

## VPC- Challenge1

Use Case: Setting up Transit Gateway and VPC Endpoints for a Multi-VPC Architecture

### **Scenario:**

A large organization is migrating its on-premises infrastructure to the AWS cloud. The organization's architecture involves multiple VPCs for different departments and applications, each requiring secure communication with centralized services and external resources. The IT team needs to design and implement a scalable and efficient network architecture to accommodate the organization's growth and ensure robust connectivity between VPCs and external services.

### **Objectives:**

- Design and deploy a scalable network architecture using AWS Transit Gateway to simplify network connectivity between multiple VPCs.
- Configure VPC endpoints to securely access AWS services without internet gateways or NAT gateways, ensuring data privacy and minimizing exposure to external threats.

# VPC- Challenge1

## Objective

- To design a **centralized, scalable, and secure network architecture** that simplifies connectivity between multiple VPCs using **AWS Transit Gateway**, reducing operational complexity and enabling easy future expansion.

## Design Components:

- Transit Gateway
- VPC Attachments
- Transit Gateway Route Tables
- VPC Route Tables

## Deployment Steps

Firstly, create VPC , subnets and Route tables in 3 regions and CIDR should not overlap(Regions:-Jakarta, Malaysia, Melbourne)

The image displays two screenshots of the AWS VPC dashboard, one for each of the three regions involved in the challenge.

**Screenshot 1 (Top): Asia Pacific (Jakarta) - VPC-A**

- VPC dashboard:** Shows a list of VPCs under "Virtual private cloud".
- Your VPCs (1/2) - Info:** A table showing one VPC entry: "VPC-A" with VPC ID "vpc-0db0e5fcfedc316".
- vpc-0db0e5fcfedc316 / VPC-A:** Details for VPC-A, showing 1 Subnet ("ap-southeast-3a") and 2 Route tables ("VPC-A-rtb-public" and "rtb-072f6d1b50bb6c1fb").
- Network Connectic:** Shows a connection to "VPC-A-igw".

**Screenshot 2 (Bottom): Asia Pacific (Malaysia) - VPC-B**

- VPC dashboard:** Shows a list of VPCs under "Virtual private cloud".
- Your VPCs (1/2) - Info:** A table showing one VPC entry: "VPC-B" with VPC ID "vpc-00213f9f713138adc".
- vpc-00213f9f713138adc / VPC-B:** Details for VPC-B, showing 1 Subnet ("ap-southeast-5a") and 2 Route tables ("rtb-04275dffcc12410d81" and "VPC-B-rtb-private1-ap-southeast-5a").
- Resource map:** Shows the VPC ("VPC-B-vpc"), Subnets ("ap-southeast-5a"), and Route tables ("rtb-04275dffcc12410d81" and "VPC-B-rtb-private1-ap-southeast-5a").

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC dashboard with the following details:

- VPC dashboard**: Shows basic VPC settings like IPv6 CIDR (Disabled), Network Address Usage metrics (Disabled), and Route 53 Resolver DNS Firewall rule groups (None).
- Virtual private cloud**: Your VPCs section lists various network components.
- Resource map**: Displays the VPC structure:
  - VPC**: Your AWS virtual network (VPC-C-vpc).
  - Subnets (1)**: Subnets within this VPC (ap-southeast-4a, containing VPC-C-subnet-private1-ap-southeast-4a).
  - Route tables (2)**: Route tables (rtb-0c6c042c955a5ae64, VPC-C-rtb-private1-ap-southeast-4a).

## Step 1: Create a Transit Gateway

- Enable DNS support if required
- Disable auto-accept (recommended for security)

The screenshot shows the AWS Transit gateways page with the following details:

- Transit gateways**: Shows a single transit gateway named 'tgw-0e1df611f9755d849 / TGW-Mel'.
- Actions**: Includes a 'Create transit gateway' button.

The screenshot shows the AWS Transit gateways page with the following details:

- Transit gateways**: Shows a single transit gateway named 'tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4 / TGW-Jakarta'.
- Actions**: Includes a 'Create transit gateway' button.

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Transit gateways page. On the left, there's a navigation sidebar with sections like VPC endpoint associations, Virtual private network (VPN), and Transit gateways. Under Transit gateways, 'Transit gateways' is selected. The main content area displays a table titled 'Transit gateways (1/1)'. A blue banner at the top says 'Introducing new feature: Metering Policy for Transit Gateway (TGW)' with a 'Create metering policy' button. The table has columns for Name, Transit gateway ID, Owner ID, and State. One entry is listed: 'TGW-Mal' with ID 'tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4', owner '814588432081', and state 'Available'. Below the table, a section titled 'Transit gateway: tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4 / TGW-Mal' shows tabs for Details, Flow logs, Sharing, and Tags. The 'Details' tab is selected, displaying transit gateway ID, state (Available), Amazon ASN (64512), and DNS support (Enable). At the bottom, there are links for Feedback, Console Mobile App, and standard footer links.

## Step 2: Create VPC Attachments

- Attach each VPC to the TGW
- Select private subnets only
- One attachment per VPC

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Transit gateway attachments page. The left sidebar shows sections like Virtual private network (VPN) and Transit gateways. Under Transit gateways, 'Transit gateway attachments' is selected. The main content area displays a table titled 'Transit gateway attachments (1)'. A green banner at the top says 'You successfully created VPC attachment tgw-attach-0a66a523c0d00a776 / TG\_attach\_Mal.' The table has columns for Name, Transit gateway attachment ID, Transit gateway ID, State, Resource type, and Resource ID. One entry is listed: 'TG\_attach\_Mal' with ID 'tgw-attach-0a66a523c0d00a776', gateway 'tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4', state 'Pending', resource type 'VPC', and resource ID 'vpc-f'. Below the table, a section titled 'Select a transit gateway attachment' is visible.

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Transit gateway attachments page, similar to the previous one but with a different location (Asia Pacific (Melbourne)). The left sidebar and table structure are identical. A green banner at the top says 'You successfully created VPC attachment tgw-attach-0c55c0ad1cd0939c0 / TG\_attach\_Mel.' The table lists another entry: 'TG\_attach\_Mel' with ID 'tgw-attach-0c55c0ad1cd0939c0', gateway 'tgw-0e1df611f9755d849', state 'Pending', resource type 'VPC', and resource ID 'vpc-f'. Below the table, a section titled 'Select a transit gateway attachment' is visible.

# VPC- Challenge1

You successfully created VPC attachment tgw-attach-0ac9742ec291bc2cf / TG\_attach\_jakarta.

Name	Transit gateway attachment ID	Transit gateway ID	State	Resource Type	Region
TG_attach_jakarta	tgw-attach-0ac9742ec291bc2cf	tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4	Pending	VPC	vpc-1

## Step 3: Configure Transit Gateway Route Tables

Transit gateway route tables (1/1)

Name	Transit gateway route table ID	Transit gateway ID	State	Default association route table
TGW_RT_J	tgw-rtb-05029982b5e6b46b8	tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4	Available	Yes

Transit gateway route tables: tgw-rtb-05029982b5e6b46b8 / TGW\_RT\_J

Details			
Transit gateway route table ID	State	Default association route table	Default propagation route table
tgw-rtb-05029982b5e6b46b8	Available	Yes	Yes
Transit gateway ID			

Transit gateway route tables (1/1)

Name	Transit gateway route table ID	Transit gateway ID	State	Default association route table
TGW_RT_Mal	tgw-rtb-018a5fd3c17c82f53	tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b3ae4	Available	Yes

Transit gateway route tables: tgw-rtb-018a5fd3c17c82f53 / TGW\_RT\_Mal

Details			
Transit gateway route table ID	State	Default association route table	Default propagation route table
tgw-rtb-018a5fd3c17c82f53	Available	Yes	Yes

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC service dashboard. On the left, there's a sidebar for 'Virtual private cloud' with options like 'Your VPCs', 'Subnets', 'Route tables', etc. The main content area is titled 'Transit gateway route tables (1/1)'. It lists one entry: 'TG\_RT\_melb' with 'tgw-rtb-09ef84589ad21b5bf' as its ID. The table includes columns for Name, Transit gateway route table ID, Transit gateway ID, State, and Default association route table. The state is 'Available' and default association is 'Yes'. Below this, a detailed view for 'Transit gateway route tables: tgw-rtb-09ef84589ad21b5bf / TG\_RT\_melb' is shown with tabs for Details, Associations, Propagations, Prefix list references, Routes, and Tags. The 'Details' tab is selected, showing the transit gateway route table ID and state.

## Step 4: Update VPC Route Tables

Add routes in private subnet route tables:

Destination: 10.0.1.0/16 (Remote VPC)

Target: Transit Gateway

This screenshot shows the same AWS VPC service dashboard and sidebar as the previous one. The main content area shows a 'Transit gateway route tables (1/1)' list with one entry: 'TGW\_RT\_J' with 'tgw-rtb-05029982b5e6b46b8' as its ID. The table includes columns for Name, Transit gateway route table ID, Transit gateway ID, State, and Default association route table. The state is 'Available' and default association is 'Yes'. Below this, a detailed view for 'Transit gateway route tables: tgw-rtb-05029982b5e6b46b8 / TGW\_RT\_J' is shown with tabs for Details, Associations, Propagations, Prefix list references, Routes, and Tags. The 'Routes' tab is selected, displaying two routes: '10.0.0.0/16' and '11.0.0.0/16', both associated with 'tgw-attach-0ac9742ec291bc2cf' and 'tgw-attach-001e1dd7d5d059b85' respectively. The route types are 'VPC' and 'Peering', and the status is 'Active'.

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC console in the Asia Pacific (Melbourne) region. The left sidebar is expanded to show the 'Virtual private cloud' section. In the main content area, the 'Transit gateway route tables' page is displayed. A single transit gateway route table named 'TG\_RT\_melb' is listed. It has a Transit gateway route table ID of 'tgw-rtb-09ef84589ad21b5bf' and a Transit gateway ID of 'tgw-0e1df611f9755d849'. The table is in an 'Available' state and has 'Yes' as its default association route. Below the table, the routes section shows two static routes: one for CIDR 11.0.0.0/16 pointing to attachment 'tgw-attach-070f05ec06353deb9' (Peering, Static, Active) and another for CIDR 12.0.0.0/16 pointing to attachment 'tgw-attach-0c55c0ad1cd0939c0' (VPC, Propagated, Active).

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC console in the Asia Pacific (Malaysia) region. The left sidebar is expanded to show the 'Virtual private cloud' section. In the main content area, the 'Transit gateway route tables' page is displayed. A single transit gateway route table named 'TGW\_RT\_Mal' is listed. It has a Transit gateway route table ID of 'tgw-rtb-018a5fd3c17c82f53' and a Transit gateway ID of 'tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4'. The table is in an 'Available' state and has 'Yes' as its default association route. Below the table, the routes section shows three static routes: one for CIDR 10.0.0.0/16 pointing to attachment 'tgw-attach-001e1dd7d5d059b85' (Peering, Static, Active), one for CIDR 11.0.0.0/16 pointing to attachment 'tgw-attach-0a66a523c0d00a776' (VPC, Propagated, Active), and one for CIDR 12.0.0.0/16 pointing to attachment 'tgw-attach-070f05ec06353deb9' (Peering, Static, Active).

## Step 5: Security Configuration

- Use **Security Groups** and **NACLs**(follow these rules for all 3 regions)
- Restrict TGW routes to required CIDRs

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC console in the Asia Pacific (Malaysia) region, specifically the 'Edit inbound rules' page for a security group named 'sg-0c955e9bf02a2a3bd'. The page lists three existing inbound rules:

- A rule for SSH traffic (Protocol TCP, Port range 22, Source 0.0.0.0/0) with a description 'Delete'.
- A rule for All ICMP - IPv4 traffic (Protocol ICMP, Port range All, Source 0.0.0.0/0) with a description 'Delete'.
- A rule for All traffic (Protocol All, Port range All, Source sg-0c955e9bf02a2a3bd) with a description 'Delete'.

A blue 'Add rule' button is visible at the bottom left of the table.

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The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Network ACLs Edit inbound rules page. At the top, there's a search bar and navigation links for VPC > Network ACLs > acl-049a01d5ad8554773 > Edit inbound rules. The main area is titled "Edit inbound rules" with a "Info" link. It says "Inbound rules control the incoming traffic that's allowed to reach the VPC." Below this is a table with columns: Rule number Info, Type Info, Protocol Info, Port range Info, Source Info, and Allow/Deny Info. There are two rows: one with Rule number 100, Type All traffic, Protocol All, Port range All, Source 0.0.0.0, and Action Allow; another row below it with Rule number \*, Type All traffic, Protocol All, Port range All, Source 0.0.0.0, and Action Deny. Buttons at the bottom include "Add new rule", "Sort by rule number", "Cancel", "Preview changes", and "Save changes".

## Step 6: High Availability

- TGW is regionally highly available
- Use multiple subnets (AZs) per attachment
- For multi-region:
  - Use TGW Peering

The screenshot shows the AWS Transit gateway attachments page. The left sidebar has sections for Connections, AWS Verified Access, and Transit gateways. Under Transit gateways, "Transit gateway attachments" is selected. The main area shows a table titled "Transit gateway attachments (2)" with columns: Name, Transit gateway attachment ID, Transit gateway ID, State, Resource, and Region. Two entries are listed: "TGA\_peerJakarta" (tgw-attach-001e1dd7d5d059b85, tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4, Available, Peering, tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4) and "TG\_attach\_jakarta" (tgw-attach-0ac9742ec291bc2f, tgw-010c0c9e3fbcac2d4, Available, VPC, vpc). A "Create transit gateway attachment" button is at the top right. Below the table is a section titled "Select a transit gateway attachment".

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC console with the 'Transit gateway attachments' section selected. The left sidebar includes options like Site-to-Site VPN, Concentrators, Site-to-Site VPN connections, Client VPN endpoints, Transit gateways, Traffic Mirroring, and Feedback. The main area displays a table of transit gateway attachments:

Name	Transit gateway attachment ID	Transit gateway ID	State	Resource Type	Region
Peer_jak-mal	tgw-attach-001e1dd7d5d059b85	tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4	Available	Peering	tgw-l
TGA-peerMalaysia	tgw-attach-070f05ec06353deb9	tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4	Available	Peering	tgw-l
TG_attach_Mal	tgw-attach-0a66a523c0d00a776	tgw-0b89b9dd9a5b36ae4	Available	VPC	vpc-f

Below the table, a section titled 'Select a transit gateway attachment' is visible.

This screenshot shows the same 'Transit gateway attachments' section in the AWS VPC console, but for the region Asia Pacific (Melbourne). The table data is identical to the previous screenshot:

Name	Transit gateway attachment ID	Transit gateway ID	State	Resource Type	Region
TGA_peerMel	tgw-attach-070f05ec06353deb9	tgw-0e1df611f9755d849	Available	Peering	tgw-l
TG_attach_Mel	tgw-attach-0c55c0ad1cd0939c0	tgw-0e1df611f9755d849	Available	VPC	vpc-f

## Create EC2 instance for checking connectivity.

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. The left sidebar includes EC2, Dashboard, AWS Global View, Events, Instances (selected), Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, and Images (AMIs). The main area displays a table of instances:

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability
EC2-jakarta	i-07caf15af3726e4e2	Running	t3.micro	Initializing	View alarms +	ap-southeast-1

Below the table, a detailed view of the instance i-07caf15af3726e4e2 (EC2-jakarta) is shown, with tabs for Details, Status and alarms, Monitoring, Security, Networking, Storage, and Tags. Under Details, it shows the Public IPv4 address (16.78.77.248) and Private IPv4 addresses (10.0.5.169).

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. At the top, there is a green success message: "Successfully initiated starting of i-075b8faa5920c9b24". Below this, the "Instances (1/1)" section is displayed. The instance is named "EC2-Malaysia" with the ID "i-075b8faa5920c9b24". It is currently "Running" and has an "t3.micro" instance type. The status is "Initializing". The public IPv4 address is listed as "-". The private IPv4 address is "11.0.139.60". The page includes tabs for Details, Status and alarms, Monitoring, Security, Networking, Storage, and Tags. The left sidebar shows navigation options like Dashboard, AWS Global View, Events, Instances (selected), Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, and Images (AMIs). The bottom of the screen displays the URL "https://ap-southeast-1.console.aws.amazon.com/console/home?region=ap-southeas..." and standard footer links for Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. At the top, there is a green success message: "Successfully initiated starting of i-07dda7623e82107e7". Below this, the "Instances (1/1)" section is displayed. The instance is named "EC2-Melb" with the ID "i-07dda7623e82107e7". It is currently "Running" and has an "t3.micro" instance type. The status is "Initializing". The public IPv4 address is listed as "-". The private IPv4 address is "12.0.132.250". The page includes tabs for Details, Status and alarms, Monitoring, Security, Networking, Storage, and Tags. The left sidebar shows navigation options like Dashboard, AWS Global View, Events, Instances (selected), Instance Types, Launch Templates, Spot Requests, Savings Plans, Reserved Instances, Dedicated Hosts, Capacity Reservations, and Images (AMIs). The bottom of the screen displays the URL "https://ap-southeast-4.console.aws.amazon.com/console/home?region=ap-southeas..." and standard footer links for Privacy, Terms, and Cookie preferences.

# VPC- Challenge1

## Connection: To Verify

Ec2 instance for Jakarta region

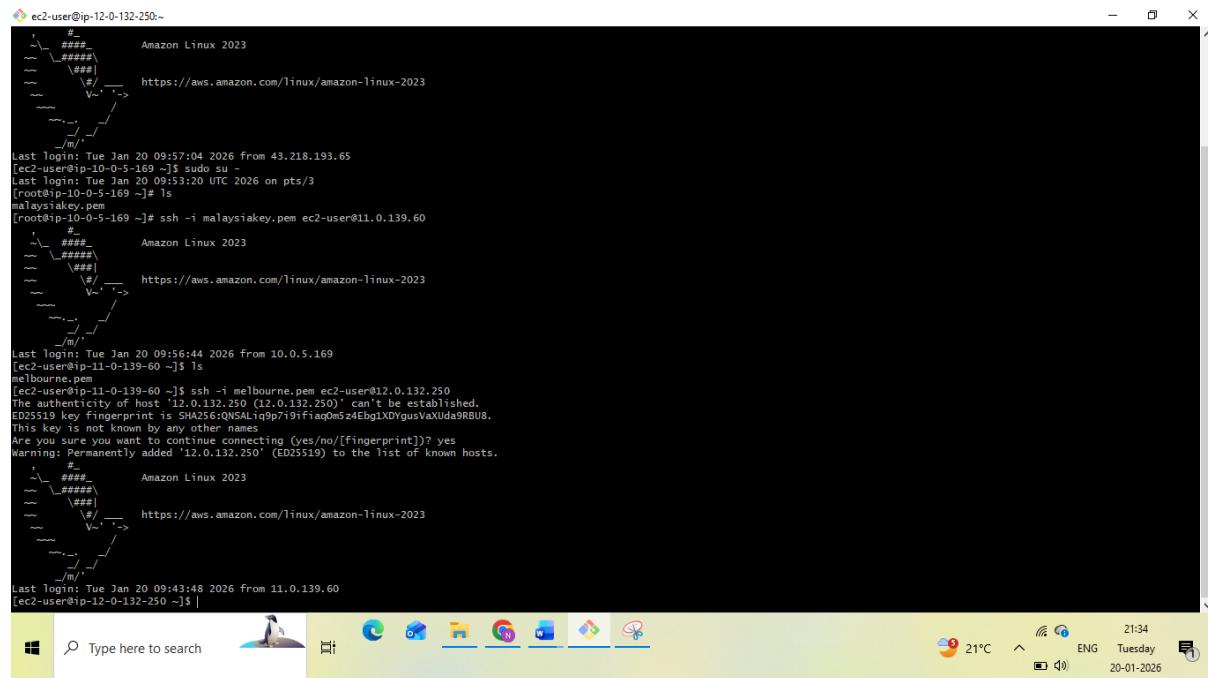
```
ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169:~  
user@DESKTOP-3KH1IRE MINGW64 ~/Downloads (master)  
$ ssh -i "Jakarta_keypair.pem" ec2-user@ec2-16-78-77-248.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com  
The authenticity of host 'ec2-16-78-77-248.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com (16.78.77.248)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:P5EhVyr1bNcgE/VUFRNHXOorqB4s5yt5mRPX119yr+Y.  
This key is not known by any other names  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-16-78-77-248.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.  
, #  
~\_\_ ##### Amazon Linux 2023  
~~ \_\#\#\#\\  
~~ \#\#\|  
~~ \#/ __ https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023  
~~ V~, '-->  
~~ /  
~~ .--/  
~~ /--/  
~~ /m/  
Last login: Tue Jan 20 09:57:04 2026 from 43.218.193.65  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]$ |
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]$ sudo su -  
Last login: Tue Jan 20 09:53:20 UTC 2026 on pts/3  
[root@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]# ls  
malaysiakey.pem  
[root@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]# ssh -i malaysiakey.pem ec2-user@11.0.139.60  
, #  
~\_\_ ##### Amazon Linux 2023  
~~ \_\#\#\#\\  
~~ \#\#\|  
~~ \#/ __ https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023  
~~ V~, '-->  
~~ /  
~~ .--/  
~~ /--/  
~~ /m/  
Last login: Tue Jan 20 09:56:44 2026 from 10.0.5.169  
[ec2-user@ip-11-0-139-60 ~]$ |
```

# VPC- Challenge1

```
[ec2-user@ip-11-0-139-60 ~]$ ls
melbourne.pem
[ec2-user@ip-11-0-139-60 ~]$ ssh -i melbourne.pem ec2-user@12.0.132.250
The authenticity of host '12.0.132.250 (12.0.132.250)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:QNSALiq9p7i9ifiaq0m5z4Ebg1XDYgusVaXUda9RBU8.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '12.0.132.250' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

      #_
      ~\_ #####_          Amazon Linux 2023
      ~~ \_\#\#\#\`_
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      ~~ \#/`___.-->
      ~~ V~`'`-->
      ~~ .-.`_/
      ~~ /`_/
      ~~ /m/`_
Last login: Tue Jan 20 09:43:48 2026 from 11.0.139.60
[ec2-user@ip-12-0-132-250 ~]$ |
```



```
ec2-user@ip-12-0-132-250:~$ ls
      #_
      ~\_ #####_          Amazon Linux 2023
      ~~ \_\#\#\#\`_
      ~~ \#\#\#|_
      ~~ \#/`___.-->
      ~~ V~`'`-->
      ~~ .-.`_/
      ~~ /`_/
      ~~ /m/`_
Last Login: Tue Jan 20 09:57:04 2026 from 43.218.193.65
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]$ sudo su -
Last login: Tue Jan 20 09:53:20 UTC 2026 on pts/3
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]$ ls
malaysiakey.pem
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-5-169 ~]$ ssh -i malaysiakey.pem ec2-user@11.0.139.60
      #_
      ~\_ #####_          Amazon Linux 2023
      ~~ \_\#\#\#\`_
      ~~ \#\#\#|_
      ~~ \#/`___.-->
      ~~ V~`'`-->
      ~~ .-.`_/
      ~~ /`_/
      ~~ /m/`_
Last Login: Tue Jan 20 09:56:44 2026 from 10.0.5.169
[ec2-user@ip-11-0-139-60 ~]$ ls
melbourne.pem
[ec2-user@ip-11-0-139-60 ~]$ ssh -i melbourne.pem ec2-user@12.0.132.250
The authenticity of host '12.0.132.250 (12.0.132.250)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:QNSALiq9p7i9ifiaq0m5z4Ebg1XDYgusVaXUda9RBU8.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '12.0.132.250' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

      #_
      ~\_ #####_          Amazon Linux 2023
      ~~ \_\#\#\#\`_
      ~~ \#\#\#|_
      ~~ \#/`___.-->
      ~~ V~`'`-->
      ~~ .-.`_/
      ~~ /`_/
      ~~ /m/`_
Last Login: Tue Jan 20 09:43:48 2026 from 11.0.139.60
[ec2-user@ip-12-0-132-250 ~]$ |
```

## Conclusion

- By using **AWS Transit Gateway**, we can design a **scalable, secure, and centralized network architecture** that simplifies VPC connectivity, reduces operational overhead, and supports future growth without re-architecting the network.

# VPC- Challenge1

- Configure VPC endpoints to securely access AWS services without internet gateways or NAT gateways, ensuring data privacy and minimizing exposure to external threats.

## Objective:

- Implemented **VPC Gateway and Interface Endpoints (PrivateLink)** to enable secure, private access to AWS services without Internet or NAT Gateways.
- Ensured **data privacy and reduced attack surface** by keeping all service traffic on the AWS private backbone using Private DNS and endpoint policies.
- Optimized **security and cost** by eliminating public IP dependencies and enforcing least-privilege access controls.

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Endpoint creation page. At the top, the navigation bar includes 'Endpoint services', 'Ask Amazon Q', 'Asia Pacific (Jakarta)', and user information 'KILARI PADMAVATHI KUMARI (8145-8843-2081)'. Below the navigation, the breadcrumb path shows 'VPC > Endpoints > Create endpoint'. The main section is titled 'Create endpoint' with a 'Info' link. A sub-instruction says 'Create the type of VPC endpoint that supports the service, service network or resource to which you want to connect.' The 'Endpoint settings' section asks for a name and endpoint type. A 'Name tag - optional' field contains 'endpoint-jakarta'. The 'Type' section has a 'Info' link and a dropdown menu. The 'AWS services' option is selected, highlighted with a blue border. Other options include 'PrivateLink Ready partner services', 'AWS Marketplace services', 'EC2 Instance Connect Endpoint', and 'Endpoint services that use NLBs and GWLBs'. At the bottom, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', 'Console Mobile App', and standard footer links like 'Privacy', 'Terms', and 'Cookie preferences'.

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS VPC Endpoints service interface. At the top, the navigation bar includes 'Endpoint services', 'Ask Amazon Q', 'Asia Pacific (Jakarta)', and user information 'KILARI PADMAVATHI KUMARI (8145-8843-2081) Ramesh'. Below the navigation, the path 'VPC > Endpoints > Create endpoint' is shown. A message box says 'Showing services available in service region: Asia Pacific (Jakarta) (ap-southeast-3)'. The 'Services (1/4)' section lists four services: com.amazonaws.ap-southeast-3.apigat... (Interface), com.amazonaws.ap-southeast-3.dynam... (Gateway), com.amazonaws.ap-southeast-3.s3 (Gateway, selected), and com.amazonaws.ap-southeast-3.storag... (Interface). The 'Network settings' section asks to select a VPC. At the bottom, there are links for 'CloudShell', 'Feedback', 'Console Mobile App', and copyright information '© 2026, Amazon Web Services, Inc. or its affiliates.'.

Create gateway for s3

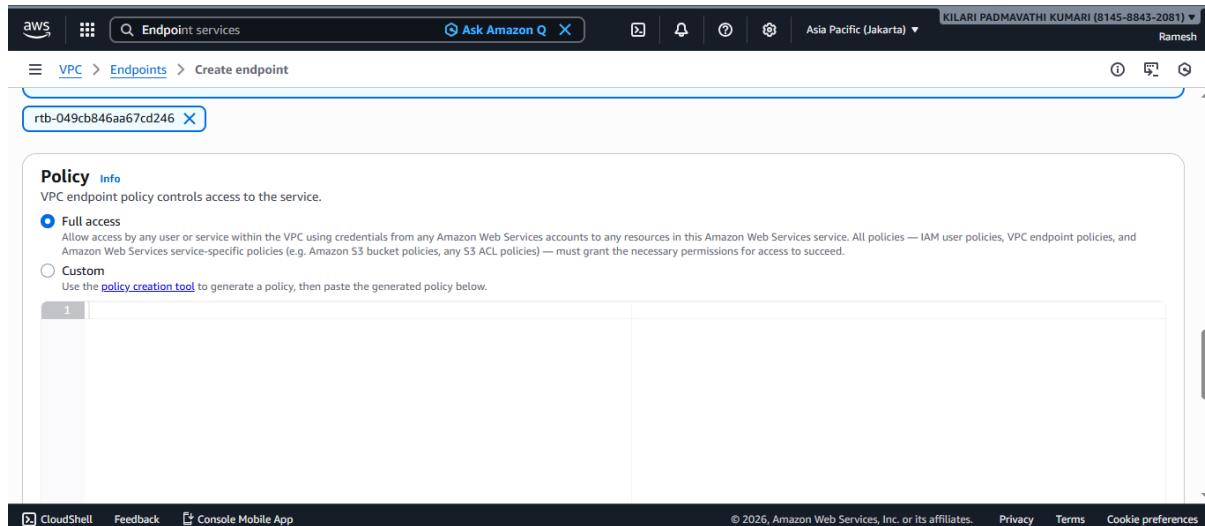
or

This screenshot is identical to the one above, showing the creation of a gateway endpoint for Amazon S3. The interface, services listed, and network settings are the same.

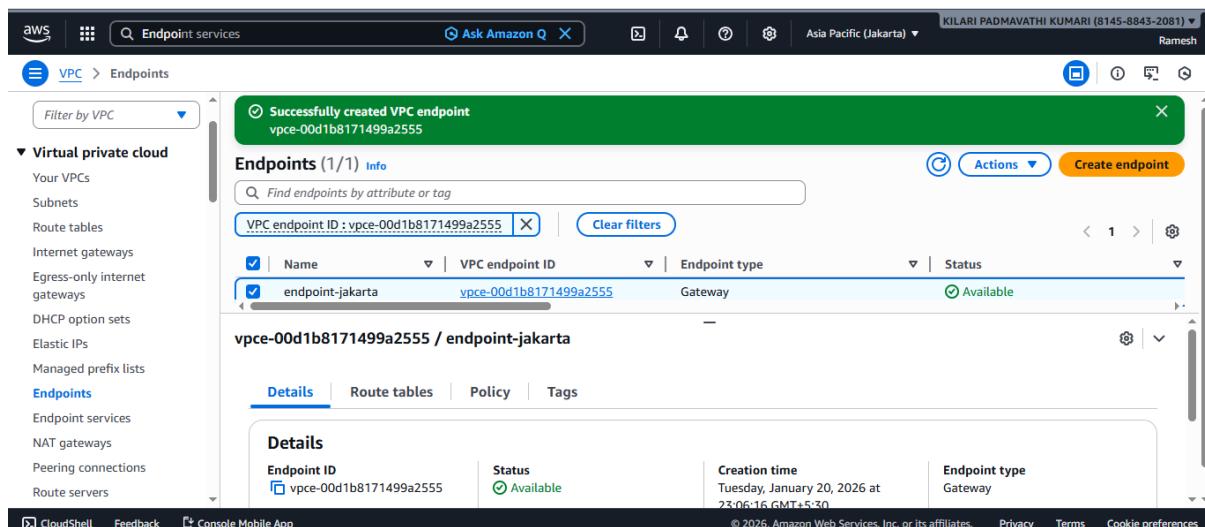
This screenshot shows the continuation of creating a gateway endpoint for Amazon S3. It includes the 'Network settings' section where a VPC is selected ('vpc-0db0e5fcffedc316 (VPC-A)'). The 'Additional settings' section is expanded. In the 'Route tables (1/2)' section, the 'rtb-049cb846aa67cd246 (VPC-A-rtb-pu...)' route table is selected. A note at the bottom explains that private IP addresses will be used for access from affected subnets. The bottom of the screen shows standard AWS navigation links and copyright information.

# VPC- Challenge1

- Add VPC to network



- In policy give full access and click on create endpoint.



- The above image shows endpoint created successfully.

# VPC- Challenge1

The screenshot shows the AWS EC2 Instances page. The left sidebar is collapsed. The main area displays two instances:

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability
endpoint-public	i-003921f7368d99f42	Running	t3.micro	3/3 checks passed	<a href="#">View alarms +</a>	ap-southeast-1
endpoint-jakarta	i-0d3c83a158c9d6cca	Running	t3.micro	3/3 checks passed	<a href="#">View alarms +</a>	ap-southeast-1

Below the instances, the details for instance i-003921f7368d99f42 (endpoint-public) are shown, including its Public IPv4 address (108.136.160.109) and Private IP4 address (10.0.8.254).

- Create two instance to check connectivity one is public and other one is private
- Connectivity check:-

```
ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254:~$  
user@DESKTOP-3KH1IRE MINGW64 ~/Downloads (master)  
$ ssh -i "Jakarta_keypair.pem" ec2-user@ec2-108-136-160-109.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com  
The authenticity of host 'ec2-108-136-160-109.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com (108.136.160.109)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:pkgLg+0CtuqT3L0g59IzKTDdmMA1ezW61YjwHIpG1Lo.  
This key is not known by any other names  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added 'ec2-108-136-160-109.ap-southeast-3.compute.amazonaws.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.  
, #  
~\_\_ ##### Amazon Linux 2023  
~~ \_\#\#\#\`  
~~ \#\#\|  
~~ \#/ __ https://aws.amazon.com/linux/amazon-linux-2023  
~~ V~, ' ->  
~~ /  
~~ ._. / /  
~~ /m/'  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws s3 ls  
Unable to locate credentials. You can configure credentials by running "aws login".  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ |
```

## VPC- Challenge1

```
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws s3 ls  
Unable to locate credentials. You can configure credentials by running "aws login".  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws s3 ls  
Unable to locate credentials. You can configure credentials by running "aws login".  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws configure  
AWS Access Key ID [None]: AKIA33KKBB3I7PT5VIDB  
AWS Secret Access Key [None]: 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  
  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws configure  
AWS Access Key ID [None]: AKIA33KKBB3I7PT5VIDB  
AWS Secret Access Key [None]: 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  
Default region name [None]: ap-south-1  
Default output format [None]: json  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ aws s3 ls  
2025-10-15 05:45:47 aws-athena-query-results-814588432081-us-east-2-0pf98ayv  
2025-09-10 18:25:51 aws-cloudtrail-logs-814588432081-0a7db287  
2025-08-15 15:11:11 demo-wrerwe  
2025-11-03 03:45:13 dummy-buck516  
2025-08-14 10:18:05 josh-1-2  
2025-08-11 14:43:06 kavya54321  
2025-08-12 16:54:23 kvk24  
2025-10-15 04:08:25 nam-etl-516  
2026-01-17 13:42:12 neelimaranis3  
2025-11-10 05:46:40 nfs-data12345  
2025-08-13 14:49:28 s3-life-cycle1  
2025-11-03 03:41:53 venkat-516  
2025-10-10 19:38:28 venkey-s3-516  
[ec2-user@ip-10-0-8-254 ~]$ |
```