

# Git It: Introduction to Git and GitHub

**Nicole Cote** 

#### What We'll Cover

- Introductions
- GCDI overview
- A conceptual intro to Git and GitHub
- What is version control?
- Related command line basics and vocab
- A basic Git/GitHub workflow
- Markdown basics
- Trying it out: Getting started by creating a new repository, making commits, & etc.
- Additional resources and where to go next

#### Important Reminder:

If you wish to follow along with the applied portion of this workshop, please be sure you have completed the below, as needed.

- Create a free account on GitHub (and please be logged in/have login details handy!)
- Download Git for Mac or Windows
- Download a free text editor (i.e. <u>Sublime</u> or <u>Visual Studio Code</u>)

NOTE: It is also perfectly fine to just hang out, follow-along with what's on my screen, see if you are interested, and take any notes you need—these applied concepts can always be completed after, if preferred!

## Introductions

# CENTER CENTER

#### What is GCDI?

Graduate Center Digital Initiatives offers support for digital scholarship, including:

- Workshops
- One-on-One Consultations
- Working Groups
- Events (including our upcoming CUNY DHI Lightning Talks!)
- Online Resources
- Grants and Fellowships

## Git and/vs GitHub

## What is Version Control?

## Why learn these tools?

## Example Projects

# GitHub Vocab and Command Line Basics

#### Some Basic GitHub Related Vocab

- Repository (or "repo")
- Commit
- Push/Pull
- Clone
- Markdown
- README

#### Some Additional GitHub Vocab

- Fork
- Branch
- Pull Request
- Merge Conflict
- Issue

## Let's See An Example Repo

#### Common Terminal and Git Commands

- cd (change directory)
- clear (clear what's visible in Terminal)
- Is (list contents of folder)
- git init (creates git directory)
- git add ("stages" your changes)
- git commit -m 'Type Message' (commits your changes with a message < 50 characters)
- git status (shows current status of your repo)
- git help (shows the help feature)
- git diff (shows changes)
- git push origin main (pushes local changes to the main branch of your GitHub repo)
- pwd (print working directory, i.e. the folder you are in currently)

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## A Basic Git/GitHub Workflow

#### Basic Git/GitHub Process

- 1. code/write something
- 2. open the Terminal
- 3. cd to your directory
- 4. git status
- 5. git add <filename> (alternatively, to add everything you've changed do: git add --all)
- 6. git commit m 'write message'
- 7. optional: do another git status (just to double check it)
- 8. git push origin main

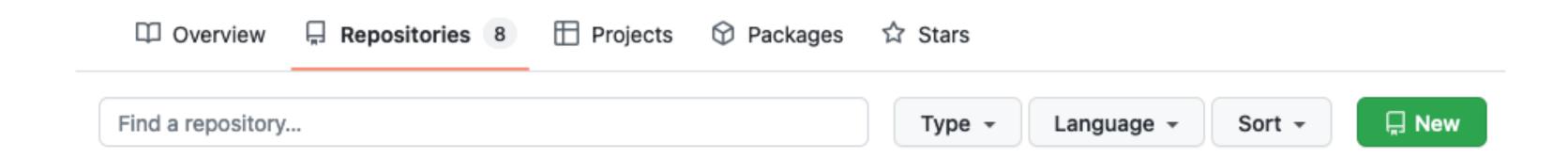
## Let's See An Example Workflow

### Markdown Basics

## Any Qs?

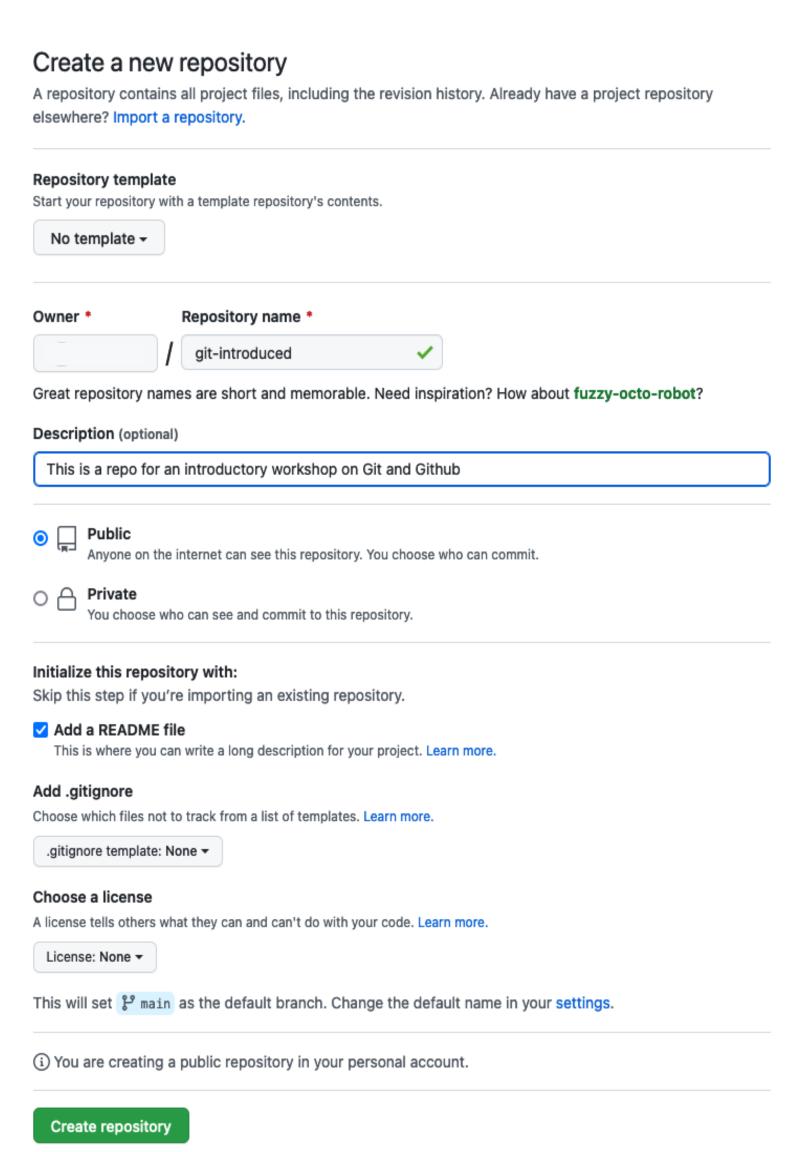
## Trying it Out!

## Making a New GitHub Repository

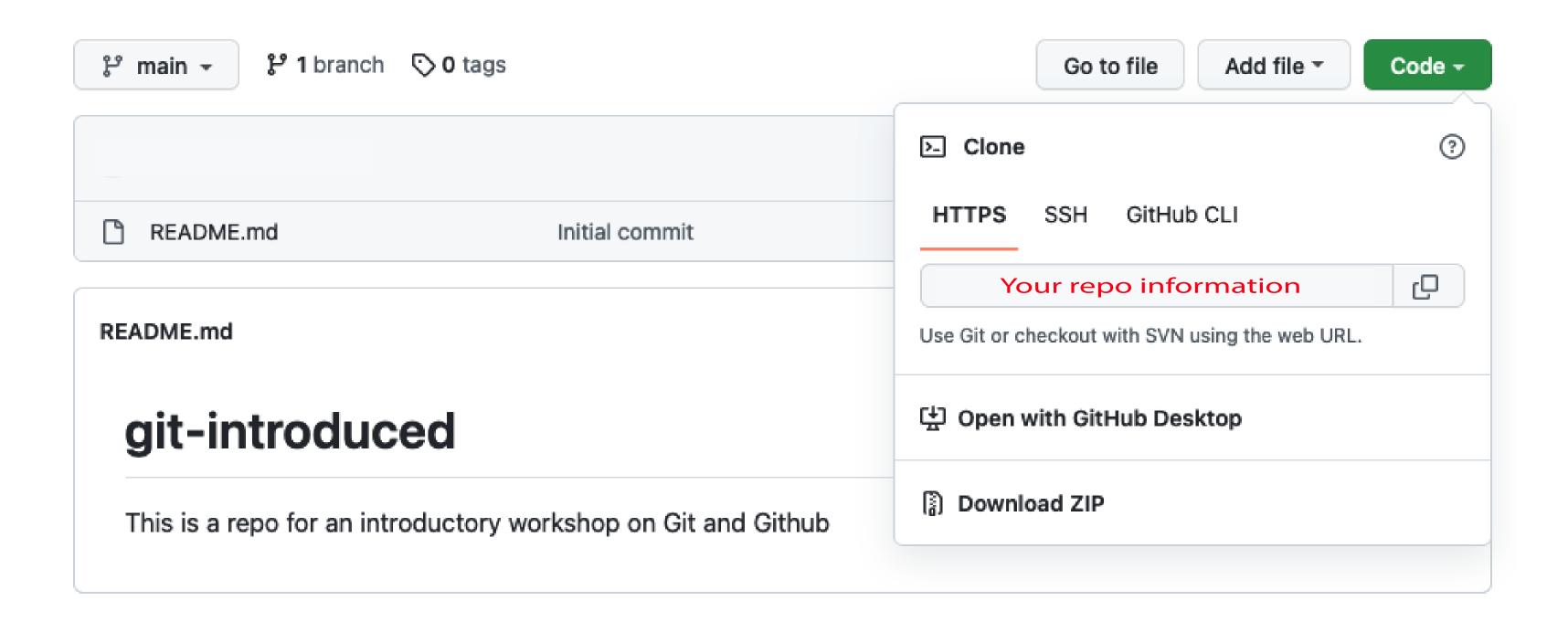


- In GitHub, navigate to Repositories (on the top bar)
- Click New

- Fill in details ("Repository Name," "Description," and choose public vs private)
- Click "Add a README file" (optional but recommended)
- Click "Create repository"



• In the Repo click Code and copy the url:



- This last step is to make a local version of the repository you created on GitHub.
- In the Command Line (i.e. the Terminal) do the following:

#### \$ cd <directory where you want the repo>

FOR EXAMPLE: if you make a folder called Github in your Documents folder, and put it in there it would look something like: \$ cd /Users/username/Documents/Github

NOTE: on a Mac you can ctrl-click on a folder and then hold down option and you get a choice to copy the folder path, which makes this much easier! You can also drag and drop a folder into the Terminal to get the file path!

\$ git clone <paste the url from Github>

\$ cd <name of folder, i.e. repository name>

\$ open.

NOTE: The last two steps are optional—not a required part of making a repo. Alternatively, just navigate to, and open, the folder however is preferable.

# Friendly Reminder: Don't Actually Type the \$

#### Recommended Next Steps - Option 1

- 1. In the local repo: edit the README.md and/or create a new Markdown file
- 2. open the Terminal
- 3. cd to your directory
- 4. git status
- 5. git add <filename> (alternatively, to add everything you've changed do: git add --all)
- 6. git commit m 'write message'
- 7. optional: do another git status
- 8. git push origin main
- 9. view your edits on GitHub!

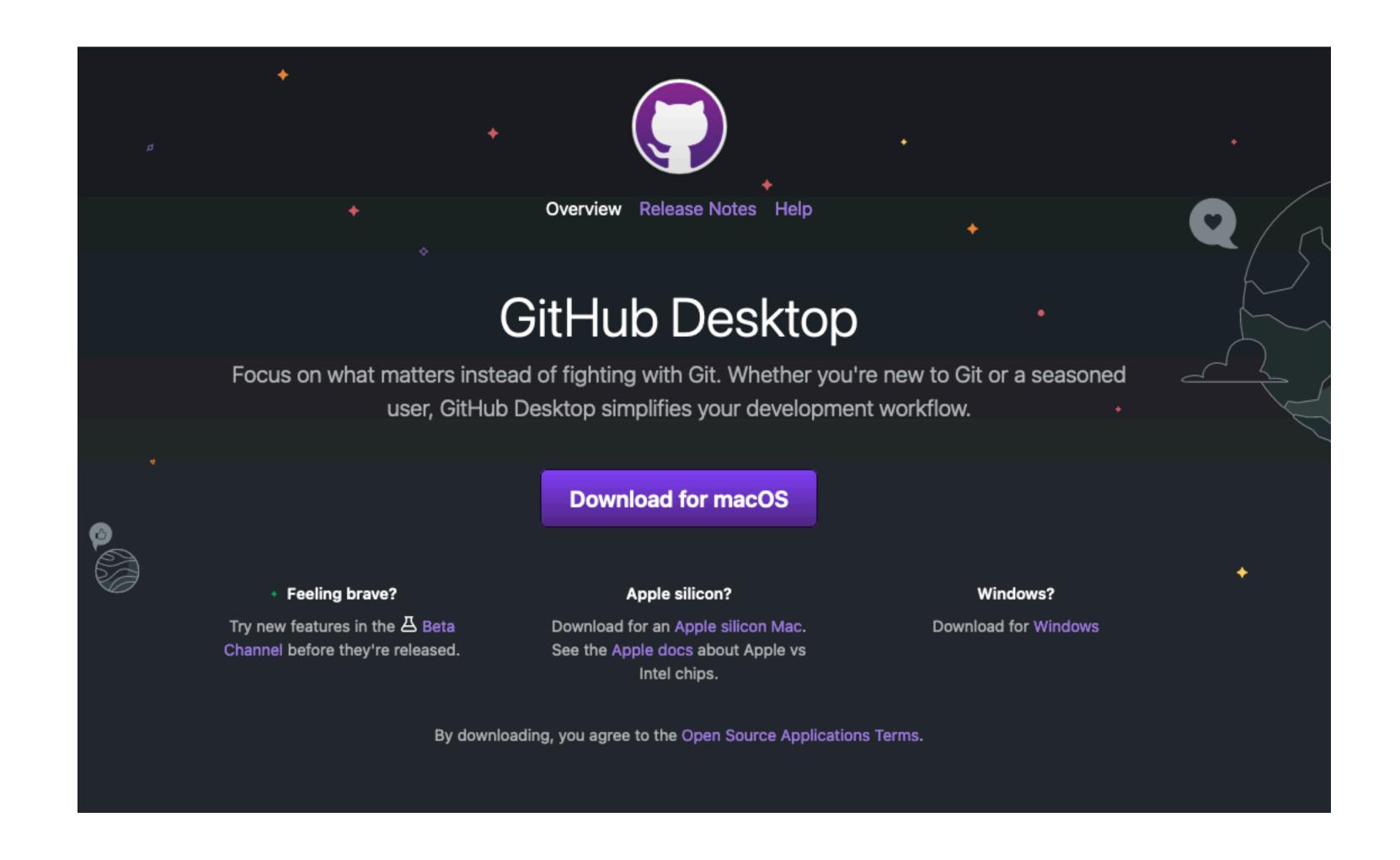
#### Recommended Next Steps - Option 2

- 1. On GitHub: edit the README.md and/or create a new Markdown file
- 2. Commit the changes and add a commit message on Github
- 3. View your edits and the version differences GitHub!

## Any Qs?

## Additional Resources

#### Don't want to use the Command Line?



#### Git, GitHub, and Markdown Guides

#### Git/GitHub

- "Mini-Videos" provided by Git: <a href="https://git-scm.com/videos">https://git-scm.com/videos</a>
- "Git Cheat Sheet" by GitHub: <a href="https://github.github.com/training-kit/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf">https://github.github.github.com/training-kit/downloads/github-git-cheat-sheet.pdf</a>
- "Learning Resources" by GitHub: <a href="https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/git-and-github-learning-resources">https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/git-and-github-learning-resources</a>
- "GitHub Glossary" by GitHub: <a href="https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/github-glossary">https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/github-glossary</a>
- "Set up Git" by GitHub: <a href="https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/set-up-git">https://docs.github.com/en/get-started/quickstart/set-up-git</a>

#### Markdown

- John Gruber, "Markdown" resource <a href="https://daringfireball.net/projects/markdown/">https://daringfireball.net/projects/markdown/</a>
- Markdown Guide, "Cheat Sheet" <a href="https://www.markdownguide.org/cheat-sheet/">https://www.markdownguide.org/cheat-sheet/</a>

#### Where to Go Next?

#### With these tools:

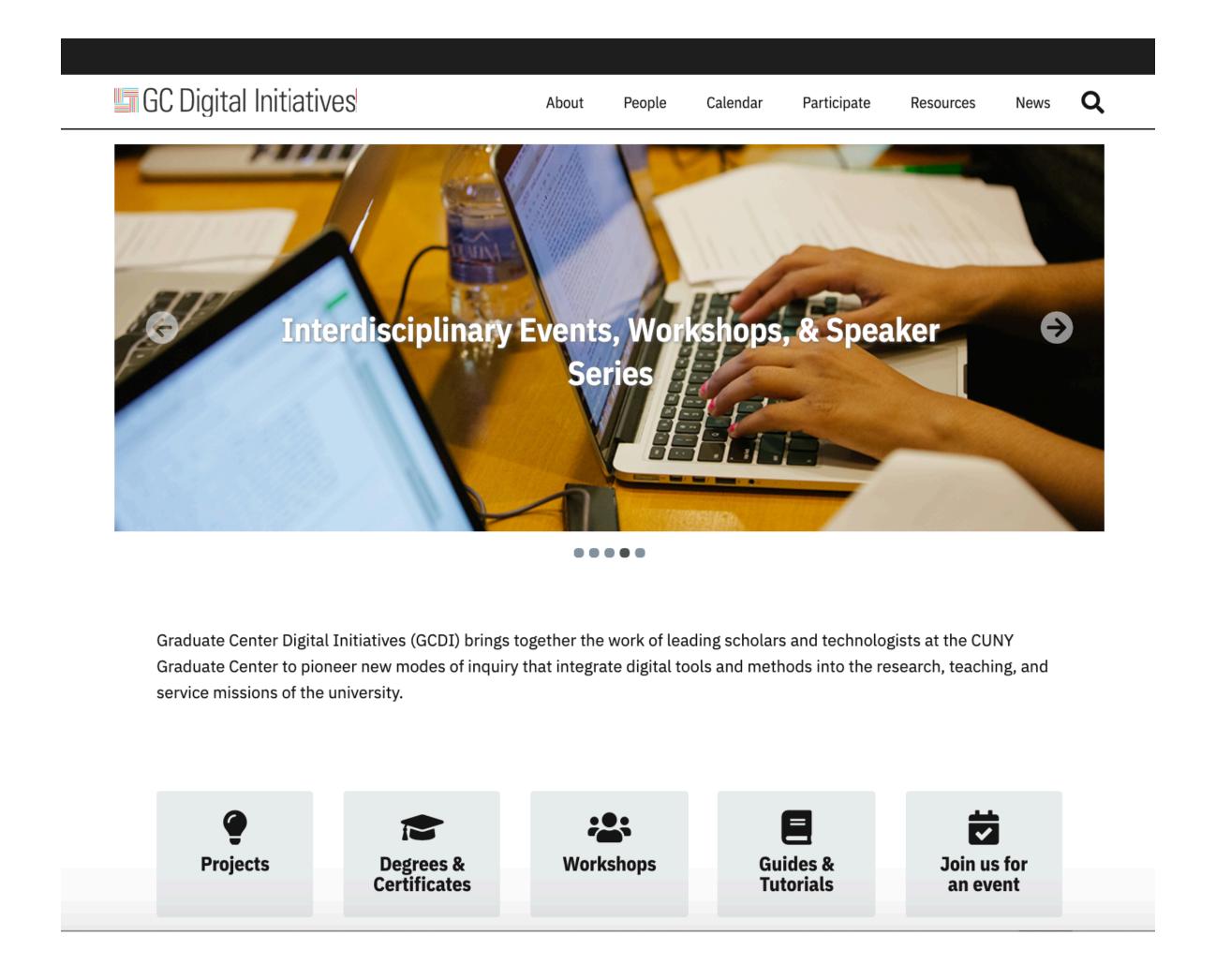
- Download everything and try this exercise on your own if you haven't already!
- Check out the additional resources!
- Need more support about what you just learned? Request a follow-up individual consultation.

#### At the Digital GC, generally:

- Check out related workshops and working groups we offer.
- Sign up for the GC's January Digital Research Institute/bootcamp.
- Check out events and workshops by the Mina Rees Library and TLC.

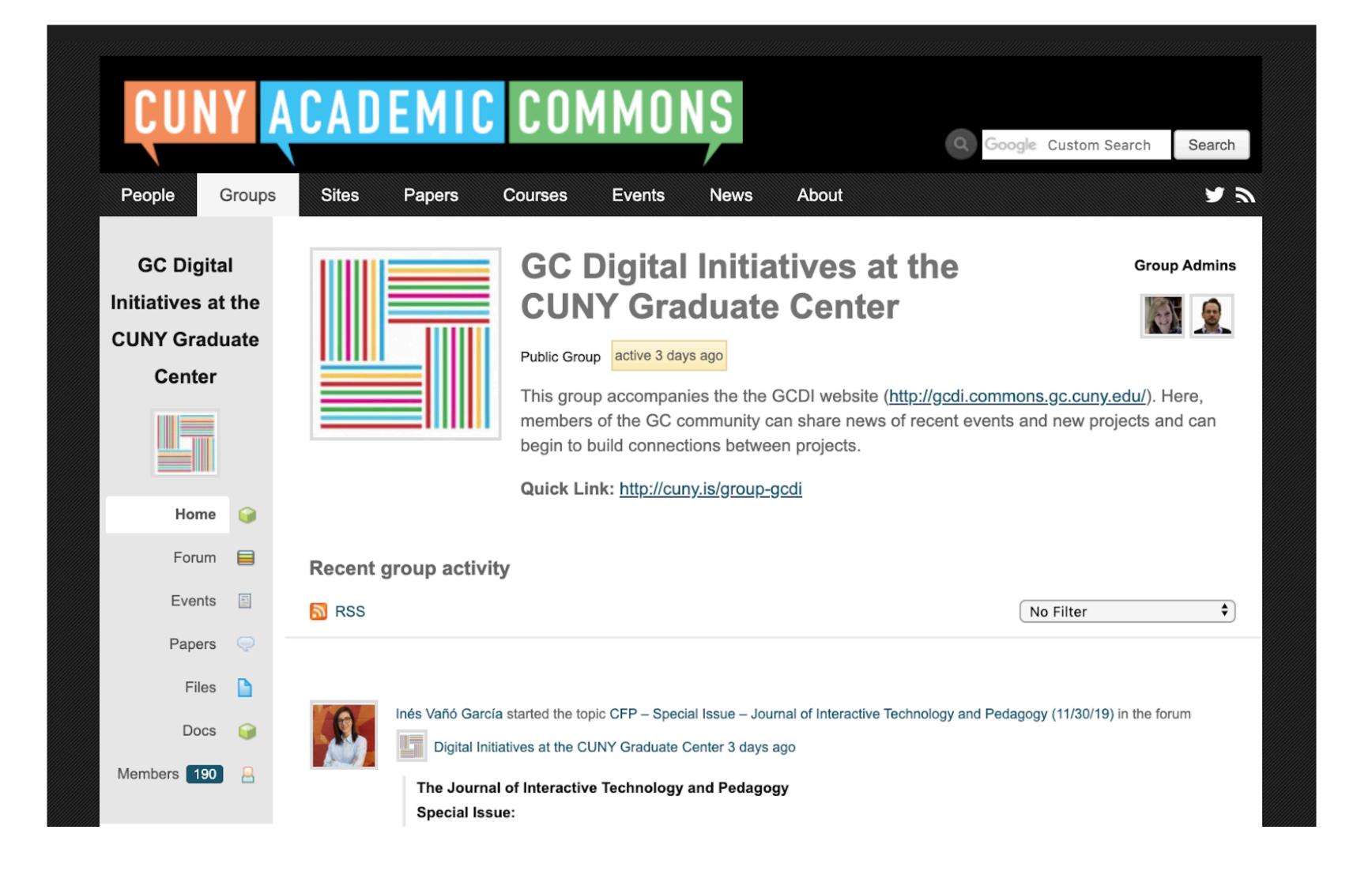


#### How Can I Get Involved with GCDI?





#### How Can I Get Involved with GCDI?



Check us out on CUNY Academic Commons: http://cuny.is/group-gcdi



#### Other Ways to Keep in Touch with GCDI

- Follow GCDI on Twitter: @cunygcdi
- Follow the GC Digital Fellows on Twitter: @digital\_fellows
- Follow the #digitalGC hashtag on Twitter
- Follow the GC Digital Fellows blog, <u>Tagging the Tower</u>
- Contact the fellows at digitalfellows.commons.gc.cuny.edu/contact-us/



# Please take a moment to share your feedback:

cuny.is/GCDI-webevals