

Nouns from verbs

1. The infinitive

- a neuter noun
- has *tense*
- has *voice*

Present infinitive

- active == 2nd principal part
- passive: laudari, videri, duci, audiri

As subject

ducere bonum est.

Can also have a direct object!

ducere canem difficile est.

Complementary infinitive

Hercules poterat canem **ducere**.

Canis **duci** poterat.

The gerund

- *other* cases (not nominative)
- *active* meaning only
- form looks like the neuter singular forms of gerundive

cupidus, -a, -um "desiring, longing for, desirous of"

pecunia, -ae, feminine, "money"

cupidus pecuniae "longing for money"

cupidus regnandi

Phoroneus primus **regnandi** potestatem habuit.

Can have its own object

cupidus **sacra faciendi** erat.

Recap

infinitive:

- a neuter noun used in nominative
- has tense, voice

gerund:

- active meaning only
- used in cases *other* than nominative

