SQL

Structured Query Language



What is SQL?

SQL is structured Query Language which is a computer language for storing, manipulating and retrieving data stored in relational database.

SQL is the standard language for Relation Database System. All relational database management systems like MySQL, MS Access, Oracle, SQL Server uses SQL as standard database language



Why SQL?

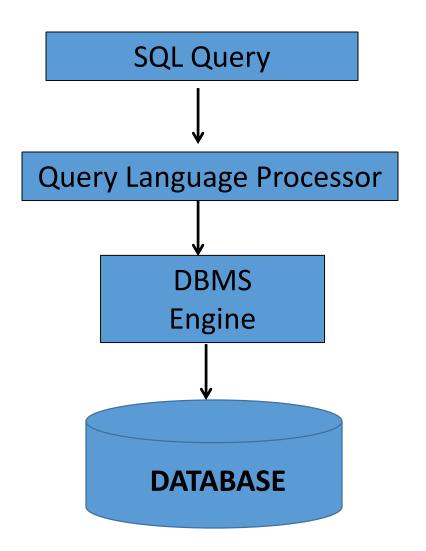
- •Allow users to access data in relational database management systems.
- Allow users to describe the data.
- Allow users to define the data in database and manipulate that data.
- Allow users to create and drop databases and tables.



SQL Structure **RDBMS** FIELDS/ **COLUMNS** NAME AGÉ RNO **ROWS/** 10 **AMIT RECORDS** 10 KAPIL **TABLE DATABASE**



SQL Process





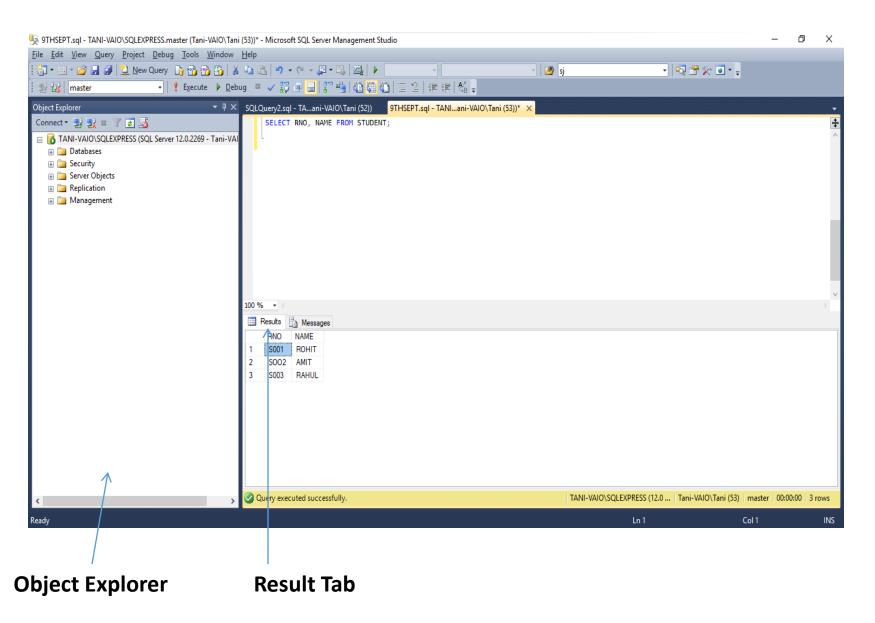
Introduction

- Data
- DataBase
- RDBMS
- SQL

SQL Environment

- Editor
- Result
- Message
- Object Explorer

SQL Environment



Categories of SQL Statements

Data Definition Language CREATE, ALTER, DROP (DDL) **Data Manipulation** INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE Language (DML*) Data Query Language **SELECT** (DQL) Data Control Language GRANT, REVOKE (DCL)

RDBMS Concepts

```
+---+----+
| ID | NAME | AGE | ADDRESS | SALARY |
+---+----+
| 1 | Ramesh | 32 | Ahmedabad | 2000.00 |
| 2 | Khilan | 25 | Delhi | 1500.00 |
| 3 | kaushik | 23 | Kota | 2000.00 |
| 4 | Chaitali | 25 | Mumbai | 6500.00 |
| 5 | Hardik | 27 | Bhopal | 8500.00 |
| 7 | Muffy | 24 | Indore | 10000.00 |
+---+
```

Create Statement

CREATE DATABASE Statement

CREATE DATABASE < DATABASE EID>;

create database test;

use test;

Create Statement

CREATE TABLE Statement

```
CREATE TABLE table_EID(
column1 datatype (Size),
column2 datatype (Size),
column3 datatype,
.....
columnN datatype);
```

Create Statement

CREATE TABLE Statement

```
CREATE TABLE EMP (
RNO char (5),
EID CHAR (20),
AGE INT,
CLASS CHAR(10),
);
```



INSERT Statement

INSERT INTO table_EID (column1, column2....columnN) VALUES (value1, value2....valueN);

INSERT INTO TABLE_EID VALUES (value1,value2,value3,...valueN);

SQL SELECT Statement

SELECT column1, column2....columnN FROM table_EID

SELECT * FROM table_EID;

SQL Data Types

Numeric Data Types:

DATA TYPE	FROM	то
Int	-2,147,483,648	2,147,483,647
Small Int	-32,768	32,767
Decimal	-10^38 +1	10^38 +1
Money	-922,337,203,685,477.5808	+922,337,203,685,477.5807
Float	-1.79E + 308	1.79E + 308

Character Data Types:

DATA TYPE	FROM	ТО
Char	Char	Maximum length of 8,000 characters.
Varchar	Varchar	Maximum length of 8,000 characters.
Text	text	maximum length of 2,147,483,647 characters.



SQL Data Types Date & Time Data Types:

DATA TYPE	FROM	ТО
Datetime	Jan 1, 1753	Dec 31, 9999
smalldatetime	Jan 1, 1900	Jun 6, 2079
Date	Stores a date like June 30, 1991	
Time	Stores a time of day like 12:30 P.M.	

Misc Data Types:

DATA TYPE	FROM	ТО
Image	Maximum length of 2,147,483,647 bytes. (Variable length Binary Data)	





- Table creation
- Inserting data
- Verifying the data



ASSIGNMENT - 1

Create a database DEMO

Create table EMP with the following fields:

EID NAME ADDR CITY DOB PHONE EMAIL id should be like 'E0001'

Insert 10 appropriate records in the Emp table

Use SELECT command to view the contents of emp table

Installing SQL Server

Click SQL Server 2014 to download SQL Server 2014

Check the below two files from the list:

SERVER File: Express 64BIT\SQLEXPR_x64_ENU.exe

MANAGEMENT STUDIO File: MgmtStudio 64BIT\SQLManagementStudio_x64_ENU.exe

Click on NEXT the download will start automatically.

Once downloaded first install the Server file and then Management Studio file.

The installation wizard is simple you just need to follow on screen instructions.

Download link: https://www.microsoft.com/en-in/download/details.aspx?id=42299

SQL CLAUSES

SQL WHERE Clause:

SELECT column1, column2....columnN FROM table_EID WHERE CONDITION;

SQL LIKEClause:

SELECT column1, column2....columnN FROM table_EID WHERE column LIKE 'XXXX%'

SELECT FROM table_EID WHERE column LIKE 'XXXX_'

There are two wildcards used in conjunction with the LIKE operator:

- 1. The percent sign (%)
- 2. The underscore (_)

SQL TOP Clause:

SELECT TOP number | percent column_EID(s) FROM table_EID WHERE [condition]

SQL UPDATE Statement:

```
UPDATE table_EID
SET column1 = value1, column2 = value2 ....columnN=valueN
[ WHERE CONDITION ];
```

SQL DELETE Statement:

DELETE FROM table_EID WHERE {CONDITION};

DELETE FROM table_EID

DELETE table_EID

SQL ALTER TABLE Statement:

```
    ALTER TABLE table_EID
        ADD
        column_EID {data_type};
```

ALTER TABLE table_EID
 DROP Column
 column_EID ;

ALTER TABLE table_EID
 ALTER Column
 column_EID {data_type};

SQL DROP TABLE Statement:

- DROP TABLE table_EID;
- DROP DATABASE database_EID;

SQL TRUNCATE TABLE Statement:

TRUNCATE TABLE table_EID;

SQL COMMIT Statement:

COMMIT;

SQL ROLLBACK Statement:

ROLLBACK;