ we find the β_0 and β_1 that zero the gradient.

$$\frac{\partial RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_0} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial RSS(\beta_0, \beta_1)}{\partial \beta_1} = 0$$

$$0 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \beta_0} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i)^2$$

$$-2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i) = 0$$

$$0 = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i)$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_i) = 0$$

$$0 = \underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n y_i}_{\bar{y}} - \beta_0 - \beta_1 \underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}_{\bar{x}}$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \bar{x} \bar{y} = \beta_1 \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \beta_0 = \bar{y} - \beta_1 \bar{x}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \beta_1 = \frac{s_{xy}}{s_{xx}}$$

$$s_{xx}$$

(c) from (b) we estimated β_0, β_1

where $\beta_0 = \bar{y} - \beta_1 \bar{x}$

$$\beta_1 = \frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}} \quad (S_{xy} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \bar{x} \bar{y})$$

$$S_{xx} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \bar{x}^2$$

$$\gamma = \beta_0 = \bar{y} - \beta_1 \bar{x}$$

$$\alpha = -\beta_1 = -\frac{S_{xy}}{S_{xx}}$$

4. (a) $RSS = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \beta x_i)^2$

(b) we should compute β that minimize RSS. we find β that zero the gradient:

$$\frac{\partial RSS}{\partial \beta} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \beta} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \beta x_i)^2 = 0$$

$$\cancel{-2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \beta x_i) = 0$$

$$-2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \beta x_i) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \beta x_i) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i = \beta \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}_{S_{xx} + \bar{x}^2}$$

$$S_{xy} + \bar{x} \bar{y}$$

$$\beta = \frac{S_{xy} + \bar{x} \bar{y}}{S_{xx} + \bar{x}^2}$$