# **SQL**

- **1**. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries?
- A) No Duplicity B) Different C) Null D) Unique

### Answer- D) Unique

- 2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column?
- A) Primary key B) Empty Value C) Null D) None of them

#### Answer- A) Null

- 3. Which of the following statements are true regarding Primary Key?
- A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table B) There can be duplicate values in a primary key column C) There can be null values in Primary key D) None of the above.

Answer- A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table.

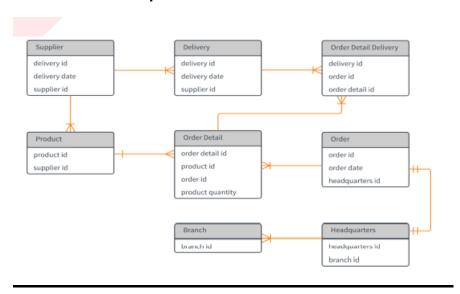
- 4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key?
- A) There should not be any duplicate entries B) Null values are not allowed C) Multiple columns can make a single unique key together D) All of the above

Answer- A) There should not be duplicate entries.

- 5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint?
- A) Not Null B) Foreign Key C) Referential key D) All of them

### Answer – B) Foreign Key

# For Questions 6-13 refer to the below diagram and answer the questions:



- 6. How many foreign keys are there in the Supplier table?
- A) 0 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1

### Answer - B) 3

- 7. The type of relationship between Supplier table and Product table is:
- A) one to many B) many to one C) one to one D) many to many

# Answer - One to many

- 8. The type of relationship between Order table and Headquarter table is:
- A) one to many B) many to one ASSIGNMENT C) one to one D) many to many

# Answer – B) many to many

- 9. Which of the following is a foreign key in Delivery table?
- A) delivery id B) supplier id C) delivery date D) None of them

# Answer – A) delivery id

10. The number of foreign keys in order details is:

A) 0 B) 1 C) 3 D) 2

Answer – B) 1

11. The type of relationship between Order Detail table and Product table is:

A) one to many B) many to one C) one to one D) many to many

Answer – One to One

12. DDL statements perform operation on which of the following database objects?

A) Rows of table B) Columns of table C) Table D) None of them

**Answer - Table** 

13. Which of the following statement is used to enter rows in a table?

A) Insert in to B) Update C) Enter into D) Set Row

Answer – Insert in to

14. Which of the following is/are entity constraints in SQL?

A) Duplicate B) Unique C) Primary Key D) Null

Answer - B) Unique and c) Primary key

15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint?

A) A blood group can contain one of the following values - A, B, AB and O. B) A blood group can only contain characters C) A blood group cannot have null values D) Two or more donors can have same blood group

Answer – A) A blood group can contain one of the following values and B) A blood group can only contain characters.