

10/11/24

B tree Insertions

Algorithm

Btree Insertion (T, k)

if $\text{root}(T)$

if $n(r) = 2t - 1$

$s \leftarrow \text{Allocate Node}()$

$\text{root}(T) \leftarrow s$

$\text{leaf}(s) \leftarrow \text{FALSE}$

$n(s) \leftarrow 0$

$c[s] \leftarrow \text{or}$

Btree SplitChild (s, l, r)

Btree InsertNonFull (s, k)

else

Btree InsertNonFull (x, k)

Btree InsertNonFull (x, k)

$i \leftarrow n(x)$

if $\text{leaf}(x)$

while $i \geq 1$ (and $k < \text{key}[i]$)

$\text{key}[i+1] \leftarrow \text{key}[i]$

$i \leftarrow i - 1$

$\text{key}[i+1] = k$

$n(x) \leftarrow n(x) + 1$

else while $i \geq 1$ (and $k < \text{key}[i]$)

$i \leftarrow i + 1$ $i \geq i - 1$

if $n[c[x]] = 2t - 1$

Btree SplitChild ($x, l, c[x]$)

$k \geq \text{key}[i]$; $\text{key}[i]$

$i \leftarrow i + 1$

Btree Insert Nonfull (x, i, w)

Btree Split Child (x, i)

Btree Split Child (x, i, y)

$z = \text{Allocate Node}()$

$\text{leaf}[z] = \text{leaf}[y]$

$n[z] = t - 1$

for $j = 1$ to $t - 1$

$\text{key}[j][z] = \text{key}[j + t][y]$

if not t leaf $[y]$

for $j^* = 1$ to t

$c[j^*][z] = c[j^* + t][y]$

$n[y] = t - 1$

for $j = n[x] + 1$ to $i - 1$

$c[j + 1][x] = c[j][x]$

$c[i + 1][x] = z$

for $j = n[x]$ to i

$\text{key}[j + 1][x] = \text{key}[j][x]$

$\text{key}[i][x] = \text{key}[t][y]$

$n[x] = n[x] + 1$