USN:1BM19CS220

PROGRAM 2: BANKING ENTERPRISE DATABASE

Consider the following database for a banking enterprise.

Branch (branch-name: String, branch-city: String, assets: real) **BankAccount**(accno: int, branch-name: String, balance: real)

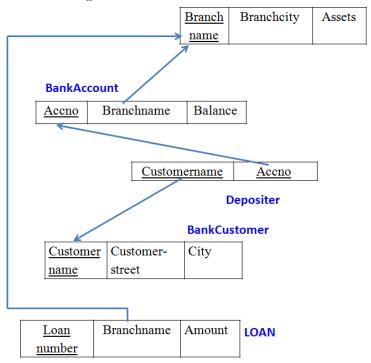
BankCustomer (customer-name: String, customer-street: String, customer-city: String)

Depositer(customer-name: String, accno: int)

Loan (loan-number: int, branch-name: String, amount: real)

INTRODUCTION: This database is developed for supporting banking facilities. Details of the branch along with the accounts and loans handled by them are recorded. Also details of the depositors of the corresponding branches are maintained.

Schema Diagram



Sample Table data

Branch

BankAccount

BRANCHNAME	BRANCHCITY	ASSESTS	ACCNO	BRANCHNAME	BALANCE
SBI_Chamrajpet SBI_ResidencyRoad SBI_ShivajiRoad SBI_ParlimentRoad SBI_Jantarmantar	Bombay	50000 10000 20000 10000 20000	2 3 4 5 6 8 9	SBI_Chamrajpet SBI_ResidencyRoad SBI_ShivajiRoad SBI_ParlimentRoad SBI_Jantarmantar SBI_ShivajiRoad SBI_ResidencyRoad SBI_ParlimentRoad	2000 5000 6000 9000 8000 4000 4000 3000
RankCustomer				SBI_ResidencyRoad SBI_Jantarmantar	5000 2000

BankCustomer

CUSTOMERNAM	E CUSTOMERSTREET	CUSTOMERCITY
Avinash	Bull_Temple_Road	Bangalore
Dinesh	Bannergatta_Road	Bangalore
Mohan	NationalCollege_Road	Bangalore
Nikil	Akbar_Road	Delhi
Ravi	Prithviraj_Road	Delhi

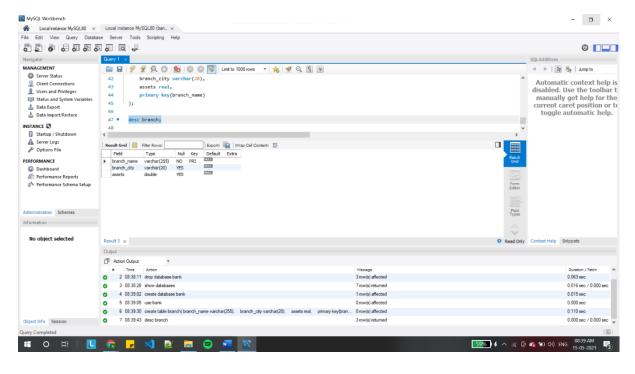
Dep	Depositer	
CUSTOMERNAME	ACCNO	
Avinash	1	
Dinesh	2	
Nikil	4	
Ravi	5	
Avinash	8	
Nikil	9	
Dinesh	10	
Nikil	11	

Loan

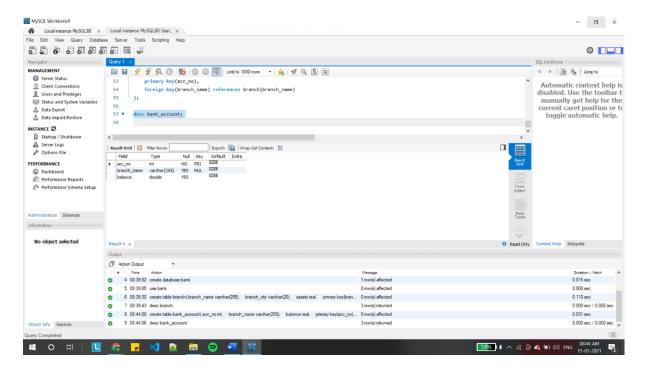
LOANNUMBER	BRANCHNAME	AMOUNT
3 4	SBI_Chamrajpet SBI_ResidencyRoad SBI_ShivajiRoad SBI_ParlimentRoad SBI_Jantarmantar	3000

1. Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.

```
create database bank;
use bank;
create table branch(
       branch_name varchar(255),
  branch_city varchar(20),
  assets real,
  primary key(branch_name)
);
desc branch;
```



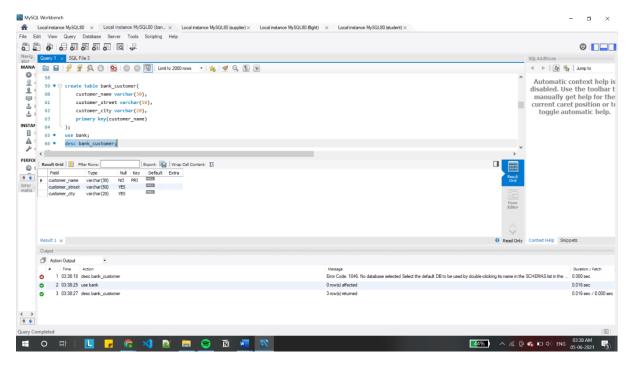
desc bank_account;



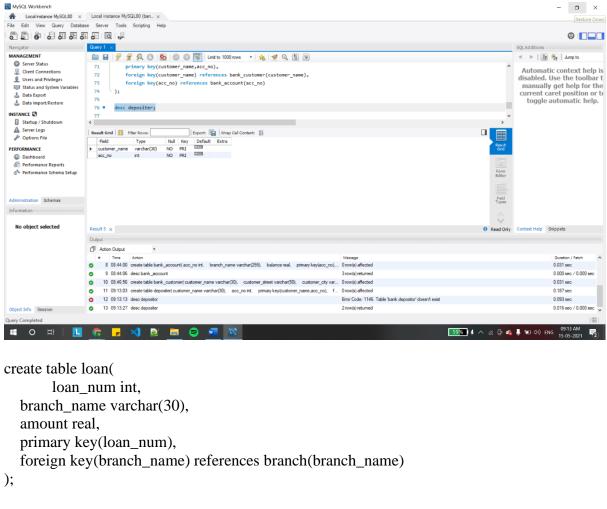
create table bank_customer(

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customer_name varchar(30),
customer_street varchar(50),
customer_city varchar(20),
primary key(customer_name)
);
```

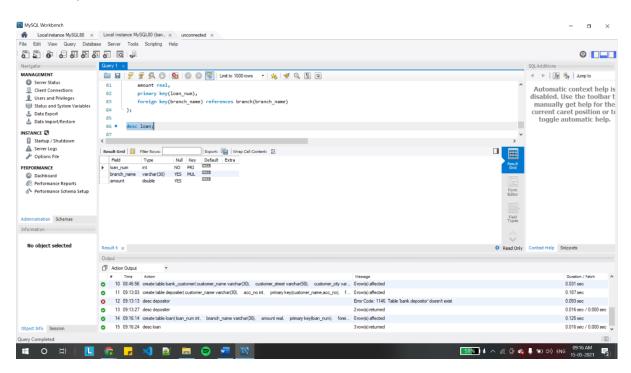
desc bank_customer;



desc depositer;

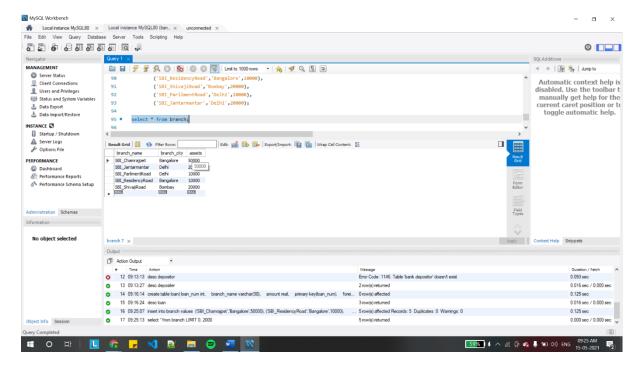


desc loan;

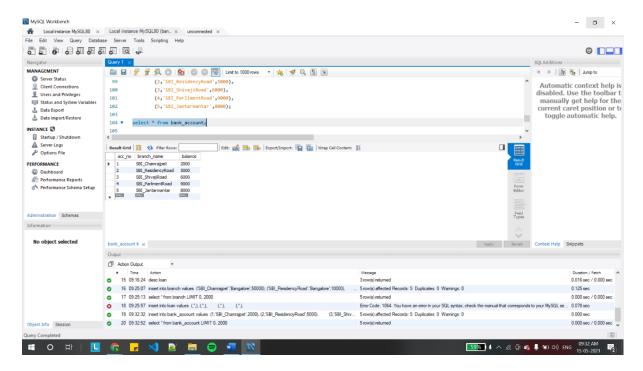


2. Enter at least five tuples for each relation.

select * from branch;



select * from bank_account;



insert into bank_customer

values ('Avinash', 'Bull Temple Road', 'Bangalore'),

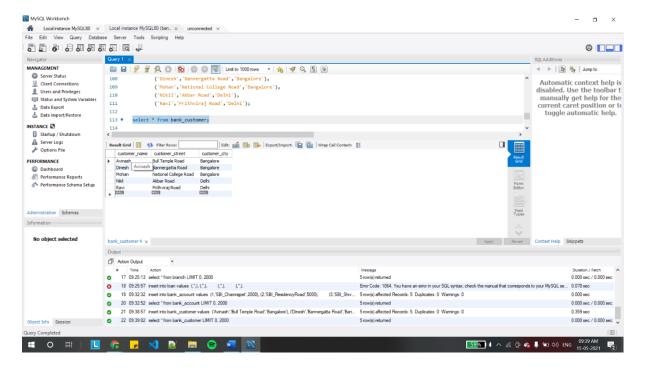
('Dinesh', 'Bannergatta Road', 'Bangalore'),

('Mohan', 'National College Road', 'Bangalore'),

('Nikil','Akbar Road','Delhi'),

('Ravi', 'Prithviraj Road', 'Delhi');

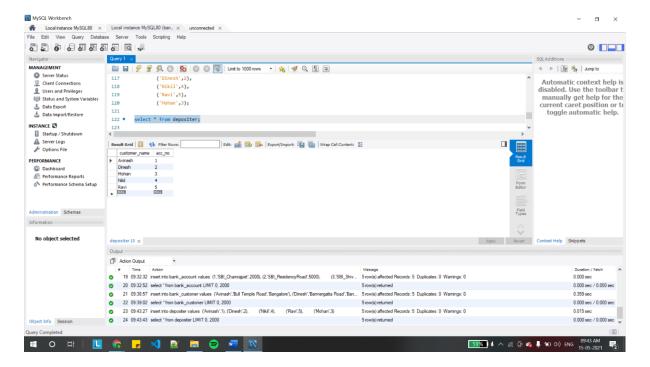
select * from bank_customer;



insert into depositer values ('Avinash',1),

```
('Dinesh',2),
('Nikil',4),
('Ravi',5),
('Mohan',3);
```

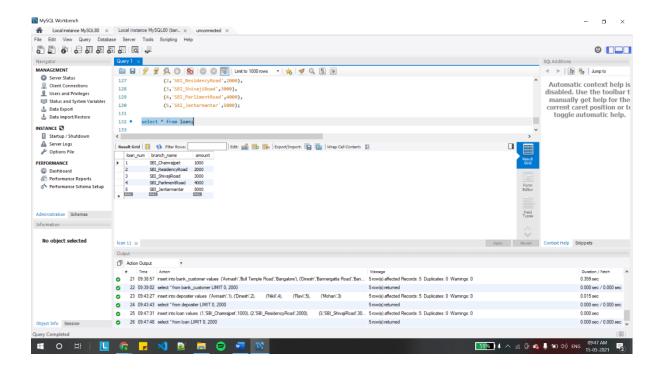
select * from depositer;



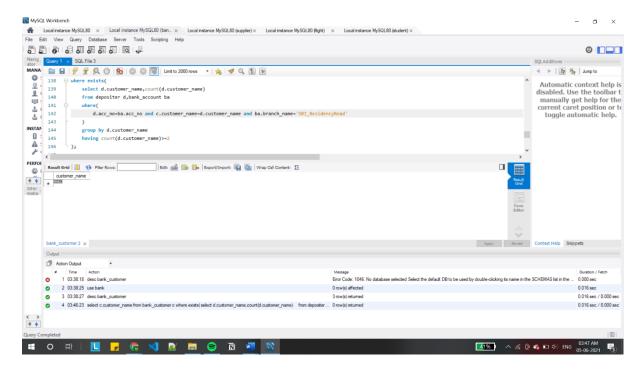
insert into loan

values (1,'SBI_Chamrajpet',1000), (2,'SBI_ResidencyRoad',2000), (3,'SBI_ShivajiRoad',3000), (4,'SBI_ParlimentRoad',4000), (5,'SBI_Jantarmantar',5000);

select * from loan;



3. Find all the customers who have at least two accounts at the *Main* branch (ex. SBI_ResidencyRoad).



4. Find all the customers who have an account at *all* the branches located in a specific city (Ex. Delhi).

select d.customer_name from depositer d,branch b,bank_account a where b.branch_name=a.branch_name

AND a.acc_no=d.acc_no

and branch_city='Delhi'

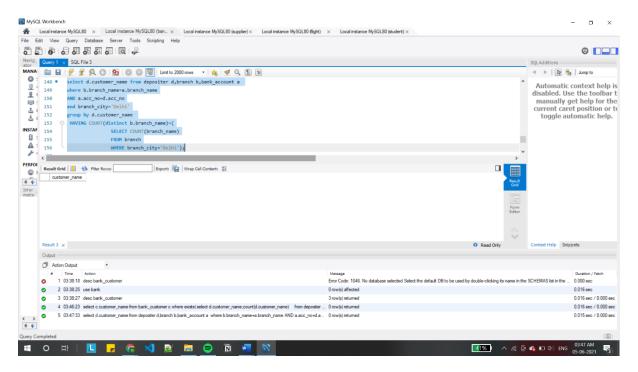
group by d.customer_name

HAVING COUNT(distinct b.branch_name)=(

SELECT COUNT(branch_name)

FROM branch

WHERE branch_city='Delhi');



5. Demonstrate how you delete all account tuples at every branch located in a specific city (Ex. Bombay).

