

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import plotly-express as px

data = pd.read_csv("DeliveryTime.txt")
print(data.head())

ID Delivery_person_ID Delivery_person_Age Delivery_person_Ratings \
0 4607 INOGRRES13DEL02 37 4.9
1 B379 BANGGRES1BDEL02 34 4.5
2 5D6D BANGGRES13DEL01 23 4.4
3 7A6A COIHGRES13DEL02 38 4.7
4 70A2 CHENGRES12DEL01 32 4.6

Restaurant_latitude Restaurant_longitude Delivery_location_latitude \
0 22.745049 75.892471 22.765049
1 12.913041 77.683237 13.043041
2 12.914264 77.678400 12.924264
3 11.003669 76.976494 11.053669
4 12.972793 80.249982 13.012793

Delivery_location_longitude Type_of_order Type_of_vehicle Time_taken(min) \
0 75.912471 Snack motorcycle 24
1 77.813237 Snack scooter 33
2 77.688400 Drinks motorcycle 26
3 77.026494 Buffet motorcycle 21
4 80.289982 Snack scooter 30

In [2]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 45593 entries, 0 to 45592
Data columns (total 11 columns):
 # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
---  ---
 0 ID 45593 non-null object
 1 Delivery_person_ID 45593 non-null object
 2 Delivery_person_Age 45593 non-null int64
 3 Delivery_person_Ratings 45593 non-null float64
 4 Restaurant_latitude 45593 non-null float64
 5 Restaurant_longitude 45593 non-null float64
 6 Restaurant_location_latitude 45593 non-null float64
 7 Delivery_location_longitude 45593 non-null float64
 8 Type_of_order 45593 non-null object
 9 Type_of_vehicle 45593 non-null object
10 Time_taken(min) 45593 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 3.8+ MB

In [3]: data.isnull().sum()

Out[3]:
Delivery_person_ID 0
Delivery_person_Age 0
Delivery_person_Ratings 0
Restaurant_latitude 0
Restaurant_longitude 0
Delivery_location_latitude 0
Delivery_location_longitude 0
Type_of_order 0
Type_of_vehicle 0
Time_taken(min) 0
dtype: int64

In [4]: R = 6371

# Convert degrees to radians
def deg_to_rad(degrees):
    return degrees * (np.pi/180)

# Function to calculate the distance between two points using the haversine formula
def distocalculate(lat1, lon1, lat2, lon2):
    d_lat = deg_to_rad(lat2-lat1)
    d_lon = deg_to_rad(lon2-lon1)
    a = np.sin(d_lat/2)**2 + np.cos(deg_to_rad(lat1)) * np.cos(deg_to_rad(lat2)) * np.sin(d_lon/2)**2
    c = 2 * np.arctan2(np.sqrt(a), np.sqrt(1-a))
    return R * c

# Calculate the distance between each pair of points
data['distance'] = np.nan

for i in range(len(data)):
    data.loc[i, 'distance'] = distocalculate(data.loc[i, 'Restaurant_latitude'],
                                             data.loc[i, 'Restaurant_longitude'],
                                             data.loc[i, 'Delivery_location_latitude'],
                                             data.loc[i, 'Delivery_location_longitude'])

In [5]: print(data.head())

ID Delivery_person_ID Delivery_person_Age Delivery_person_Ratings \
0 4607 INOGRRES13DEL02 37 4.9
1 B379 BANGGRES1BDEL02 34 4.5
2 5D6D BANGGRES13DEL01 23 4.4
3 7A6A COIHGRES13DEL02 38 4.7
4 70A2 CHENGRES12DEL01 32 4.6

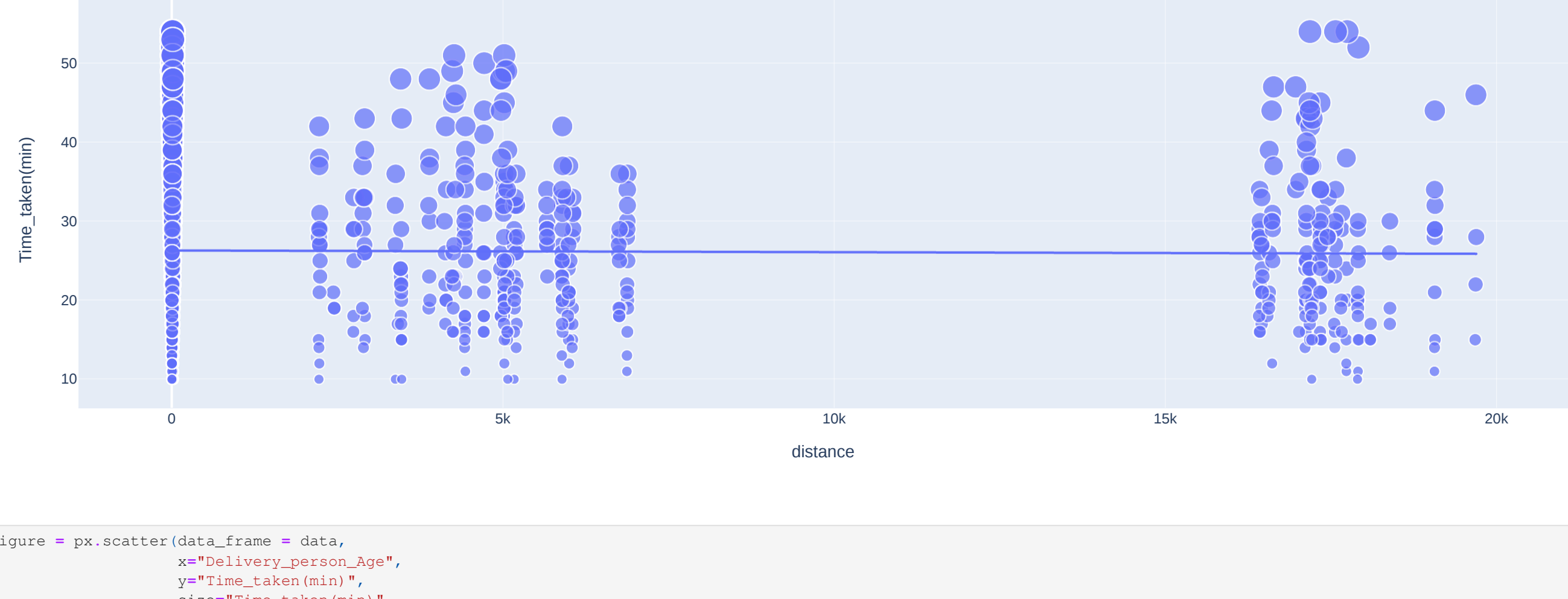
Restaurant_latitude Restaurant_longitude Delivery_location_latitude \
0 22.745049 75.892471 22.765049
1 12.913041 77.683237 13.043041
2 12.914264 77.678400 12.924264
3 11.003669 76.976494 11.053669
4 12.972793 80.249982 13.012793

Delivery_location_longitude Type_of_order Type_of_vehicle Time_taken(min) \
0 75.912471 Snack motorcycle 24
1 77.813237 Snack scooter 33
2 77.688400 Drinks motorcycle 26
3 77.026494 Buffet motorcycle 21
4 80.289982 Snack scooter 30

distance
0 3.025149
1 20.183530
2 1.552758
3 7.790401
4 6.210138

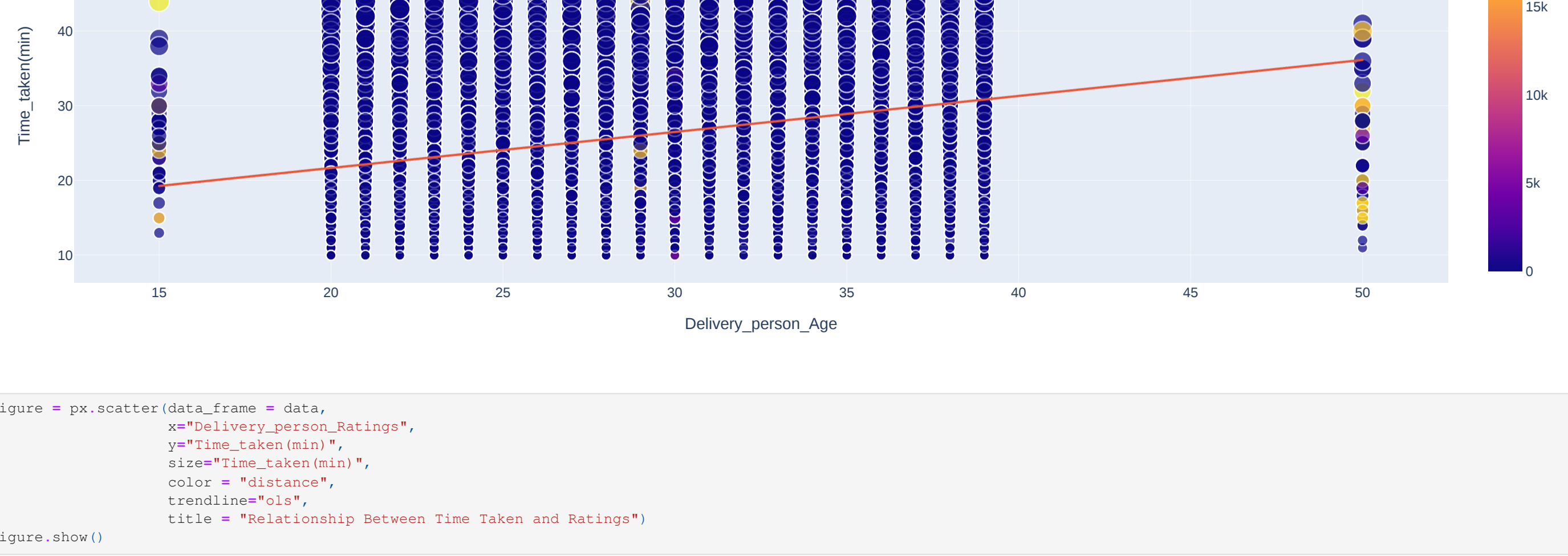
In [6]: figure = px.scatter(data_frame = data,
                             x="distance",
                             y="Time_taken(min)",
                             size="Time_taken(min)",
                             color="ols",
                             trendlines="ols",
                             title = "Relationship Between Distance and Time Taken")
figure.show()
```

Relationship Between Distance and Time Taken



```
In [7]: figure = px.scatter(data_frame = data,
                             x="Delivery_person_Age",
                             y="Time_taken(min)",
                             size="Time_taken(min)",
                             color = "distance",
                             trendlines="ols",
                             title = "Relationship Between Time Taken and Age")
figure.show()
```

Relationship Between Time Taken and Age

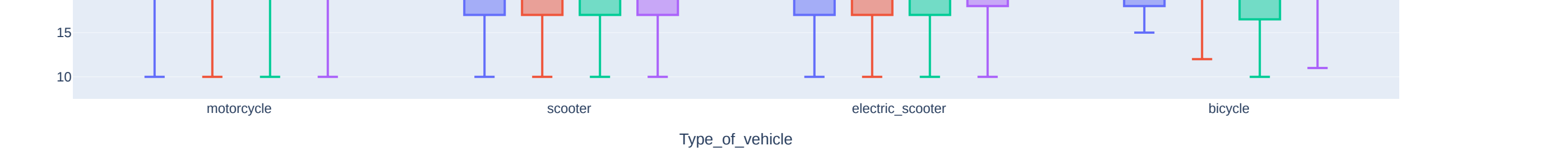


```
In [8]: figure = px.scatter(data_frame = data,
                             x="Delivery_person_Ratings",
                             y="Time_taken(min)",
                             size="Time_taken(min)",
                             color = "distance",
                             trendlines="ols",
                             title = "Relationship Between Time Taken and Ratings")
figure.show()
```

Relationship Between Time Taken and Ratings

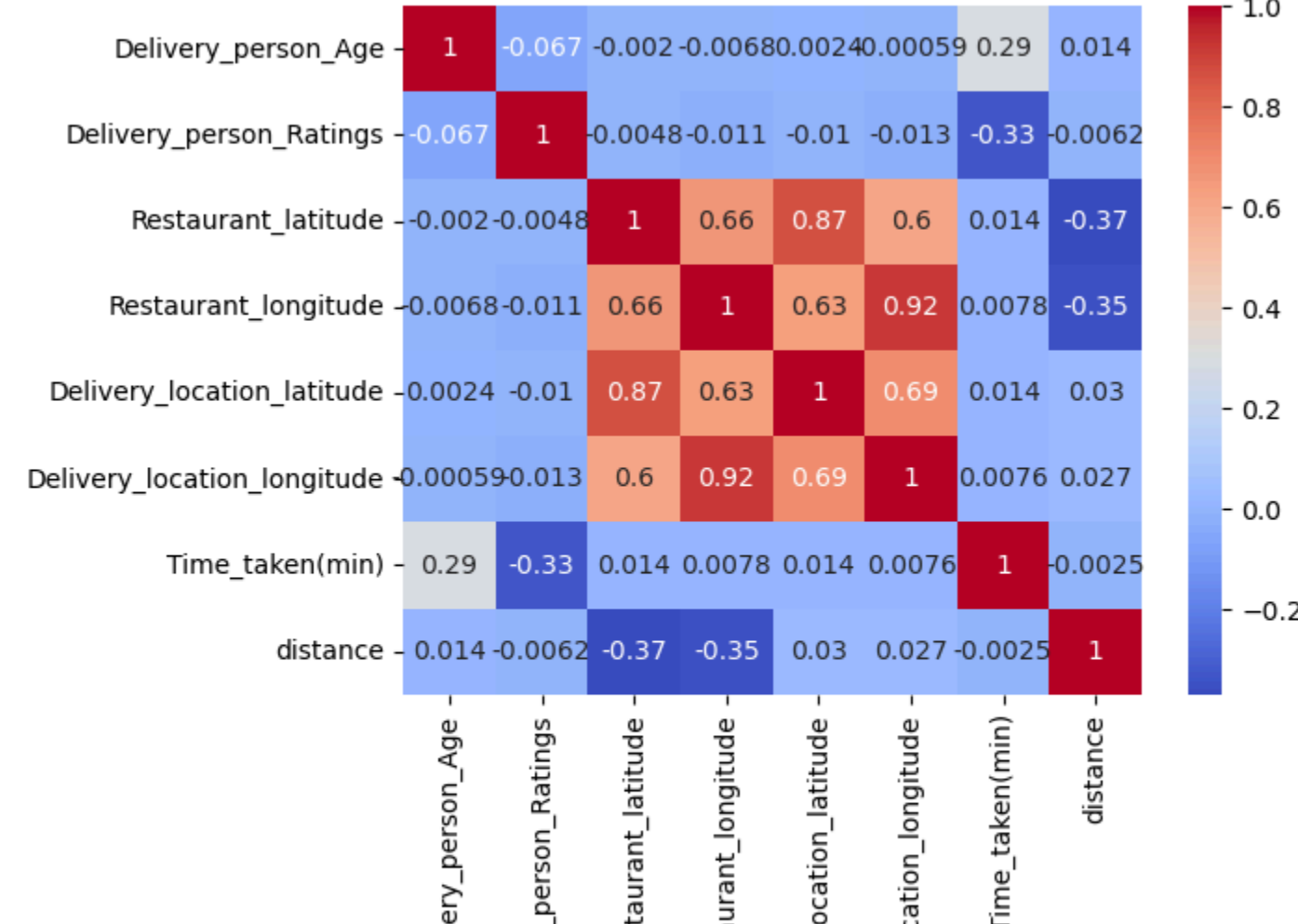


```
In [9]: fig = px.box(data,
                     x="Type_of_vehicle",
                     y="Time_taken(min)",
                     color="Type_of_order")
fig.show()
```



```
In [11]: correlation_matrix = data.corr()
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix')
plt.show()
```

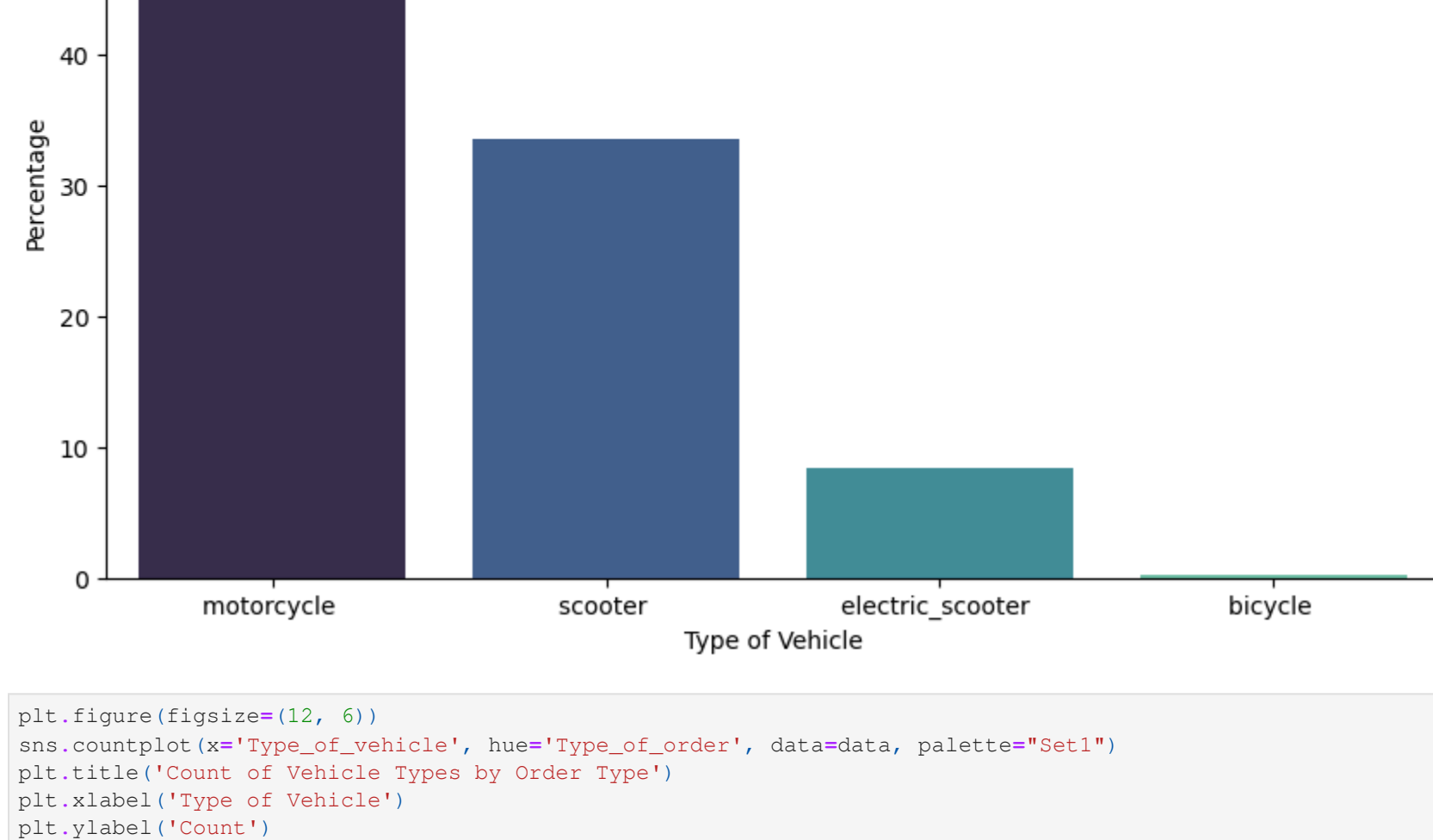
C:\Users\NRETI\ANDEY\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_20836\3718659487.py:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.corr is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify the value of numeric\_only to silence this warning.



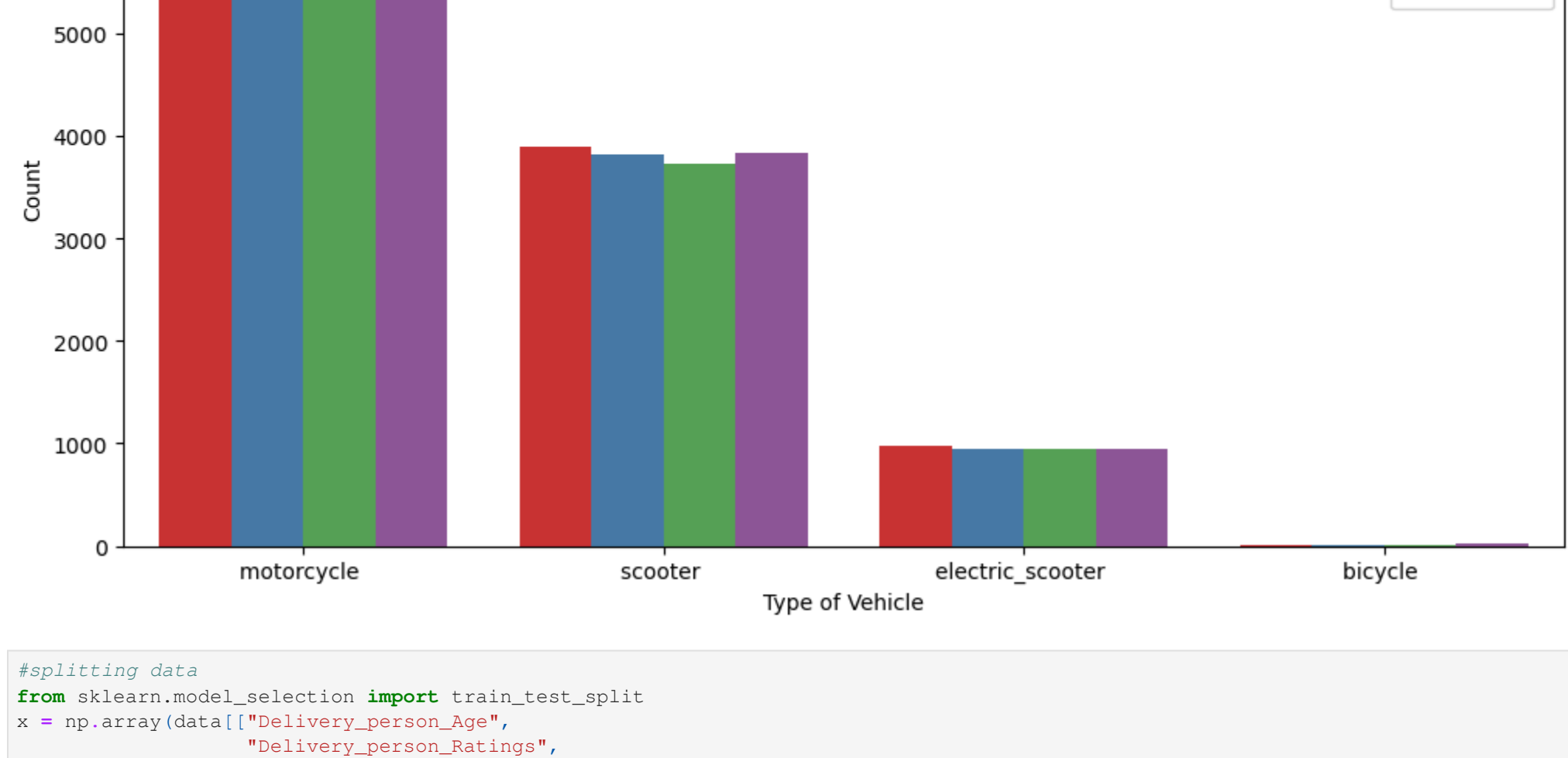
```
In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(x="Type_of_vehicle", y="Time_taken(min)", data=data, palette="Set2")
plt.title('Average Delivery Time by Type of Vehicle')
plt.xlabel('Type of Vehicle')
plt.ylabel('Average Time Taken (minutes)')
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: vehicle_counts = data['Type_of_vehicle'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
sns.barplot(vehicle_counts.index, vehicle_counts.values, palette="mako")
plt.title('Percentage of Different Vehicle Types')
plt.xlabel('Type of Vehicle')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
plt.show()
```



```
In [18]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(x="Type_of_vehicle", hue="Type_of_order", data=data, palette="Set1")
plt.title('Count of Vehicle Types by Order Type')
plt.xlabel('Type of Vehicle')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.legend(title='Type of Order', loc='upper right')
plt.show()
```



```
In [19]: #splitting data
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x = np.array(data[["Delivery_person_Age",
                  "Delivery_person_Ratings",
                  "distance"]])
y = np.array(data[["Time_taken(min)"]])
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y,
                                                test_size=0.10,
                                                random_state=42)
```

```
In [20]: # creating the LSTM neural network model
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, LSTM
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(128, return_sequences=True, input_shape= (xtrain.shape[1],)))
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=False))
model.add(Dense(25))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.summary()
```

C:\Users\NRETI\ANDEY\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\keras\sre\layers\rnn\tnn.py:204: UserWarning: Do not pass an 'input\_shape'/'input\_dim' argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an 'Input(shape)' object as the first layer in the model instead.

Model: "sequential"			
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
lstm_1 (LSTM)	(None, 3, 128)	66,560	
lstm_1_1 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	49,408	
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 25)	1,625	
dense_1_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	26	

Total params: 117,619 (459.45 KB)  
Trainable params: 117,619 (459.45 KB)  
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

```
In [21]: # training the model
model.compile(optimizer="adam", loss="mean_squared_error")
model.fit(xtrain, ytrain, batch_size=1, epochs=9)
```

Epoch 4/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 2/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 3/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 4/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 5/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 6/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 7/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 8/9  
41033/41033  
Epoch 9/9  
41033/41033  
keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x235dd6d2490>

```
In [22]: print("Food Delivery Time Prediction")
a = int(input("Age of Delivery Partner: "))
b = float(input("Ratings of Previous Deliveries: "))
c = int(input("Total Distance: "))

features = np.array([a, b, c])
print("Predicted Delivery Time in Minutes = ", model.predict(features))

Food Delivery Time Prediction
Age of Delivery Partner: 23
Ratings of Previous Deliveries: 4.5
Total Distance: 15
Predicted Delivery Time in Minutes = [[2.350037]]

In [ ]:
```