## Natural Sciences Tripos, Part IA Mathematical Methods II, Course B

## Answers to Example Sheet 1 Ordinary Differential Equations

Dr S. M. Colwell

Lent Term 2021

Please communicate any errors to smc1@cam.ac.uk.

## Skills section

S1. (a) 
$$\frac{4}{5}(1+x)^{5/4} + c$$

(b) 
$$\ln(1+x) - (1+x)^{-1} + c$$

(c) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(3+x^2)^2+c$$

(d) 
$$-\cos(x^2) + c$$

(e) 
$$\ln(\sin x) + c$$

(f) 
$$2x \sin x + (2 - x^2) \cos x + c$$

(g) 
$$\frac{1}{3}\cos^3 x - \cos x + c$$

(h) 
$$2\ln(2-x) - \ln(1-x) + c$$

(i) 
$$\arctan x + c$$

(j) 
$$2(1-x)^{1/2}\cos(1-x)^{1/2} - 2\sin(1-x)^{1/2} + c$$

S3. (a) 
$$y = (c - \frac{3}{4}x^4)^{1/3} - 1$$

(b) 
$$y^{-3} e^y = cx^4$$

S4. (a) 
$$y = 2 + c e^{-x^2}$$

(b) 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^3 + cx^3 e^{1/x^2}$$

## Standard questions

5. 
$$y = (c - \frac{3}{4}x^4)^{1/3} - x - 1$$

6. (a) 
$$y = (c e^{-4x} - x + \frac{1}{4})^{-1/4}$$
 [substitute  $z = y^{-4}$ ]

(b) 
$$y = (c e^x - \sin x)^{-1}$$
 [substitute  $z = y^{-1}$ ]

7. 
$$y^2 + 2xy + 2x^2 = c \exp\{4 \arctan[(y/x) + 1]\}$$

8. (a) 
$$y = x \arcsin(cx)$$

(b) 
$$y = \exp[x \pm (x^2 + c)^{1/2}]$$
 [substitute  $z = \ln y - x$ ]

(c) 
$$y = \left(cx^{-2} - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{2}{3}x\right)^{1/2}$$

9. (a) 
$$y = e^{3x} - e^{2x}$$

(b) 
$$y = n^{-1} \sin nx$$
 [or  $y = x$  if  $n = 0$ ]

(c) 
$$y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} e^{-x} \sin(\sqrt{3}x)$$

(d) 
$$y = 2 - 2\cos 3x + \frac{1}{3}\sin 3x$$

(e) 
$$y = \frac{1}{12} e^{5x} + \frac{2}{3} e^{2x} - \frac{3}{4} e^x$$

(f) 
$$y = (A + Bx) e^x$$

(g) 
$$y = e^{2x} + (A + Bx + \frac{1}{2}x^2)e^x$$

10. (a) 
$$q = (\sqrt{2} + 1)(Q/2) \exp[-(2 + \sqrt{2})t/4RC] - (\sqrt{2} - 1)(Q/2) \exp[-(2 - \sqrt{2})t/4RC]$$

(b) 
$$q = Q(1 - t/2RC) \exp(-t/2RC)$$

(c) 
$$q = Q \exp(-t/2RC)[\cos(t/2RC) - \sin(t/2RC)]$$

13. (a) 
$$x = 2e^{at}$$
,  $y = (1 + 2bt)e^{at}$