# Permutation Iterator

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**abstract:** The permutation iterator adaptor provides a permuted view of a given range. That is, the view includes every element of the given range but in a potentially different order.

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## Introduction

The adaptor takes two arguments:

- an iterator to the range V on which the permutation will be applied
- the reindexing scheme that defines how the elements of V will be permuted.

Note that the permutation iterator is not limited to strict permutations of the given range V. The distance between begin and end of the reindexing iterators is allowed to be smaller compared to the size of the range V, in which case the permutation iterator only provides a permutation of a subrange of V. The indexes neither need to be unique. In this same context, it must be noted that the past the end permutation iterator is completely defined by means of the past-the-end iterator to the indices.

## Reference

```
template< class ElementIterator
, class IndexIterator
, class ValueT = use_default
, class CategoryT = use_default
, class ReferenceT = use_default</pre>
```

```
, class DifferenceT
                              = use_default >
class permutation_iterator
public:
  permutation_iterator();
  explicit permutation_iterator(ElementIterator x, IndexIterator y);
  template< class OEIter, class OI-
Iter, class V, class C, class R, class D >
  permutation_iterator(
      permutation_iterator<OEIter, OIIter, V, C, R, D> const& r
      , typename enable_if_convertible<OEIter, ElementIterator>::type* = 0
      , typename enable_if_convertible<OIIter, IndexIterator>::type* = 0
      );
  reference operator*() const;
  permutation_iterator& operator++();
  ElementIterator const& base() const;
private:
  ElementIterator m_elt;
                              // exposition only
                              // exposition only
  IndexIterator m_order;
};
template <class ElementIterator, class IndexIterator>
permutation_iterator<ElementIterator, IndexIterator>
make_permutation_iterator( ElementIterator e, IndexIterator i);
```

### permutation\_iterator requirements

ElementIterator shall model Random Access Traversal Iterator. IndexIterator shall model Readable Iterator. The value type of the IndexIterator must be convertible to the difference type of ElementIterator.

### permutation\_iterator models

permutation\_iterator models the same iterator traversal concepts as IndexIterator and the same iterator access concepts as ElementIterator.

If IndexIterator models Single Pass Iterator and ElementIterator models Readable Iterator then permutation\_iterator models Input Iterator.

If IndexIterator models Forward Traversal Iterator and ElementIterator models Readable Lvalue Iterator then permutation\_iterator models Forward Iterator.

If IndexIterator models Bidirectional Traversal Iterator and ElementIterator models Readable Lyalue Iterator then permutation\_iterator models Bidirectional Iterator.

If IndexIterator models Random Access Traversal Iterator and ElementIterator models Readable Lyalue Iterator then permutation\_iterator models Random Access Iterator.

permutation\_iterator<E1, X, V1, C2, R1, D1> is interoperable with permutation\_iterator<E2, Y, V2, C2, R2, D2> if and only if X is interoperable with Y and E1 is convertible to E2.

## permutation\_iterator operations

In addition to those operations required by the concepts that permutation\_iterator models, permutation\_iterator provides the following operations.

```
permutation_iterator();
```

```
Effects: Default constructs m_elt and m_order.
explicit permutation_iterator(ElementIterator x, IndexIterator y);
  Effects: Constructs m_elt from x and m_order from y.
  template< class OEIter, class OIIter, class V, class C, class R, class D >
  permutation_iterator(
      permutation_iterator<OEIter, OIIter, V, C, R, D> const& r
      , typename enable_if_convertible<OEIter, ElementIterator>::type* = 0
      , typename enable_if_convertible<OIIter, IndexIterator>::type* = 0
  Effects: Constructs m_elt from r.m_elt and m_order from y.m_order.
reference operator*() const;
  Returns: *(m_elt + *m_order)
permutation_iterator& operator++();
  Effects: ++m_order
  Returns: *this
ElementIterator const& base() const;
  Returns: m_order
  template <class ElementIterator, class IndexIterator>
 permutation_iterator<ElementIterator, IndexIterator>
 make_permutation_iterator(ElementIterator e, IndexIterator i);
  Returns: permutation_iterator<ElementIterator, IndexIterator>(e, i)
```

# Example

```
using namespace boost;
int i = 0;

typedef std::vector< int > element_range_type;
typedef std::list< int > index_type;

static const int element_range_size = 10;
static const int index_size = 4;

element_range_type elements( element_range_size );
for(element_range_type::iterator el_it = elements.begin() ; el_it != elements.end() ; ++el_it)
    *el_it = std::distance(elements.begin(), el_it);

index_type indices( index_size );
for(index_type::iterator i_it = indices.begin() ; i_it != indices.end() ; ++i_it )
    *i_it = element_range_size -
index_size + std::distance(indices.begin(), i_it);
```

```
std::reverse( indices.begin(), indices.end() );
  typedef permutation_iterator< element_range_type::iterator, in-
  dex_type::iterator > permutation_type;
  permutation_type begin = make_permutation_iterator( elements.begin(), in-
  dices.begin() );
  permutation_type it = begin;
  permutation_type end = make_permutation_iterator( elements.begin(), in-
  dices.end() );
 std::cout << "The original range is : ";</pre>
  std::copy( elements.begin(), ele-
 ments.end(), std::ostream_iterator< int >( std::cout, " " ) );
  std::cout << "\n";
  std::cout << "The reindexing scheme is : ";</pre>
  std::copy( indices.begin(), in-
  dices.end(), std::ostream_iterator< int >( std::cout, " " ) );
  std::cout << "\n";
 std::cout << "The permutated range is : ";</pre>
  std::copy( begin, end, std::ostream_iterator< int >( std::cout, " " ) );
  std::cout << "\n";
  std::cout << "Elements at even indices in the permutation : ";</pre>
  it = begin;
 for(i = 0; i < index_size / 2; ++i, it+=2) std::cout << *it << " ";</pre>
  std::cout << "\n";
  std::cout << "Permutation backwards : ";</pre>
  it = begin + (index_size);
  assert( it != begin );
  for(; it-- != begin; ) std::cout << *it << " ";
  std::cout << "\n";
 std::cout << "Iterate backward with stride 2 : ";</pre>
  it = begin + (index_size - 1);
 for(i = 0; i < index_size / 2; ++i, it-=2) std::cout << *it << " ";
  std::cout << "\n";
The output is:
  The original range is : 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
  The reindexing scheme is: 9876
 The permutated range is : 9 8 7 6
 Elements at even indices in the permutation : 9 7
 Permutation backwards : 6 7 8 9
  Iterate backward with stride 2 : 6 8
```

The source code for this example can be found here.