- (ii) the constitution and governance of any religious or charitable foundation; or
- (iii) the meaning of words or terms used in particular districts or by particular classes of people,

the opinions of persons having special means of knowledge thereon, are relevant facts.

Opinion on relationship, when relevant.

**44.** When the Court has to form an opinion as to the relationship of one person to another, the opinion, expressed by conduct, as to the existence of such relationship, of any person who, as a member of the family or otherwise, has special means of knowledge on the subject, is a relevant fact:

Provided that such opinion shall not be sufficient to prove a marriage in proceedings under the Divorce Act, 1869, or in prosecution under sections 82 and 84 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023.

4 of 1869.

## Illustrations.

- (a) The question is, whether A and B were married. The fact that they were usually received and treated by their friends as husband and wife, is relevant.
- (b) The question is, whether A was the legitimate son of B. The fact that A was always treated as such by members of the family, is relevant.

Grounds of opinion, when relevant.

**45.** Whenever the opinion of any living person is relevant, the grounds on which such opinion is based are also relevant.

## Illustration.

An expert may give an account of experiments performed by him for the purpose of forming his opinion.

## Character when relevant

In civil cases character to prove conduct imputed, irrelevant. **46.** In civil cases the fact that the character of any person concerned is such as to render probable or improbable any conduct imputed to him, is irrelevant, except in so far as such character appears from facts otherwise relevant.

In criminal cases previous good character relevant.

**47.** In criminal proceedings the fact that the person accused is of a good character, is relevant.

Evidence of character or previous sexual experience not relevant in certain cases. **48.** In a prosecution for an offence under section 64, section 65, section 66, section 67, section 68, section 69, section 70, section 71, section 74, section 75, section 76, section 77 or section 78 of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 or for attempt to commit any such offence, where the question of consent is in issue, evidence of the character of the victim or of such person's previous sexual experience with any person shall not be relevant on the issue of such consent or the quality of consent.

Previous bad character not relevant, except in reply. **49.** In criminal proceedings, the fact that the accused has a bad character, is irrelevant, unless evidence has been given that he has a good character, in which case it becomes relevant.

*Explanation* 1.—This section does not apply to cases in which the bad character of any person is itself a fact in issue.

Explanation 2.—A previous conviction is relevant as evidence of bad character.