to which such Court shall be deemed to be subordinate;

- (b) where appeals lie to a Civil and also to a Revenue Court, such Court shall be deemed to be subordinate to the Civil or Revenue Court according to the nature of the case or proceeding in connection with which the offence is alleged to have been committed.
- ¹[195A. Procedure for witnesses in case of threatening, etc.—A witness or any other person may file a complaint in relation to an offence under section 195A of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).]
- 196. Prosecution for offences against the State and for criminal conspiracy to commit such offence.—(1) No Court shall take cognizance of—
 - (a) any offence punishable under Chapter VI or under section 153A, ²[section 295A or sub-section (1) of section 505] of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), or
 - (b) a criminal conspiracy to commit such offence, or
 - (c) any such abetment, as is described in section 108A of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860),

except with the previous sanction of the Central Government or of the State Government.

- ³[(1A) No Court shall take cognizance of—
- (a) any offence punishable under section 153B or sub-section (2) or sub-section (3) of section 505 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), or
 - (b) a criminal conspiracy to commit such offence,

except with the previous sanction of the Central Government or of the State Government or of the District Magistrate.]

(2) No Court shall take cognizance of the offence of any criminal conspiracy punishable under section 120B of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860), other than a criminal conspiracy to commit ⁴[an offence] punishable with death, imprisonment for life or rigorous imprisonment for a term of two years or upwards, unless the State Government or the District Magistrate has consented in writing to the initiation of the proceedings:

Provided that where the criminal conspiracy is one to which the provisions of section 195 apply, no such consent shall be necessary.

- (3) The Central Government or the State Government may, before according sanction 5 [under sub-section (1) or sub-section (1A) and the District Magistrate may, before according sanction under sub-section (1A)] and the State Government or the District Magistrate may, before giving consent under sub-section (2), order a preliminary investigation by a police officer not being below the rank of Inspector, in which case such police officer shall have the powers referred to in sub-section (3) of section 155.
- **197. Prosecution of Judges and public servants.**—(1) When any person who is or was a Judge or Magistrate or a public servant not removable from his office save by or with the sanction of the Government is accused of any offence alleged to have been committed by him while acting or purporting to act in the discharge of his official duty, no Court shall take cognizance of such offence except with the previous sanction ⁶[save as otherwise provided in the Lokpal and Lokayuktas Act, 2013 (1 of 2014)]—
 - (a) in the case of a person who is employed or, as the case may be, was at the time of commission of the alleged offence employed, in connection with the affairs of the Union, of the Central Government;
 - (b) in the case of a person who is employed or, as the case may be, was at the time of commission of the alleged offence employed, in connection with the affairs of a State, of the State Government:

^{1.} Ins. by Act 5 of 2009, s.17 (w.e.f. 31-12-2009).

^{2.} Subs. by Act 63 of 1980, s. 3, for "section 153B, section 295A or section 505" (w.e.f. 23-9-1980).

^{3.} Ins. by s. 3, ibid. (w.e.f. 23-9-1980).

^{4.} Subs. by Act 45 of 1978, s. 16, for "a cognizable offence" (w.e.f. 18-12-1978).

^{5.} Subs. by Act 63 of 1980, s. 3, for "under sub-section (*I*)" (w.e.f. 23-9-1980).

^{6.} Ins. by Act 1 of 2014, s. 58 and the Schedule (w.e.f. 16-1-2014).