

Testing and Debugging

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Testing – Pytest



Pytest

- Pytest is a robust testing framework for Python.
- It allows users to write test codes using Python programming language.
- It helps to write tests from simple unit tests to complex functional tests.

Testing - Pytest



Advantages of Pytest

- Free and open source
- Simple syntax very easy to start with
- Run multiple tests in parallel, which reduces the execution time of the test suite
- Automatically detect test file and test functions, if not mentioned explicitly
- Allows to skip a subset of the tests during execution
- Allows to run a subset of the entire test suite

Testing - Pytest



Features of Pytest

- 1. Does not require API to use
- 2. Provides useful plugins
- Can be written as a function or method
- 4. Gives useful failure information without the use of debuggers
- 5. Can be used to run doc tests and unit tests

Testing - Pytest



Pytest – Environmental Setup

- 1. Open command prompt
- 2. Change directory to the location where Python is installed
- 3. Type command

pip install pytest

4. Confirm the installation

pytest -h

Testing - Pytest

Pytest – Environmental Setup

```
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P>cd C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311>pip install pytest
Collecting pytest
 Downloading pytest-7.4.3-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (7.9 kB)
Collecting iniconfig (from pytest)
 Downloading iniconfig-2.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (5.9 kB)
Collecting packaging (from pytest)
 Downloading packaging-23.2-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (3.2 kB)
Collecting pluggy<2.0,>=0.12 (from pytest)
 Downloading pluggy-1.3.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (4.3 kB)
Collecting colorama (from pytest)
 Downloading colorama-0.4.6-py2.py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Downloading pytest-7.4.3-py3-none-any.whl (325 kB)
                                       — 325.1/325.1 kB 3.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading pluggy-1.3.0-py3-none-any.whl (18 kB)
Downloading packaging-23.2-py3-none-any.whl (53 kB)
                                   ----- 53.0/53.0 kB 2.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Installing collected packages: pluggy, packaging, iniconfig, colorama, pytest
Successfully installed colorama-0.4.6 iniconfig-2.0.0 packaging-23.2 pluggy-1.3.0 pytest-7.4.3
```



Testing - Pytest



Pytest – Example

1. Create a new directory (say "Automation") and navigate into the

directory in the command line.

2. Create a file pytestExample.py

3. Run the file using the command pytest pytestExample.py

```
import math

def testsqrt():
    num = 25
    assert math.sqrt(num) == 5

def testsquare():
    num = 7
    assert 7*7 == 40

def testequality():
    assert 10 == 11
```

Testing - Pytest

Pytest - Example (Output)

```
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Automation>pytest pytestExample.py
       platform win32 -- Python 3.11.5, pytest-7.4.3, pluggy-1.3.0
rootdir: C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Automation
collected 3 items
pytestExample.py .FF
 def testsquare():
    num = 7
    assert 7*7 == 40
    assert (7 * 7) == 40
bytestExample.py:9: AssertionError
                                     testequality _____
  def testequality():
    assert 10 == 11
     assert 10 == 11
pytestExample.py:12: AssertionError
 NILED pytestExample.py::testsquare - assert (7 * 7) == 40
 ILED pytestExample.py::testequality - assert 10 == 11
                             ===== 2 failed, 1 passed in 0.06s =
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311\Automation>
```



Function testing with Doctest

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Doctest

- It is a module included in the Python programming language's standard library.
- It allows the easy generation of tests based on output from the standard Python interpreter shell.
- It finds patterns in the docstring.
- Docstrings provides description of a class or a function to provide a better understanding of the code. Also, used for testing purposes using doctest module.

Function testing with Doctest



Need for Doctest

- To check that a module's docstrings are up-to-date (to ensure code still work as documented).
- To perform regression testing (verifying the changes made to the code will not impact the existing functionalities of the Software).

Function testing with Doctest



Steps to write a function with doctest

- 1. Import the doctest module.
- 2. Write the function with docstring.
- 3. Inside the docstring, write the following two lines for testing the function.

>>>function_name(args)

Expected Output

- Write the function logic(Coding).
- 5. Call the doctest.testmod(name= function_name, verbose=True)

If 'verbose' is set to False(default), output will be shown in case of failure only, not in the case of success.

Function testing with Doctest



Example1: Illustrating the testcase-pass

import testmod for testing a function from doctest import testmod

Function testing with Doctest



Example1 (Contd...)

```
else:
    res=n*fact(n-1)
return res
```

call the testmod function
testmod(name ='fact', verbose = True)

Output:

```
Trying:
 fact(5)
Expecting:
  120
ok
Trying:
 fact(0)
Expecting:
ok
1 items had no tests:
  fact
1 items passed all tests:
 2 tests in fact.fact
2 tests in 2 items.
2 passed and 0 failed.
Test passed.
```

Function testing with Doctest



Example2: Illustrating the testcase-failed

import testmod for testing a function from doctest import testmod

Function testing with Doctest

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Example2 (Contd...)

```
else:
```

res=fact(n-1) #Wrong logic to compute factorial return res

call the testmod function
testmod(name ='fact', verbose = True)

```
Output:
Failed example:
  fact(5)
Expected:
  120
Got:
Trying:
 fact(0)
Expecting:
ok
2 items had failures:
 2 of 2 in fact
 1 of 2 in fact.fact
4 tests in 2 items.
1 passed and 1 failed.
***Test Failed*** 1 failure.
```

pdb debugger commands



pdb Module

- It is a module with a set of utilities for debugging of Python programs.
- pdb internally uses bdb (basic debugger) and cmd (command interpreters) modules.
- pdb runs purely in the command line.
- Pdb supports setting breakpoints, stepping through code, source code listing, viewing stack traces.

pdb debugger commands



pdb Module

- Pdb debugger can be invoked in two ways
 - Command Line python -m pdb fileName.py
 - 2. Importing pdb module and call pdb.set_trace()

pdb debugger commands

- Command Line
 - 1. Create a Python Script

```
def fact(n):
    f = 1
    for i in range(1,n+1):
        print (i)
        f = f * i
    return f

print("Factorial of 5 =",fact(5))

    print("Factorial of 5 = ",fact(5))
```

- 2. Open Command Prompt
- 3. Change to the directory location where python is installed cd C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311
- 3. Type the below command python -m pdb pdbExample.py



pdb debugger commands



```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2428]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P>cd C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311

C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311>python -m pdb pdbExample.py
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(1)<module>()
-> def fact(n):
(Pdb) |
```

Now, type help in front of the debugger prompt to know more about any command.

pdb debugger commands

```
Command Prompt - python - X
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.2428]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P>cd C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311
C:\Users\SOWMYA SHREE P\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python311>python -m pdb pdbExample.py
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(1)<module>()
-> def fact(n):
(Pdb) --KeyboardInterrupt--
(Pdb) help
Documented commands (type help <topic>):
EOF
                                     list
                                                                 undisplay
                                               q
                                                        rv
       cl
                  debug
                           help
                                               quit
                                                        s
                                                                 unt
alias clear
                  disable ignore
                                     longlist r
                                                                 until
                                                        source
args
       commands
                  display interact n
                                               restart step
                                                                 up
       condition down
                                                        tbreak
                                     next
                                               return
break cont
                  enable
                           jump
                                               retval
                                                                 whatis
bt
       continue
                  exit
                                                        unalias where
                                               run
Miscellaneous help topics:
exec pdb
(Pdb) --KeyboardInterrupt--
(Pdb)
```



pdb debugger commands



 list command - lists entire code with -> symbol to the left of a line at which program has halted.

```
(Pdb) list
  1 -> def fact(n):
  2     f = 1
  3     for i in range(1,n+1):
  4         print (i)
  5         f = f * i
  6         return f
  7
  8     print("Factorial of 5 =",fact(5))
[EOF]
(Pdb) |
```

pdb debugger commands



step command – move line by line, will cause a program to stop within a function

```
(Pdb) step
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(8)<module>()
-> print("Factorial of 5 =",fact(5))
(Pdb) step
--Call--
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(1)fact()
-> def fact(n):
(Pdb) step
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(2)fact()
-> f = 1
(Pdb) |
```

pdb debugger commands



 next command - move line by line, executes a called function and stops after it.

```
(Pdb) next
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(3)fact()
-> for i in range(1,n+1):
(Pdb) next
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(4)fact()
-> print (i)
(Pdb) next
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(5)fact()
-> f = f * i
(Pdb) next
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(3)fact()
-> for i in range(1,n+1):
(Pdb) next
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(4)fact()
-> print (i)
(Pdb) next
 c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(5)fact()
-> f = f * i
(Pdb)
```

pdb debugger commands



break command – set breakpoints within a program. Line number must be given.

```
(Pdb) break 4
Breakpoint 1 at c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py:4
(Pdb) list
   1 -> def fact(n):
   2    f = 1
   3    for i in range(1,n+1):
   4 B        print (i)
   5         f = f * i
   6         return f
   7
   8    print("Factorial of 5 =",fact(5))
[EOF]
(Pdb) |
```

continue command – program execution will proceed till it encounters a breakpoint

```
(Pdb) continue
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(4)fact()
-> print (i)
(Pdb) |
```

pdb debugger commands



break command – Display all break points using break command without line number

continue command – program execution will proceed till it encounters a breakpoint

```
(Pdb) continue
> c:\users\sowmya shree p\appdata\local\programs\python\python311\pdbexample.py(4)fact()
-> print (i)
(Pdb) |
```

pdb debugger commands

Using pdb.set_trace()



The Pdb debugger can be used from within Python script also

1. import pdb

```
import pdb
def fact(n):
    f = 1
    for i in range(1,n+1):
    pdb.set_trace()
    print (i)
    f = f * i
    return f
pdbExample.py
```

2. Call set_trace function

The behavior of the debugger will be exactly the same as we find it in a command line environment.

Testing – Pytest, Function testing with Doctest, pdb debugger commands



Summary

- pytest a tesing framework in Python, helps to write tests from simple unit tests to complex functional tests.
- **doctest** a module that verifies whether the code work as intended. It allows generation of tests based on output from the standard Python interpreter shell.
- pdb a module with a set of utilities for debugging of Python programs.



THANK YOU

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