

Functions and Loops



What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

We used our knowledge of functions to create custom functions to serve the ball, reset the ball, and draw the net.

What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

- Wrote custom functions to serve the ball, reset the ball, and draw the net.
- Drew the net using line instruction and for-loop.

Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

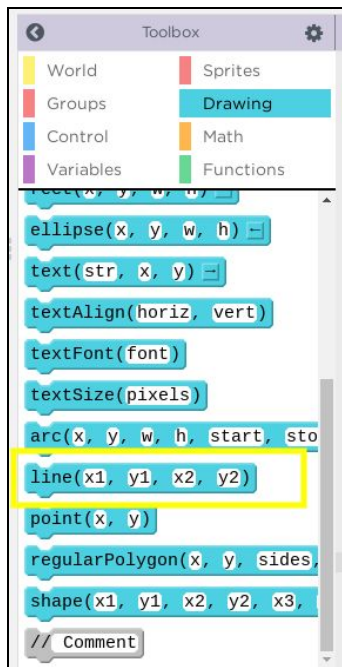
- Custom functions

How did we DO the activities?

***Note:** In coding, we have a principle D-R-Y : Don't Repeat Yourself.

Remember: Good Programmers don't like to repeat themselves while writing code.

1. Use a pre-defined **line()** instruction(a function).

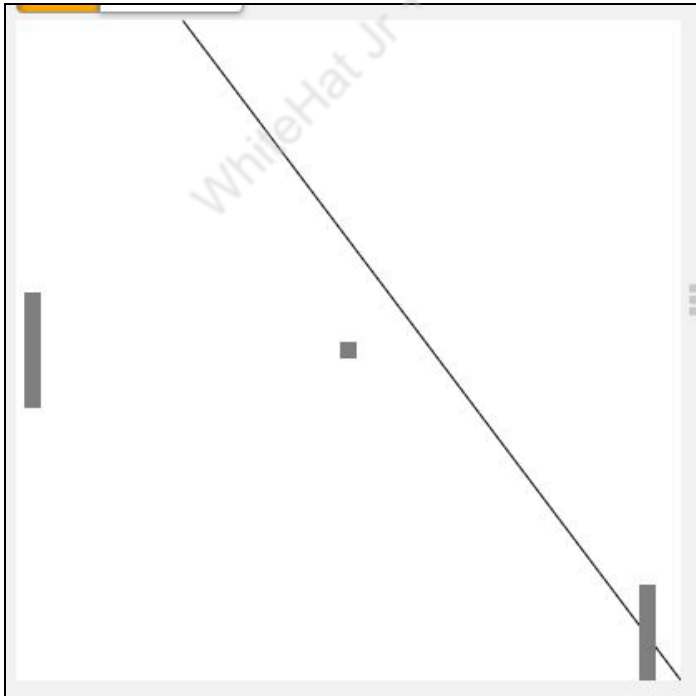


2. Draw a line by giving the start and the end coordinates.

- Code:

```
1 var ball = createSprite(200,200,10,10);
2 var playerPaddle = createSprite(380,200,10,70);
3 var computerPaddle = createSprite(10,200,10,70);
4
5
6
7
8 function draw() {
9   //clear the screen
10  background("white");
11
12  //make the player paddle move with the mouse's y position
13  playerPaddle.y = World.mouseY;
14
15  //AI for the computer paddle
16  //make it move with the ball's y position
17  computerPaddle.y = ball.y;
18
19
20  line(100, 0, 400, 400);
21
22  //create edge boundaries
23  //make the ball bounce with the top and the bottom edges
24  createEdgeSprites();
25  ball.bounceOff(topEdge);
26  ball.bounceOff(bottomEdge);
27
28  //make the ball bounce off the paddles
29  ball.bounceOff(playerPaddle);
30  ball.bounceOff(computerPaddle);
31
```

- Output:



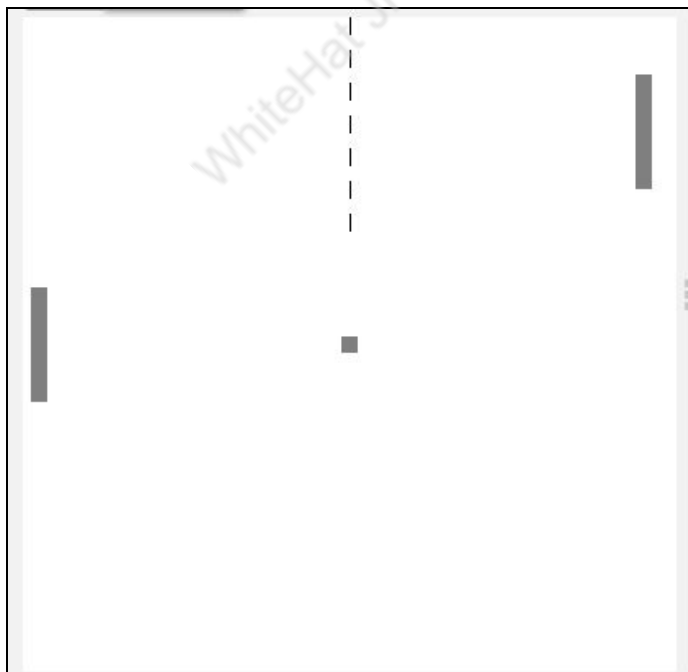
3. Make several small (dashed) lines with height 10 and leave a gap of 10 after every dash.

- Code:

```

12 //make the player paddle move with the mouse's y position
13 playerPaddle.y = World.mouseY;
14
15 //AI for the computer paddle
16 //make it move with the ball's y position
17 computerPaddle.y = ball.y;
18
19
20
21 line(200,0,200,0+10);
22 line(200,0+20,200,0+20+10);
23 line(200,0+20+20,200,0+20+20+10);
24 line(200,0+20+20+20,200,0+20+20+20+10);
25 line(200,0+20+20+20+20,200,0+20+20+20+20+10);
26 line(200,0+20+20+20+20+20,200,0+20+20+20+20+20+10);
27 line(200,0+20+20+20+20+20+20,200,0+20+20+20+20+20+20+10);
28
29 //create edge boundaries
30 //make the ball bounce with the top and the bottom edges
31 createEdgeSprites();
32 bounceOff(topEdge, bottomEdge, playerPaddle,computerPaddle);
33
34
35 //serve the ball when space is pressed
36 if (keyDown("space")) {
37     ball.velocityY = 3;
38     ball.velocityX = 4;
39 }
  
```

- Output:

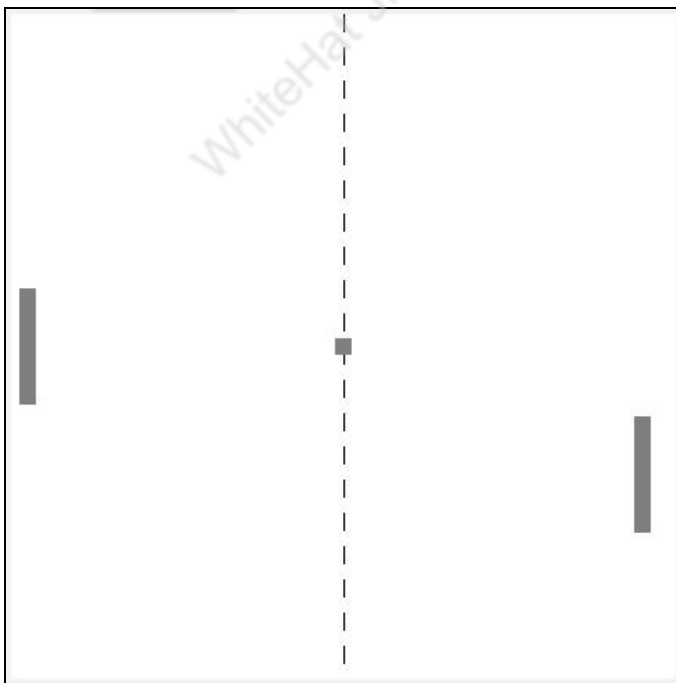


4. Use For Loop to run the same instructions without repeating the code.

- Code:

```
12 //make the player paddle move with the mouse's y position
13 playerPaddle.y = World.mouseY;
14
15 //AI for the computer paddle
16 //make it move with the ball's y position
17 computerPaddle.y = ball.y;
18
19 for (var num = 0; num < 400; num = num +20) {
20   line(200,num, 200, num+10);
21 }
22
23
24
25 //create edge boundaries
26 //make the ball bounce with the top and the bottom edges
27 createEdgeSprites();
28 bounceOff(topEdge, bottomEdge, playerPaddle,computerPaddle);
29
30
31 //serve the ball when space is pressed
32 if (keyDown("space")) {
33   ball.velocityY = 3;
34   ball.velocityX = 4;
35 }
36
37
38 //reset the ball to the centre if it crosses the screen
39 if(ball.x > 400 || ball.x <0) {
40   ball.x = 200;
41   ball.y = 200;
42 }
```

- Output:



5. Teach the computer to draw the net using a custom-defined function **drawnet()**.

- Code:

```
7
8- function draw() {
9   //clear the screen
10  background("white");
11
12  //make the player paddle move with the mouse's y position
13  playerPaddle.y = World.mouseY;
14
15  //AI for the computer paddle
16  //make it move with the ball's y position
17  computerPaddle.y = ball.y;
18
19  drawnet();
20
21- for (var num = 0; num < 400; num = num +20) {
22   line(200,num, 200, num+10);
23 }
24
25 |
26
27 //create edge boundaries
28 //make the ball bounce with the top and the bottom edges
29 createEdgeSprites();
30
31 //serve the ball when space is pressed
32- if (keyDown("space")) {
33   ball.velocityY = 3;
34   ball.velocityX = 4;
```

6. Teach the computer to serve the ball and reset the ball by writing custom-defined functions.

```
34     resetball();
35 }
36
37     ball.bounceOff(topEdge);
38     ball.bounceOff(bottomEdge);
39     ball.bounceOff(playerPaddle);
40     ball.bounceOff(computerPaddle);
41
42     drawSprites();
43 }
44
45 function drawnet() {
46     for (var num = 0; num < 400; num = num +20) {
47         line(200,num, 200, num+10);
48     }
49 }
50
51 }
52
53 function serveball() {
54     ball.velocityY = 3;
55     ball.velocityX = 4;
56 }
57
58 function resetball() {
59     ball.x = 200;
60     ball.y = 200;
61     ball.velocityX = 0;
62     ball.velocityY = 0;
63 }
```

What's next?

We will understand the different states of a game. We will also learn how to store information about the in-game states.