Design Patterns Proxy, Adapter, Facade

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Example: The Proxy design pattern

- · We have Account interface
- We implement Account interface in AccountImpl class, which contains actual business logic.
- We create AccountProxy class
 - AccountProxy does not know how methods (business logic) is implemented.
 - AccountProxy invokes method on AccountImpl class.

Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
package designpattern.proxy;
public interface Account {
   String withdraw(double amount);
   String deposit(double amount);
}
```

Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
package designpattern.proxy;

public class AccountImpl implements Account{
    double customerBalance;
    String customerName;

public AccountImpl(String custName,double balance){
    this.customerName=custName;
    this.customerBalance=balance;
}
```

Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
@Override
public String withdraw(double amount) {
   String status;
   if(amount<=0)
    status = "Error: Negative Balance";
   else if((this.customerBalance-amount)<500.0)
    status = "Error: Insufficient Balance. Min. Rs. 500 needed in your account.";
   else{
     this.customerBalance-=amount;
     status = "Withdrawal Succefful, Updated balance="+this.customerBalance;
   }
   return status;</pre>
```

Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
@Override
public String deposit(double amount) {
    String status;
    if(amount<=0)
        status = "Error: Negative Balance";
    else(
        this.customerBalance+=amount;
        status = "Deposit Succefful, Updated balance="+this.customerBalance;
    }
    return status;
}
```

Example: The Proxy design pattern package designpattern.proxy; public class AccountProxy implements Account{ private AccountImpl account; AccountProxy(String custName, double balance){ account=new AccountImpl(custName, balance); } @Override public String withdraw(double amount) { return account.withdraw(amount); } @Override public String deposit(double amount) { return account.deposit(amount); }

Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
package designpattern.proxy;
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Account myAcc=new AccountProxy("Kisan", 500.0);
        System.out.println("Deposit Rs. 10,000");
        System.out.println("Transaction Status: " + myAcc.deposit(10000));
        System.out.println("Widthdraw Rs. 10,300");
        System.out.println("Transaction Status: " + myAcc.withdraw(10300));
    }
```

Running the Example: The Proxy design pattern

```
Notifications Output-DesignPattern(run) % Search Results

run:
Deposit Rs. 10,000
Transaction Status: Deposit Succefful, Updated balance=10500.0
Midthdraw Rs. 10,300
Transaction Status: Error: Insufficient Balance. Min. Rs. 500 needed in your account.
```

The Adapter design pattern

- It is of type structural design pattern.
- Adapter pattern works as a bridge between two incompatible interfaces.
- This pattern involves a single class which is responsible to join functionalities of independent or incompatible interfaces.
- Example:
 - A card reader acts as an adapter between memory card and a computer.
 - HDMI to VGA adapter
 - USB to Mini USB

The Adapter design pattern

• Without adapter

Provider Adapter result(studentID, sem);
Consumer uses as:
getResult(sem, studentID);

Adapter provides method:
getResult(sem, studentID);
Which Internally calls result()

Example: The Adapter design pattern

- WeatherService interface package designpattern.adapter.weatherinfo; interface WeatherService { public float temperature(); public float humidity(); }
- WeatherServiceAdapter interface package designpattern.adapter.weatherinfo; public interface WeatherServiceAdapter { public float getTemperature(); public float getHumidity();
 }

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Example: The Adapter design pattern

```
package designpattern.adapter.weatherinfo;
public class WeatherServiceImpl implements WeatherService
{
    @Override
    public float temperature() {
        return 15.5f;
    }
    @Override
    public float humidity() {
        return 65.8f;
    }
}
```

Example: The Adapter design pattern

```
package designpattern.adapter.weatherinfo;
public class WeatherServiceAdapterImpl implements
  WeatherServiceAdapter {
  WeatherService weatherService;
  public WeatherServiceAdapterImpl(WeatherService
  weatherService) {
    this.weatherService = weatherService;
  }
  @Override
  public float getTemperature() {
    return weatherService.temperature();
  }
```

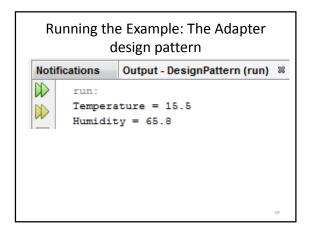
Example: The Adapter design pattern

```
@Override
public float getHumidity() {
  return weatherService.humidity();
}
```

Example: The Adapter design pattern

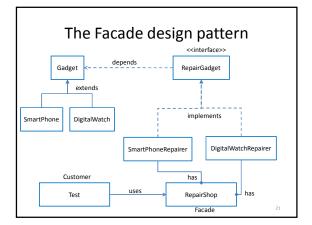
```
package designpattern.adapter.weatherinfo;
public class NewsChannel {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    WeatherServiceAdapter weatherService=new
    WeatherServiceAdapterimpl(new WeatherServiceImpl());
    System.out.println("Temperature = "+weatherService.getTemperature());
    System.out.println("Humidity = "+weatherService.getHumidity());
    }
}
```

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The Facade design pattern

- It is of type structural design pattern.
- Facade pattern hides the complexities of the system and provides an interface to the user using which the user can access the system.
- This design pattern involves a single class which provides simplified methods required by user and delegates calls to methods of existing system classes.



Example-The Facade design pattern

```
package designpattern.facade;
public class Gadget {
    private String name;
    private String status;
    public String getStatus() {
        return status;
    }
    public void setStatus(String status) {
        this.status = status;
    }
}
```

Example-The Facade design pattern

```
public String getName() {
    return name;
}
public void setName(String name) {
    this.name = name;
}
```

Example-The Facade design pattern

SmartPhone (a gadget)
 package designpattern.facade;
 public class SmartPhone extends Gadget{
 }
 DigitalWatch (a gadget)
 package designpattern.facade;
 public class DigitalWatch extends Gadget{
 }
}

Example-The Facade design pattern

RepairGadget (specifies how repairing is done)
package designpattern.facade;
public interface RepairGadget {
 public void repair(Gadget gadget);
}

Example-The Facade design pattern

· SmartPhoneRepairer (knows how to repair a smart phone)

```
package designpattern.facade;
public class SmartPhoneRepairer implements RepairGadget{

@Override
public void repair(Gadget gadget) {
    SmartPhone smartPhone=(SmartPhone)gadget;
    System.out.println("Repairing your "+smartPhone.getClass().getName());
    smartPhone.setStatus("Working");
    System.out.println("Your "+smartPhone.getClass().getName()+" now working");
}
```

Example-The Facade design pattern

DigitalWatchRepairer (knows how to repair a digital watch)

```
package designpattern.facade;
public class DigitalWatchRepairer implements RepairGadget{

@Override
public void repair(Gadget gadget) {
    DigitalWatch digitalWatch=(DigitalWatch)gadget;
    System.out.println("Repairing your "+digitalWatch.getClass().getName());
    digitalWatch.setStatus("Working");
    System.out.println("Your "+digitalWatch.getClass().getName()+" now
    working");
}
```

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Example-The Facade design pattern

 RepairShop (where repairing of various gadgets is done) package designpattern.facade;

```
//This is a facade class

public class RepairShop {
    private RepairGadget smartPhoneRepairer;
    private RepairGadget digitalWatchRepairer;
    public RepairGadget digitalWatchRepairer;
    public RepairShop(){
        smartPhoneRepairer=new SmartPhoneRepairer();
        digitalWatchRepairer=new DigitalWatchRepairer();
}
```

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Example-The Facade design pattern

```
public void repairSmartPhone(SmartPhone smartPhone){
    smartPhoneRepairer.repair(smartPhone);
}
public void repairDigitalWatch(DigitalWatch digitalWatch){
    digitalWatchRepairer.repair(digitalWatch);
}
```

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Example-The Facade design pattern

Test (Shows a scenario of using RepairShop-facade)
package designpattern.facade;
public class Test {
 public static void main(String[] args) {
 RepairShop repairShop=new RepairShop();
 SmartPhone sp1=new SmartPhone();
 sp1.setName("Samsung Note 3");
 sp1.setStatus("Working");
 DigitalWatch dw1=new DigitalWatch();
 dw1.setName("Sony SpeedX");
 dw1.setStatus("Working");

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Example-The Facade design pattern

System.out.println("Using devices");
System.out.println("Devices' Status:");
System.out.println(sp1.getName()+" is "+sp1.getStatus());
System.out.println(dw1.getName()+" is "+dw1.getStatus());
System.out.println("Devices got problem");
sp1.setStatus("Not Working");
dw1.setStatus("Not Working");
System.out.println("Devices' Status:");
System.out.println("Devices' Status:");
System.out.println(sp1.getName()+" is "+sp1.getStatus());
System.out.println(dw1.getName()+" is "+dw1.getStatus());

Example-The Facade design pattern

System.out.println("Devices sent for repairing");
repairShop.repairSmartPhone(sp1);
repairShop.repairDigitalWatch(dw1);
System.out.println("Devices' Status after repairing");
System.out.println(sp1.getName()+" is "+sp1.getStatus());
System.out.println(dw1.getName()+" is "+dw1.getStatus());
}

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Running the example-The Facade design pattern



References

 Java Design Patterns, problem solving approaches, tutorials point, www.tutorialspoint.com

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