## PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

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## INTRODUCTION

#### **Definition and Purpose**

-an independent body responsible for overseeing the recruitment, selection, and promotion of civil servants.

-to ensure transparency, accountability, and meritocracy in public service.

PART 14(XIV) deals with the union public service commission article 315-323

#### **TYPES**

- Union Public service commission
- State Public service commission
- Joint Public service commission

#### COMPOSITION

-A chairman and some members under him. Both of them are elected by the president of India.

# TERM / TENURE

-6 Years or 65 Years of age

half of the members (including the chairman) should be held office for atleast
10 years under the government

# REMOVAL

#### Grounds of removal

-Unfit

-Insolvent

-Engages

-Misbehaviour

president asks the supreme court for advice and the sc forms a body to investigate that and the decision taken by the sc is bound by the president

# FUNTIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- conducting examinations, interviews, and assessments for recruitment.
- determining qualifications, promotions, and transfers of civil servants.
  - disciplinary procedures and handling appeals.

## CHALLENGES

- limited resources
- political interference
- balancing diverse interests.

### Recruitment and Selection Process

# **Explanation of the recruitment and selection process used by the Public Service Commission**

## Step 1: Job Posting

Job openings are posted on the Public Service Commission website and other job boards.

#### • Step 2: Application Review

Applications are reviewed for qualifications, experience, and skills.

#### Step 3: Testing and Evaluation

Candidates may be required to take tests, participate in interviews, or complete assessments.

#### Step 4: Selection and Appointment

The most qualified candidate is selected and appointed to the position.

#### Step 5: Onboarding and Training

The new employee undergoes onboarding and training to begin their job with the Public Service Commission.

### CONCLUSION

- crucial for ensuring efficient and effective government operations and employee management.
- Ensuring Meritocracy
- Enhancing Transparency and Accountability
- -Fostering a Professional Public Service