BOOTSTRAP

Table class

- A basic Bootstrap table has a light padding and only horizontal dividers.
- The .table class adds basic styling to a table:
- .table-striped
- •.table-bordered
- .table-hover
- .table-condensed
- .table-responsive

```
John
 Doe
 john@example.com
Mary
 Moe
 mary@example.com
```

Table Contextual class

This can be added to the
 <t > and elements of the Table class.

Class	Description
.active	Applies the hover color to the table row or table cell
.success	Indicates a successful or positive action
.info	Indicates a neutral informative change or action
.warning	Indicates a warning that might need attention
.danger	Indicates a dangerous or potentially negative action

```
Success
 Doe
 john@example.com
Danger
 Moe
 mary@example.com
```

Image class

- Bootstrap Image classes have three shapes:
- Rounded Corners, Circle, Thumbnail.

Rounded Corners:



Circle:



Thumbnail:



```
<img src="nature.jpg"
    class="img-circle"
    alt="Any Text"
    width="304"
    height="236">
```

Alert Class

- Bootstrap provides an easy way to create predefined alert messages
- Alerts are created with the .alert class, followed by one of the four contextual classes
- alert-success
- .alert-info
- .alert-warning
- .alert-danger

.alert-link .alert-dismissable

```
<div class="alert alert-info">
   <strong>Info!</strong> This alert box could indicate a
 neutral informative change or action.
  </div>
<div class="alert alert-success alert-dismissible">
 <a href="#" class="close" data-dismiss="alert" aria-
label="close">X</a>
 <strong>Success!</strong> Indicates a successful or positive action.
</div>
```

Button Class

- Bootstrap provides seven styles of buttons:
- To achieve the button styles above, Bootstrap has the following contextual classes:
- .btn-default
- .btn-primary
- .btn-success
- .btn-info
- .btn-warning
- .btn-danger
- .btn-link

```
<button

type="button"

class="btn btn-success">
    Apple</button>
```

```
<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">
Samsung</button>
```

```
<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary dropdown-toggle"</pre>
   data-toggle="dropdown">
  Sony
  <span class="caret"> </span>
</button>
<a href="#">Tablet</a>
   <a href="#">Smartphone</a>
```

The span tag is **used for the grouping of inline elements** & this tag does not make any visual change by itself. span is very similar to the div tag, but div is a block-level tag and **span is an inline tag**.

Syntax: Some Text

Attribute: This tag accept all the Global attribute and Event Attributes

Nesting Button Groups & Dropdown Menus

Nest button groups to create dropdown menus:

Bootstrap Glyphicons

- Bootstrap Glyphicons:
- Bootstrap provides 260 glyphicons from the Glyphicons Halflings set (http://getbootstrap.com/components/)
- Here are some examp
- les of glyphicons:



```
Envelope icon:
<span class="glyphicon glyphicon-envelope"> </span>
Envelope icon as a link:
 <a href="#">
  <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-envelope"> </span>
  </a>
```

glyphicon-search glyphicon-print

Bootstrap Badges

- Badges are numerical indicators of how many items are associated with a link:
- One can assign this badges to any HTML element.

Badges



```
<button type="button" class="btn btn-primary">
Primary
<span class="badge">7 </span>
```

</button>

Bootstrap Progress Bar

- A progress bar can be used to show a user how far along he/she is in a process.
- Bootstrap provides several types of progress bars.
- progress, .progress-bar-success, .progress-bar-info,
 progress-bar-warning, .progress-bar-danger, .progress-bar-striped,
 active.

```
<div class="progress-bar"
    role="progressbar"
    aria-valuenow="70"
    aria-valuemin="0"
    aria-valuemax="100"
    style="width:70%">
</div>
```

```
<div class="progress-bar progress-bar-striped active"
role="progressbar"
aria-valuenow="40"
aria-valuemin="0"
aria-valuemax="100"
style="width:40%"> 40%
```

</div>

BreadCrumb

Indicate the current page's location within a navigational hierarchy that automatically adds separators via CSS.

```
<a href="#">Home</a><a href="#">Private</a><a href="#">Pictures</a>class="active">Vacation
```

 The Carousel plugin is a component for cycling through elements, like a carousel (slideshow).

- Example Explained
- The outermost <div>:

Carousels require the use of an id (in this case id="myCarousel") for carousel controls to function properly.

The class="carousel" specifies that this <div> contains a carousel.

The .slide class adds a CSS transition and animation effect, which makes the items slide when showing a new item. Omit this class if you do not want this effect.

The data-ride="carousel" attribute tells Bootstrap to begin animating the carousel immediately when the page loads.

<div id="myCarousel" class="carousel slide" data-ride="carousel">

- The "Indicators" part:
- The indicators are the little dots at the bottom of each slide (which indicates how many slides there are in the carousel, and which slide the user is currently viewing).
- The indicators are specified in an ordered list with class .carousel-indicators.
- The data-target attribute points to the id of the carousel.
- The data-slide-to attribute specifies which slide to go to, when clicking on the specific dot.

```
<!-- Indicators -->

    data-target="#myCarousel" data-slide-to="0" class="active">
    data-target="#myCarousel" data-slide-to="1">
    data-target="#myCarousel" data-slide-to="2">
    data-target="#myCarousel" data-slide-to="3">
```

The "Wrapper for slides" part:

• The slides are specified in a <div> with class .carousel-inner.

The content of each slide is defined in a <div> with class .item. This can be text or images.

 The .active class needs to be added to one of the slides. Otherwise, the carousel will not be visible.

```
<!-- Wrapper for slides -->
<div class="carousel-inner" role="listbox">
   <div class="item active">
    <img src="lights.jpg" alt="Lights" width="500" height="400">
   </div>
   <div class="item">
    <img src="paris.jpg" alt="Paris" width="500" height="400">
   </div>
```

The "Left and right controls" part:

 This code adds "left" and "right" buttons that allows the user to go back and forth between the slides manually.

 The data-slide attribute accepts the keywords "prev" or "next", which alters the slide position relative to its current position.

```
<!-- Left and right controls -->
  <a class="left carousel-control" href="#myCarousel" role="button"</pre>
     data-slide="prev">
      <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-chevron-left" aria-hidden="true">
      </span>
    <span class="sr-only">Previous</span>
  </a>
<a class="right carousel-control" href="#myCarousel" role="button"</pre>
     data-slide="next">
   <span class="glyphicon glyphicon-chevron-right" aria-hidden="true">
      </span>
      <span class="sr-only">Next</span>
</a>
```

Other Bootstrap Classes

- There are other bootstrap classes are also available like,
- Pagination, Pager, ListGroup, Panels, Dropdowns, Collapse, Tabs, NavBar (Navigation bar), and many more.
- You can explore these.