



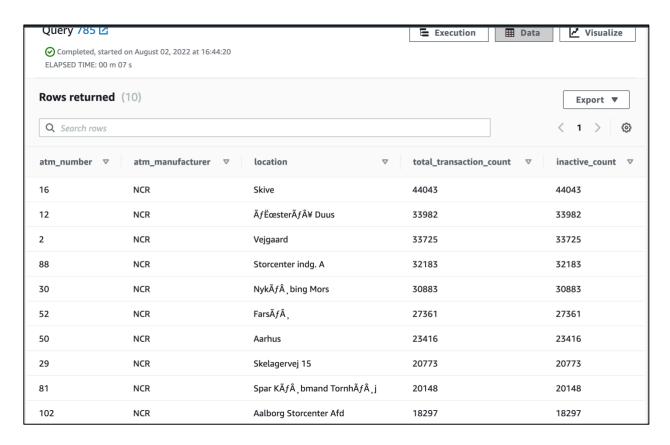
## Solving analytical queries on Redshift Cluster

Here, you have to write the query used for solving the question and the screenshots of the table which is outputted after the query is run on the AWS Redshift Query editor UI.

## 1. Top 10 ATMs where most transactions are in the 'inactive' state

#### <Query>

select top 10 a.atm\_number,a.atm\_manufacturer,l.location,count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,count(trans\_id) as inactive\_count from atmTransData.dim\_atm a join atmTransData.dim\_location I on l.location\_id=a.atm\_location\_id join atmTransData.fact\_atm\_trans f on a.atm\_id=f.atm\_id where atm\_status='lnactive' group by a.atm\_number,a.atm\_manufacturer,l.location order by inactive\_count desc;







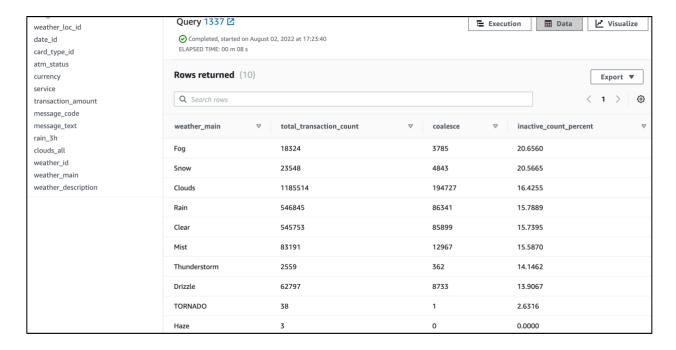
# 2. Number of ATM failures corresponding to the different weather conditions recorded at the time of the transactions

#### <Query>

 $select\ F.weather\_main,count(F.trans\_id)\ as\ total\_transaction\_count,nvl(inactive\_count,0)\ ,\\ nvl(round(((inactive\_count*100.0)/total\_transaction\_count),4),0)\ as\ inactive\_count\_percent\ from\ atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans\ F$ 

left outer join (select count(trans\_id) as inactive\_count,weather\_main from atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans where atm\_status='Inactive' group by weather\_main)I on I.weather\_main=F.weather\_main

group by F.weather\_main,inactive\_count order by inactive\_count\_percent desc;





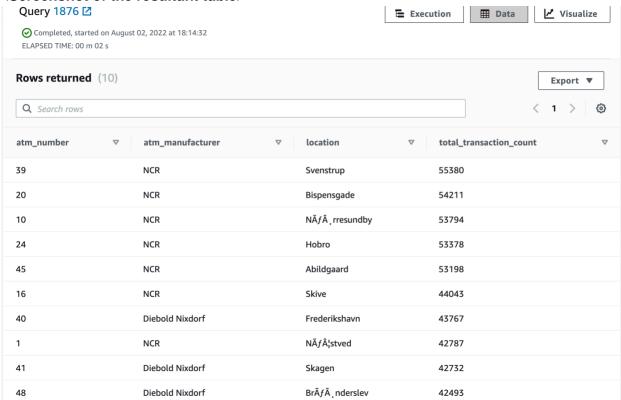


## 3. Top 10 ATMs with the most number of transactions throughout the year

## <Query>

select top 10 atm\_number,atm\_manufacturer,location,count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count

from atmtransdata.dim\_atm a join atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans f on a.atm\_id=f.atm\_id join atmtransdata.dim\_location I on a.atm\_location\_id=I.location\_id group by atm\_number,atm\_manufacturer,location order by total\_transaction\_count desc;







## 4. Number of overall ATM transactions going inactive per month for each month

#### <Query>

select D.year,D.month, count(F.trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,nvl(inactive\_count,0), nvl(round(((inactive\_count\*100.0)/total\_transaction\_count),4),0) as inactive\_count\_percent from atmtransdata.dim\_date D join

atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans F on F.date\_id=D.date\_id join

(select count(trans\_id) as inactive\_count,month from atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans f join atmtransdata.dim\_date d on d.date\_id=f.date\_id where atm\_status='Inactive' group by month)I

on I.month=D.month

group by D.month, D.year, inactive\_count order by D.month;

Rows returned (12)  Q Search rows								Export	• 6
year	$\nabla$	month	▽ tota	l_transaction_count	$\nabla$	coalesce	$\nabla$	inactive_count_percent	
2017		April	2188	365		41830		19.1122	
2017		August	2172	218		36713		16.9015	
2017		December	1970	048		20476		10.3914	
2017		February	1826	559		36656		20.0680	
2017		January	1801	195		35953		19.9523	
2017		July	2276	582		38139		16.7510	
2017		June	2251	166		36789		16.3386	
2017		March	2095	586		41046		19.5843	
2017		May	2224	118		37679		16.9406	
2017		November	1939	967		21684		11.1792	

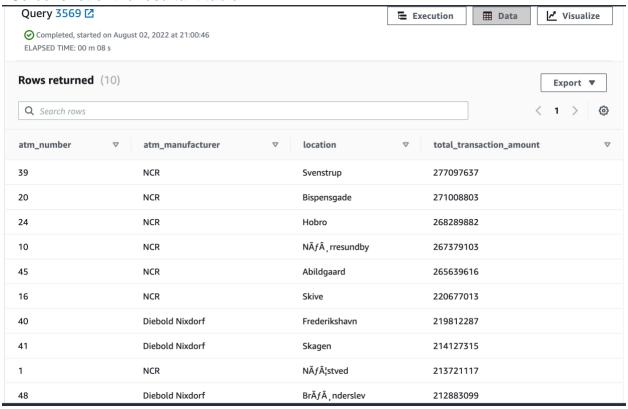




## 5. Top 10 ATMs with the highest total withdrawn amount throughout the year

## <Query>

select top 10 a.atm\_number,a.atm\_manufacturer,l.location,sum(transaction\_amount) as total\_transaction\_amount from atmTransData.dim\_atm a join atmTransData.dim\_location l on l.location\_id=a.atm\_location\_id join atmTransData.fact\_atm\_trans f on a.atm\_id=f.atm\_id group by a.atm\_number,a.atm\_manufacturer,l.location order by total\_transaction\_amount desc;



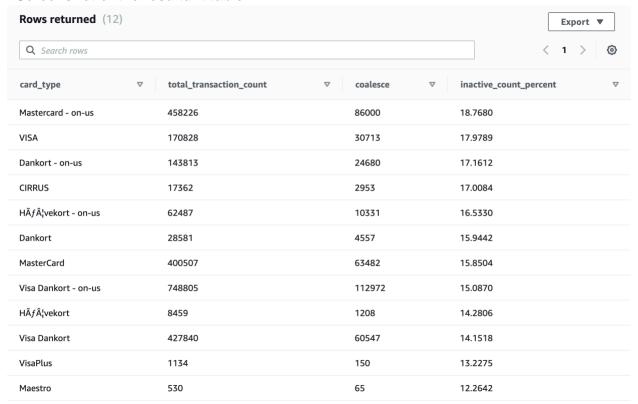




## 6. Number of failed ATM transactions across various card types

## <Query>

select C.card\_type, count(F.trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count,nvl(inactive\_count,0), nvl(round(((inactive\_count\*100.0)/total\_transaction\_count),4),0) as inactive\_count\_percent from atmtransdata.dim\_card\_type C join atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans F on F.card\_type\_id=C.card\_type\_id join (select count(trans\_id) as inactive\_count,card\_type from atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans f join atmtransdata.dim\_card\_type c on c.card\_type\_id=f.card\_type\_id where atm\_status='lnactive' group by card\_type)I on l.card\_type=C.card\_type
group by C.card\_type,inactive\_count order by inactive\_count\_percent desc;



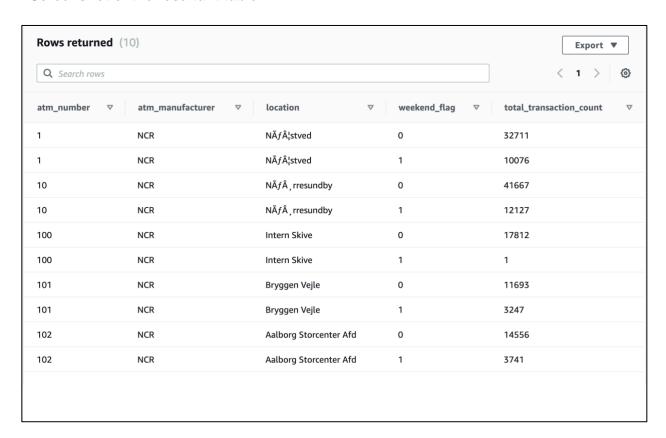




7. Number of transactions happening on an ATM on weekdays and on weekends throughout the year. Order this by the ATM\_number, ATM\_manufacturer, location, weekend\_flag and then total\_transaction\_count

## <Query>

select top 10 A.atm\_number,A.atm\_manufacturer,L.location,W.weekend\_flag,count(trans\_id) as total\_transaction\_count from atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans F join (select date\_id, case when weekday in ('Sunday','Saturday') then '1' else '0' end as weekend\_flag from atmtransdata.dim\_date) W on W.date\_id=F.date\_id join atmtransdata.dim\_atm A on F.atm\_id=A.atm\_id join atmtransdata.dim\_location L on A.atm\_location\_id=L.location\_id group by A.atm\_number,A.atm\_manufacturer,L.location,W.weekend\_flag order by A.atm\_number,W.weekend\_flag;







## 8. Most active day in each ATMs from location "Vejgaard"

#### <Query>

select F.atm\_number,F.atm\_manufacturer,F.location ,min(F.weekday)as weekday ,max(transaction\_count) as total\_transaction\_count from (select A.atm\_number,A.atm\_manufacturer,count(F.trans\_id) as transaction\_count,weekday,L.location from atmtransdata.fact\_atm\_trans F join atmtransdata.dim\_date D on D.date\_id=F.date\_id join atmtransdata.dim\_location L on F.weather\_loc\_id=L.location\_id join atmtransdata.dim\_atm A on A.atm\_id=F.atm\_id where L.location='Vejgaard' group by A.atm\_number,atm\_manufacturer,location,weekday order by transaction\_count desc) F group by F.atm\_number,F.atm\_manufacturer,F.location;

