





What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

The goal for this module is to explore the different ways in which the data can be stored in javascript.

What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

We learned the different ways in which data can be stored in javascript. We explored the array data structure to design the bird's trajectory after it has been launched. We used the concept of game state to stop the bird from being draggable after the bird is launched.

Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

- Array data structure
- Design the bird's trajectory
- Game states



How did we DO the activities?

We stored data most commonly inside variables. In Javascript, a variable holds different types of data:

- String: These are sequence of characters stored inside quotes
- Number: Any mathematical number
- Boolean values: true and false values

There are also two special types of data: null -> it means nothing or empty undefined -> it means that no value has been assigned to a variable.

A single variable javascript can hold any of these types of data. Different data can also be reassigned to a single variable.

```
//Examples on the different types of data in javscript

//String
//String
var string = "This is a string":
console.log(string):

//Number
var num = 100;
console.log(num):

//Boolean
var bool = true;
console.log(bool):

//undefined
var object;
console.log(object);

//Reassiging the same undefined object to null
//null
object = null)
console.log(object);

console.log(object);

console.log(object);

console.log(object);

console.log(object);

console.log(object);

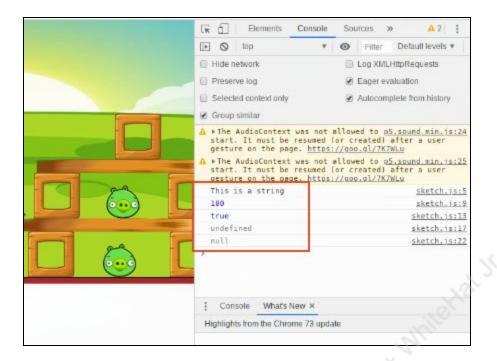
console.log(object);

console.log(object);

const Engine = Matter.Engine;
const World= Matter.World;
const Bodies = Matter.Bodies;
const Constraint - Matter.Constraint;
```

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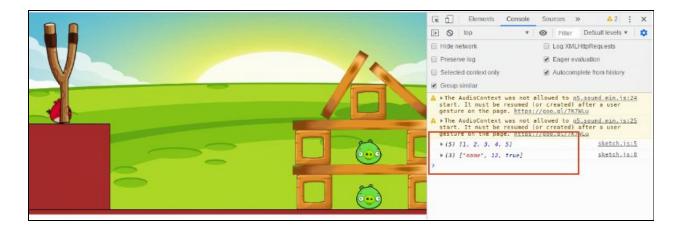
The disadvantage of storing data in a variable is, we can store only one value at a time. Thus, it is too cumbersome to create a variable for each value. It would also make our code unreadable.



To avoid this problem, Javascript and most other languages have different data structures to hold multiple values. One popular data structure to hold multiple values is called an "array". An array is created inside square brackets and can store a list of the same or different types of data separated by a comma. Example:

```
console.log(arr1);
var arr2 = ["name", 12, true];
console.log(arr2);
                                        estat Jr x nirite estat Jr
const Engine - Matter Engine;
const World= Matter.World;
const Bodies - Matter Bodies;
const Constraint = Matter.Constraint:
var engine, world:
var box1, pig1,pig3;
var backgroundImg.platform:
var bird, slingshot;
function preload() {
    backgroundImg - loadImage("sprites/bg
function setup(){
   var canvas - createCanvas(1200,400
    engine - Engine.create();
    world = engine.world;
    ground - new Ground(600, height, 1200, 20);
```



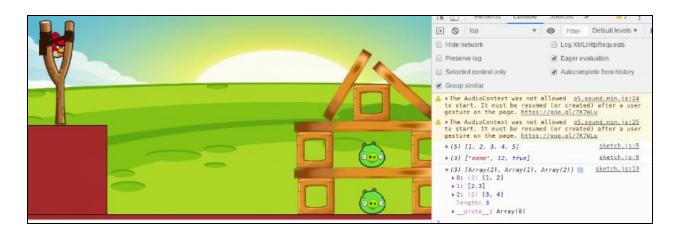


An array stores a list of arrays! Example:

```
Jr x Inhited Hat Jr x Inhited Hat Jr
is sketch.js + ...
      console.log(arr1);
     var arr2 = ["name", 12, true];
console.log(arr2);
      var arr3 - [[1,2], [2.3], [3,4]];
     console.log(arr3):
     const Engine - Matter Engine;
     const World= Matter.World:
     const Bodies - Matter Bodies;
     const Constraint = Matter Constraint;
      var engine, world:
     var box1, pig1,pig3;
     var backgroundImg.platform:
     var bird, slingshot;
      function preload() {
```

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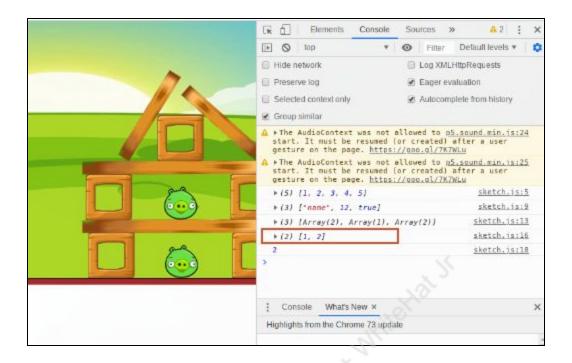




Each value in the array is indexed by a number. The first value has an index of '0', the second value has an index of '1' and so on. (Counting always starts from 0 in most computer languages). If we want to access the first element of our arr3 array, we can access it by using arr3[0].

```
var arr1 - [1,2,3,4,5];
console.log(arr1):
//an array holding the different data
console.log(arr2);
//an array storing a list of acrays
var arr3 - [[1,2], [2.3], [3,4]];
console.log(arr3):
//access the first element of the array
console.log(arr3[0]):
const Engine - Matter Engine:
const World- Matter World;
const Bodies - Matter.Bodies:
const Constraint - Matter Constraint;
var engine, world;
var box1, pig1.pig3;
var backgroundImg.platform;
var bird, slingshot;
```





To access the first element inside the first element of the array. We did this by adding a sub-index like this arr3[0][0]. The second element of the first element in the array can be accessed with arr3[0][1].



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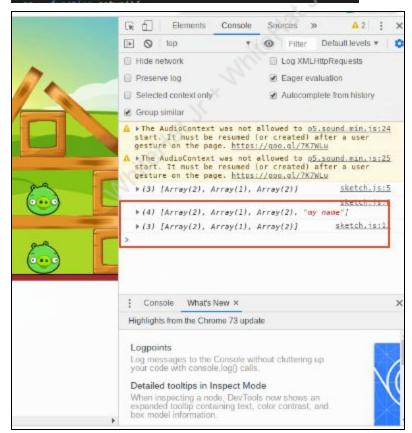


```
is sketch.js ...
     console.log(arr1);
     var arr2 - ["name", 12, true];
     console.log(arr2);
     var arr3 - [[1,2], [2.3], [3,4]];
     console.log(arr3);
     console.log(arr3[0]):
//access the second element of the first element of the array
                                          OHOL IX MINITORIO
     console.log(arr3[0][1]);
     const Engine = Matter Engine;
     const World= Matter.World:
     const Bodies = Matter.Bodies;
     const Constraint = Matter.Constraint;
     var engine, world;
     var box1, pig1.pig3;
     var backgroundImg.platform;
     var bird, slingshot;
     function preload() {
```

A new value can be pushed inside an array by using array.push(). Similarly, the last values can be pooped out of the arrays using array.pop().



```
var arr3 - [[1,2], [2.3], [3,4]];
console.log(arr3):
arr3.push("my name");
console.log(arr3);
arr3.pop();
console.log(arr3);
const Engine - Matter Engine;
const World= Matter.World:
const Bodies - Matter Bodies;
const Constraint = Matter Constraint:
                                                         iteHat Jr
var engine, world:
var box1, pig1,pig3;
var backgroundImg.platform;
var bird, slingshot;
function preload() {
    backgroundImg - loadImage("sprites/bg.png");
```



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To load the smoke image in the trajectory of the bird:

```
s Bird.s > *@Bird.s > *Constructor

class Bird extends BaseClass {
    constructor(x,y){
    super(x,y,50,50);
    this.image = loadImage("sprites/bird.png");
    this.smokeImage = loadImage("sprites/smoke.png");
}

display() {
    //this.body.position.x = mouseX;
    //this.body.position.y = mouseY;
    super.display();
}

super.display();
}
```

To create an empty array to store the positions where the bird had moved:

```
Is Bird;s > * Erd > @idsplay

class Bird extends BaseClass {

constructor(x,y){

super(x,y,50.50);

this.image = loadImage("sprites/bird.png");

this.smokeImage = loadImage("sprites/smoke.png");

this.trajectory =[];

display() {

//this.body.position.x = mouseX;

//this.body.position.y = mouseY;

super.display();

super.display();

16
}

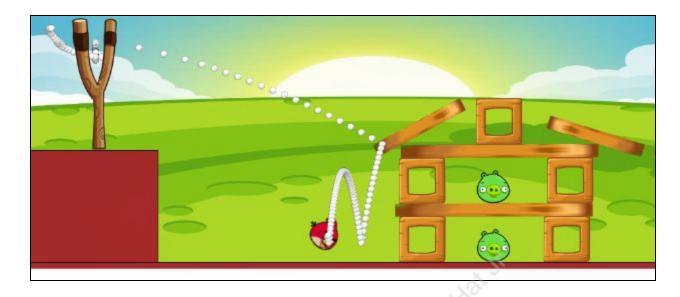
17
```

Note: Store the x and y position for each point the bird moves in its trajectory. The display() function gets called in each frame.



For each element in the array we wanted to draw the smoke image at those positions: We used For loop to move over the arrays and image() function to draw the image at given points.





There was smoke even when the bird had stopped. In order to stop this action, we used if conditions.

```
s Bird.s > ...

class Bird extends BaseClass {
    constructor(x,y){
    super(x,y.50.50);
    this.image = loadImage("sprites/biru.phg");
    this.smokeImage = loadImage("sprites/smoke.png");
    this.trajectory -[];
}

display() {
    //this.body.position(x) = mouseX;
    //this.body.position(y) = mouseY;

super.display():

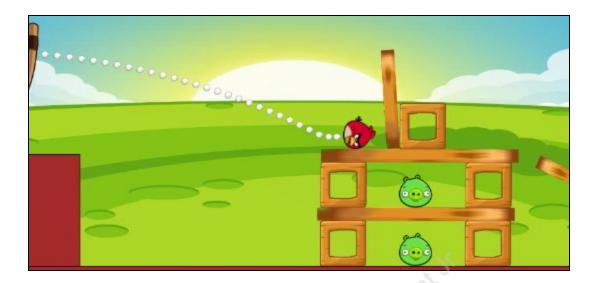
if(this.body.velocity.x > 10 && this.body.position.x > 200){
    var position = [this.body.position.x, this.body.position.y];
    this.trajectory.push(position);
}

for(var i=0; i<this.trajectory.length: i++){
    image(this.smokeImage, this.trajectory[i][0], this.trajectory[i][1]);
}

inage(this.smokeImage, this.trajectory[i][0], this.trajectory[i][1]);
}

24
}
</pre>
```





We identified two problems in the game:

- 1. We could still press space and get the angry bird back to the slingshot. This created multiple trajectories. We did not want this feature in a fair game.
- 2. Our bird followed the mouse even after the collision! This allowed the player to destroy the pigs even after they were missed.

We declared gameState and used it in mouseDragged and mouseReleased function to disable the dragging of the bird after launch.

```
const Engine - Matter Engine;
const World- Matter.World:
const Bodies - Matter Bodies;
const Constraint - Matter Constraint
var engine, world;
var box1. pig1.pig3:
var backgroundImg.platfor
var bird, slingshot;
var gameState = "onSling";
function preload() {
    backgroundImg = loadImage("sprites/bg.png");
function setup(){
    var canvas = createCanvas(1200,400);
    engine = Engine.create():
    world - engine world;
    ground = new Ground(600, height.1200,20);
    platform - new Ground(150, 305, 300, 170);
    box1 - new Box(700,320,70,70);
    box2 - new Box(920,320,70,70);
```

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```
box3.display();
         box4.display():
         pig3.display();
         log3.display();
         box5.display();
         log4.display();
         log5.display():
         bird.display():
         platform.display();
         slingshot.display():
71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79
     function mouseDragged(){
         if (gameState! -- "launched"){
             Matter.Body.setPosition(bird.body, {x: mouseX , y: mouseY}):
                                                               Jr. + Militaria
     function mouseReleased(){
         slingshot.fly();
         gameState = "launched";
     function keyPressed(){
         if(keyCode === 32){
```

What's NEXT?

In the next class, you will be learning about JSON and making API calls.

EXTEND YOUR KNOWLEDGE:

You can learn about different javascript methods through following link https://www.w3schools.com/js/js_array_methods.asp