


$$u = E[7 - 0.5n] \quad \text{assuming the random term to be } 0 \text{ (as it is almost negligible)}$$

\* we have to find total reward as a function of number of harvests. assuming discounting factor  $\gamma = 1$   
 we know that the total reward we get at  $n^{\text{th}}$  instant is sum of rewards until  $n-1$  instants starting from 0. let TR = total reward from a patch

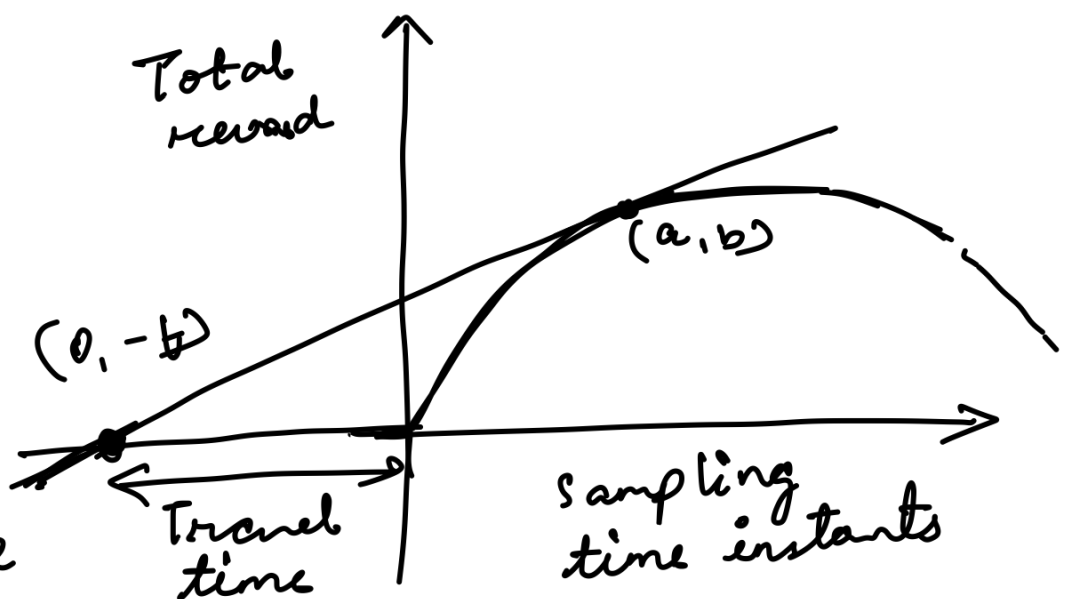


	Reward	TR
$n=1$	7	7
$n=2$	6.5	13.5
$\vdots$	$\vdots$	$\vdots$
$k$	$7 - 0.5(k-1)$	$\sum_{n=1}^k 7 - 0.5(n-1)$

[we get reward at  $n=1$  because we harvested at  $n=0$ ]

$$TR(n) = 7n - 0.5 \frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{29n - n^2}{4}$$

NAT → animals should leave current patch when energy intake rate within the patch diminishes to the average energy-harvesting rate in the environment.



$$\text{eq}^n \text{ of curve} \Rightarrow y = \frac{29x - x^2}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{eq}^n \text{ of tangent} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a+b} = \frac{dy}{dx} \Big|_{(a,b)} = \frac{29-2a}{4}$$

$$b = \frac{29a - a^2}{4} \Rightarrow (29-2a)(a+b) = 29a - a^2$$

$$\Rightarrow a = b \pm \sqrt{29b + b^2}$$

$$= b + \sqrt{29b + b^2}$$

as  $(a < 0)$  not possible.

$$\Rightarrow a = b + \sqrt{29b + b^2}$$

putting  $b = 3$  we obtain

$$a = 3 + \sqrt{32}$$

$$= 9.797$$

$\Rightarrow$   $a$  can't be a decimal. so let  $a = 9 / 10$   
lets assume for simplicity harvest time = 1 sec  
and total time in environment = 100 sec.

case - I

$$\Rightarrow a = 9$$

$\Rightarrow$  we harvest each patch for 9 seconds  
8 total patches at a hand of 4 times,  
possible

$$\text{Total round} = 8 \times 45 + 25 = 385$$

case II

$$a = 10$$

$\rightarrow$  total patches = 7 4 7-time harvest a single patch

$$= 7 \times \frac{19 \times 10}{4} + 45$$

$$= 332.5 + 45$$

$$= 377.5$$

→ basically leaving a patch at the lower bond time  
gives a better reward

