EMBEDDED TECHNOLOGY & IOT Lab

(BEE01T1004)

Lab Manual



In-Charge	Name							
Dean	Prof. B. Mahopatra							
Programme Chair	Dr. Yogesh Kumar/Dr. Lokesh Varshney							
Faculty members	Mr. P.K. Srivastava/Dr. Rashid Ansari/ Dr. Jeba Das/							
	Dr. Usha Chauhan / Dr. Indu / Mr. Dinesh Singh							



University Vision

"To be known for world-class education, cutting-edge research, innovation, and application of knowledge to benefit society."

University Mission

- M1: To provide high-quality education, knowledge and skills necessary for our students to be successful in the technologically evolving world.
- M2: To provide a supportive learning environment that facilitates discovery of new knowledge and continuous innovation
- M3: To instil a culture of interdisciplinary enquiry and education that facilitates generation of cutting-edge solutions to real-world problems.
- M4: To foster an environment that inculcates skills in life-long learning and team based problem solving.

Department Vision

"To be known globally as a premier department of Electronics and Communication Engineering for value-based education and interdisciplinary research for innovation."

Department Mission

- SM1: Create a strong foundation on fundamentals of Electronics and Communication Engineering through Outcome Based Learning Teaching (OBLT) Process.
- SM2: Establish state-of -the-art facilities for design and simulation.
- SM3: Provide opportunities to students to work on real world problems and develop sustainable ethical solutions.
- SM4: Involve the students in group activities, including those of professional bodies to develop leadership and communication skills.



Programme Outcome (PO)

PO1: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2: Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3: Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4: Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5: Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6: The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7: Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8: Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9: Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10: Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

PO11: Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.



PO12: Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To provide the awareness of major embedded devices and interfacing devices
- To understand key technologies in Internet of Things.
- To analyze, design or develop parts of an Internet of Things solution for IoT applications.

COURSE OUTCOMES

On completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO2: Recognize and analyze given embedded system design and its performance.

CO3: Identify the programming environment to develop embedded solutions.

CO4: Demonstrate application-based competencies in Embedded Programming

CO5: Identify and adopt knowledge of the terminology, requirements and constraints for IoT system development.

CO6: Demonstrate IoT system for smaller applications



CO-PO Mapping

EMBEDDED TECHNOLOGY & IOT Lab (BEE01T1004)		Engineering Knowledge	Problem analysis	Design/development of solutions	Conduct investigations of complex problems	Modern tool usage	The engineer and society	Environment and sustainability	Ethics	Individual or team work	Communication	Project management and finance	Life-long Learning	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
	COs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Understand the concept of Arduino uno, Proteous s/w and their interactions	3	2	2						2			2			
2	Recognize and analyze given embedded system design and its performance.	3	2	2												
3	Identify the programming environment to develop embedded solutions.	3	2	1						2			2			
4	Demonstrate application based competencies in Embedded Programming	3	2	2						2			2			
5	Identify and adopt knowledge of the terminology, requirements and constraints for IoT system development.	3	2	1						2			1			
6	Demonstrate IoT system for smaller applications	2	2													

Mode of Evaluation

	Laboratory							
Components	Internal Examination	End Term Examination						
Marks	50	50						
Total Marks	100							

Details Evaluation Scheme:

Component of evaluation	Evaluation	Rubric for CO	Marks	
Experiment understanding		Design process	10	
Performance		Discussion of results	20	
Record	Internal	Quality of sketch, drawing and graphs	10	
Internal viva		Theory, tools, &team works	10 (2+4+4)	
Lab experiment		Design process	20	
Lab Report	End term	Quality of sketch, drawing and graphs	20	
Viva by external expert		Theory, tools, &team works	10(2+4+4)	
	100			



ET&IOT LAB Lab Assessment Process-

- Faculty members must carry the attendance register.
- Before coming to class faculty members must have ensured the students get the lab manual.
- Clearly define the lab problem to the students and the expected outcome of the experiment.
- Clearly explain the objective and theory behind the lab experiments.
- All faculty members in a lab class shall actively participate in the lab experiment giving guidance to students.
- Faculty members must check the results obtained by each student and sign on it.
- Faculty members must correct the error in results and instruct student to do necessary modification in experiment to get the correct results.
- Faculty must take a note of any mal functioning of equipment or component if found during the tour of lab.
- Faculty must check and correct the student's lab records.
- Faculty members evaluate the student's performance in the lab class as a part of continuous evaluation.
- Faculty must give the assignment or lab problem to students for lab based solutions and shall assess the course outcomes based on performance of students.
- Faculty must ensure that each student endorse the following and upload in Moodle;
 - ✓ Preparation of data table and plot the graphs
 - ✓ students must explain data in table or graphs
 - ✓ Students must write the observation on data pattern or behavior of graphs.
 - ✓ Students must write the scientific justification of data variation or graphs behavior.
 - ✓ Students must write the error in results if any obtained during experiment.
- One course file is to be maintained for each course and all faculties must put the necessary documents of practice in the course file time to time.
- Faculty must declare the title of next experiment and must the students to go through lab manual before coming to lab.



LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

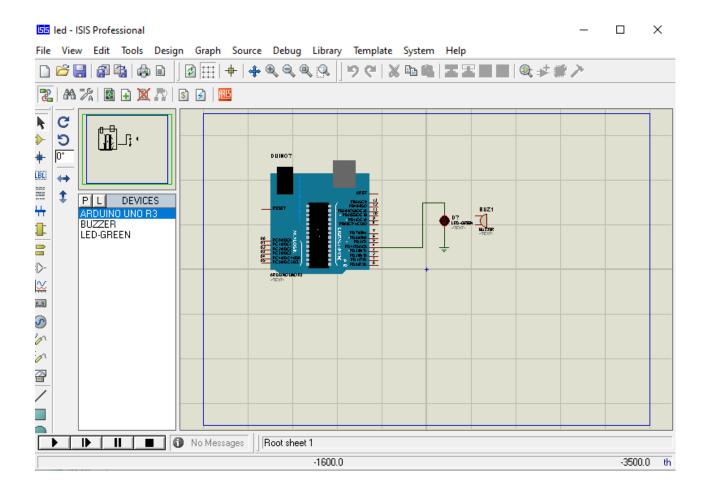
ATTEMPT ANY 8 EXPERIMENT FROM GIVEN LIST:

- Getting started with the Arduino IDE: Serial Communication between Arduino board and PC:-character send and received, Read and display voltage
- Experiments using single and multiple LEDs: Experiments on digital input and digital output on Arduino Uno board and using LED and Buzzer
- Hands on experiments on Interfacing of the LDR, LCD: Experiment on LCD display: -Print numbers, Name, Time etc.
- Experiments using Seven Segment display.
- Experiments using Temperature, IR, Finger print sensors.
- Experiments with Raspberry Pi using LED.
- Experiments on the applications of Buzzer, potentiometer.
- Experiments on Interfacing with Bluetooth devices.
- Design and development of Arduino/Raspberry Pi based system for defined application/ projects.
- Getting started with the Arduino IDE: Serial Communication between Arduino board and PC: -character send and received, Read and display voltage.
- Experiments using single and multiple LEDs: Experiments on digital input and digital output on Arduino Uno board and using LED and Buzzer.
- Hands on experiments on Interfacing of the LDR, LCD: Experiment on LCD display: -Print numbers, Name, Time etc.
- Experiments using Seven Segment display.
- Experiments using Temperature, IR, Finger print sensors.
- Experiments with Raspberry Pi using LED.
- Interfacing of the LDR, IR sensors.
- Experiments on the applications of Buzzer, potentiometer.
- Design and development of Arduino/Raspberry Pi based system for defined application/projects



```
Program-1 led blinking
int led =5;
void setup()
{
  pinMode (led,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{
  digitalWrite(led, HIGH);
  delay(200);
  digitalWrite(led, LOW);
  delay(200);
}
```



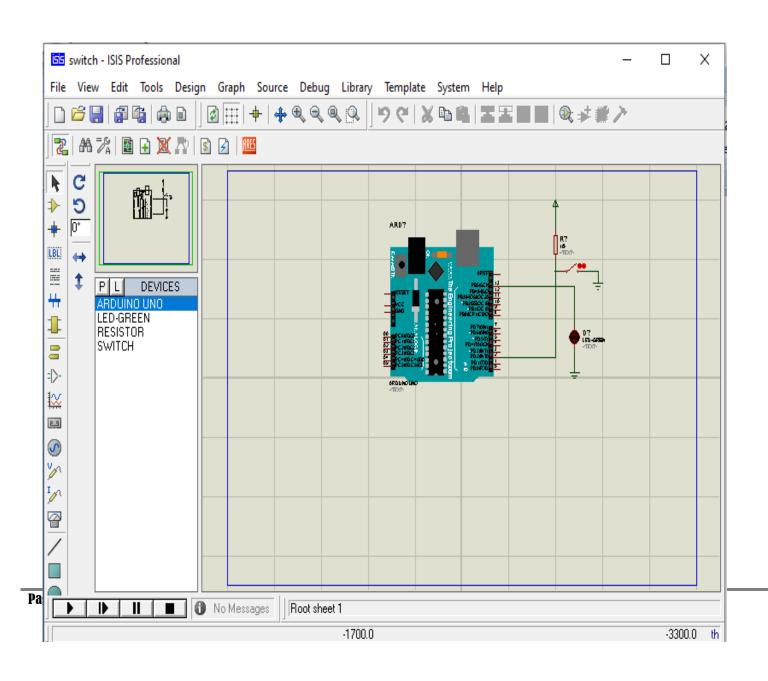




Program-2 switch

```
int switchPin = 2;
int ledPin = 13;
void setup() {
 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(switchPin, INPUT);
}
void loop()
{
 if ( digitalRead(switchPin) == HIGH )
 {
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
 }
  else
 {
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
 }
}
```



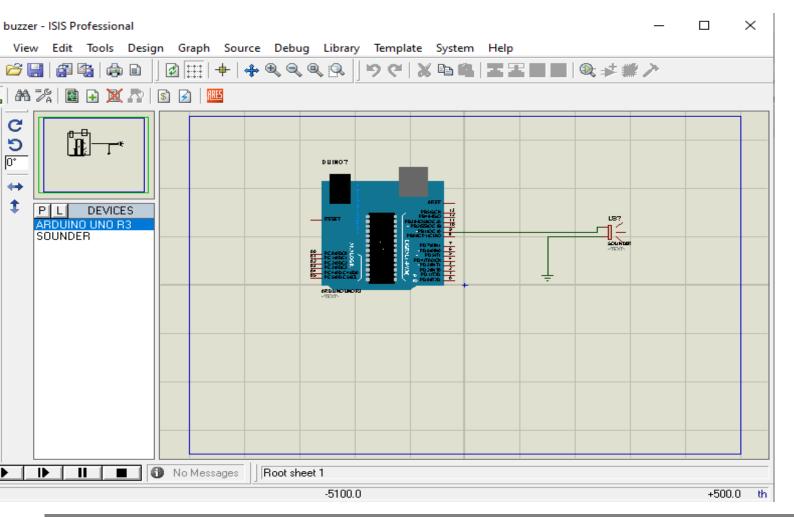




Program-3 ambulance



} ι



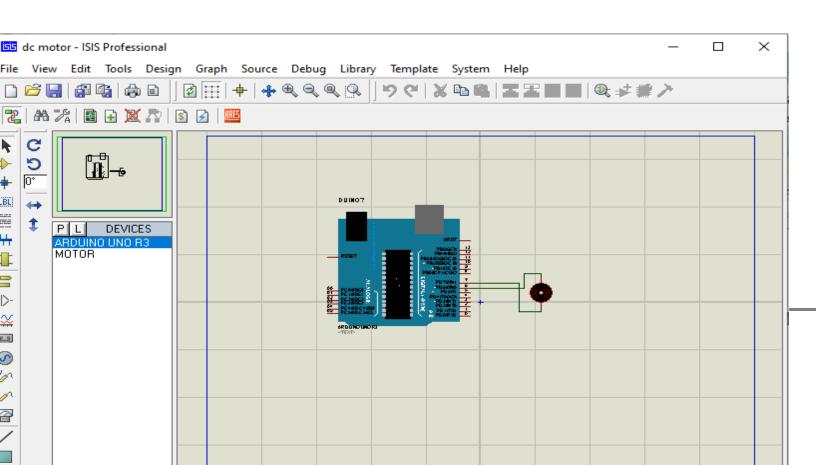
Page No. 16 ET&IOT Lab (BEE01T1004)



Program-4 dc motor with fan

```
int motorpostitive =6;
int motornegative = 7;
void setup() {
  pinMode(motorpostitive ,OUTPUT );
  pinMode(motornegative ,OUTPUT );
}
void loop()
{
  digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,HIGH);
  digitalWrite (motornegative ,LOW);
  delay(500);
  digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,HIGH);
  delay(500);
}
```





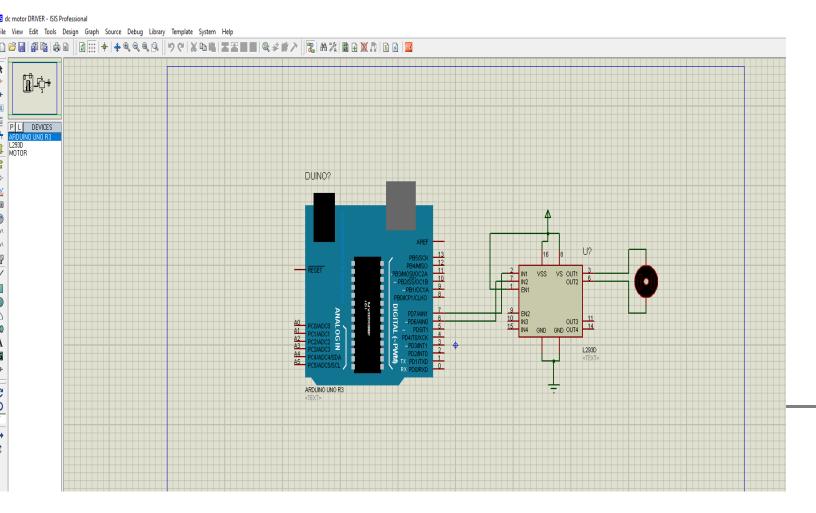


Program-5 dc motor with DRIVER

```
int motorpostitive =6;
int motornegative = 7;
void setup() {
  pinMode(motorpostitive ,OUTPUT );
  pinMode(motornegative ,OUTPUT );
}
void loop()
{
  digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,HIGH);
  digitalWrite (motornegative ,LOW);
  delay(500);
  digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,LOW);
```



```
digitalWrite (motornegative ,HIGH);
delay(500);
}
```



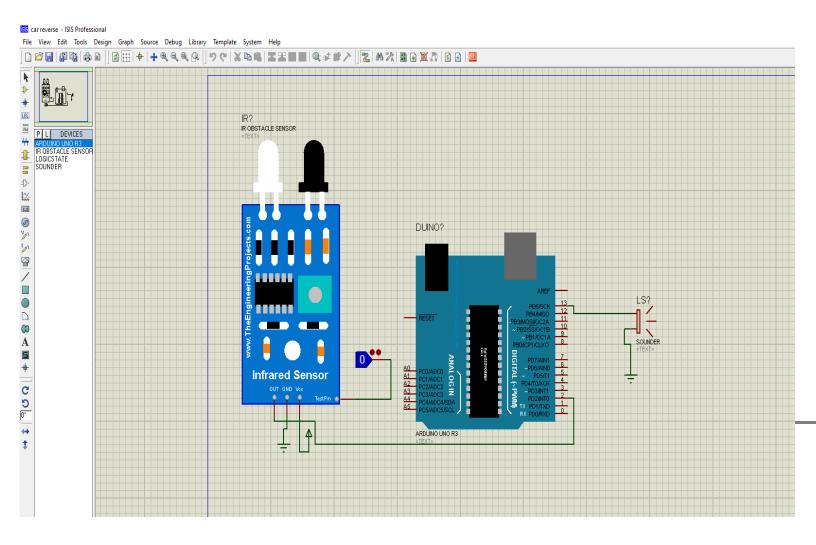


Program-6 car reverse sensor

```
int irsensor = 2;
int buzzer = 13;
void setup() {
  pinMode(irsensor, INPUT);
  pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{
  if ( digitalRead(irsensor) == HIGH )
  {
    digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);
}
```



```
}
if ( digitalRead(irsensor) == LOW )
{
    digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);
}
```



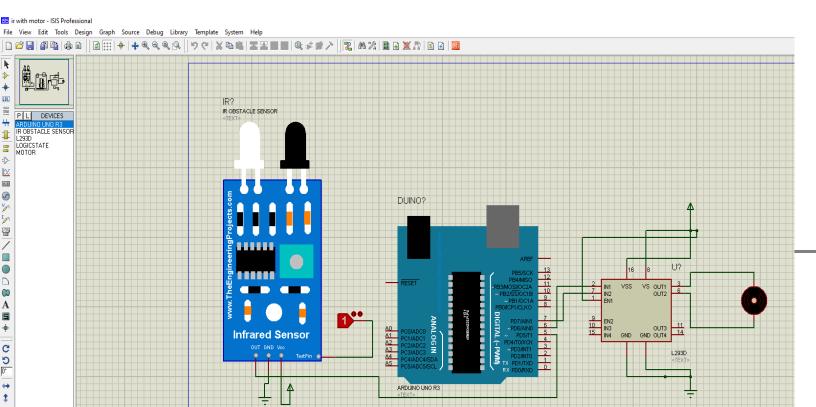


Program-7 ir with motor

```
int irsensor =5;
int motorpostitive =6;
int motornegative = 7;
void setup()
{
  pinMode( irsensor ,INPUT );
  pinMode(motorpostitive ,OUTPUT );
  pinMode(motornegative ,OUTPUT );
}
```



```
void loop()
{
   if (digitalRead(irsensor)== HIGH)
   {
      digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,HIGH);
      digitalWrite (motornegative ,LOW);
   }
   if (digitalRead(irsensor)== LOW)
   {
      digitalWrite (motorpostitive ,LOW);
      digitalWrite (motornegative ,LOW);}
```



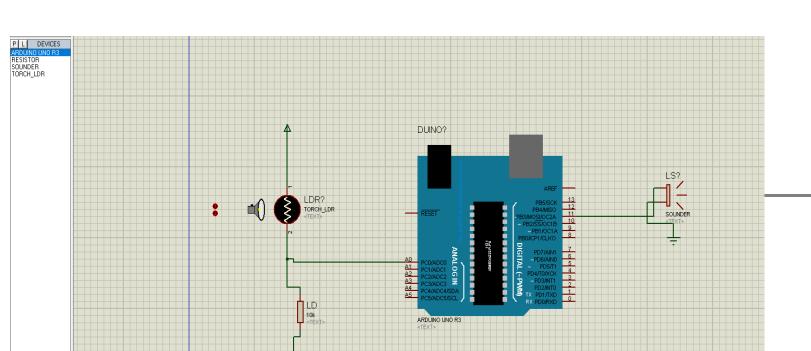


```
Program-8 Ldr
int buzzer = 11;
void setup()
{ pinMode(buzzer,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{
 int LDR = analogRead(A0);
```

Page No. 25 ET&IOT Lab (BEE01T1004)



```
delay(500);
if(LDR > 512)
{
    digitalWrite(buzzer, HIGH);
    delay(10);
}
else
    {
    digitalWrite(buzzer, LOW);
    delay(10);
}
```





Program-9 temp-love o meter

int red = 8;

int yellow = 9;

int green = 10;

int tempsensor= A0;

void setup()

Page No. 27 ET&IOT Lab (BEE01T1004)



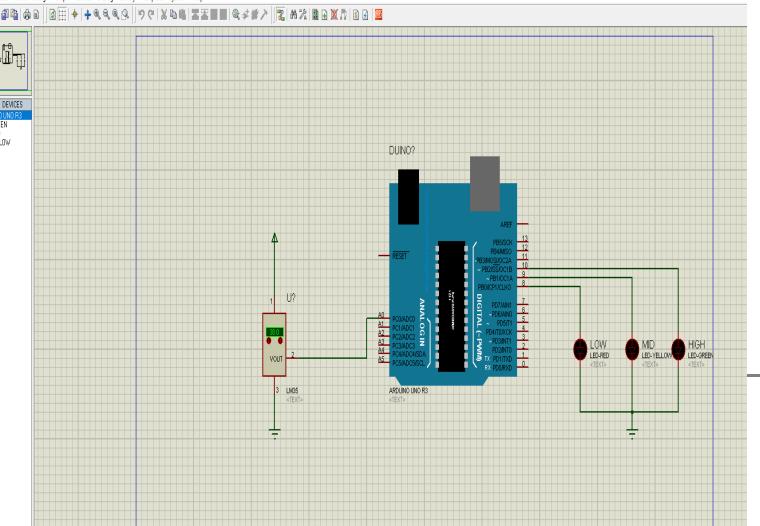
```
{
 pinMode(red,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(yellow,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(green,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(tempsensor,INPUT);
}
void loop()
{
 int temp = analogRead(tempsensor);
 if(temp < 100 && temp >1)
  digitalWrite(red, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(yellow, LOW);
  digitalWrite(green, LOW);
 }
 if(temp < 200 && temp > 101)
 {
  digitalWrite(red, LOW);
  digitalWrite(yellow, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(green, LOW);
```



```
if(temp <300 && temp >201)
{
  digitalWrite(red, LOW);
  digitalWrite(yellow, LOW);
  digitalWrite(green, HIGH);
}
```

terr - ISIS Professional

Edit Tools Design Graph Source Debug Library Template System Help





```
int leftmotorpositive = 8;
int leftmotornegative= 9;
int rightmotorpositive =10;
int rightmotornegative = 11;
void setup() {
pinMode(leftmotorpositive, OUTPUT);
pinMode(leftmotornegative, OUTPUT);
pinMode(rightmotorpositive, OUTPUT);
pinMode(rightmotornegative, OUTPUT);
pinMode(leftsensor, INPUT);
pinMode(rightsensor, INPUT);
}
void loop() {
if (digitalRead(leftsensor)== HIGH && digitalRead(rightsensor) == HIGH)
{
digitalWrite(leftmotorpositive, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(leftmotornegative, LOW);
  digitalWrite(rightmotorpositive, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(rightmotornegative, LOW);
}
```



```
if (digitalRead(leftsensor)== LOW && digitalRead(rightsensor) == HIGH)
{
  digitalWrite(leftmotorpositive, LOW);
  digitalWrite(leftmotornegative, LOW);
  digitalWrite(rightmotorpositive, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(rightmotornegative, LOW);
}
if (digitalRead(leftsensor)== HIGH && digitalRead(rightsensor) == LOW)
{
  digitalWrite(leftmotorpositive, HIGH);
  digitalWrite(leftmotornegative, LOW);
  digitalWrite(rightmotorpositive, LOW);
  digitalWrite(rightmotornegative, LOW);
}
if (digitalRead(leftsensor)== LOW && digitalRead(rightsensor) == LOW)
{
 digitalWrite(leftmotorpositive, LOW);
  digitalWrite(leftmotornegative, LOW);
  digitalWrite(rightmotorpositive, LOW);
```



digitalWrite(rightmotornegative, LOW);

}

Professional

Edit Roto Depay Graph Source Debys Library Template System Pelp

ASIGN AND REPAY OF AND REP



Do and Don'ts

- Avoid contact with energized electrical circuits.
- Powered equipment can be hot! Use caution when handling equipment after it has been operating.
- Select proper type of supply (i.e. a. c. or d. c.) and range of meters.
- All the connections should be tight.
- Never exceed the permissible values of current, voltage, and apparatus, wire, load, etc.
- If water or a chemical is spilled onto equipment, shut off power at the main switch or circuit breaker and unplug the equipment.
- Be sure you understand the function and wiring of an instrument before using it in a circuit.