

Unit-1 class-9

1. evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2}} \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2}}$ by changing to spherical coordinates. Ans: $\frac{\pi^2}{8}$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= r \sin \theta \cos \phi \\ y &= r \sin \theta \sin \phi \\ z &= r \cos \theta \end{aligned} \right\} J = r^2 \sin \theta$$

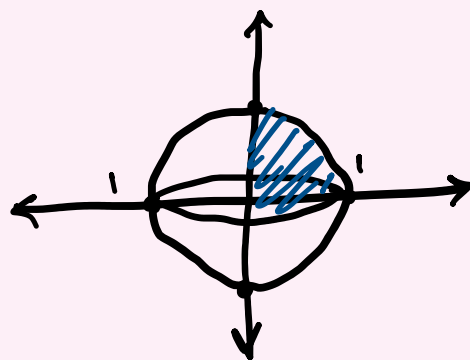
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = r^2$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^1 \frac{r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta d\phi}{\sqrt{1-r^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 t \sin \theta \cos t dt d\theta d\phi}{\cos t}$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2t}{2} \right) \sin \theta dt d\theta d\phi$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} \left(\frac{t}{2} - \frac{\sin 2t}{4} \right)_0^{\pi/2} \sin \theta d\theta d\phi = \frac{\pi}{4} \times (-\cos \theta)_0^{\pi/2} \times \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$$



$$r = \sin t \\ dr = \cos t dt$$

2. Evaluate $\iiint_V \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$ where V is the volume of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ ans: $2\pi a^2$

$$r \Rightarrow 0 \text{ to } a$$

$$\theta \Rightarrow 0 \text{ to } 2\pi$$

$$\phi \Rightarrow 0 \text{ to } 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^a \frac{r^2 \sin \theta dr d\theta d\phi}{\sqrt{r^2}} = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r^2}{2} \right]_0^a \sin \theta d\theta d\phi$$

$$= \frac{a^2}{2} \int_0^{2\pi} [-\cos \theta]_0^{2\pi} d\phi = \frac{a^2}{2} [2] \times 2\pi = 2\pi a^2$$