

## SoC Packet Switch With Reconfigurable Bandwidth - H/W Demonstrator

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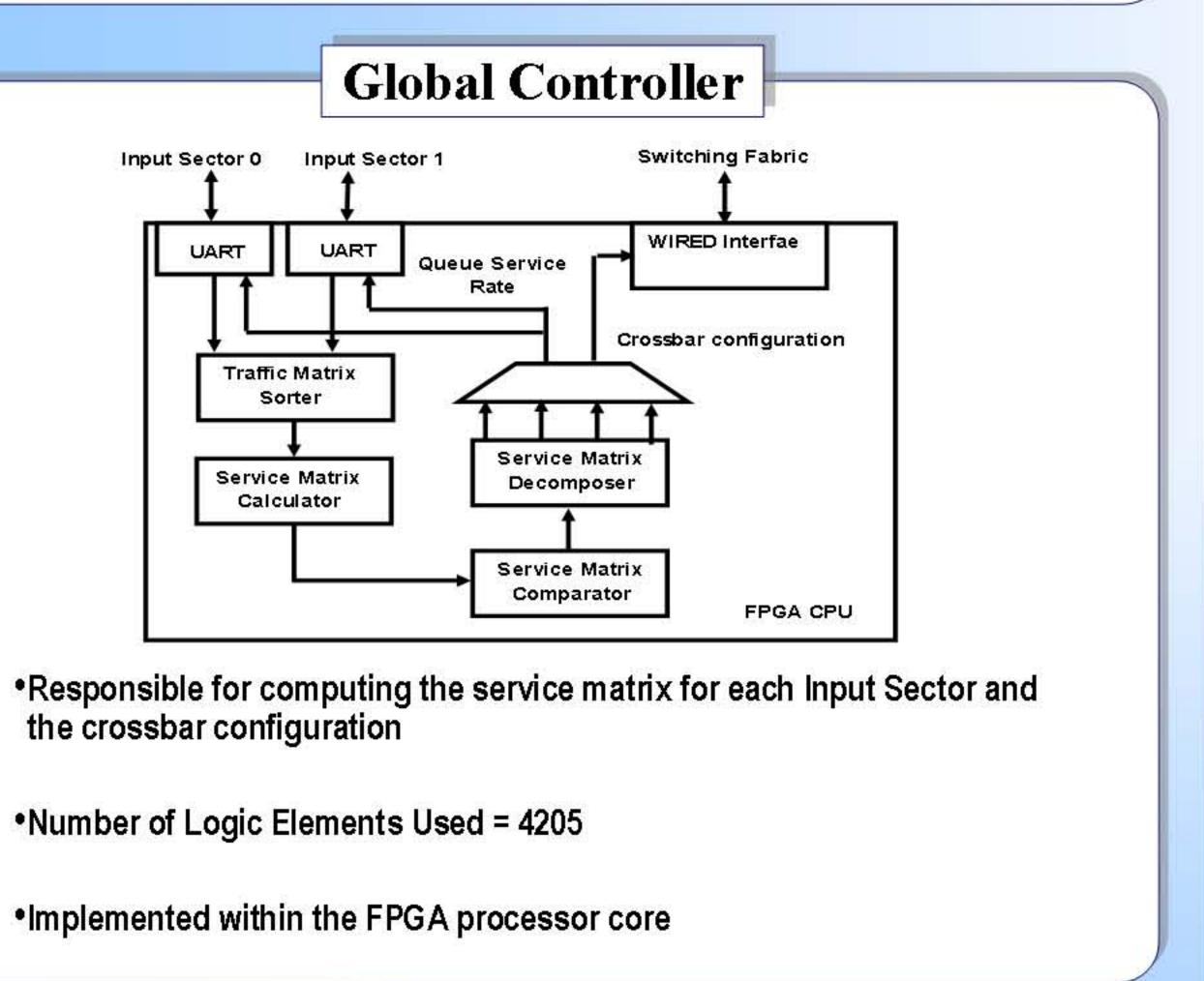
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•FIFO Depth is 128 words and the width is 64 bits

metconne No Connecting Wave

Industry:

Funding from:

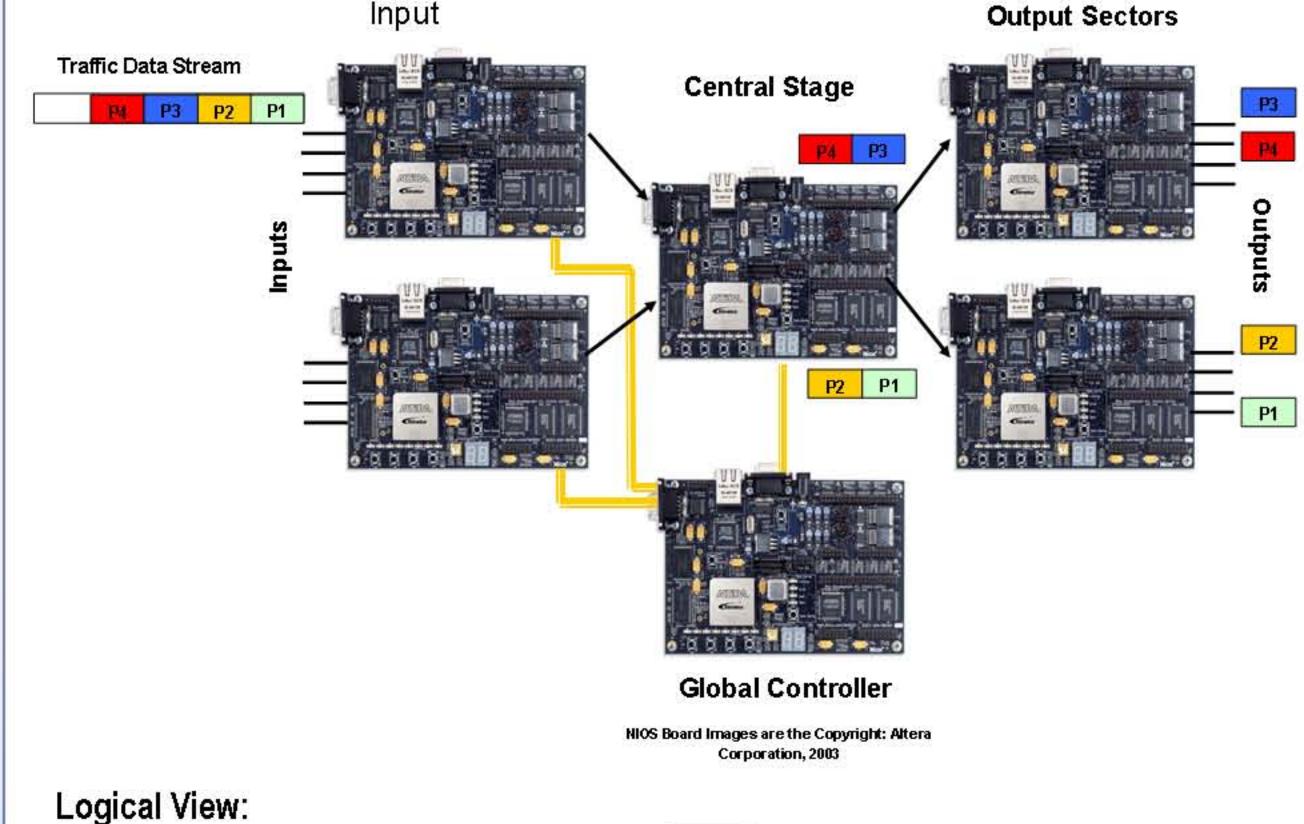


**Research Interactions** 

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# Advantages Of Our Packet Switch Architecture 1. Scalability – the advantages of this architecture are more evident for large number of ports and sectors. 2. Configuration of central stage on a per-packet basis is NOT necessary 3. Delay performance is close to that of the Output Queued Switch (the 'ideal' architecture) 4. Central stage does most of the transporting – optics is better suited for this; whereas, the Sectors do most of the switching – electronics is better suited for this. 5. Decrease in power dissipation by using an optical crossbar and / or Flexible Bandwidth Provision scheduler Packet Switch Demonstrator Hardware View: Output Sectors Central Stage



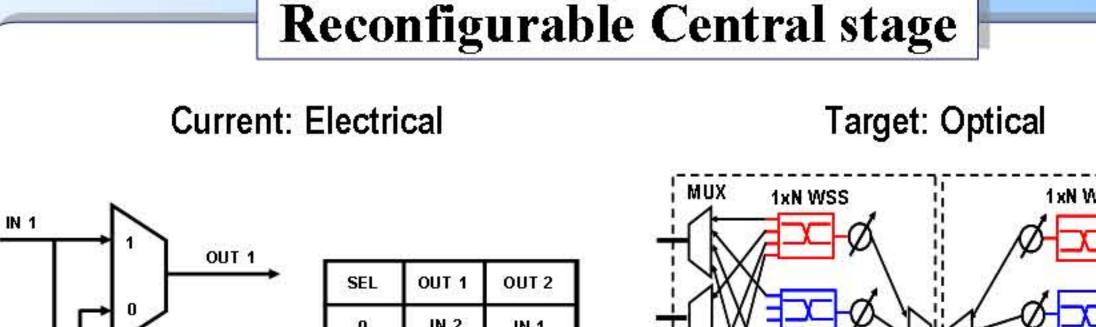
## Global Controller

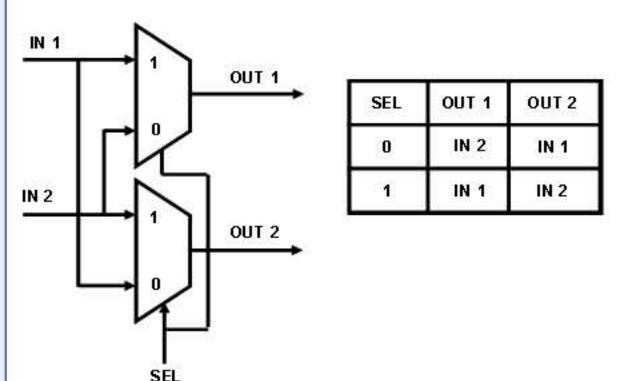
 Port line rate for the demonstrator is 10 Mbps. Design is scalable up to 2.5 Gbps provided the use of Stratix GX FPGA Devices.

Packet size is 64 bits for this prototype

## Receiver 1 Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Receiver 3 Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Header Decoder Receiver 4 Header Decoder Hea

- •Number of Logic Elements Used = 1417
- Queues are all dedicated output queues



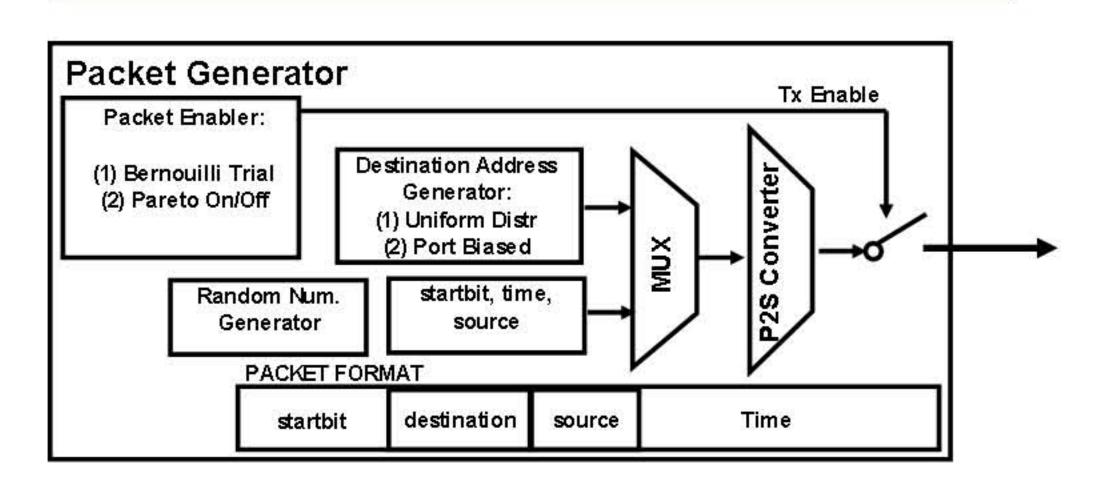


2 x 2 Digital Switch Using 9 FPGA Logical Elements 2x2 Stackup Using Optical Wavelength Selective Switches (by Metconnex)

WSS #1

WSS #2

### Traffic Generator and Traffic Analyzer



- •Traffic Analyzer is implemented using the NIOS processor on a FPGA and connects to the Traffic Generator and to the output of the packet switch
- •Data Produced from Traffic Analyzer Per Port:
  - total # of packets, packet delay vs time, & histogram of packet delays
- •Total Number of Logic Elements Consumed for an 8 port Packet Generator is 3872 and uses 113664 MEs.