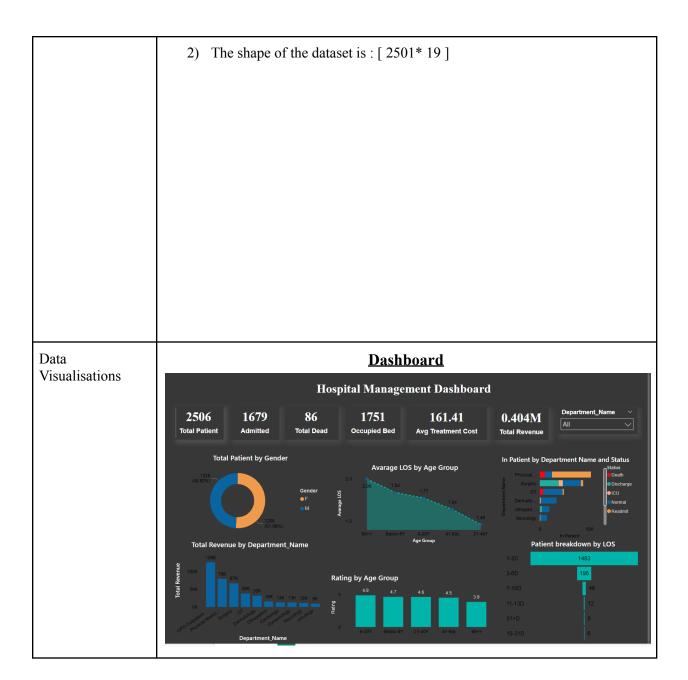
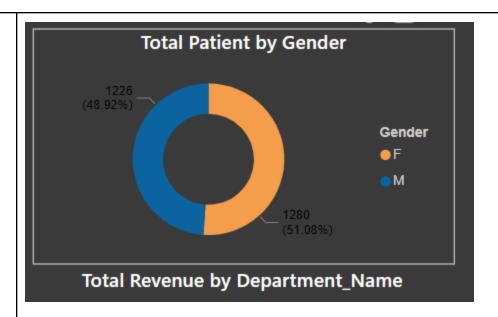
Name	Ms Neerja Doshi
UID	2021300029
DIV	BE COMPS [ADV -> BATCH F]`
ADV EXP 3	

AIM	To apply Data Visualization by PowerBI on HealthCare Dataset	
Dataset Particulars	Name: HealthCare Management Dataset	
	Link: https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/healthcare568/healthcare-management Dataset Features:	
	shopping habits of the Indian Market.	
		a) Staff_Id: Unique identifier for the staff member.
	b) Bed_ID: Unique identifier for the bed assigned to a patient.	
	c) Dpt_ID: Unique identifier for the department.	
	d) ID: Likely a unique identifier for the patient or an entry in this dataset.	
	e) Name: The name of the patient.	
	f) Gender: The gender of the patient.	
	g) City: The city where the patient resides.	
	h) State: The state where the patient resides.	
	i) Age: The age of the patient.	
	j) Patient type: Category or type of the patient (e.g., inpatient, outpatient).	
	k) Status: Current status of the patient (e.g., discharged, admitted).	
	l) treatemencost: Cost associated with the treatment.	
	m) Bed: Information about the bed, possibly its type or category.	
	n) LOS: Length of Stay of the patient in the hospital.	
	o) ER_Time: Time spent in the Emergency Room.	
	p) Date: Likely the date of admission, discharge, or a significant event.	
	 q) Feedback: Feedback provided by the patient or associated with their care. 	
	r) Rating: A rating, possibly from the feedback or patient satisfaction.	
	s) Age Bucket: Categorical age range (e.g., 0-18, 19-35, etc.).	





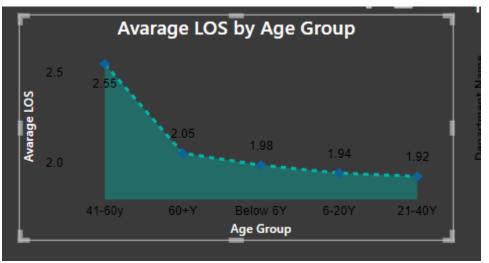


1) Pie Chart

- a) The revenue is earned more from females patients
- b) The largest of this share of feamles comes from OPD [from diagnosis , minor procedured etc]
- c) Even the department wise data shows, most were admitted in Physical admission and rehab dept.
- d) The max days of stays for women comes out to be 1-2days and is highest in the age grp of 21-40 yrs.
- e) This data suggest that the revenue earned from minor injuries gains more revenue to hospital vs Long stay days.
- f) This is in turn true as well because, hospital have minimum expenditure in OPD vs other surgical departments.

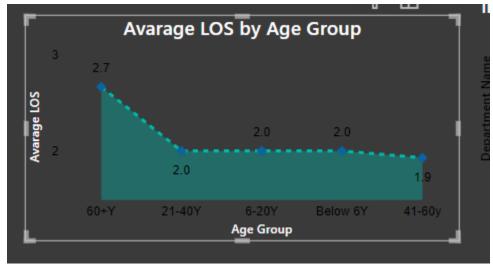
2) Area Chart

- a) Heres a Dept wise view of Avg LOS
 - i) Physical Medication n Rehab
 - (1) As seen , the increase in LOS as we go towards senior citizen



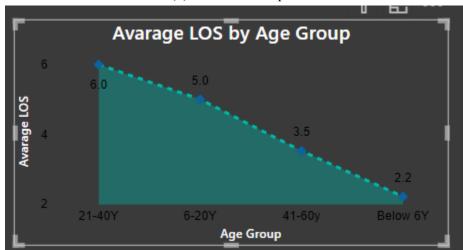
ii) Cardiology

(1) The LOS for cardiology department incraseas from adulthood to senior citizen , suggesting longer durations



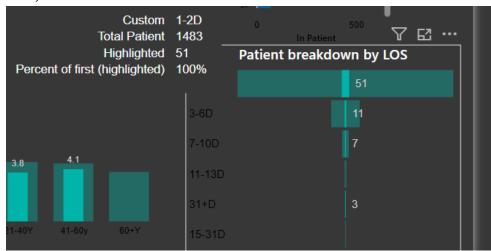
iii) Gynaceology

(1) LOS increase post adulthood



Hence Age group increases, the LOS increase in various department

3) Funnel Chart



- 1) Even for the department which has lowest patient [at the time the dataset was made] which is neurology , maximum patients are seen in LOS of 1-2 Days
- 2) This suggests, that to gain more revenue and better ratings the hospital should increase the facilities and quality of it provides for 1-2 Days stay

